"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cooler today; tomorrow cloudy; probably showers.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 93; Min., 77.
For weather report see page 14 in last issue.

VOL. LXXIII...No. 24,303. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1924. TWO CENTS | THREE CENTS | FOUR CENTS
In Greater New York | Within 300 Miles | Elsewhere

ALLIES AND GERMANS ARRIVE AT ACCORD ON MANY QUESTIONS

Yesterday's Progress, Greatest in Conference, Raises Hope of Full Agreement Next Week.

DEFAULT ISSUE IS SETTLED

Marx and His Colleagues Accept the Allies' Proposals Without Any Amendment.

OCT. 5 DATE FOR DAWES PLAN

As Concession to Germans, Who Also Get Amnesty in Ruhr—Franco-German Courtesies.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Predictions is made tonight that the conference on the Dawes report will be brought to a successful conclusion by the middle of next week and that the plan for the payment of reparations by Germany which the experts proposed and upon which the conference is working can be put into operation, after the economic evacuation of the Ruhr, by Oct. 5.

Although these predictions are highly sanguine, they are made in authoritative quarters, and the progress recorded at the conference today was marked enough to justify considerable optimism.

It had been originally suggested that Oct. 15 should be the date fixed for the economic evacuation of German territory across the Rhine, but on the Germans' representations that the legislation required in their country to put the Dawes plan into working order could be completed earlier and that Germany was anxious to have the plan in operation the date was advanced by ten days.

The German pleas for quick action were met in another respect, the raising of customs control of the French and Belgians, the date projected for this being advanced by twelve days.

Day of Greatest Accomplishment.

More was accomplished today than in any one previous day of the conference, according to the statement of one qualified observer. The Council of Fourteen met at 11 o'clock in the morning and sat till 1. In this session it adopted in toto the report presented by the First Committee of the Interallied Conference, which dealt with the question of penalties. On this point there had been some rather futile debate as to whether there was a difference between willful default and flagrant default, until Ambassador Kellogg pointed out that both terms were used in the Dawes report, and that in essence they meant the same thing, and that it was unnecessary to split hairs about a point which was a matter of common understanding.

This acceptance by the Council of Fourteen of the report of the First Committee without amendment is held by observers outside the conference to justify completely the belief that the methods of arbitration proposed in the case of a default are amply adequate to preclude any likelihood of separate action by any power, although the question of penalties was not actually discussed.

Amnesty in Ruhr Agreed Upon.

Although Premier MacDonald had to suspend for half an hour the session of the Council of Fourteen, which was held in his room at the House of Commons, while he made his speech to the House on the negotiations with Russia, another important matter was successfully disposed of at the morning meeting.

This was the question of amnesty for offenses committed in the Ruhr and the Rhineland. The Germans had requested a mutual undertaking between themselves and the French and Belgians, both sides to extend amnesty to all offenders who had not been implicated in cases of manslaughter or sabotage from which fatal accidents had resulted.

This proposal was agreed to in principle, although the details of the proposal were sent to committee for drafting. It is believed that there will be no hitch over the details, particularly as some of the most contentious points were fully discussed and agreed to at the afternoon session of the Council of Fourteen, which began at 5 o'clock and was held at the Foreign Office.

The Germans stipulated that those of their nationals who had been active separatists should be excluded from the amnesty.

Meanwhile the Second and Third Committees, on economic evacuation and transfers respectively, appointed by the interallied conference, to which have now been added German representatives, met both morning and afternoon.

In the third committee (on transfers) practically all the points raised in the German memorandum were settled, and considerable progress was also made with the vexed question of deliveries in kind, on which the French lay much emphasis.

The second committee likewise made such good progress that it is not expected that it will require more than an hour's work when its members meet at 9:30 tomorrow morning to complete its labors and report the facts to the Council of Fourteen.

The third committee will also meet tomorrow and a complete agreement on the questions before it is also said to be in sight.

French and Germans Exchange Calls.

Meanwhile exchanges of views on matters which are outside the proper limits of the conference, but on which an un-

Continued on Page Three.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Thru Sleeper 3:40 P. M. Daily with direct connection for Durham. Seaboard, 113 W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 0101.—Advt.

Franks Trial Cost, $600,000; Defense Spending $500,000

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Nathan F. Leopold Jr. and Richard Loeb, because they turned criminals instead of remaining precocious college youths, when their trial is over will have cost the taxpayers somewhere around $75,000 or $100,000.

Not counting the money spent on them before the commission of the crime, they will have cost their parents an estimated $300,000 to $500,000.

Taxpayers and parents can congratulate themselves that it is not more. The fact that the hearing before Judge Caverly is without a jury saved the country and the boys' families $500,000, it is estimated.

MACDONALD TO SIGN WITH SOVIET TODAY

Premier Checks Commons Criticism on Russian Treaties, Defending His Power to Act.

BARS ADJOURNMENT, 157-57

Measures Will Be Submitted to Parliament for Approval After the Recess, He Says.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Anglo-Soviet treaty, or rather treaties, one general and the other commercial, arranged at a conference which lasted in London for nearly four months, will be signed tomorrow morning by Premier MacDonald and Arthur Ponsonby for Great Britain, and M. Rakovsky and four other Russian delegates for the Soviet Republic.

Parliamentary criticisms yesterday and today of the fact that the Government proposed to sign the treaties at once were allayed by the plea put forward by Premier MacDonald, on continuation of the debate in the House of Commons today, that it would be contrary to all precedent to interfere with the authority of the existing Government to draw up treaties, and seeing that the Anglo-Soviet agreements could not come into force until they had been laid on the table of the House of Commons for twenty-one parliamentary days and been ratified, his contention was unanswerable.

"If one is engaged in very intricate negotiations, and then when they were finished it had to be 'Very well, good day; nothing has been approved, nothing really has been settled,' nothing would be settled at all," said the Prime Minister.

He informed the House that if his signature were attached to the treaty he wouldn't be laboring under a foolish delusion that the House had sanctioned it. Was it not enough that the treaty should be on the table of the House for twenty-one parliamentary days?

He warned the members that if they set up a precedent it would be an extraordinary precedent, which would create an absolutely intolerable position.

The Prime Minister then gave a pledge that the Government would not do what was done in the case of the Treaty of Lausanne. There would not be introduced a clause into the suggested Anglo-Soviet treaty that every word of it, every line of it, every provision of it, every annex of it, must be taken en bloc or rejected altogether. The Commons could consider the Anglo-Soviet treaty, amend it, pass it or reject it.

If the treaty were signed, the Prime Minister declared, Parliament would be absolutely free to exercise its judgment and discretion, and he argued that if he were not free to sign this treaty, he would be precluded from signing any treaty.

The Colonial Secretary, J. H. Thomas, intervening later, pointed out that if this contention were upheld, the Prime Minister might not be able to sign a treaty with Germany.

Horne and Lloyd George Attack.

Sir Robert Horne urged Mr. MacDonald to postpone the whole matter until the beginning of the next sitting of Parliament. He couldn't see how the proposed treaty would help trade with Russia, and his conclusion was that it was an attempt to save the faces of a large number of people who had involved themselves in propaganda, which committed them to the view that if something could be done with Russia great advantages would be obtained by Britain.

Mr. Lloyd George said he was not op-

Continued on Page Three.

STATE ACCUSES GIRL OF LYING FOR LOEB; FOUR CHUMS TESTIFY

Crowe Cries 'Perjury' as Former Sweetheart Declares Youth 'Irrational and Infantile.'

CITES PREVIOUS TESTIMONY

He Recalls Reference to Him as 'Sane and Manly,' but She Charges Undue Influence.

COLLEGE LIVES LAID BARE

Classmates Say Abnormal Actions of Franks Slayers Caused Concern to Fraternity.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—The prosecution tonight claimed a rout of five witnesses called by the defense today to testify in furtherance of its plea for mitigation when Judge John R. Caverly sentences Nathan F. Leopold Jr. and Richard Loeb for kidnapping and murdering young Robert Franks.

Four college and fraternity chums of the two and a former sweetheart of Loeb came to the witness stand, gave evidence in corroboration of the three mental pathologists who testified the youths were "mentally sick," and then submitted to a severe cross-examination by Robert E. Crowe, State's Attorney.

Reading from transcripts of statements previously made in his office, the prosecutor was able to show in some instances that stories of today's witnesses' observations and conclusions regarding Loeb and Leopold were at variance with their sworn testimony.

Miss Lorraine Nathan, pretty little 18-year-old brunette, identified herself as a "schoolboy friend" of Loeb since 1921, and testified that since June, 1923, she had noted a "complete change in him," that at times he acted "rather idiotically" and that she came to regard him as "irrational, irresponsible and infantile."

In cross-examination State's Attorney Crowe relentlessly attacked her testimony. He read rapidly a record of what he said was Miss Nathan's original statement to him that Loeb was "perfectly sane and rational" and "manly, a gentleman and all that she expected in an ideal," and with a voice gradually rising over protests by Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for the defense, shouted at the Court:

State Injects Perjury Charge.

"Have we got to where the State's Attorney is not permitted to show that a witness is a deliberate perjurer?"

In Arnold Maremont, University of Chicago law student, Mr. Crowe caught a Tartar and did not succeed in materially shaking his testimony, which had dealt chiefly with Leopold's philosophy of a superman and erotistic right to "do anything as long as it gave him pleasure."

John Abt, young graduate of the University of Chicago, who knows both Loeb and Leopold, and Max Schrayer and Edwin Meiss, fraternity brothers of Loeb before he was graduated from the University of Michigan, were the other witnesses.

All three testified that they had observed childish tendencies in Loeb, the last two saying that Loeb, although a senior, did not share all the privileges of a fourth year man at school, drank heavily, for which he was disciplined, and was regarded as argumentative and rather a bore.

The corps of four State's Attorneys, fighting for a hanging decision, were elated, they said, at having forced a new manoeuvre by the defense in the calling of lay witnesses instead of proceeding with the testimony of the two or three remaining psychiatrists.

The defense, expressing itself as satisfied with the trend of the case, said tonight it would continue with lay witnesses—young men and women of an age with Leopold and Loeb. In the list, said Mr. Darrow, were Miss Germaine K. Reinhardt, nicknamed "Patches," who has visited Loeb frequently in jail, and Miss Rosalind Nathan, sister of Lorraine, although there was some doubt whether the latter would be called.

It was Miss Rosalind who said Loeb was "plain cuckoo," according to the testimony of Miss Lorraine today, after he had stuck his thumb into all the chocolates on a plate passed to him at a dance at the Nathan home as he sought a soft-centred candy.

As Miss Nathan, a demure miss, in

Continued on Page Seven.

Two Americans Slain in Honduras Revolt; War Minister Flees, Cabinet Reorganized

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Two Americans are reported to have been killed in San Marcos de Colon, Honduras, when General Peralta, the revolutionary leader, attacked the village. Government forces have been sent from here to guard the frontier.

It is also reported that the American Marines in Honduras have been sent to the border to repel the revolutionists.

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—War Minister General Gregorio Ferrera fled from the Capital to the mountains this morning, taking with him a large number of troops and a large quantity of arms and ammunition, in open rebellion against the Government.

Vigorous revolutionary activities have already begun near the Nicaraguan border and hostilities are expected to break out here at any moment.

The peace treaty signed on board the United States cruiser Milwaukee at Amapala in May has proved unsuccessful in maintaining peace.

The Cabinet has been re-formed. Salvador Aguirre becomes Foreign Minister, General Martinez Funes takes the portfolio of War and Felipe Calix becomes Minister of the Interior to succeed General Tiburcio Carias, who has resigned.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A dispatch today from Minister Franklin E. Morales at Tegucigalpa, the Honduran Capital, indicated that the Liberal Party in Honduras was held responsible for the new outbreak, as it asserted that the provisional authorities had arrested "all the principal leaders of the Liberal Party."

$1,500,000,000 RAIL MERGER ARRANGED

New Nickel Plate System to Include Five Roads With Mileage of 14,357.

FOURTH IN SIZE IN EAST

Terms of Proposed Distribution of Stock Announced by Bankers for the Van Sweringens.

Semi-official announcement was made by bankers yesterday of the proposed consolidation of the Nickel Plate, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Hocking Valley, the Pere Marquette and the Erie into a single railroad system with total assets of approximately $1,500,000,000 and a total trackage of 14,357 miles, including all third and fourth tracks and switches. This undertaking, the largest merger to date under the Transportation act of 1920, is being engineered by the Van Sweringen interests of Cleveland, supported by the First National Bank and J. P. Morgan & Co.

The statement yesterday, coming from interests affiliated with the Van Sweringens, confirmed rumors of the merger which had been heard in the financial district for months. With the exception of the admission by representatives of the Pere Marquette that the Van Sweringens were after that property, yesterday's statement was the first to be made by interests involved.

Under the terms proposed, which are still subject to approval of the respective Boards of Directors, there is to be created a new Nickel Plate Company, which will be the holding company, with 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and common stock, which will be exchanged for the stocks of the various companies to be included in the merger. Erie first and second preferred will receive 50 per cent. in the new preferred; Erie common 40 per cent. in the common stock; Pere Marquette prior preference stock 100 per cent. in preferred; Pere Marquette preferred 90 per cent. in preferred; Pere Marquette common 85 per cent. in new common stock. The Chesapeake & Ohio preferred stock will receive 115 per cent. in preferred stock, and the common stock 55 per cent. in preferred and 55 per cent. in common, while the Hocking Valley holders of common stock will receive 50 per cent. of preferred and 50 per cent. of common stock. Special arrangements are made in the plan to care for the stockholders of the Nickel Plate.

Line Will Rank Fourth in East.

The new Nickel Plate system will be the fourth largest trunk line system between the Atlantic coast and the Mississippi River, being a direct competitor of such railroads as the New York Central, the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio. Among the large cities it will reach are New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland, Peoria, Newport News, Toledo, Détroit and Buffalo. It will have two outlets on the Atlantic seaboard, through the Port of New York over the Erie Railroad and through Newport News over the Chesapeake & Ohio.

As the result of the numerous conferences among bankers, other railroads and the Van Sweringens during the last few weeks, the statement was made yesterday that an official announcement of the completion of the terms probably would be made sometime during the present month.

The plan as now outlined will be in direct opposition to the tentative plan of the Interstate Commerce Commission for consolidation as published in 1921. Under this plan the five railroads that now go to make up the proposed new Nickel Plate system were placed in four different groupings. The Erie system was included in System 4, the Nickel Plate in System 5, the Pere Marquette in System 6 and the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Hocking Valley in System 8.

The Announcement of Terms.

The following is the semi-official announcement of the terms of the consolidation as given out by interests closely connected with the Van Sweringens:

"General terms of the plan of consolidation of roads proposed to be combined with the New York, Chicago and St. Louis call for the formation of a new company to take over five roads, control to be exercised both through an exchange of stock and through a lease of the physical properties. Terms of exchange of stock have been agreed to by the larger stockholders of each of the properties, and following action of the various boards of directors to be called to voice their approval of terms, a formal offer will be made to stockholders some time this month.

"E. N. Brown, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Pere Mar-

Continued on Page Four.

BELL-ANS FOR ACIDITY, INDIGESTION relieves the most severe attack.—Advt.

DENIES HEARST TOLD HIM TO 'GET FALLON'

Victor Watson Testifies He First Heard of Birth Certificates at Rendigs's Trial.

TESTIMONY IN CASE ENDS

Both Sides to Sum Up, Court to Charge Jury and Verdict May Be Returned Today.

Examination of witnesses in the trial of William J. Fallon before Federal Judge McClintic and a jury ended yesterday noon.

Both sides will sum up and the Court will charge the jury today, making a verdict late this afternoon or during the night possible. Fallon, an attorney, is accused of having paid $2,000 to Charles W. Rendigs, a juror, for a vote of acquittal in the trial in 1922 of Durrell-Gregory Company and many other defendants charged with stock swindles.

The end of the testimony came abruptly after the Government had made a brief rebuttal case. A delay in the arrival of Controller Craig, who had started from his home at Carmel, N. Y., made it necessary for the Government to close without the testimony he was to have given.

In dismissing the jury until 10:30 o'clock this morning Judge McClintic gave opposing counsel until 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to submit written memoranda on matters they desired to be included in the Court's charge.

Watson Questioned About Hearst.

Victor Watson, assistant publisher of The New York American, was called by William J. Millard, Assistant United States Attorney, to refute testimony given by Fallon last Wednesday in which Fallon, quoting Ernest Eidlitz, related that Watson was led by Eidlitz to believe that Fallon had evidence detrimental to William Randolph Hearst. This evidence, the testimony had been, was alleged to include possession by Fallon of birth certificates of children born of a certain prominent motion picture actress, information that Hearst had sent a supposed Countess to Florida to obtain evidence against Mrs. Hearst, and information of a trip to Mexico in which Hearst was accompanied by a woman. Because of this supposed evidence in Fallon's possession, Hearst told Watson, according to Fallon's testimony, "We must destroy Fallon at any cost."

With Millard examining, these questions and answers followed:

Q. Mr. Watson, you have heard something of the testimony given in this case concerning a moving picture actress and birth certificates, have you not? A. I have.

Q. When was the first time that you ever heard of that subject matter in your life? A. To the best of my recollection I heard it at some time during the Rendigs trial.

Q. Was that in May of this year? A. Yes, that is to the best of my recollection.

Q. Did you ever hear Hearst or any one else make use of the expression, or anything similar to it, that Fallon must be destroyed? A. I did not.

Q. Did anything of that kind ever take place? A. It did not. This is a buckets-shop crusade and Fallon is a minor incident in it.

Q. And the first you heard of the moving picture actress and birth certificate was nearly a year after Fallon was indicted? A. Nearly a year after. I might add I tried to get into this buckets-shop situation in 1922, I believe, and could not develop it.

Tries to Show Persecution.

Fallon had presented witnesses by whom he strove to show that his indictment was the outcome of persecution by Hearst, resulting from his possession of facts embarrassing to the publisher.

Fallon cross-examined thus:

Q.—Now, Mr. Watson, you are positive that the first time you heard anything about birth certificates was when? A.—Some time during the Rendigs trial, but I know just what you are going to do; you are going to show me that letter dated——

Q.—I didn't ask you that. A.—You are going to show me that letter to show that I must have been cognizant of it on reading that letter.

Q.—You did read this letter from Eidlitz, did you not? A.—I did.

Q.—And it was received some time in February—it is dated Feb. 28? A.—You have so testified.

Q.—Now, do you remember this letter saying, "I was told that the time they found the birth certificates of moving picture actress that I would not get what was promised me, but I trusted you"—Do you remember reading that in that letter? A.—As I have already said, Mr. Fallon, that was probably in the letter. If it was there, but it seemed of so little consequence to me that it didn't even impress itself on me, because I was quite sure you had caused it to be written for cross-examination purposes.

Q.—Now do you remember, Mr. Watson, being asked in the Rendigs trial if that letter said anything about birth certificates,

Continued on Page Four.

Good morning! Did you take your W. S. B. Mixture? Morris & Schlender, Distributors.—Advt.

HEAT KILLS 4 HERE, SCORES STRICKEN; SHOWERS COOL AIR

Mercury Goes to 93 Before a Slight Rainfall Brings Relief to the City.

"COOLER," THE FORECAST

Washington Bureau Says That the Torrid Spell Has Been Broken Definitely.

OTHER SECTIONS SUFFER

Temperatures of More Than 100 Recorded in Some Cities—Heavy Storms in New England.

Fair and cooler today with moderate northwest winds.

That is the Weather Bureau's prediction for New York after a day in which this city suffered so severely from the humid heat that four persons died, at least twenty-five were treated by ambulance surgeons, several were hurt in falls from fire escapes and a sweltering army fled to the seaside. Three other deaths in nearby towns were ascribed to the heat.

Although promising some relief, the prediction was not a whole-souled one, the forecaster making the reservation that it probably would not be under seventy-two early this morning and that the mercury would maintain a summery altitude in the tube throughout the day.

Such relief as is anticipated is due to the prospect that after being a low-pressure, cyclonic area for several days, New York and its environs in the inevitable shifting of things will become an anti-cyclonic area; in other words the low-pressure, warm-air condition will be succeeded by a more tolerable one of dryer and cooler atmosphere.

A Washington dispatch late last night said that the Weather Bureau believed thunder showers over a wide area had definitely broken the torrid spell. This was less guarded in its promise of relief than was the local forecaster.

The highest temperature registered here yesterday was 93 at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. That sizzling point came when humans were just about exhausted by a nerve-wracking, sweltering day and things bade fair to become unbearable. Then the skies darkened, thunder rumbled and great splashing raindrops sped down to the sizzling pavements. Only four one-hundredths of an inch of precipitation was recorded, but things got cooler at once and by 10 o'clock last night the thermometer was down to 77.

Hot in Other Parts of the Country.

Most of the rest of the country had spent a hot day, particularly south, along the eastern seaboard. The Middle West generally reported clear and "cooler," but cooler admittedly was not meant to convey the same meaning as cool.

New England got sporadic thundershowers, accompanied with wind of almost tornado velocity, with hail and lightning through the Connecticut Valley. New Haven reported only two-hundredths of an inch of rainfall, but there were torrential rains around Westfield, Mass., and Hartford told of tobacco fields being damaged by heavy hail.

Some of the highest temperatures outside New York yesterday was 98 at Boston and 96 at Baltimore and Washington. San Antonio, Texas., reported 98 and Phoenix, Ariz., was doing a little better than usual for this time of year with only 104 in the shade.

It was so hot in Washington that traffic policemen went on half-time and the midday mail delivery was suspended. Trenton was another spot of severe suffering, with the result that a half-holiday was declared in State and municipal offices.

Although the official temperature here was only 93, thermometers inconsiderately exposed to the sun boiled up over the century mark and gave their owners the satisfaction of knowing it was just as hot as they felt.

While numerous accidental deaths were attributed rather indirectly to the heat, only four were reported that were directly chargeable to the weather. They were these:

Louis Davis, 55 years old, of 1,002 Seventh Avenue, died at his home from heart trouble, superinduced by the heat.

Collapses in Street and Dies.

Harry Powell, 51 years old, of 315 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, collapsed in front of 137 Beekman Street, where he was employed and died before the

Continued on Page Two.

Lady Astor's Portrait In Commons Is Covered

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Lady Astor's portrait in the House of Commons was covered today with a dark curtain, on which is chalked, "Not to be moved."

This is the result of the discovery that some person had made pencil marks on the picture. Lady Astor is shown wearing a bracelet from which a small chain depends. The pencilled had drawn a pendant or padlock on the end of the chain and outlined a little finger. The police have the matter in hand.

It is stated that the First Commissioner of Works has not made any decision regarding the future of the picture.

DAVIS NO KLANSMAN AND NEVER WILL BE

Democratic Nominee Scotches Rumor in 75-Word Letter to an Inquirer.

TO MAKE POSITION CLEAR

Says Acceptance Speech Will Make His Attitude Too Plain for Any Misunderstanding.

John W. Davis is not a member of Ku Klux Klan, has never been one and will not become a member of that organization.

In as few words as possible he made this abundantly clear in a letter he wrote yesterday before leaving for Poughkeepsie and the Roosevelt clam bake at Hyde Park. The letter was sent to Devere Allen, 306 Broadway.

According to Thomas J. Spellacy, manager of the Davis campaign in the Eastern division, Mr. Allen had written to the nominee calling attention to a rumor that Mr. Davis was a Klan member and asking whether it were true. Mr. Davis replied:

Aug. 7, 1924.

Dear Mr. Allen:

In reply to your letter which has been brought to my attention, I answer the question in the same direct manner you put it; by saying that I am not, never have been and will not become a member of the Ku Klux Klan.

I trust that in my coming speech of acceptance I shall make my position on the great question of religious toleration too plain for any misunderstanding or dispute.

Yours sincerely,

JOHN W. DAVIS.

Devere Allen, Esq.,
306 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The declaration by Mr. Davis is the first he has made on the subject since the Democratic National Convention in which the Klan issue played such an important part. While he was at Dark Harbor, Me., the question came up, once after he was visited by William R. Pattingall, Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine and one of the speakers in favor of naming the Klan in the platform of the party, and once after it was reported he would object to the renomination of Governor Smith on a State platform that should name the Klan.

The latter suggestion Mr. Davis characterized as ridiculous and said he had noticed that State Committees had a way of writing their own platforms. After Mr. Pattingall's visit he refused to discuss the Klan question, or say whether he had discussed it with Pattingall. When he was asked if he expected the issue to be revived, he said: "The court has adjourned." This was taken to indicate that he would not openly discuss the matter in the campaign.

The letter made public yesterday is understood to indicate that Mr. Davis will deal with matters relating to the Klan in his speech of acceptance, but probably without mentioning the organization by name, which would be wholly compatible with the platform of the party. About Democratic headquarters the emphasis conveyed in the brief and direct way in which he answered Mr. Allen was regarded as giving an indication of his personal views.

Early in the day there was a good deal of activity about the headquarters, but the names of those who are to serve on the Finance Committee were not made public as expected. Former Senator Charles A. Towne of Minnesota was a visitor. Before he left town Mr. Davis had a brief talk with Clem Shaver, Acting Chairman of the National Committee. There was added to the personnel of the headquarters George F. Mara, who managed the preliminaries incident to the National Convention here, and Robert Scott, formerly secretary to Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer.

DAVIS AND SMITH PUT HONESTY FIRST AS CAMPAIGN ISSUE

Meeting at Dutchess County Picnic, They Give a Foretaste of Coming Assault on Foes.

DAVIS DEFINES A DEMOCRAT

"One Who Remembers Party Record"—Republican Is "One Who Forgets."

SMITH TO TREAT 'EM ROUGH

Both Pay Tributes to Franklin Roosevelt, Their Host—Davis Drives Electric Engine.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Agreement with the assertion of Governor Alfred E. Smith that honesty in government was the overshadowing issue of the campaign was expressed here this evening by John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, in a speech at the basket picnic of the Dutchess County Democratic Organization at the Poughkeepsie Driving Park.

Mr. Davis referred to a definition of the difference between a Democrat and a Republican given by Lieutenant Governor George R. Lunn to the effect that a Democrat got out of the Cabinet to make money, while a Republican went into it.

"There is another difference," Mr. Davis said. "In this campaign a Democrat is one who wants the record of his party remembered, and a Republican is one who wants it forgotten. I join with Governor Smith in saying I deem it a Christian duty to see that they are not afflicted with failing memory.

"I shall wake up next week and find that I have been selected as the leader of the Democratic Party and its standard bearer in this campaign. I shall endeavor to carry that standard without fear and without reproach. There will be no backward march so long as it is in my hands.

"With the support of those here and thousands elsewhere, we shall march forward to that victory which our record and their record demands."

Lauds Franklin Roosevelt.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, who was in charge of Governor Smith's campaign for the Presidential nomination, presided at the speech-making, and Mr. Davis referred to Mr. Roosevelt's speech at the Democratic National Convention placing Governor Smith in nomination as the best of the kind he had ever heard.

"No better speech was ever made by a better man about a better man in the political history of America," Mr. Davis said.

"I agree with Governor Smith that the great issue in this campaign is honesty in government, and whether the American people will demand honesty in thought, and word and deed.

"For that principle there is no better illustration than the service this great Democrat has given to the people of his State. His career has exemplified two things:

"The glorious opportunity awaiting every American who has the courage and vision to grasp out and seize it.

"Honesty in private life, which adorns him and glorifies his country."

Introduced by John F. Mack, who succeeded Mr. Roosevelt as the presiding officer, Mr. Davis had an awkward few moments while a group of photographers sought to get his picture in speaking attitude, and a flashlight missed fire.

"Put a little oil on it," a voice called to the embarrassed photographer, and the tension was broken by a laugh.

"After that experience and some others," Mr. Davis began, "I am not sure whether I am on my way to be notified that I am a candidate for President or am being trained as a movie actor."

Mr. Davis said he was glad to participate in what had been called the home coming of Mr. Roosevelt and thanked those present for their reception, which was enthusiastic and cordial.

About two thousand persons assembled for the picnic, a number coming from Ulster, Putnam, Columbia and other near by counties. There was decidedly a neighborhood spirit about the whole affair. Mr. Davis, Governor Smith and other notables present chatting with the local men and women who came up and introduced themselves in many cases.

Hint That Smith May Run.

An organization meeting of the Ku Klux Klan was held in the same park last Friday, admittance being by invitation, and a Jewish business man of Poughkeepsie, who asserted his right to attend, was thrown out.

References to the Klan meeting were made by the local speakers. Mr. Roosevelt in opening the speaking declared that no invitations were required for the Democratic meeting.

"I can assure you that none of you will be thrown out," Mr. Roosevelt continued. "This is a meeting at which all are welcome. I am afraid I have a partiality toward that kind of American and not the other."

Mr. Roosevelt, a close friend of Governor Smith, indicated that he still believed that the latter might run for re-election when he said:

"We are going to put a Democratic Governor back in Albany, I hope, and we are going to put a worthy successor to our old chief, Woodrow Wilson, in the White House."

Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn also referred to the Klan meeting of last night and declared himself definitely for religious freedom.

"Within this great Republic every creed can build its own temple and worship God in its own way. I believe that this is our

'Bishop of Wall St.,' 76, to Wed a Widow, 74; Dr. Wm. Wilkinson and Bride to Tour Europe

A marriage license was issued at the Municipal Building yesterday to the Rev. William Wilkinson, known for many years as the "Bishop of Wall Street," from his custom of preaching open-air noonday sermons in the financial district, and Mrs. Pauline Travilla MacNab, who lives at the Hotel Rutledge, Lexington Avenue and Thirtieth Street.

"Bishop" Wilkinson gave his age as 76 years and said he had been married twice before. Mrs. MacNab said she was 74 and this would be her second matrimonial venture.

Although the ceremony may be performed today at Trinity Church, with which "Bishop" Wilkinson is connected, it was said at his home at 41 Vandam Street that there was no certainty concerning the date, as the convenience of several intimate friends was to be considered.

"Bishop" Wilkinson and his bride will sail for Cherbourg on the Cunard Line steamship Berengaria, Aug. 13, for a two or three months' honeymoon in Europe. They will visit Paris and also tour the battlefields.

It was said that "Bishop" Wilkinson and Mrs. MacNab had known each other for a long time, and that she was about to leave the Presbyterian Church, where she has worshipped hitherto, and become an Episcopalian communicant. She is a native of Philadelphia and has been a widow since 1904.

The couple appeared at the Marriage License Bureau shortly after 3 o'clock. The "Bishop" was in high spirits and said to his fiancée, after paying the license fee:

"You see how my money goes."

The first Mrs. Wilkinson died in 1908 and his second wife in 1921. "Bishop" Wilkinson delivered the invocation at the Democratic National Convention in Madison Square Garden the day John W. Davis was nominated for the Presidency.

cannot be assured of this right unless the same right is assured to every other citizen. That principle can never die. That is 100 per cent. Americanism."

Governor Smith received the usual ovation which marks his appearance before any New York audience when he rose to speak.

"August is a little early to make a campaign speech," he began, "but as we are going to treat 'em rough, I might as well train a little."

This opening caught the crowd. "Go to it, Al," shouted several voices.

"If we are going to continue party government in this country," as I believe we are, we are not going to let a party escape responsibility," the Governor continued. "We are going to fight them in the open and it's going to be kind of rough, but that's not our fault."

Smith Arraigns Republicans.

Governor Smith recalled that he had participated four years ago in the notification of Mr. Roosevelt of his nomination for Vice President.

"We had had a dreadful war, but we were full of courage and high hopes, and ready and willing to stand upon the record of the Democratic Party.

"We were met by the Republican organization with a world of money and a willingness to promise everything in the world to everybody. They promised greater prices to the wool growers of the West and cheaper clothing to the workers of the East. They promised to cut down the high cost of living and promised higher prices to the farmer.

"They rode into power on a popular wave; certainly it was a high one. What happened?

"Away from the public trough for eight years, they proceeded right away to make it up in four.

"Are they going to try to dodge responsibility because of the accidental death of the President?

"The American people won't let them get away with it.

"They can't knock the brains out of Coolidge and his policies at Washington, and then parade around the country and hold him up as the man who ought to guide the destinies of the nation for the next four years.

"I can charge the Republicans in this State with the failure of needed legislative reforms, but President Coolidge can't do that for the majority of both Houses of Congress is Republican. Did you ever read Senator Pepper's so-called keynote speech? You would think from him that Tammany controlled both the House of Representatives and the United States Senate.

"The President is all right; but what about the party? They didn't agree with him on a single reform he suggested.

"I think that the overshadowing issue of this campaign is a return to common honesty. That ought to be expected, and not demanded from men in high office."

Governor Smith added that every one knew that more than one branch of the Government was corrupt.

"A prominent Republican told me at the beginning of the Administration in Washington that there was some difficulty in filling the Cabinet, but that there were 5,000,000 applicants for prohibition enforcement agent," he said.

Criticizes Party in Assembly.

The Governor charged the Republican organization in the State with defeating, through the Republican organization in the Assembly, much needed reforms as the Minimum Wage bill, the Eight Hour bill for women and children in industry. The executive budget and the reorganization and consolidation of State Departments.

"I do not charge their defeat to Speaker Machold," he continued. "Mr. Machold may retire from public life, and I have read a report that he may do so. I lay the responsibility on the doorstep of the Republican Party."

He declared that the Republicans at Washington also had blocked reforms and referred to the reorganization of the Post Office Department proposed by Will H. Hays, when he was Postmaster General.

"There was no consolidation of activities or reduction of overhead," as Mr. Hays proposed," the Governor said. "Every job was needed to take care of the boys after eight long years of solitary confinement in their own home towns, without a lick at the Washington cash."

Governor Smith said the naval oil reserves were established in 1909, and soon afterward were attacked by the oil interests.

"The man who defended the right of the people to set aside natural resources for their own interest is your own candidate for President," he asserted.

Gomers greeted this allusion to Mr. Davis, and Governor Smith continued:

"What happened? Somebody conceived the idea that somebody might steal them. Instead of appointing a couple of night watchmen they gave them were over to that it there, so that it wouldn't be our loss. Of course, nobody knew anything about it. The Vice President was a member of the Cabinet, but he knew nothing about it. It might be so, too.

"But don't let any Republican orator this Fall say anything to you about the conservation of natural resources. Don't be too rough, but he will deserve a good portion of raspberries." perhaps.

Governor Smith then paid a personal tribute to Mr. Roosevelt.

"He came to New York and devoted all his energy, talents and ability to me." the Governor said. "I hope that I can reward him or return it to him in some way, but I don't know how to do it. He certainly was the striking figure in the Democratic National Convention of 1924."

Governor Smith prophesied victory for the Democratic national ticket.

"We're going to start with the satisfaction of being right on our record, and with the satisfaction of having a good platform. We are going to start with the satisfaction that we have a man who comes clean to the nomination and will go clean to the White House," he said.

Missed Welcoming Parties.

Mr. Davis made the trip to Poughkeepsie accompanied by J. M. (Bill) Nye, his Acting Secretary. Because of a series of misunderstandings he failed to meet Mrs. Roosevelt at the Grand Central Terminal or on the train, and also missed a reception at the Poughkeepsie Station arranged for him by Mr. Roosevelt and a number of Dutchess County Democrats.

The reason the nominee missed Mrs. Roosevelt was that the New York Central officials took care of him and escorted him to the electric locomotive which drew the train as far as Harmon. Mr. Davis was introduced to George Trasnor, the engineer, who instructed him in the rudiments of driving an electrical locomotive. With the engineer standing by, Mr. Davis drove the train as far as the 125th Street station, and then went to a drawing room in one of the forward Pullmans, accompanied by Mr. Nye.

Mrs. Roosevelt, who had no Pullman reservation on the crowded Montreal Express, had taken a seat in a day coach, and Mr. Davis was unaware that she was on the train.

Through another misunderstanding Mr. Davis, instead of getting off the train at Poughkeepsie, where Mr. Roosevelt and a number of local Democrats were waiting to receive him, went through to Hyde Park, five miles further on, which is the station nearest Mr. Roosevelt's home. Mr. Davis waited at the Hyde Park station until Mr. Roosevelt, who learned almost immediately that he had left the train here, could get to Hyde Park by automobile.

At Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt's home Mr. Davis met Governor and Mrs. Smith and their daughters, who had driven down from Albany with an escort of State troopers. Lieutenant Governor Lunn, Mrs. Caroline O'Day, James J. Hoey and others were added to the party, which had luncheon there. Afterward Mr. Davis and Governor Smith had a brief swim in the Roosevelt pool.

Later in the afternoon nearly a hundred Democrats from Ulster County stopped at the Roosevelt home on the way to the picnic and escorted Mr. Davis and Governor Smith to the driving park.

Mr. Davis will leave tomorrow afternoon at 4:50 for Clarksburg, W. Va., where he will deliver his acceptance speech next Monday night. Up to the time of leaving here he had not decided definitely whether he would remain for a time at Clarksburg or return and make his headquarters at his home in Locust Valley, L. I., for the beginning of his speaking campaign in September.

Mr. Davis returned to his home at Locust Valley at 11:50 last night. He will come into the city about noon today and will leave in the afternoon for Clarksburg.

DAVIS THRILLED ON ENGINE.

He Evinces Great Interest in Driving Electric Through Tunnel.

[illegible] the Southern Pacific and Monday [illegible] on the Grand [illegible] morning at 9:03 o'clock, with a heavy train of fourteen cars, John W. Davis, the Democratic candidate for President, sat with the engineer in the cab of the 2,600 horsepower electric engine, with his hand on the throttle, en route to Poughkeepsie.

At the given signal of starting, the Presidential nominee "turned on the juice," and under the engineer's guidance drove the train through the maze of tracks in the long Park Avenue tunnel, to 125th Street.

He remained in the cab until the train reached Harmon, a drive of thirty-two miles, and experienced all the thrills of a novice engineer driving at high speed along the Hudson River. At Harmon, where the electric engine is changed to a steam locomotive, he went aboard the big Pacific passenger steam locomotive and inspected its workings.

The engineer who sat with Mr. Davis in the electric engine was George Tainter, who has seen forty years of service on the New York Central. Mr. Davis made the trip in the engine at the invitation of Patrick B. Crowley, President of the New York Central Lines, and when he arrived at the terminal shortly before train time he was met by a group of the operating officers of this road, including Miles Bronson, Superintendent of the electric division and terminal manager; W. A. Cramer, station master, and C. K. Brodhead, train master.

Mr. Brodhead rode in the electric engine with Mr. Davis, as did also "Bill" Nye, formerly of the Secret Service in Washington, D. C. When the train pulled into the 125th Street station there was a battery of photographers waiting its arrival, and Mr. Davis was photographed with his hand on the throttle.

When the Presidential nominee's secretary arranged for Mr. Davis's transportation to Poughkeepsie, President Crowley sent word to Mr. Davis that if he cared to ride in the electric engine as far as Harmon he would be most pleased to have him do so. As soon as Mr. Davis learned of the invitation he accepted with enthusiasm, stating that he would like nothing better than to experience the feeling of having his hand on the throttle on one of the powerful electric engines, and to "get the feel" of guiding an express through and under the city, and along the Hudson.

When he was first taken aboard the engine at the terminal and, after shaking hands with the engineer, he evinced almost boyish enthusiasm over the intricate workings of the engine, which were explained by Engineer Tainter, formerly of the Twentieth Century Limited, and by Mr. Brodhead.

What he seemed to like most of all was a different viewpoint he obtained in the first stages of the trip and the thrill of roaring through the great tunnel, over the elevated structure, across the bridges, around the curve at Spuyten Duyvil, and then alongside the Hudson.

He also showed much interest in the quick change made from the electric to the steam locomotive at Harmon, which is made on the express trains in a little over five minutes. And just to see the difference between the workings of the two, he made a hasty inspection of the steam locomotive.

Mr. Davis also noted and remarked on the difference when he joined his friends in the parlor car at Harmon for the remainder of the trip.

FAIRMONT TO GREET DAVIS.

Shaver's Home Town Plans Reception Saturday Night.

Special to The New York Times.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Aug. 7.—Fairmont will give a rousing reception to John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for the Presidency, on Saturday evening at the home of Clem L. Shaver in this city. This will be a non-partisan reception, to which all of the fraternal, civic and other organizations have been invited.

The Fairmont Chamber of Commerce has appointed a general committee to work out the plans, which are about completed. Mr. Davis will arrive here from Clarksburg about 7 o'clock Saturday evening. E. Bryan Templeton of Clarksburg will be at the head of the escort.

The party accompanying the candidate will travel in a special car over the lines of the Monongahela West Penn Public Service Corporation. Upon his arrival here Mr. Davis will be shown about the city in an automobile tour and he will then be taken to the Shaver home.

The reception will be on the spacious lawn. The grounds will be illuminated especially for this occasion. Mr. Shaver will arrive here Saturday morning. He has given suggestions as to the manner in which he desires the meeting held and his wishes are being carried out. He made special mention that the Marion County Wild Life League and the Fairmont Poultry Association should be invited to this ceremony. Fifteen thousand persons are expected to be present.

BREWSTER DECLARED WINNER IN MAINE

Recount Gives Nomination to Klan Man, Instead of Farrington, by 581 Votes.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 7.—State Senator Ralph O. Brewster, who ran with Ku Klux Klan support, was declared by the Governor and Council today to have been nominated for Governor by the Republicans at the June primary. The official returns, giving a majority of 320 to Frank G. Farrington, President of the State Senate, were changed by a recount to a majority of 581 for Brewster. The final vote was announced as follows: Brewster, 47,284; Farrington, 46,703.

Governor Baxter, at the conclusion of the recount, said that fraud in the balloting in Ward 4 of Portland had been definitely established. Sheriff Graham declared an investigation had shown that 501 fraudulent ballots had been cast in this ward, which gave Farrington 718 votes to 153 for Brewster. After a hearing for voters in this ward, which was held on the advice of the State Supreme Court, the Governor and Council announced that the accepted vote of the ward was Brewster 111, Farrington 53.

The Governor said that the evidence developed at the hearing would be turned over to the authorities for investigation.

The method employed by Governor and council, as recommended by the Supreme Court, in conducting the investigation was to summon to a hearing the 968 voters of Ward 4 whose names had been checked off the poll list as having voted. Those appearing were asked to tell for whom they had cast a ballot, but were not placed under obligation to disclose their vote. They were informed, however, that unless their choice was indicated their votes would not count in the result.

One hundred and eleven said they had voted for Brewster and fifty-three said they had voted for Farrington. One hundred and eleven others said that they had not voted, although their votes had been checked on the list as though they had gone to the polls. The remainder of those summoned failed to appear.

ANSORGE PICKED FOR BENCH

Republicans Designate Him as Candidate for General Sessions.

The Republican County Committee, after a long discussion of local political problems yesterday, designated Martin C. Ansorge, former Congressman from the Twenty-first Congressional District, as candidate for the vacancy on the General Sessions bench. The term is for the full fourteen years. The salary is $17,500 a year.

Mr. Ansorge had declined a renomination for Congress, although he lost the district in the last election by only 10 votes. The Republican leaders are now contemplating putting up a negro in this district, and it was said last night the County Committee either had designated or would immediately designate Charles Roberts as the candidate.

Should Roberts be nominated at the primaries some politicians say the case will stand as the first in which the Republicans have nominated a negro in a district in which he apparently had a good chance to win.

INSISTS FEDERATION IS UNFAIR TO DAVIS

W. B. Wilson in Reply to Gompers Again Reviews Candidate's Acts in Behalf of Labor.

TELLS OF AID TO MINERS

Asks Why La Follette Receives Endorsement Before Democrats Outline Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—William B. Wilson, former Secretary of Labor, and now in charge of the labor campaign of the Democratic National Committee, sent a reply today to the letter from Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in which Mr. Gompers took issue with statements of Mr. Wilson that the labor record of John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for President, deserved consideration by the Federation's Executive Council at its meeting at Atlantic City to determine the Federation's course in the current Presidential campaign.

In today's letter the former Secretary of Labor insists that Mr. Davis was always friendly toward organized labor and asserts that "the record maintained by the American Federation of Labor shows that during Mr. Davis's Congressional career, he never voted in a single instance unfavorable to labor."

Mr. Wilson goes into considerable detail in reviewing the legislative accomplishments and efforts of the Federation with the apparent purpose of showing that organized labor received better treatment at the hands of the Democratic Party while it controlled Congress than it did under Republican control. With reference to what has done for labor by Democratic Congresses, he says:

"I challenge the history of the world to produce an equal record of industrial achievement, social advancement through legislation within a like period of time."

It is pointed out by Mr. Wilson that the Federation of Labor gave its support to the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President in 1920. As since then the legislative and executive branches of the Government have been in the hands of the Republican Party, he says he is at a loss to understand why the Democratic candidates should have been endorsed then and denied a similar endorsement now.

Much of the letter is not devoted to references to Mr. Davis's attitude toward labor, but to recalling to Mr. Gompers various matters with which Mr. Wilson and Mr. Gompers were concerned in their efforts to obtain legislation favorable to labor by the Congress.

Text of the Letter to Gompers.

The text of Mr. Wilson's letter follows:

Washington, Aug. 7, 1924.

Mr. Samuel Gompers, President,
American Federation of Labor,
Ambassador Hotel, Atlantic City,
N. J.:

My Dear Mr. Gompers—I have received and carefully considered your letter of the 6th inst., and I assure you that there is no difference between us as to the general policies of the American Federation of Labor.

It seems to me to be the duty of every citizen and every group of citizens, including the American labor movement, to be partisan to principle rather than partisan to parties. It is the basic theory upon which the practical help that the voters should support the persons and parties who stand for the principles he believes in, and in the absence of any that uphold his ideas and his ideals in their entirety, then to the one that most nearly fulfill his requirements.

The point upon which we have not yet had a meeting of minds is as to where the credits are due in carrying out the policies that we both believe in.

So far as Senator La Follette's labor record dealing with domestic affairs is concerned, he is entitled to a clean bill of health in the minds of the American labor movement, but as you point out, in your own statement, that does not apply to his attitude on foreign relations.

The record maintained by the American Federation of Labor shows that during Mr. Davis's Congressional career he never voted in a single instance unfavorable to labor. Consequently, I have felt that he also was entitled to a clean bill of health in the matter of domestic policies and as his attitude concerning foreign relations is in accord with that of the American Federation of Labor, Mr. Davis is entitled to the endorsement of labor on that question also.

The American Federation of Labor inaugurated its present political policy in 1906 and adopted a Bill of Grievances under ten separate heads. These included the extension of the eight-hour law to apply to work done for the Government as well as work done by the Government; the enactment of a convict labor law that would compel convict-made goods to conform to the laws of the State in which they were sold as well as to the States in which they are manufactured; relief from the constantly growing evil of induced and undesirable immigration; continuance of the Chinese exclusion laws; the freedom of seamen and better manning of vessels; forbidding the towing of more than one vessel at sea unless such vessels had an equipment and a crew sufficient to man them when cut loose and set adrift.

Democrats Passed Five Laws.

Legislation to eliminate labor, agricultural and horticultural organizations from the taint of being conspiracies; anti-injunction legislation; appointment to the Committee on Labor of members, who from their experience, knowledge and sympathy would render to Congress such service as the committee was originally designed to perform; the right of Government employes to petition Congress for redress of grievances or for any improvement of their conditions.

Legislative remedies have been applied to eight of the grievances enumerated, five of them in Democratic Congresses, two through the action of a Democratic House of Representatives, and one, the defeat of the proposed amendment to the Chinese exclusion law, by a Republican Congress.

The other two, the towing of more than one vessel without equipment and relief from convict labor competition have not yet been granted. The Democratic platform of this year definitely declares for legislation to require convict-made goods to conform to the laws of the States in which they are sold when shipped out of the State in which they are manufactured.

The pamphlet issued by your organization entitled "Legislative Achievements of the American Federation of Labor," enumerated with justifiable pride 101 separate legislative enactments favorable to labor passed by the Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth Congresses, during which both Houses of Congress and the Executive were Democratic. In addition, it specifies thirty legislative enactments passed by the Sixty-second Congress in which the House was Democratic.

"I challenge the history of the world to produce an equal record of labor achievement and social advancement through legislation within a like period of time."

I am not unmindful of the part played by Senator La Follette in the passage of the Seamen's bill, but it should be remembered in that connection that the Seamen's bill was whipped into shape by Congressmen Alexander, Hardy and myself in the Sixty-second Congress, passed both houses and was given a pocket veto by President Taft. The same bill was introduced and sponsored by Senator La Follette in the Sixty-third Congress, for which he is entitled to credit, but no small share of the credit for its passage is also due to Senator Kenyon and Congressmen Alexander and Hardy.

I fear, however, that the value of the Seamen's act has been practically destroyed by the recently enacted immigration law, drafted by people who either did not know or did not care about the condition of the seamen or safety of travel by sea.

Because of this splendid record, I have always felt proud of my connection with the Wilson Administration and the various sessions of Congress that sustained him, and I am sure you were imbued with the same spirit.

On the basis of that record, its platform declarations and the quality of its candidates, the American Federation of Labor gave its support to the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President in 1920. Since that time the legislative and executive branches of the Government has been in the hands of Republicans. There has been no opportunity for the Democratic Party, as a party, to either add to or take from the record it had made, and consequently I am at a loss to understand why its candidates should have been endorsed then and denied a similar endorsement now.

Gives Davis's Work in Detail.

In the matter of anti-conspiracy, anti-trust and trial by jury in contempt cases legislation my recollections are quite clear. When the Democrats secured control of the Sixty-second Congress the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Judge Clayton, and his associates decided upon legislation to remedy some of the wrongs that had been brought about by the Sherman Anti-Trust law, or which that law had failed to reach.

Many bills had been introduced for that purpose, and in whipping the committee bill into shape Mr. Davis was assigned to the drafting of the conspiracy, anti-conspiracy, injunction, anti-injunction and contempt procedure part of the measure. In writing it into shape for the committee he consulted freely with Mr. Hughes, Congressman Kitchin and myself and I have no doubt a great many others.

As I said in my previous letter, there is no claim that the language was that of Mr. Davis but he adopted it and used his influence to have it written into the bill and finally passed. It passed the House of Representatives in the Sixty-second Congress and died in the Senate.

Mr. Davis had resigned from Congress when I presented the bill as Solicitor General before the bill came up for final passage in the Sixty-third Congress, but that does not in any measure detract from the credit due him.

You remember that I was called in election by President Wilson of Secretary Lane, Mr. Willard, yourself and myself as a commission to bring about a settlement of the impending railway strike in 1916. I mention this that you have left out what, to my mind, was an important factor in the situation.

The case to determine the constitutionality of the Adamson law had been pressed with unusual vigor through the United States Supreme Court. That court was about to hand down its decision at the time the commission was to appear by arrangement to meet the officials of the railroads and the brotherhoods in an effort to bring about a settlement. The commission worked with all the vigor and intelligence possessed to bring about an agreement between the two parties, but little progress was made until in some manner it leaked out on Saturday night that the decision of the Supreme Court would be handed down on Monday and would sustain the constitutionality of the eight-hour law.

In making this statement, I have no desire to disparage the work of the commission. It did its work well, in which the confidence reposed by labor in yourself, your experience and ability played a conspicuous part.

I cannot close this letter without again referring to Mr. Davis's services in West Virginia.

Davis as Attorney for Laborers.

They are important only in so far as they show his attitude of mind at that time in a section of the country that was largely dominated by coal corporations that were fighting the United Mine Workers of America. There have been many published accounts issued that I feel that the story should be told as it actually happened.

A number of our officers, organizers and members had been cited to appear before Judge Jackson to show cause why they should not be held in contempt. Protest meetings were held in various parts of Northern West Virginia. Among them was one in the opera house at Fairmont. I was addressed by Eugene V. Debs and myself. Mr. Debs made one of his usual beautiful Socialist speeches.

My own speech wound up with the statement that the American people would never be satisfied until the House of Representatives of Congress had moved the impeachment of Judge Jackson and the Senate had removed him in disgrace.

When that language was reported to the Judge he issued a bench warrant for my arrest, which he cancelled later in the day. Nothing further transpired so far as that meeting was concerned.

Several of the other meetings were held outdoors, and many of the men attending them were arrested for unlawful assemblies, riot and inciting to riot. In the face of the dominating influence of the coal companies in the community, Mr. Davis volunteered his services to defend our men.

When I stated in my previous letter that the record would not be complete until the letters of acceptance had been delivered, I purposely used the plural. My reference to the letters was meant to apply to that of President Coolidge as well as Mr. Davis, but of course, I could not suggest the attendance of any representative at President Coolidge's notification, because I had no position to know whether or not that would be acceptable to the management of the Republican Party.

Assuring you of my highest regard and esteem, I am,

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM B. WILSON.

KLAN TO FIGHT WALTON.

Moves Now to Prevent His Election to the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Aug. 7.—Conceding the nomination of Jack Walton for United States Senator on the Democratic ticket by a plurality of 12,000 to 15,000 and admitting the strong likelihood of his being elected, political agents of the Ku Klux Klan announced today that the Klan would proceed to lay plans to prevent Walton being seated.

Walton's managers feel certain that he will receive 75 per cent. of the normal Democratic vote and probably as many Republican votes as he received for Governor two years ago, about 80,000. Among messages received at headquarters today were several from representative Democrats offering their services on the stump.

Some members of the State Democratic Central Committee said today that they would propose abandonment of a State convention and platform when the committee meets Saturday. A bitter fight in the committee over endorsing Walton as the Democratic nominee is forecast. It is rumored that State Chairman R. L. Davidson may resign rather than take charge of the campaign.

SHIELDS RUNNING BEHIND.

Tennessee Senator Was Opposed for Stand on the League.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 7.—Returns from 837 of the State's 2,118 precincts in today's Democratic primary, tabulated at 11:30 o'clock tonight, showed the following vote:

Nathan L. Bachrach, 16,028; John K. Shields, 28,450; L. D. Tyson, 19,292.

Governor Austin Peay maintained a lead of approximately five to one over his only opponent, John R. Neal, in the Gubernatorial contest. The vote, on the face of returns from 946 precincts, gave Peay 16,330 and Neal 3,073.

Only meagre returns from the Republican gubernatorial contest were available early tonight. These showed the following vote at a dozen East Tennessee precincts: T. R. Peck, 805; H. H. Thoch, 112; W. [illegible], 1,[illegible].

Senator Shields was bitterly attacked by General Tyson on his opposition to the League of Nations.

FEDERATION DENIES LABOR PARTY PLAN

Executive Council Replies to Church Council's Charge of Political Scheme.

WOLL ATTACKS GEN. DAWES

"Record" of Republican Candidate to Be Utilized During the Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 7.—The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, which is meeting at the Hotel Ambassador here, gave out a statement today issued by Vice President Matthew Woll, attacking the "industrial review" just issued by the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. The statement takes objection to the assertion that the Federation of Labor is lending itself to the formation of a new labor party.

It is stated that at the convention of the American Federation of Labor in Cincinnati in 1922 "President Gompers introduced Senator La Follette to that convention in a manner that unquestionably intended to present him as the champion of labor's cause in 1924. It was there that Senator La Follette's present campaign may truly be said to have been launched."

Another event of today's session was a statement issued after the morning meeting by Mr. Woll, President Gompers's spokesman, in which he attacked the labor record of General Charles G. Dawes, Republican candidate for Vice President.

This was done, Mr. Woll said, in order that the publication of the correspondence with former Secretary Wilson, in which John W. Davis was attacked, "should not lead to the conclusion that the American Federation of Labor was expressing itself in only one direction."

Mr. Woll was asked whether the Federation's Executive Council would make public the correspondence that had passed between President Gompers and John W. Davis, as revealed in the labor head's reply to William B. Wilson.

"We will not make that correspondence public here," he replied. "To do so might give a certain number of people the mistaken impression that Mr. Gompers was inclined to keep after the Democratic candidate. If the correspondence is published, the Democrats will have to some from Mr. Davis. He may publish it, in whole or in part, or if his share of it is published, we will then release our share. But these were more or less personal messages between Mr. Gompers and Mr. Davis, not the Executive Council, and I judge Mr. Gompers would not take the initiative in publishing them."

Replies to Church Council.

The statement attacking the industrial review of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America said in part:

"Published accounts of the so-called industrial review made public by the Department of Research and Education of the Federal Council of Churches, and the assumption of authority and leadership which is there set forth in relation to labor and labor's participation in the political life of our republic, have been observed with great surprise.

"The American Federation of Labor has always welcomed every cooperating effort to improve the condition of the wage earners of our Republic. It has never tolerated dictation over policies and actions by any agency outside the labor movement, and such an attempted interference is not the more welcome when it comes from one of the great Church organizations of our country.

"We cannot but resent the implication that while one definite policy is being pursued by organized labor another is being covertly fostered.

"The American Federation of Labor has repeatedly declared its opposition to partisan political affiliations. It stands by that policy and it is pursuing that policy.

"The idea, furthermore, of domination of the American trade union movement in its political activity by a continuously diminishing and completely discredited Socialist Party is too ridiculous for consideration. The Socialist philosophy will never become the political or intellectual guide of American labor. The American Federation of Labor will be no less hostile tomorrow than yesterday toward the philosophy and program of Socialism.

"American trade unionists, I am sure, will regard the report of the Federal Council of Churches as a wholly unwarranted and presumptuous attempt to promote the waning fortunes of Socialism in America and to create for the Church organization a political leadership over labor on the part of a movement which should and must be content with spiritual leadership and with cooperation where service can be rendered in advancing the interests of the masses of the people."

Woll Attacks General Dawes.

The attack on General Dawes is introduced with the statement that union officials have accumulated "a mass of material relating to the record of General Charles G. Dawes," which intends to "utilize as the time seems opportune."

"We have had about enough conversational friendships," said Vice President Woll, who proceeded as follows:

"For example, there is a consistent anti-union activity of General Dawes. Mr. Dawes served in the World War. So did many thousands of trade unionists. So did Samuel Gompers. During those tense months General Dawes wasn't saying anything at all slanderous about trade unionists. Neither was any other politician or any other General in the army.

"But no sooner is General Dawes back in his office in the Central Trust Company of Illinois at Chicago than he begins the organization of what he calls 'the Minute Men of the Constitution.'

"This organization has concerned itself chiefly fighting the organizations of labor and in upholding the right of Judges to issue injunctions which have no warrant in law or in the Constitution and which, as used in industrial disputes, order workers to do what they have a lawful right to refrain from doing and order them not to do things which they have a lawful right to do.

"General Dawes has said that Samuel Gompers and other trade union officials are more concerned about the right of union men to assault and murder peaceful citizens than about upholding the law of the land.

"No one has made a more vicious and unwarranted declaration than that. General Dawes is to be one of the most active Republican campaigners. By reason of that, and by reason of his nomination as the Vice Presidential candidate, the party accepts as part of his peculiar views—his championship of the divine right of Judges to do as they please with union men.

"It is perhaps natural that the most unyielding attacks on human freedom should emanate from behind a banker's desk, but today even most bankers are not so pre-Victorian in their understanding of organized labor and its aims. Mr. Dawes takes second place on the Republican ticket, but he is doing his best to take first place in the ranks of Bourbonism.

Mrs. Towner Brings Mother's Body.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Horace M. Towner, wife of Governor Towner, sailed today for New York, accompanying the body of her mother, Mrs. Ca[illegible] died on Sunday. The [illegible] place at Corning, [illegible]

BULLARD DEFINES DEFENSE DAY PLAN

Radio Speech Outlines the Program and Denies Any "Hostile Gesture."

MEETING CALLED THURSDAY

Activities to Be Discussed for Observance of the Tests Here on Sept. 12.

Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard talked on the Defense Day over the radio last night broadcasting from Station WJZ. He explained the details of the "defense test."

"The security of the nation is confided not in our small regular army nor in our National Guard. While each of these components of the army will have important rôles to play, the backbone of our defense is the patriotic manhood of our country—represented by our organized reserves," he said.

"Defense plans have been completed and are based on the organization of our citizen soldiers in time of a national emergency with the least friction and with the least interruption to our every day life. On Sept. 12 we are giving you a chance to acquaint yourselves a little with these plans. You must become familiar with them.

"Our plans provide for the localization of all reserve units. By this is meant that, if it is ever necessary to call these units into active service, they will be recruited from men taken from the immediate community. These reserve units will belong to you in war as well as peace.

"Some of our hysterical pacifists are taking advantage of the defense test to try to make people believe that we are trying to militarize the nation and to foster a spirit of war and hatred—and claim that it is a hostile gesture, a threat of war.

"It was a little while ago in the war, when the pacifist mask was dashed off, when we learned to recognize the pacifist as our worst and most insidious enemy. Are we going to take them back to our bosom?

"Our defense test, far from being a hostile act, will emphasize our military weakness. No nation can take offense at it. It is a demonstration of loyalty and patriotism of those on whom the preservation of our country depends. It is a defense test, not a hostile act.

Arrangements for local observance of Defense Day, Sept. 12, will be announced at a dinner conference which will be held at the Hotel Astor next Thursday evening under the auspices of the American Defense Society. Major General Robert Lee Bullard, commanding the Second Corps Area, will be the guest of honor. The Governors of New Jersey and Delaware have appointed representatives to attend.

Local plans for the observance of Defense Day so far include only patriotic gatherings in the parks of all five boroughs and exhibitions of the Regular Army, National Guard and Reserve Corps at their respective stations for the purpose of an inspection or "check up." Whether there will be a military parade or not is a question which probably will be settled and announced at the dinner.

Among those who will attend the dinner will be a number of clergymen and a number of women who have taken active parts in various woman's movements throughout the country. The Right Rev. Bishop William T. Manning, although unable to attend the dinner himself because of his absence from the city, has designated the Rev. H. P. Veazie of the Cathedral to represent him. Dr. Veazie has been asked to deliver the prayer with which the dinner will be opened. Another clergyman who may be present is Dr. Morris S. Lazaron, Secretary of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, who denounced an invitation to join a pacifist "Committee of Protest" against Defense Day.

Silzer Issues Proclamation.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 7.—In conformity with action taken by President Coolidge upon recommendation of the War Department, Governor Silzer issued a proclamation today designating Friday, Sept. 12, the ninth anniversary of the Battle of St. Mihiel, as Defense Test Day.

HEARS KLAN WILL TAKE JEWISH WAR VETERANS

Baltimore State's Attorney Invited, Under 'Modified Policy,' to Be '100 Per Cent. American.'

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 7.—"It is now possible for a Jew who served in the World War to be recognized as a real 100 per cent. American," declared E. Milton Altfeld, Assistant State's Attorney, today.

Mr. Altfeld had what he called "indisputable proof" of the truth of the statement. He produced a letter from the Grand Kleagle of the Ku Klux Klan in Atlanta inviting him to become a member of the order.

"No, they didn't make a mistake," Mr. Altfeld explained. "We are Americans now. Read this, it makes us real Americans."

"This" was a mass of Klan literature, announcing that a "modified policy" made it possible for a Jew who served in the World War to become a member of the Klan. The chief platform of the "American organization" at the present time, according to the literature, is a fight against the "reign of Catholicism in America."

"Isn't it wonderful to have that decided so definitely?" said Mr. Altfeld, who is the author of a book, "The Jew's Struggle for Religious and Civil Liberty in Maryland," which is now on the presses.

"Am I going to join?"

Mr. Altfeld repeated the question several times.

"No," he answered, "I do not expect to order a new nightgown. It is hot enough these days without extra sheets anyway. It is an invitation no self-respecting Jew could accept."

The literature from "headquarters" found its way from the desk to Mr. Altfeld's hands. The "personal invitation" from the Grand Kleagle came first. The circular announcing the "change in policy" followed.

Mr. Altfeld, who served as a Captain in the American Army during the World War and had a grandfather who is buried on American soil and comes of a family that boasts members in the American Army during three wars, smiled.

"It is wonderful," he declared, "to really be an American, particularly of the 100 per cent. kind."

Child Killed by a Drink of Gasoline.

John Lewko, two years old, sitting up with his parents in their home at 86 East Twenty-sixth Street, Bayonne, late Wednesday night, toddled to the kitchen sink to get a drink of water. Instead, he drank from a can of gasoline. His mother, Mrs. Anna Lewko, carried him to the Bayonne Hospital, five blocks away, and he died there yesterday.

HUMID HEAT KILLS 4, SCORES STRICKEN

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

arrival of an ambulance. Death was due to a heart attack, superinduced by the heat.

Overcome by the heat at his home, Francis Cappuano, 2½ years old, of 3,652 Bronx Boulevard, the Bronx, died before the arrival of a physician from Fordham Hospital.

While filling a pail with water at a hydrant at Thirty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue, Peter Masterson, 55 years old, a laborer who was employed by the Department of Highways and lived at 304 East 130th Street, collapsed. He died in an automobile which was taking him to the French Hospital. Death was due to heart failure, superinduced by the heat.

William J. Hearn, 70 years old, died of heat exhaustion at his home, 142 South Seventh Avenue, Mount Vernon. Miss Emily Fracasso, 19 years old, of 8 West Sixth Street, Mount Vernon, who had been ill for a month, died of cardiac dilatation brought on by the heat.

The major accidents attributed to the heat in the course of the day included these:

While seeking relief at noon on a fire escape on the third floor at 654 Bedford Avenue, David Scheter of 365 South Fourth Street fell to the yard below. He was taken to the Kings County Hospital, where it was said both his legs had been broken and he had received internal injuries. Scheter had been visiting friends at the Bedford Avenue house.

As the result of injuries received when she fell from the third floor fire escape, 2-year-old Evelyn Kulkowski of 65 Avenue B, probably will die, physicians at Bellevue Hospital said. She suffered a fracture of the skull.

Falls Three Stories, Only Slightly Hurt.

Climbing to the fire escape in an attempt to cool off, Frank Crochcia, 50 years old, of 527 Morris Avenue, the Bronx, was overcome, lost consciousness and fell three stories to the rear yard. Clothes lines broke his fall and when a Lincoln Hospital doctor arrived he could find only some minor cuts and bruises. Crochcia was treated and remained at home.

Joseph Ulrich of 611 Admiral Street, Glendale, Queens, collapsed while at work in a machine shop at 2,260 Myrtle Avenue, Ridgewood. He fell, striking his head on the floor. He suffered lacerations and was removed to Wyckoff Heights Hospital.

Ambulance surgeons throughout the city put in extra hours attending to heat prostration and heat exhaustion cases, but nearly all of these recorded were mild, responding so readily to relief measures that very few victims were removed to institutions and nearly all those were promptly discharged.

No week day of the Summer has seen quite so impassioned a scramble to get where it was cool—or it might be cool. Coney Island announced a record crowd with more plausibility than is sometimes the case and long after dark the beaches teemed with myriads undecided whether they would rather plunge into the ocean or be blistered in the skies. The question was decided for them about 8:30 in the evening when the heavens opened and let down such heavy showers that nearly everyone fled for home.

Not only at Coney, but at other beaches, lines began to form at the bath houses at just about daybreak. Buses from Times Square maintained their service unwonted throughout the night and were well patronized. Long Island Railroad trains were jammed all day and had to resort to the shortest of shifts in the afternoon when many thousands persuaded themselves that emergency conditions prevailed and they were entitled to an extra half-day off.

Park Space in Demand.

In the more congested districts sleeping on fire escapes was general and from the smallest local square to the big parks, such as Central and Prospect, every available square foot of outdoor breathing space was in demand.

Even more general use of the city's open spaces was in prospect last night when all police precincts received this general order at the instance of Commissioner Enright:

"Parks in your precinct will be open all night. Take precautions that persons using the park are given proper protection."

City firemen, themselves unable to find rest from sweltering quarters, were as stifling as other houses, came outdoors early and found very slightly clad youngsters waiting for the street showers to be turned on. A number of added facilities for that were rigged up. Seventy-five or eighty assorted boys in equally assorted swimming trunks invaded Essex Market Court as soon as it opened and told Magistrate Erodsky that, in shower, they had rigged to a hydrant in Second Street, between avenues A and B, had been turned off by the police. The Court held unofficial communication

NEW YORK TO HEAR LA FOLLETTE FIRST

Senator Will Open His Campaign With an Invasion of the "Enemy's Country."

NO DATE YET FOR SPEECH

Twelve Other Speeches Are Planned, Including One in California.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Senator La Follette will make his first speech in the campaign at a mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York, in the latter part of August. After that, he will deliver approximately eleven other speeches in cities of the Middle and Far West on dates yet to be chosen. The exact day of his New York address has not been decided upon.

After conferences with his advisers, Mr. La Follette decided to begin his campaign in New York, which he regards as the citadel of the interests opposed to his election. He will define there the issues of the campaign as he views them and formally reply to the acceptance speeches of President Coolidge and John W. Davis. His followers in New York City and State have assured Mr. La Follette that he will receive an enthusiastic welcome.

Present indications are that the candidate's New York address will be the only one that he will deliver in the East, except those which will be broadcast. He expects to spend most of his time in the West, and has tentatively decided to speak at least once on the Pacific Coast, probably in San Francisco. Special attention will be paid to the Eastern States by Senator Wheeler, Mr. La Follette's running mate, who will open the independent campaign in New England with a speech in Boston in the last week of August or early in September.

In his New York address, it was learned today, Mr. La Follette will discuss foreign affairs as well as the scandals. He will urge a further reduction of taxes in so far as they apply to men and women of ordinary means. He will advocate the repeal of the Esch-Cummins Transportation act, abolition of the Railroad Labor Board and the passage of laws further limiting the power of Federal Judges in issuing injunctions in industrial disputes. It will be his purpose, his friends say, to draw a sharp comparison with the campaign pledges made in 1920 by the accepted addresses of President Coolidge and Mr. Davis.

Wheeler to Make Extensive Tour.

Mr. La Follette has accepted invitations to deliver speeches in Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and in either St. Paul or Minneapolis. If his present program is adhered to the Progressive candidate will make not to exceed twelve addresses, although others may be made, depending on the exigencies of the campaign. Mr. La Follette, however, will not take "a swing around the circle" on the platform of a railroad train. The brunt of the field work of this character will be assigned to Senator Wheeler.

The plans provide for an extensive tour by Senator Wheeler. He will speak at several points in New England, in New York and the other Middle Atlantic States, and will visit nearly every State in the Middle West. Whether he will go so far as the Pacific Coast remains to be decided. The Montana Senator has placed himself at the disposal of the National Committee and he has made it known that he is willing to travel far and wide.

In pursuance of their purpose to attempt to capture electoral votes in the East, the La Follette leaders will ask Senator Wheeler to pay much attention to New York, New Jersey, and other States on the Atlantic seaboard. While the Progressives speak of the East as "the enemy's country," they assert that their reports indicate that the ticket may cause some upsets in that region. They are delighted over the decision of Mr. La Follette to start his campaign in New York City.

The Progressives are making every endeavor to take over the organization that Senator Hiram Johnson formed in his pre-convention fight for the Republican Presidential nomination. It became known today that Frank R. Havener, former Secretary of Senator Johnson, has been asked to assist Rudolph Streckels in directing the movement in California. They expect Mr. Havener to accept. Antonio Entenza of San Francisco, another friend of the California Senator, has already been named as Regional Director of the La Follette forces on the Pacific Coast. Other Johnson men are to be invited to join the movement.

Johnson's Course Still in Doubt.

It may be stated upon authority that up to date Senator Johnson himself has given no direct intimation as to what course he will pursue in the campaign. Some significance is attached to the fact that many of his close political associates are showing an interest in the third party ticket. But the La Follette leaders assert that no word has come from the Senator as to whether he will support La Follette or maintain silence. They are hopeful that he will come out for the ticket, asserting that in view of his attacks upon the Administration, it is very unlikely that he will lend aid to the Republican candidates.

Evidence that the war record of Senator La Follette, particularly the speech which he delivered at St. Paul on Sept. 20, 1917, is to be discussed in the campaign is found in an article in the latest edition of The National Republican, edited by George B. Lockwood, former Secretary of the Republican National Committee. This speech, which was made the basis of a resolution offered in the Senate providing for the expulsion of Mr. La Follette, was brought to the attention of the Senate by Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, now Ambassador to Great Britain, at the instance of the Minnesota Commission of Public Safety.

The National Republican, which makes no comment on the case, relates the circumstances under which the Senate resolution of inquiry was introduced. It states that it sets forth the facts because a great many readers of the paper have, by letter, made inquiries concerning the disposition of the so-called "treason trial" of Senator La Follette—"an inquiry conducted by authority of the Senate while the United States was associated with the European Allies in the war with Germany and the Central Powers."

La Follette Conserves Strength.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Senator La Follette has given up the idea of going to his home in Madison, Wis., before the end of the month at least, and probably will remain in Washington until he is ready to launch his speech-making campaign for the Presidency.

Tentative plans called for the departure of the candidate for Madison by the middle of August, but it was said today that he believed he can best keep in touch with campaign developments by remaining here.

Priming himself for strenuous days of campaigning ahead, the Senator remains practically in seclusion here. Although he is preparing some speeches, he is leaving the management of his campaign, particularly the details, to others and has only a limited number of conferences with friends and political advisers.

As a rule, the Senator arises about 7:30 A. M., and after breakfast and a leisurely perusal of the morning newspapers goes to the Capitol. He rarely walks, preferring to ride in his automobile.

Most of the day he remains tucked away in an out-of-the-way office, separate from his suite in the Senate office building, where his son, Robert M. La Follette, Jr., acts as assistant director here, and a force of aides do their work.

Senator La Follette usually stays at the Capitol until late in the afternoon and then goes to his home in the Northwest section of the city for dinner with his family. In the evening he takes an automobile ride, converses with friends or neighbors, or reads. His bed time is 10:30 P. M.

When he was younger the Senator kept himself in trim by spending an hour or more a day in a gymnasium, boxing, running and taking other exercise. Now he confines himself to physical exercise in the morning. He cares nothing for golf or any other line of sport.

Senator La Follette tells inquirers that he is in excellent physical condition, having entirely recovered from his illness of the Winter and Spring, and will be in shape to conduct an aggressive campaign, once it gets under way. His friends are urging him to take it easy until there is really need to be up and stirring.

3D PARTY ORGANIZES TEN STATES IN EAST

G. E. Roe, Opening Headquarters Here, Says Electors Will Be Chosen by September.

HOPEFUL OF RHODE ISLAND

A. F. of L. Endorsement Said by Leaders to Have Given Impetus to La Follette Movement.

La Follette electors will be chosen before the end of the month as the first important third party step in the ten Northeastern States, according to a statement made yesterday by Gilbert E. Roe, regional manager, upon the opening of the new La Follette-Wheeler regional headquarters at 25 West Forty-third Street. Mr. Roe said much preparatory work already had been done in his jurisdiction and there was, therefore, little likelihood of a hitch.

The territory over which Mr. Roe holds sway includes Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Rhode Island. It is exactly the same territory that constitutes the jurisdiction of Representative Hicks, Republican regional manager. In all of the States, Mr. Roe says, campaign organization is vigorously under way.

In Maine the La Follette electors have already been selected and petitions to place them on the ballot are being circulated. Reports from New Hampshire and Vermont indicate they are ready to follow hard on the footsteps of Maine. The Massachusetts State conference will be held next Sunday. The New York State conference is scheduled to take place at Albany, Aug. 16. The La Follette forces in Rhode Island will organize at Providence Aug. 24 and in Connecticut and Delaware during the same week.

Rhode Island Stimulates Hope.

Because the political pot has been boiling for months in Rhode Island, the La Follette managers believe they have a great opportunity there. James Carr Garrison, at one time publisher of The Providence News, has been carrying on organization work in Rhode Island for La Follette for some months. He was at the La Follette headquarters yesterday.

"The La Follette sentiment in Rhode Island was a revelation to me," said Mr. Garrison, "not only in the ranks of labor, among the textile workers and the railroad men, but among citizens of all ranks who usually vote with the old parties. There has been a wholesale desertion of Davis. Progressive Republicans in Rhode Island are disgusted with the performance of the State Senators.

One strong wing of the stand-pat Republicans is equally incensed at the program of the State Republican machine to throw Senator LeBaron B. Bradford Colt into the ash heap—the nomination for the Senate having been promised to Jesse H. Metcalf, a multi-millionaire manufacturer, who wants to succeed Ex-Governor R. Livingston Beeckman as chief angel of the party machine. The Democratic Senator from Rhode Island is Peter Goelet Gerry, son of Commodore Gerry of New York and Newport. He, too, is fabulously wealthy. His wife's last birthday present was the Czarina's black pearls, the price paid being reported as $400,000. Naturally the plain people of this industrial center are tired of such representation in the Senate."

The purpose of the Rhode Island conference is to choose a campaign committee, and electors will then be nominated by petition. In that state nothing will be done by the La Follette people about nominating for Congress until the Republicans and Democrats have completed their tickets. There are to be no nominees for State officers on the La Follette ticket in Rhode Island.

New York Electors Being Chosen.

At the New York State conference, which was called jointly by Mr. Roe and Thomas E. Ryan, State Chairman of the Conference for Progressive Political Action and Legislative Chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, a State committee and a State Chairman will be chosen and a list of the Presidential electors, now being made up, approved. The State Committee will then take over such parts of the campaign as concern the State, such as the election of State officers.

Mr. Roe said the endorsement of La Follette by the American Federation of Labor had given a clearly discernible impetus to the La Follette movement. He added:

"Throughout our territory the labor men have been cooperating with us whole-heartedly in the complicated work of campaign organization. The general response to the Progressive campaign is more than gratifying. Though we are just getting under way in this State, thousands of citizens have expressed themselves voluntarily as eager to sign election petitions or help in substantial ways."

Last night Norman Thomas, already chosen as the Socialist candidate for Governor, and likely to be endorsed by the La Follette people generally, though perhaps not formally, issued a statement criticising John W. Davis, Democratic nominee, for his refusal to answer Mr. Thomas's telegram concerning conditions in West Virginia.

Criticizes Gov. Morgan's Record.

In part, Mr. Thomas said:

"Mr. Davis has said through the press that he will not answer our telegram on conditions in West Virginia under which privately paid detectives again tyrannize over the miners. He gives two reasons: First, that he doesn't know the conditions, and, second, that he trusts Governor Morgan.

"As to the first reason, it behooves a son of West Virginia, candidate for President of the United States, to know the conditions in his State. Especially it behooves a candidate who wants to establish a record as a friend of labor to find out about specific charges made by a responsible labor official on conditions in his own State.

"As to the second charge, I wish Mr. Davis would cite the evidence justifying his trust in Governor Morgan. Well-authenticated testimony before the United States Coal Commission and other bodies shows conditions during Governor Morgan's Administration which abundantly establishes either his lack of power or desire to enforce the law. I refer, for example, to the law forbidding the employment of deputy sheriffs under private pay."

There is a lot of optimism among Socialist leaders over the La Follette outlook. Many of them, including Thomas, Algernon Lee and Julius Gerber, asserted the belief that La Follette would actually win the election. Gerber added that William Z. Foster, the Communist candidate, even if he succeeded in getting on the ticket in every State, would not get 20,000 votes.

TOKIO-MOSCOW PARLEY IS RESUMED IN PEKING

Japanese Minister and Russian Ambassador Are Expected to Reach an Agreement.

PEKING, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Conferences looking to a re-establishing of diplomatic relations were resumed here today by representatives of the Japanese and Russian Soviet Governments.

The Japanese Minister, Kenkichi Yoshizawa, who has just returned from Tokio, was reported to have placed before the Russian Ambassador here, L. M. Karakhan, a definite outline of the basis on which Japan was prepared to evacuate Sakhalin, which has proved a stumbling block in the negotiations between the two countries.

It is understood that the Japanese Minister urged upon M. Karakhan the desirability of an early agreement, pointing out that otherwise the proposed evacuation could not be made effective before the closing in of the early Winter on the Siberian island.

Conversations between the two diplomats will be held almost daily hereafter, under present plans. At least three days will be taken up with presentation of the Russian position.

Dispatches from Tokio two weeks ago stated that the Japanese Cabinet had agreed on a new policy toward Russia, particularly in regard to Sakhalin concessions, which, it was believed, would lead to eventual Japanese recognition of the Soviet Government.

FIGHT ON EDGE INTENSIFIED.

Jersey Senator May Not Be Able to Go to Maine for Coolidge.

The fight for the Republican Senatorial nomination in New Jersey has grown so intense that it is expected to keep Senator Edge busy for weeks, and possibly all Summer. Last night, the Senator will decline to go to Maine to stump for the national ticket. He had been asked to go late this month, it was said.

Hamilton F. Kean, who also is seeking the nomination, continued his statements against Mr. Edge last night. He replied to a statement by Edge.

"Can it be that Senator Edge is so far overboard for an issue that he has to resort to a misstatement of facts, as is instanced in his attack on Mr. Frelinghuysen for supporting me?" asked Mr. Kean. "And to think that Joe, a Frelinghuysen Republican, should be questioned. Why, we laborers in the party vineyard have looked upon Joe as the some of party loyalty. No one has ever before questioned his party loyalty. There has never been the slightest intimation that he traded with the enemy. He has never embarrassed his President.

"The only valid explanation is that Mr. Frelinghuysen's statement in support of my candidacy contained so many truths regarding Mr. Edge that it hurt."

CALLES NOT TO SEE BRITISH PREMIER

President-Elect of Mexico Denies He Will Confer on Mexican Relations.

SILENT ON EVANS MURDER

Doubts, However, in Interview Here, That Agrarians Were Responsible for It.

General Plutarco Elias Calles, President-elect of Mexico, in an interview at the Hotel Commodore yesterday said reports that he was unfriendly to Americans were "malicious" falsehoods circulated by his political enemies, but that, on the contrary, he entertained feelings of the warmest friendship for the United States. American and British oil interests would be given full legal protection under his Administration, he declared. The future of Mexico, General Calles said, depended upon improving the condition of the Indians, who make up the bulk of the agrarian class.

General Calles arrived in town from New Orleans Wednesday and will sail for Hamburg on the steamship Deutschland Saturday for a two months' vacation trip in Europe to recuperate, he said, from the effects of the Presidential campaign just ended. He is accompanied by his eldest son, Roberto, and his wife, two daughters, Natalia, 20, and Ernestina, 18, and his brother, Arturo Elias Calles. The itinerary of the party in Europe has not been decided upon, but General Calles denied that he was going to consult Prime Minister MacDonald in London regarding relations between Great Britain and Mexico. He might not visit England at all, he said.

Manuel Tellez, Mexican Ambassador to the United States, acted as interpreter at the interview yesterday. Although General Calles understands English, he does not speak it fluently. He apologized for not receiving newspaper men upon his arrival Wednesday night, and began with an explicit denial that he intended conferring with Prime Minister MacDonald.

A Friend of America.

"The impression that I do not feel kindly toward Americans in Mexico rests upon lies spread maliciously by my political enemies and people interested," said he. "The real people of Mexico and the Government consider me a real friend of America.

At this point James W. Gerard, former United States Ambassador to Germany, entered the reception room where General Calles was surrounded by a score of reporters. He seemed not to recognize Mr. Gerard and glowered at him as the latter seated himself. Later he greeted the former Ambassador with a cordial handshake and accepted Mr. Gerard's invitation for himself and his party to attend the performance of "The Scandals" tonight.

General Calles paid a tribute to the work of Charles B. Warren, the retiring American Ambassador to Mexico.

"Concerning the murder of Mrs. Rosalie R. Evans, I can say nothing while in Mexico, but I am certain that President Obregon will see to it that the affair is settled on lines of broad justice. It is not a common crime, but the work of malicious interests entirely foreign to the Mexican Government.

Denies Agrarian Guilt.

General Calles waived aside a suggestion that the crime might be the result of unassimilated agrarian and socialistic doctrines which had proven too rich mental food for the peons and that they had gotten out of hand as a result.

"Not at all, said he. "I may consider myself the chief of the Socialist Party in Mexico, but Mexican socialism is a conscious and sane socialism and not the destructive thing which the reactionary elements try to make out. Socialist ideas in Mexico are constructive and moral. At the same time, the leaders are showing the people what their rights are and are also showing them what their duties are. The main effort of the Socialists has been to try to elevate the poorer classes. The chief benefits Mexico can look for will come from the uplifting of the submerged classes."

"In what respect are the Mexican Indians oppressed?" General Calles was asked.

"For one thing, the large estate holders estimate the value of their properties not on acreage, but by the number of peons on their estates. They work from twelve to fourteen hours a day for ten cents in gold. It is not humanly possible for them to live and bring up children or have any moral expression. If this is not serfdom, I would like God to come down and define it.

"We have in Mexico 10,000,000 farm workers out of a total population of 15,000,000. Therefore the agricultural workers are necessarily the backbone of the country. It is the Government's duty to see that they have the necessary elements for moral and physical development, so that by raising their standards we may bring about decent conditions."

Discusses Land Issue.

General Calles repudiated an alleged interview in New Orleans and said that he had given none in that city. When asked if the new Government had it in mind to leave the settlement of foreign land titles to diplomacy, he said:

"To understand land holding in Mexico would take hours. The problem of landed property goes back to the conquest. Indian possession of lands was granted by the Spanish crown centuries ago. Lands are essential to their liberty. The Government will see to it that these lands are restored to them through legal proceedings."

When asked if Mexican or international law would prevail where the land titles of foreigners were concerned, General Calles said:

"Our Government is the same as yours. It has executive, legislative and judicial branches, and the lawmakers will decide. The rights of American and British oil property holders will be fully protected."

A story printed in a Yucatan newspaper that General Calles intended arming the agrarians in order that they might protect their own rights was dismissed by the statement that "the newspapers print many things."

SAY EVANS CASE IS CLOSED.

Mexican Authorities Insist They Have Met Requirements.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—With the arrest of seven persons charged with being the actual murderers of Mrs. Rosalie Evans and the alleged positive identification of three of them, the Mexican Government considers the incident of the slaying closed so far as its international aspects are concerned. The accused men have been consigned for trial on the charge of murder and the Government considers that it has carried out its obligations through the prompt apprehension of the culprits and its evident demonstration that no lack of energy will be shown in the punishment of the guilty.

Upon the receipt late night of official communication describing the arrest of the murderers, General Aaron Saenz, Foreign Minister, immediately communicated the facts to the United States Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. Schoenfeld, and through him to Sir Esme Howard, British Consul General, Norman King.

President Obregon, as quoted by El Universal, declared upon receipt of official reports describing the arrest of Mrs. Evans's slayers that her husband was convinced that agrarians had nothing to do with the crime. He said he felt sure that suspected leaders of the recent revolution inspired the attack and robbery for the purpose of discrediting the agrarian movement and the Government which the Agrarians supported throughout the revolt. He added that it had been proved that the killing was a simple case of murder and highway robbery.

Reports from Puebla state that the vigilance following up of various clues brought about the arrest of Francisco Ruiz, Andres Rodriquez and Alejo Garcia, who are said to have been identified as participants in the actual killing of Mrs. Evans and the wounding of her hacienda manager, John Strauss. The identification is declared to have been made by Strauss, who is in a hospital at Puebla.

The nature of the evidence against the other four being held as the slayers has not yet been revealed, but it is declared that three men have already confessed. The authoritative report of events at the home of Ruiz which was identified, it was stated, by a Syrian peddler as having been stolen from him some weeks ago. The bag in which the payroll for the Evans Hacienda was contained, which was taken by the assassins, was also alleged to have been found at the home of Garcia. Those being held by the police live in the village of Tianguismanalco, which is nearby the Evans hacienda and a short distance from the spot upon the road between Taxmelucan and the hacienda where the attack was staged.

Sixty-three prisoners who were rounded up in the police dragnet Monday, most of them Indian farm workers living in the vicinity, have been released and have returned to their homes from Puebla.

With power of attorney from Mrs. Evans's heirs, Attorney Salvado Espindola has taken temporary possession of the slain woman's hacienda. Possession was taken in the presence of Captain H. J. Holcombe, representing the British Consulate General of Mexico City, who has accompanied the investigators throughout the entire inquiry. It is believed that the Foreign Office that the Evans heirs still have recourse to civil action for damages because of the slaying of Mrs. Evans, although Federal responsibility, it is claimed, ended with the arrest of the slayers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Advices from the American Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico City and from the Mexican Embassy confirmed the telegraphed dispatches in the newspapers that the murderers of Mrs. Rosalie Evans, the British subject, had been caught and identified.

Herbert F. A. Schoenfeld, the American Chargé, reported to the State Department that the Mexican Foreign Office had given him this news by telephone.

RED SOLDIERS LED RAID INTO POLAND

Bands That Attacked Town of Stolpce Were Trained at Minsk Barracks.

ESPIONAGE BY DIPLOMATS

Warsaw Has Expelled Six Members of Soviet Legation and Lodges Protest With Moscow.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WARSAW, Aug. 7.—Of late the correctness of the behavior of the Soviet Legation in Warsaw has been increasingly in doubt. Recent developments disclosed the fact that the legation has been conducting Communist propaganda and espionage. Owing to this latter form of activity the Polish Government had to demand that six members of the legation be recalled from Poland and they left the country on July 30.

Of these six, two were members of the diplomatic corps and the others were clerks engaged in purely military spying, which is proved by instructions issued by one of the Soviet diplomats in his own handwriting.

In the course of the week of delay which was accorded the Russians before their expulsion from Poland the Soviet authorities, without any assigned reason, arrested two members of the Polish Claims Commission in Leningrad, one of whom is a Professor of Lemberg University engaged in recovering books stolen from Polish libraries. Their arrest was kept secret for four days, during which the other members of the commission were in ignorance of their fate. In spite of the energetic protest on the part of the Polish Government, both men are still imprisoned. The Soviet Government had hoped that Poland would buy their freedom by allowing the six Bolshevist spies to remain in Poland and is now holding them in retaliation.

On Tuesday the Warsaw police arrested Felix Kwiatkowsky, a member of the Soviet Commercial Mission. He was accompanied by a Polish Communist of whom the police had been in search and was conveying toward the subject 800 proclamations issued by the Polish Communist Party, presumably printed in Russia, which advocated "direct action" in connection with the present industrial stagnation, together with a quantity of propaganda publications in Polish, admittedly printed in Russia. This action, besides being a misdemeanor under the Polish law, constitutes the first irrefutable proof of the Soviet's violation of the Treaty of Riga.

Kwiatowsky, although he has a diplomatic passport, is still under arrest, as it is held that his passport was granted improperly, seeing that he arrived in Poland as escort to a diplomatic courier and remained in the building occupied by the Commercial Mission, of which only a limited number of members enjoy diplomatic privileges.

It also appears that the counsellor of the Soviet Legation, Bratin, is the author of the anti-Polish campaign in the Moscow Pravda, in which he signs his articles "Volski."

The Polish authorities have a mass of evidence showing the close relations between the Soviet Legation and the Polish Communist Party, from which all the Soviet agents in Poland are recruited. The police have much original correspondence to prove this.

Further details of the recent raid upon Stolpce, a Polish town on the Warsaw-Moscow railway, show that the raiders were about 150 in number and were divided into four detachments, which attacked the town simultaneously from four sides. Each detachment was apparently well trained militarily and had three machine guns, bombs and 130 rounds of ammunition per man. It was evident that the attack had been skillfully planned. Of the raiders twenty-five escaped across the frontier into Soviet territory, fifteen were captured and the rest are still being hunted by the police and cavalry.

The captured raiders say they were trained for six months in the Minsk Army Barracks by army instructors; that the raid was planned for July 26, but was postponed owing to a breakdown in transport, in consequence of which they had to enter Poland on foot, and that about 70 per cent. of the raiders were regular soldiers in the Red Army.

When one detachment of the raiders which was being chased by Polish cavalry succeeded in crossing the border, the Poles were fired at by the Bolshevist frontier guards, although the Poles remained in their own territory.

Count Skrzynski, the Polish Foreign Minister, has sent a note verbale to the Soviet Legation in Warsaw and has instructed the Polish Chargé d'Affaires in Moscow to protest there against this invasion of Poland.

NAPOLEONIC TREASURE LARGER THAN THOUGHT

More Than 2,000 Letters and Documents Are in the Bassano Archives at Brunn.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRAGUE, Aug. 7.—The discovery of letters of Napoleon in the Bassano archives at Brünn now appears to be even of greater historical importance than at first supposed. Fain, Napoleon's private secretary, wrote in his memoirs:

"Should the memoirs of the Prince of Benevento (Talleyrand) and the Duke of Bassano (Maret) ever be published, they will take first rank in the history of the Napoleonic times."

Besides 87 letters in Napoleon's own hand and 130 others signed by him, there are 182 drafts of letters, mostly corrected by the Emperor; two to King George III., seven to the Czar Alexander I. of Russia, eleven to Jerome, King of Westphalia; fourteen to Joachim Murat, King of Naples; three to Frederick VI., King of Denmark; nineteen to Francis I., Emperor of Austria; sixteen to Marshal Davout, Prince of Eckmühl and Duke of Auerstadt; twenty-seven to the Prince de Neuchatel (Berthier); seven to Frederick William III., King of Prussia; four to his favorite sister, the Princess Pauline Borghese, Grand Duchess of Tuscany; twelve to Marshal McDonald, Duke of Tarento; thirty-two to the Duke of Feltre (De Goyn), French Minister of War, and others. Most of these letters are dated 1812.

Among the original letters from Napoleon are 5 from the Czar, 13 from the King of Westphalia, 30 from the King of Prussia, 15 from the King of Naples, 2 from the King of Denmark, 9 from the Emperor of Austria, 12 from the Princess Pauline Borghese, 37 from the Empress Marie Louise, 4 from Napoleon's mother, and 592 from Ministers and Generals such as Talleyrand, Caulincourt, the Duke of Vicenza, the Duke of Massena, the Prince of Essing and the Duke of Rivola, the Duke of Feltre Bertrand and an original report from the Duke of Bassano.

In addition there are 1,738 loose sheets in eighteen leather cases, containing Napoleon's memoranda, written in his own hand, on the foreign policy, Russian campaign, diaries, thumbnail sketches of prominent people and drafts of battle plans, all dated between 1811 and 1814.

The Duke of Bassano's own correspondence comprises 881 letters and reports from statesmen and generals, between 1811 and 1820. There are, further, some letters from the Empress Josephine, Marshal Lannes, Duke of Montebello; Marshal Ney, Duke of Ehlingen and Prince of the Moskowa, and memoirs of the Duke of Bassano's relations with Napoleon's death mask, which was also found among the archives, was given to the Duke of Bassano by Dr. Anton Marchi, the Emperor's body physician, in 1830. This is supposed to be the first cast, which disappeared at that time.

The present owner of the archives is Leopold Bassano, a Checheslovakian Inland revenue official at Brünn, who is a representative of the younger line, which settled in Austria.

The archives, which are contained in fifteen wooden chests, are now to be submitted to Professor Kaufmann, of Berlin, who is considered the greatest living authority on Napoleonic research.

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ALLIES AND GERMANS ARRIVE AT ACCORD

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

derstanding is essential to the successful working of the Dawes plan, had been going on all day. Chancellor Marx and the German Finance Minister, Dr. Luther, made a formal call on the French Premier at the latter's hotel in the afternoon, and MM. Herriot and Clementel returned the visit soon afterward. The French delegates remained half an hour at the Ritz, and it is assumed that views were exchanged upon what is the really important question of this second stage of the conference, although it is not on its agenda, namely, the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

The Germans stipulate for the fixing of definite dates for evacuation on the ground that the economic freedom of the Ruhr cannot be complete until foreign troops have been withdrawn, together with the railway men whom the French and Belgians want to retain there to guarantee their communications in the event of strikes or other contingencies.

The French and Belgians are understood to be willing to fix definite dates for the military evacuation of the occupied territory on the right bank of the Rhine on receiving certain assurances from Germany. They require, in the first place, that the disarmament of Germany shall proceed according to the Allied demands, and they also insist that Germany shall accept the international resolutions providing for the continuation of the supply of coal, coke and dyestuffs after the periods fixed by the Treaty of Versailles.

To this Germany agrees, with the proviso that the arrangement shall be a private one between the industrialists of the two countries, and not a Government compact.

It is believed that both France and Belgium also wish to come to some clear understanding with Germany as to what is going to happen after 1925, when the treaty provides according to which Germany may make no discrimination against allied goods cease to operate.

The points made in the German memorandum with reference to the loan proposed under the Dawes plan are chiefly concerned with what undertakings are required from Germany and in what fashion the German payments of reparations can be correlated with the sums advanced her.

Some of the questions raised had to be referred to the Reparation Commission, whose members are now in London.

Bills for the constitution of the new German bank of issue and passed the protocol for setting up controls of the Dawes plan with the concurrence of the Germans.

A preliminary meeting also took place today between the Belgians and the Germans.

Firm for Military Evacuation.

LONDON, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—The German delegates to the International conference made no secret of their purpose to press vigorously for the military evacuation of Germany, and say that they will accept no settlement which does not put an end to the presence of French and Belgian troops in the Ruhr. They cannot be considered as approaching this controversial question in a very conciliatory spirit, as their letter on the subject refers to evacuation "of districts which were occupied without the authority of the Treaty of Versailles." This reference naturally irritates France. In support of their contention the Germans insist that "economic and fiscal unity," such as is aimed at in the Dawes plan, cannot be achieved while military occupation of the Ruhr continues.

France, always pinning her faith on the precise formula, still insists that this discussion is outside the purview of the present conference. In their present mood the Germans want the military forces out of the Ruhr by the time the Dawes plan becomes effective on Oct. 15, or earlier if the date of the transitional period is brought forward. If the French prove adamant about the October date, the alternatives of the Germans may be Jan. 1 or April 15.

But the French are clinging tenaciously to their refusal to consider this question, because they desire to be prepared for any contingency that may arise in the event that the Dawes plan does not work. While all the conference agreements are predicated upon the soundness of the Dawes principles and Germany's good faith, France, no less now than at the outset of the meetings here, wants to retain every advantage in the event of a possible German default. What she probably will consider in the feasibility of expediting military evacuation.

It is thought that France may make as a condition for her early withdrawal of her forces the prompt and full delivery of reparations by Germany or special commercial agreements to be negotiated between herself and Germany. Such a commercial treaty if Germany willed it, would operate greatly to the advantage of France's Lorraine industries. The problem of making all these economic compacts synchronize with the agreements which the Allies and Germany are trying to reach in the present parleys is admittedly complex and delicate.

BERLIN PRESS DIVIDED ON LONDON DECISIONS

Pro-Government Papers Are Optimistic, While Nationalist Organs Are Critical.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—The German press, so far as it supports the Government, continues to view the proceedings at the London conference with optimism. Stresemann's organ, Die Zeit, announces late tonight that the two most difficult questions, that of military evacuation and retention of allied railway employes, will be regulated by a commission specially appointed for that purpose by the "Big Fourteen," which commission will be regarded as separate from the conference.

Though this solution seems to please Stresemann's organ, it finds no favor with the Nationalistic Lokal-Anzeiger, which supplements the announcement with the report that a compromise is being considered by which the German police in the Ruhr district will be placed under Entente control, this making it possible for the French troops to evacuate. The Lokal-Anzeiger thinks that the decision that the conference is not concerned at all with the evacuation problem will only complicate matters.

The same paper publishes an interview with an unnamed leading delegate of an Entente country who said it made little difference that the English delegates contended that sanctions should only take place in case of "intentional" failure, while the French version was "flagrant" failure on the part of the Germans.

"It doesn't matter much," continued the Lokal-Anzeiger's London informant, "because that American sitting in the Reparation Commission has the deciding voice and will see to it that nothing unjust will happen."

"Why has the Dawes report been so badly mutilated?" was the next question of the Lokal-Anzeiger's man.

"You are the only way out of the maze created by all the different views. Better the agreement as it stands now than nothing at all."

"Suppose France, despite your good opinion of her, should again invade the Ruhr district or other parts of Germany, will the Allies then declare war against her?" asked the correspondent next.

"I don't think so," was the answer. "But I will say that will not happen again. However, you cannot prevent a man from jumping out of a window."

The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung continues its role of self-appointed censor to questions of etiquette at the London conference, reprimanding today MacDonald severely "for having admonished Chancellor Marx in quite an impatient manner to talk concisely and confine himself to the essential points."

On the other hand, the Völkische Deutsche Zeitung finds fault with Chancellor Marx because The London Daily Telegraph speaks of his characteristic mildness."

MACDONALD TO SIGN WITH SOVIET TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

posed to a treaty with Russia. He himself had tried to negotiate one, but had failed because the Russians put forward impossible claims and declined to recognize the principles upon which alone civilized Governments could regulate their relations with other peoples.

He objected to the proposed treaty on the ground that it was a thoroughly unbusinesslike agreement, a thoroughly grotesque agreement, which left unsettled every single point in dispute between this country and Russia.

The claim of he British Government for war loans to Russia, amounting to £600,000,000, had not been settled, he said, and there was no guarantee for repayment of the loan.

Curzon Attacks Proposed Treaties.

In the House of Lords a statement of the Government's position was made by Lord Parmoor. Lord Curzon, who followed, described the whole incident as one of the most amazing in the annals of Parliament. Some sort of arrangement with the Soviet had been stamped up. The preliminary treaty it seemed to him was all give and no take. The representatives of the British bondholders had not been settled and he saw no prospect of a settlement. The whole thing was a farce, he declared. As to the war debts, they were to be written down, which was a synonym for written off. The upshot of the negotiations was that the Government to save its face had made some sort of agreement, which was really an imposture.

The London Times in an editorial denunciation of the treaty dwells upon the "extreme haste" of the Government to sign the document. "What will foreign Governments think," asks The Times, "of the levity with which the Government of this great commercial centre put its name to a conditional promise of a loan of unknown amount upon unknown conditions, and, at that, to the Government with which even Lloyd George found it impossible to come to terms?

"Amazement and ridicule and, it is to be feared, a measure of contempt will be among the feelings in many quarters aroused by this complete departure from our old diplomatic and financial traditions," it continues. "The feeling in the city is unanimous that the Government has not only struck a heavy blow at credit but that the relief it is tendering to a defaulting foreign debtor from the natural and rightful consequences of a default is itself an immoral act."

Omits Mention of the King.

Speculation has been aroused by the fact that in the Anglo-Soviet treaty there is no mention of "his Majesty the King," nor is there mention of the United Kingdom nor the British Empire.

The Daily Chronicle points out that in the treaty with the Republic of Austria which MacDonald signed last May the opening words were, "His Majesty the King of Great Britain and Ireland and of British dominions beyond seas, Emperor of India and the Federal President of the Republic of Austria being desirous, &c.," whereas the Anglo-Soviet treaty is described in the text as being between "Great Britain and Northern Ireland on one hand and the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics on the other hand."

The Chronicle asks:

"Has Mr. Ramsay MacDonald dropped the monarchy to please soviet Russia? Did the representatives of soviet Russia refuse to sign a treaty with his Majesty the King of the United Kingdom? And where is the British Empire? Has it been omitted because of the tender feelings on the matter of Rakovsky, who has no great love for the British dominions beyond seas?"

As a possible explanation of these omissions it is pointed out that the rough draft of the treaty was hurriedly drawn up—in fact, only typewritten copies of it were available in the Commons yesterday—and it is suggested that when the treaty takes its final form it may be found to conform to the old usage.

Wins, 157 to 77, Against Adjourning.

LONDON, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—The proposal of Prime Minister MacDonald to sign forthwith the treaty between Great Britain and Soviet Russia, which was drawn up by the Anglo-Russian Conference yesterday, drew a vigorous attack from the Opposition when debate on the question was resumed in the House of Commons this morning, but the Premier refused to yield one inch to the onslaught and finally scored a victory when an amendment proposing adjournment of the House until tomorrow for further discussion of the question was defeated by 157 to 77.

TERMS OF SOVIET TREATIES.

Three Chapters Cover Old Treaties, Fisheries, Loans and Claims.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The texts of the two Anglo-Soviet treaties were issued today.

The first chapter of the general treaty deals with the existing treaties, some of which are recognized as obsolete and inoperative, while others are regarded as still in force.

The second chapter solely concerns fisheries in waters contiguous to the northern coast of the Soviet Union. The three-mile-limit is recognized to the extent that "citizens of the Soviet Union shall enjoy exclusive right of fishery within the distance of three miles from low watermark along the coast of the territory of the Union, as well as of the islands dependent thereon," but also in waters in the White Sea that lie to the southward of parall

Snow Balls in August

A certain mother who is most careful about what her children eat and drink has hit upon Knickerbocker "Snow Balls" to answer the youngsters' hot weather call for "something cold." She pulverizes pure sparkling Knickerbocker Ice, rolls it into a ball—then the ball into a snow-bank of powdered sugar, adding a little fruit syrup to the sugar.

Knickerbocker Ice is made from distilled filtered water, frozen in sanitary containers and delivered in clean wagons. Knickerbocker Snow Balls are cooling, healthful and so refreshing that grown ups may well join the children's Snow Ball parties.

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Summer Sale of

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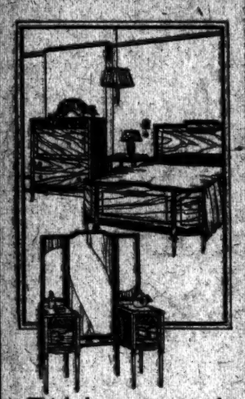
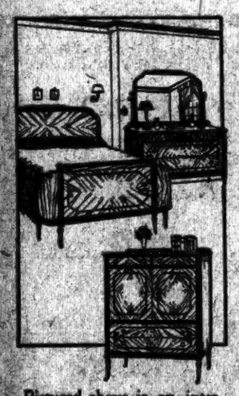


This bedroom group, in walnut or mahogany, consists of full-width bed, dresser, chifforobe and vanity; $282, reduced from $423. Without the chifforobe, $218. You may have twin beds if you like, in which case the complete set comes down from $496 to $332; omitting the chifforobe, from $402 to $268.

For the room *in which you spend one-third of your life*

NOWHERE is the good effect of the Summer Sale discounts more apparent than in bedroom furniture. The two sets pictured here, splendid values in themselves, but hint of the many other rare opportunities that exist.



Pictured above is an interesting set, all exposed parts mahogany, reduced from $495 to $310; it includes full-width bed, 52" dresser, chifforobe and vanity. With twin beds, the reduction is from $588 to $365. Either combination without the vanity is $70 less.

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"Brilliantly written and of considerable value as a contribution to the entire subject."
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THE MACMILLAN COMPANY
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Alarming increase in maternal mortality rates throughout the United States, which holds last place among seventeen countries reported. Graphic charts, statistics and facts give a true insight into this important matter. August Carman Gray Magazine, 25c.—Advt.

HYLAN'S NEIGHBORS FIGHT HIS 'SUBWAY'

Declare He Broke Faith in Plan to Have Part of 14th Street Line Elevated.

CIVIC BODIES IN REVOLT

Some of Mayor's Supporters Against the Transit Commission Now Oppose Him.

Some of Mayor Hylan's close neighbors in the Bushwick section of Brooklyn are now declaring that he has broken faith with them in his promise that the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District subway should be of underground construction rather than elevated in one of its most important stretches.

Declaring themselves in favor of a subway or nothing at all, residents of the Bushwick section in the neighborhood of Aberdeen and De Salos Streets, expressed themselves Wednesday night in unqualified disapproval of the plan recently adopted by the new Board of Transportation to erect a "noiseless and ornamental" steel viaduct over Bushwick Avenue as the connecting link between the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District subway and Atlantic Junction, or the group of tracks erected on Broadway near Atlantic Avenue.

About two hundred property owners attended the meeting, which was held under the auspices of the Upper Bushwick Civic Association, in the parish hall of Our Lady of Lourdes Church, Broadway and Aberdeen Street. Every property owner present except one declared emphatically that, no matter what route the Mayor's new board, headed by John H. Delaney, may choose for the Brooklyn end of the subway, they will not permit the routing of an elevated structure, however substantial and ornamental, over that part of Bushwick Avenue across which Commissioner Delaney's engineers now propose to build a stone arch.

Civic bodies which originally had praised the stand taken by Mayor Hylan in opposition to the Transit Commission's primary proposal for an elevated line at this point, it was declared, are now in revolt against the recommendation made by his chosen representatives, even though the viaduct construction has said by them to save the city $1,500,000 as compared with a continuous subway.

"If this viaduct is built it will put Bushwick Avenue on the same basis as Atlantic Avenue," declared Leo P. Kearns, one of the members of the Bushwick Association. "It will mean a Chinese wall obstructing Bushwick Avenue. It would separate us like two cities."

Mr. Kearns charged that Mayor Hylan was not keeping faith with his neighbors when he promised them a subway and not an elevated road.

Joseph J. Baumann, a resident of the section for forty years, ridiculed the assertion that the proposed stone viaduct would be noiseless. Other speakers attacked the Mayor for "inconsistency."

Mr. Hylan, however, had one unwavering supporter in Thomas Hughes of Moffat Street, who declared that he and his friends would not mind the noise of the elevated, even if it were erected along his street, and that he was well satisfied with all Mayor Hylan does or says.

Plans were made to print and circulate pamphlets telling the people why they should vote against the projected viaduct and why a subway is preferable to an elevated line.

CHURCH UNION DWINDLING.

Catholic Total Abstinence Membership Drive is Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 7.—Steady decline in membership threatens the existence of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union, said the Rev. John G. Beane of Pittsburgh, President, during an address of the concluding session of the fifty-second annual convention here. The causes of the membership decrease, he said, were the growing indifference of the hierarchy and misconception of its activities because of the adoption of the prohibition amendment.

Dr. Beane declined to run for office again; the Rev. P. J. O'Callahan, of Oakland, N. J., was elected President over the Rev. J. E. McCan of Philadelphia. Other officers chosen were Richard H. Hughes of Philadelphia, First Vice President; Mrs. Morris Dinneen, Boston, Second Vice President; Mrs. Mary D. Finan, Chicago, Third Vice President; E. J. O'Connell, Pittsburgh, Treasurer, and Thomas E. McCloskey, Danbury, Conn., Secretary.

ESCAPED LUNATIC CAUGHT.

Police Wrest Axe From Him With Fire Hook and Overpower Him.

WOODMERE, L. I., Aug. 7.—Armed with an axe, David Combs, an escaped inmate of the State Hospital for the Insane at Kings Park, L. I., resisted attempts of four police officers to capture him today in his home on Brower Avenue, according to Chief Phillips of the Nassau County police.

Combs was located in his home. Three county policemen and Officer Bowker of the local police went there. Bowker entered the first floor alone. He says that Combs swung the axe at him, missed his head by about an inch and then fled from the room. A watcher at the front of the house saw Combs at an attic window. Chief Phillips directed that the village hook and ladder truck be summoned and a ladder used to reach the window. The longest ladder was fifteen feet short, so it was set upon the roof of the porch.

Bowker went up the ladder while King stood on the ground with his revolver drawn. When Bowker got near the top, it is said, Combs suddenly threw open the blinds and swung the axe at him. Bowker barely escaped it and almost fell from the ladder.

King fired a shot to frighten Combs as he dodged back out of sight.

Combs refused to surrender, so Bowker went up the ladder carrying a Fire Department polehook. As Combs lunged for him with the axe Bowker put the hook over the axe handle, gave it a sharp twist and the axe fell to the ground. Bowker, with another policeman, climbed in the window, overpowered Combs and tied him with a rope.

HONOR GROVER A. WHALEN.

200 City Employes Make Presentation to Their Former Chief.

Bureau chiefs and 200 other employes of the city's Department of Plant and Structures, from the commissionership of which Grover A. Whalen recently retired to become executive assistant to Rodman Wanamaker, President of the Wanamaker stores organization, marched from the Municipal Building to the Wanamaker store yesterday and summoned Mr. and Mrs. Whalen into the auditorium, where they presented to their former chief a gold watch and chain and a pocket knife and to Mrs. Whalen a silver mesh bag.

The presentations were made by Commissioner William Wirt Mills, Mr. Whalen's successor. Brief addresses expressive of the loyalty of the force to Mr. Whalen and his fortunes were made by Edward A. Byrne, Chief Engineer and dean of the Department of Plant and Structures, and by Francis J. Ryan, Secretary of the department.

CATCH 2 SUBWAY ANNOYERS

Sister's Testimony of Good Character Fails to Save One a Fine.

Despite the fact that his 16-year-old sister appeared as a character witness for him, Leo Lelken, 22 years old, of 1,141 Fox Street, the Bronx, was fined $15 yesterday by Magistrate Albert H. Vitale in the Yorkville Court after he was found guilty of annoying women in an east side subway train last Friday.

After he had pleaded guilty to annoying women passengers in a subway train at Lexington Avenue and Fourteenth Street, Harry Reiter, 23 years old, of 1,413 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx, was remanded yesterday by Magistrate Albert H. Vitale in Yorkville Court until today for sentence. The Magistrate declared that he was going to "break up this mashing in the subway trains."

DINNER TO PETER J. BRADY.

Associates Honor Delegate to British Trades Union.

Peter A. Brady, American delegate to the British Trades Union Congress, and President of the New York State Allied Printing Trades Council, was the guest of honor at a dinner last evening at the Hotel Shelburne, Brighton Beach. There were about 300 present, including Alderman William Collins, S. A. Cosby, Secretary of the United Textile Workers; James P. Holland, head of the State Federation of Labor; John Sullivan, President of the Central Trades Council; Matthew Woll, Vice President of the Federation of Labor, and John Halkett, President of the Building Trades Council.

Mr. Brady will sail for England on Aug. 15 and will be gone three weeks. His friends presented him with a traveling bag.

Says Constanza Consul Took Bribes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Aug. 7.—A former employe of the American Consulate at Constanza has published an open letter in several Rumanian papers accusing the American Consul, Richard B. Haven, of taking bribes. No official statement has as yet been made. The American legation is investigating the matter.

DENIES HEARST TOLD HIM TO 'GET FALLON'

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and you said absolutely not? A.—I don't remember whether I said it or not. I have said it impressed itself so little on me that I paid no attention to it.

Q.—Do you know a man named Zittel? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know that he employed a certain detective agency to go to Florida and to put a woman down there for the purpose of getting evidence against Mrs. Hearst?

Mr. Millard—I object to that.

The Court—Ruled out.

Q.—Do you say now that you were not told that Fallon had copies of those reports of that detective agency that were sent to Zittel to be forwarded to Hearst and which Zittel showed to you about that fake countess?

Mr. Millard—I object.

The Court—Ruled out.

Judge Clarke Laughter.

During the examination of the next witness, Carl Helm, many spectators burst into laughter at a rejoinder by Fallon to the Court. Judge McClintic announced that if there was a repetition of the demonstration he would send the offenders, in a body, to jail for sixty days.

Helm, a reporter for The American, also called by the Government in rebuttal, denied there had been any invention by The American of charges that a $1,000 check of Joseph L. Pani, restaurateur, was used in the transaction whereby Rendigs was alleged to have received his second bribe payment. Helm said he never saw the check until it was in possession of Millard.

Under cross-examination Helm testified that he maintained Hulitz at his home for a time during the investigation of the cases growing out of the Fuller-McGee tangle. The American allowing him approximately $65 a week for that purpose.

When Fallon protested that the witness was going afield in his answers to some of the questions, the Court reminded the attorney:

"At this moment he is your witness."

"I disown him," was Fallon's rejoinder.

In an effort to prove that he was at the Polo Grounds Oct. 6, 1922, the second day of the stock-swindling trial, watching a world's series game with the presiding jurist, Judge Foster, Fallon called William Leary, the Clerk of Court.

Leary remembered being at a game but could not remember which day in that period. He could not determine from his minutes whether court adjourned at 2 o'clock Oct. 6, as contended by Fallon. The defendant tried hard to fix the hour, as he had tried by other testimony to prove that he could not have seen Rendigs at the Woodmansten Inn to give him a $1,000 bribe payment that evening, for the reason that he spent the afternoon and a large part of the evening with Judge Foster.

McCarthy a Character Witness.

Thomas D. McCarthy, former United States Marshal, took the stand as a character witness for the defendant. Fallon said he had withdrawn his requests to Bronx County Judge Gibbs and Supreme Court Justice Glennon to appear as character witnesses, Judge McClintic having said there had been a sufficient number of such witnesses.

James Willis, a photographer for the International News Service, denied Fallon's story that a picture taken of Fallon when he was arrested in Academy Street after being a fugitive from justice had been "doctored" to make it appear the defendant had grown a mustache as a disguise. He said he went to the Academy Street place at Watson's direction.

Agent Daniel Dwyer of the Department of Justice, who made the arrest, described Fallon as extremely nervous when arrested. He testified that Fallon said he had been ill in bed, having suffered a complete nervous breakdown. Fallon, he said, took a drink before going downtown. He said he heard a conversation between Fallon and Millard in which the defendant refused to turn "squealer," saying he would lose everybody's respect if he did so.

Post Office Inspector Arthur Hoffman told of the placing of posters in main and branch offices all over the country declaring Fallon was wanted as a fugitive from justice.

Fallon will make his closing address when court convenes at 10:30 o'clock this morning. The Court gave no indication as to how much time would be allowed to each side in summing up.

$1,500,000,000 RAIL MERGER ARRANGED

Continued from Page 2, Column 4.

quette, absent on vacation, has been asked to return to take charge of the Pere Marquette end of the negotiations.

"The new Nickel Plate Company will have two classes of stock: A 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and a common stock which it is understood will be put on a 6 per cent. dividend basis from the time of issuance, as the 1923 earnings applicable to such common stock based on a consolidation of the five income accounts, show close to $14 a share earned for 1923.

"In addition to the special situation of the Chesapeake & Ohio, because of its existing ownership of close to 90 per cent. of the Hocking Valley, there is also a special situation in the case of the present New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, which owns over 150,000 shares of Chesapeake & Ohio, and considerably over 100,000 shares of Pere Marquette, which stock will be exchanged in accordance with terms of the plan and will remain an asset of the present New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company. Stock to be given to the latter company in exchange for its physical assets will be additional to that which it receives in its present capacity of a holding company of these shares.

The Terms as Regards Stock.

"General terms to be offered to present stockholders are understood to be as follows:

"For Erie first and second preferred stocks, 50 per cent. in preferred stock of the new company; for Erie common stock, 40 per cent. in new common stock.

"For Pere Marquette prior preferences stock, 100 per cent. in new preferred stock, bearing 6 per cent. dividends against the existing 5 per cent.; for Pere Marquette preferred stock, 90 per cent. in new preferred stock, thereby giving these stockholders 5.40 per cent. return, as against present 5 per cent. dividends; for Pere Marquette common stock, 85 per cent. in new common stock.

"For Chesapeake & Ohio 6% per cent. preferred stock, 116 per cent. in new 4 per cent. preferred stock, giving these stockholders 5.6 per cent. return, as against the existing limit of 6.5 per cent.; for Chesapeake & Ohio common stock, 55 per cent. in new 6 per cent. preferred stock and 55 per cent. in new common stock, thereby giving the stockholders 6 per cent. a year, instead of 4 per cent. as at present.

"As to the existing New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, the plan proposes that because of its existing interest in the other shares mentioned above the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company shall continue as a holding company, having disposed of its fixed property to the new company and retaining in its treasury the shares of stock issuable against such fixed property, together with the shares of stock applicable to its existing holdings of Chesapeake & Ohio and Pere Marquette, as set forth above.

"The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company is to receive for its physical property an amount of new preferred stock of a par value equivalent to the existing New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company preferred stock and an amount of common stock equivalent to the existing common stock. Such preferred and common stocks, together with the preferred and common stocks issued against its ownership of Chesapeake & Ohio and Pere Marquette, are to be held for the benefit of the existing preferred stock and common stock of the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company. So far as regards the stock of the five companies, other than the present New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company itself, it is probable that actual deposit of stock will be requested pursuant to the terms of the plan to be mailed to the stockholders. Whether or not an actual exchange of the stock of the present New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company will be made has apparently not yet been determined.

Plan Called Essentially Sound.

"Students of railroad consolidation who have been consulted regarding the proposed plan are of the opinion that the proposed consolidation will be essentially sound both from the standpoint of traffic and from that of the consolidated financial structure. Pere Marquette furnishes a considerable amount of local traffic and will act as a medium of distribution of the large amounts of coal which move northward from the mines along the Chesapeake & Ohio. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company itself has a fast freight line which is in a position to handle eastbound traffic expeditiously, delivering it to the Erie for shipment to New York over a line that has the lowest grade of any of the lines between the Buffalo-Pittsburgh gateway and tidewater. On the other hand, the lines of the Erie west of Buffalo are better suited to traffic moving west and will handle part of the heavy coal tonnage which moves up from the Chesapeake & Ohio at the Ohio River, the Hocking Valley constituting a physical connection between the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Erie and Nickel Plate mileage.

"From a financial standpoint, it is understood that the new Nickel Plate company, based on 1923 earnings, will have shown its fixed charges earned nearly twice, its preferred dividends over 3½ times and its common dividends at the rate of 4 per cent., well over twice. Finally, the proposed consolidation is the first comprehensive one to be undertaken since the passage of the Transportation act and follows a similar constructive effort on the part of the Van Sweringens in consolidating into the present New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company the former New York, Chicago & St. Louis, the Toledo, St. Louis & Western and the Lake Erie & Western companies, with which consolidations the Van Sweringens have been singularly successful."

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY
SILVERWARE STATIONERY

The McCreery Men's Shop

400 Two-Piece Tropical Suits 18.50

Made to sell regularly from 24.00 to 28.50

This special group of tropical worsted suits (coat and trousers) presents many unusual values. All suits are one-eighth silk trimmed. There is a large assortment of patterns in tans, blues, greys, browns and pencil stripes. Models for men and young men in sizes 34 to 44 regular; 36 to 46 stout; also shorts and longs.

Palm Beach Suits

Broken Sizes **12.75** *Formerly 16.50*

Two-piece suits with coat and trousers. Cool and comfortable. In grey, tan, sand, brown and natural colors.

(Second Floor—Use the Special Fifth Avenue Entrance)

James McCreery & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE 35TH STREET

Sale of Brokaw Shirts and Neckwear

Four-in-hands and bow ties of handsome imported silks from Italy, France, Switzerland and Austria as well as some from the best American mills.

$1 Neckwear reduced to **85c**

$2.50 to $3 Neckwear reduced to **$1.65**

$1.50 and $2 Neckwear reduced to **$1.15**

$3.50 and $4 Neckwear reduced to **$2.45**

Gum Twill Foulards from England, in many smart hand blocked designs.

Four-in-hands reduced from $2 to **$1.65**

Bow ties reduced from $1.35 to **$1.15**

Brokaw Shirts—direct importations from England and Austria. Also many custom tailored here of fine French and American cloths.

$3.50 to $5.50 Shirts reduced to **$2.85**

$5 to $7 Shirts reduced to **$4.65**

Pajamas, robes, straw hats and bathing suits have also been sharply reduced.

BROKAW BROTHERS
BROADWAY AT FORTY-SECOND STREET
FOUNDED 1850

RUSSEKS
34th Street FIFTH AVENUE 35th Street

If the Women Who Haven't Could Hear Women Who Have

They wouldn't lose any time getting to this sale of FURS

DOWN TO THE PRICE-LEVEL OF 1912

We're breaking all our August records for fur selling. For the very simple reason that we've broken all records for VALUES. Prices are 40 to 60 per cent. below regular for Russek Quality Furs, with wide choice of coming season models, in the Great REMOVAL SALE.

Hudson Seal Capes....$125
Hudson Seal Coats....$295
Hudson Seal Coats....$350

Raccoon Coats.....$195
Leopard Cat Coats.....$295
Leopard Cat Jackets....$75
Baranduki Jackets.....$150
Baranduki Coats.....$495
Nat. Muskrat Coats.....$95
White Coney Jackets....$55

Scotch Mole Jackets...$165
Scotch Mole Coats.....$295

Siberian Squirrel Coats.$395
Sib'n Squirrel Jackets..$250

Black Caracul Capes...$350
Black Caracul Coats....$395
Black Caracul Coats....$595
Brown Caracul Jackets..$95

Eastern Mink Coats...$1500
Eastern Mink Coats...$1250
Mink Coats, rich color..$795
Japanese Mink Coats..$395

Beige Ermine Capes....$695
Cocoa Ermine Coats....$795

Broadtail Coats, Sable collar and cuffs.....$1000

VERY SPECIAL

$295

American Broadtail Coats, full length, with collars, cuffs and borders of sable-dyed Fox.

$195

Hudson Seal Coats, full length, plain or trimmed with Beige, Squirrel, Viatka Squirrel, Skunk or Jap Mink.

Most of the Coats in the Sale are full length, and may be had entirely plain, or trimmed with contrasting furs.

Store closed Saturday all day

Here's a Worth-while Suggestion

GET yourself a good blue suit and a pair of white or grey flannel trousers. Wear this smart combination right through the Fall. Then put the trousers away for next Spring and start wearing the blue trousers with the blue coat.

Aside from the fashionable feature, there's the economy effected by making what is practically two suits of one.

Carefully tailored blue suits, of unfinished worsted and serge, single and double breasted.

$50

White Flannel Trousers $7.50 *and* $10.00
Belgian Flannel Trousers . . . $ 7.50
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Brill Brothers
BROADWAY at 49th STREET
279 Broadway 47 Cortlandt St.

This featherweight Tuxedo of ours will satisfy even that most formal chap who must get into his dinner coat promptly at six o'clock, on a boiling night.

Light it is—light as a good dancer.

But, again like a good dancer, it holds its form.

As a matter of fact, lots of dancing men use this summer Tuxedo the year round.

If you compromise with formality and wear white flannel trousers with your dinner coat, we've some of English cricket cloth that are ready to go in the most exclusive company.

And while you're packing for the week end, don't forget the bathing suit!

Here are 2-piecers, 1-piecers, 1-piece "Coast Suits" that look like 2, separate jerseys, trunks, shorts, and all the accessories.

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ASSERTS ROOSEVELT HAD DEAL WITH TOKIO

Dr. Dennett, at Williamstown, Tells of Secret Compact for Far Eastern Peace

WARNING ON RUSSIAN WAR

President Is Said to Have Told France and Germany They Must Stay Out.

PRIVATE LETTERS CITED

"Agreed Memorandum" Is Quoted Whereby Japanese Consented Not to Attack Philippines.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 7.—Quoting the private letters of Theodore Roosevelt as his authority, Dr. Tyler Dennett of Washington, D. C., a writer and lecturer on the Orient, told the China Round Table at the Institute of Politics today that President Roosevelt had entered into a recent agreement with the Imperial Japanese Government in 1905 to co-operate with Great Britain and Japan "for the preservation of the peace of the Far East."

The "agreed memorandum," as Dr. Dennett called a document which he said had been "enthusiastically endorsed" by the President after being drawn up by representatives of Mr. Roosevelt and the Japanese Government, also contained a statement that Japan had no intention of trying to take the Philippines away from the United States, and that Mr. Roosevelt's representatives declared that Japan would be justified in establishing a military protectorate over Korea and taking charge of her foreign affairs.

Dr. Dennett also asserted that he had seen a "brief letter" written by President Roosevelt at the outbreak of the Russo-Japanese War, in which Mr. Roosevelt warned both France and Germany that if they went to the support of Russia he would go to the support of Japan. In consequence of these two actions by the President, Dr. Dennett went on, the United States during the Roosevelt Administration was virtually "an unsigned member of the first and second Anglo-Japanese alliances." According to Dr. Dennett, President Roosevelt prevented a world war by his warning to France and Germany.

Revelations Create a Sensation.

The Dennett revelations created a sensation among the members of the institute. In a discussion following the address, Dr. Dennett was hailed on one hand as the discoverer of new historical facts of far-reaching importance, while on the other hand he was challenged to produce proof of his assertions. Dr. Dennett replied that he had been working on President Roosevelt's private correspondence for months, and that the documents he referred to were on file in the possession of the Roosevelt family. He said that he had in his possession a photostat copy of the "agreed memorandum."

Dr. Dennett's disclosure of the Roosevelt agreement came at the end of a discourse on American policy toward China. His theme was that the principle of cooperation by the United States with the principal European powers in Chinese affairs was old and deep-seated, had been expressed even in the open-door letters of John Hay, and should be continued.

Reaching the period of 1904 and 1905, Dr. Dennett cited President Roosevelt's attitude at the time of the Russo-Japanese War and the Portsmouth Peace Conference as an example of co-operation, not only in the Far East but in Europe.

Dr. Dennett went on as follows:

"I have in my possession the photostat of an agreement made on July 29, 1905, the effect of which was to place the United States during the period of the Roosevelt Administration as almost an unsigned member of the second Anglo-Japanese alliance. This agreement took the form of 'an agreed memorandum,' and had the complete endorsement of President Roosevelt, although it was not negotiated through regular diplomatic channels or by a member of the Department of State. The substance of this agreement was as follows:

Relates Conversations on Compact.

"In the course of the conversation the American representative of President Roosevelt remarked to the Japanese, 'I suppose that you do not desire to take the Philippine Islands away from us.' The Japanese replied that he was glad to assure the American Government that Japan had no such desire or intention, and that Japan would be best satisfied to see the United States remain in the Philippines and establish and maintain a stable government.

"The Japanese representative then said in substance: 'You realize how difficult it is to preserve the peace of the Far East. There is danger that following the conclusion of the Russo-Japanese War, Korea will lapse again into a condition of anarchy. We are aware of the provision of the American Constitution which make alliances so difficult, but it seems to us as though it would be possible for the United States to enter into a secret agreement with Japan and England for the preservation of the peace of the Far East.'

"The American replied that under our Constitution such a secret agreement would be impossible. However, he thought he could assure the Japanese Government that the American people would be glad to act with the Japanese and British people for the preservation of the peace of the Far East.

"The Japanese representative then inquired of the American representative what, in his opinion, Japan should do with reference to Korea. The American replied that, in his judgment Japan would be fully justified in establishing a military protectorate over Korea and in taking charge of her foreign relations.

Cites Warning to Germany and France.

"This document was approved by President Roosevelt only twelve days before the formal publication of the terms of the second Anglo-Japanese alliance, and two weeks before the opening of the Portsmouth Peace Conference. This action of President Roosevelt did not stand alone.

"At the outbreak of the Russo-Japanese War, eighteen months before, President Roosevelt had been so impressed with the possibility that France or Germany, or both, might go to the support of Russia against Japan that, according to his own statement, in a brief letter which I have seen, he warned both Germany and France that if they went to the support of Russia he would go to the support of Japan and take whatever steps necessary for her protection.

"It will be recalled that in the first Anglo-Japanese alliance, signed in 1902, this was the obligation which had been assumed by England. We may, therefore, say that this warning, which came personally from President Roosevelt to France and Germany, had only the value which attaches to the personal declaration of the President of the United States. Nevertheless, the effect of it was to make the United States assume substantially the same responsibility toward Japan which England had assumed in the first alliance.

"Putting together these two actions of President Roosevelt, we may see roughly that the United States during Roosevelt's administration was, so far as the action of the President could make it, an unsigned member of both first and second Anglo-Japanese alliances. The obligation was, of course, not binding on other administrations and was in fact ignored by President Taft and Secretary Knox in the proposal for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways in 1910.

"This action on the part of President Roosevelt would appear to have very great significance in any study of recent foreign policy of the United States. President Roosevelt was perhaps the first American statesman, certainly the first since Seward, to perceive clearly that the Far East question is largely a phase of European politics.

Roosevelt and Europe.

"The Russo-Japanese War had its origin quite as much in Europe as in the East. President Roosevelt appears to have realized that the most certain way to safeguard American interests in the Far East was to enter European policies and declare American willingness to bear its full share of responsibility for the preservation of the peace not merely of the Far East but of Europe and the world.

"At the beginning of 1904, as is clearly revealed in the private papers of President Roosevelt, as well as in the contemporary literature of the time, Europe was dangerously close to the brink of a world war. France was allied to Russia, England was allied to Japan. Four powers were paired. Germany had urged Russia into the war with Japan, and her future policy was then a matter of doubt and grave concern.

"When President Roosevelt threw in the weight of his influence by his warning to France and Germany he localized the conflict to the Far East and quite possibly prevented the outbreak of a European conflict. It would therefore appear that the policy of cooperation with foreign relations in international affairs cannot be called a partisan policy. It is one which has been as ardently advocated by Republican as by Democratic leaders.

"Indeed, we may wonder whether in years to come it will not be regarded as Roosevelt's greatest contribution to American statesmanship that he so perceived the necessity of American participation in European politics. The situation in the Summer of 1905 is such as to make it seem quite plausible that if President Roosevelt had not made this engagement with Japan and England it would have been far more difficult and perhaps impossible for him to mediate the peace of Portsmouth a month later."

Dr. Dennett said that the United States should continue to follow a policy of cooperation. Any lapse into isolation in the future, he said, would mean that we would have to fight or retire from the field. Unless America cooperates, he said, the time may come when China will be closed against our trade, which would mean an industrial depression in this country.

Dr. Dennett admitted that the Roosevelt policy was open to criticism.

John Van Antwerp MacMurray, Chief of the Division of Far Eastern Affairs of the Department of State, who is the leader of the China round table, ended the discussion which followed with the following statement of Dr. Dennett's disclosure of the Roosevelt agreement:

"The Roosevelt memorandum of 1905 is one of the most interesting executive understandings which has been brought to my attention. I deprecate, however, any attempt to define or interpret it as a secret obligation of the United States Government. Of course it was in no sense a treaty.

"It was a wholly personal understanding as to the attitude which President Roosevelt, in the exercise of his executive discretion, was prepared to take under given circumstances; and, important as it was in determining the relationship of this country to Far Eastern questions then at issue, its importance lay not in the fact that it bound our Government to anything, but in the fact that the Chief Executive had definitely formulated the policy upon which he might be counted on to act."

DISARMAMENT.

There was another debate on disarmament today at the open conference on "Disarmament and Security," led by Professor James T. Shotwell of the history department of Columbia University, and David Hunter Miller, the New York lawyer, who helped draft the covenant of the League of Nations.

Professor Shotwell distributed to the 225 members of the Institute copies of the proposed American plan for disarmament proposed by ten Americans, none holding any official position, which is to come up before the Assembly of the League of Nations next month. Besides Professor Shotwell and Mr. Miller, the American drafters of the plan are General Tasker H. Bliss, retired, who was American representative on the Supreme War Council; Dr. Isaiah Bowman, executive head of the technical experts of the American delegation at the Peace Conference; Dr. Joseph Chamberlain, Professor of International Law at Columbia; Professor John Bates Clark, former director of the division of Economic and History of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace; Dr. Stephen P. Duggan, Director of the Institute of International Education of the Carnegie Foundation; General James G. Harbord, retired, former Chief of Staff of the American Army; Dr. F. P. Keppel, former Assistant Secretary of War, and Dr. Henry S. P. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation.

"The problems of peace and disarmament," Professor Shotwell said, "are continuous ones. New dangers are on the horizon all the time. The continuing nature of the problem is met in the American plan by the erection of a Permanent Advisory Council, which is to be a sort of world parliament on disarmament, meeting at least once every three years. Its permanent organization forms a sort of general staff of military men for peace—to study the general problem of disarmament—a thing which the world has hitherto lacked.

"The need of this can be seen from the disputes following the Washington conference. Had there been a permanent body to which the technical staffs could refer, these disputes would not have got into the atmosphere of politics with their dangerous, even sinister, implications.

Permits Treaties of Defense.

"Most of the problems of disarmament are highly technical, although they seem so simple. You can get a good idea of how complicated they are by looking at the parallel organization for international labor legislation, which spent a whole year investigating the laws of all countries in order to define what an eight-hour day is; and that is infinitely simpler than to define the place of chemistry in warfare.

"But perhaps even more important is the fact that with this organization nations can enter into limited treaties of defense such as France has signed since the Treaty of Versailles, and yet not involve Europe in the old balance of power theory. For the balance of power led to war, mainly through the suspicion of either side that the other was arming. The American draft treaty frankly accepts the French claim that the world is not likely for some time to get along without special treaties of defense between nations with common danger. This French part of the League treaty was one of the things the British Government objected to.

"Theoretically, however, the framers of the treaty believe the principle is sound if it can be robbed of the element of suspicion. Now the only way to do that is by public diplomacy. The only way to get real publicity in diplomacy is to make the reward for it greater than you can possibly get by secrecy, and the only such reward will be greater security.

French Proposal Described.

"Colonel Requin, the French military expert, has offered an entirely novel suggestion for solving this problem—a suggestion which apparently has the backing of the French Government—namely, that those treaties the terms of which are known and registered with the League of Nations can be carried out as far as they go automatically and immediately, so that in the moment of danger they do not wait for court or council or anything else. But, on the other hand, in return for having this privileged class of treaty recognized, the same powers would bind themselves to take all other cases through the machinery of the League of Nations.

"In a word, as the murder of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand was not foreseen in any treaty between Germany and Austria, Austria would have been obliged by these provisions to take the case through the machinery of the League. But had Germany or Austria been attacked, they could have moved automatically without reference to the League."

In the discussion which followed Professor Shotwell's address, Rear Admiral H. P. Jones, retired, insisted on the use of "limitation" or "reduction" of armament instead of "disarmament." He said that the use of "disarmament" was dangerous because so many people in this country interpreted it as meaning the complete taking away of armament. Professor Shotwell said he agreed and would make the distinction clear in future conferences.

LEAGUE ROUND TABLE.

Sir James Arthur Salter, Director of the Economic and Finance Section of the League of Nations, declared at the League Round Table this morning that members of the League do not sacrifice their sovereignty. It is only when the different Governments voluntarily agree to a course of action that they cooperate in such action, he explained. When they fail to agree, he went on, "the different Governments are free to act as if there had been no League intervention, in the full exercise of their sovereignty."

The things that a country entering the League promises, he continued, are as follows: Not to resort to war until they have first submitted the dispute to arbitration or discussion with other members of the League in the council; not to go to war to enforce a claim which the Arbitration Court or all the members of the Council deem unjust; and to cooperate in economic sanctions against a country which has resorted to war in contravention of the above provisions. The last promise, he pointed out, held good only if the Council was unanimous in deciding against the country going to war.

"The general engagement in Article X.," he dent on, "must be read in conjunction with the other provisions of the covenant.

"What, then, of voting power? Voting power is practically nothing for the working of the League. Except for elections, procedure and certain exceptional administrative tasks, the League works by unanimity of all countries interested. When the Council considered the plan of Hungarian reconstruction, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Serbia and Rumania became additional members of the Council as countries especially interested, and the agreement of every one of them was necessary before the plan was adopted. The idea that a State undertakes to do what any majority of other States may consider desirable is a pure delusion. States remain sovereign and decide separately themselves what they will do or will not do."

The maintenance of the sovereignty of the members of the League, he said, had not destroyed the League's effectiveness, as the force of public opinion, once the League had announced a decision, increased the power of the League in preventing disorder. The complete organization of the League, he said, gave it a great advantage over independent conferences, which are uncertain of taking place and without the services of impartial experts.

EUROPEAN CRISIS.

Professor Moritz J. Bonn of Berlin tonight delivered the first of his series of lectures on "The Crisis in European Democracy." A member of a prominent banking family of Germany, Professor Bonn has taught finance and economics in Berlin and Munich, has written many works on these subjects, and has participated in the German deliberations on the Dawes report.

He dealt tonight with the discontent felt in Europe, especially evidenced in Germany and Italy, and with the political democratic institutions as they have existed since the war. He attempted to explain why "Democracy stands at a discount today in large parts of Europe."

Chief among the reasons, Professor Bonn went on, was that the standard of living was lower under the democracies of today than it was under the monarchies before the war.

"The man in the street in Germany today," he said, "remembers that living was fairly cheap, wages were good, unemployment was scarce and money was stable, when William II. was Emperor. He could move freely about the country, and in most cases nobody stopped his emigration or immigration.

"Today living is expensive, wages are low, unemployment is widespread, money has only just recovered its stability, passport regulations restrict his moving about.

"Not having studied political theories and constitutions, he comes to the conclusion that if democracy means the present state of affairs, while monarchy can be identified with the things he once enjoyed, democracy is not worth while having."

Critics of democracy abroad, he went on, also compare "the evident efficiency of the bureaucratic administrations before the war with the lamentable shortcomings of parliamentary government in the present European chaos." Public opinion in many cases takes the same view. He pointed out that Continental opinion believed in experts and thought that the distribution of posts formerly held by experts to politicians was the beginning of corruption in government.

Professor Bonn included among the dangers to democracy abroad the decrease in public morality all over the Continent and the increase in violence.

POPULATION PROBLEMS.

In his round table conference on "Population and Related Problems" today Professor Henry Pratt Fairchild of New York University advocated the restriction of the birth rate in order to elevate the social and economic conditions of a country and to prevent overpopulation.

"Granted that a society desires a certain rate of increase," he said, "the lower the birth and death rates by which it is accomplished the better. In fact, it is an almost infallible rule that high birth and death rates are associated with backward or degraded, social and economic conditions, while low birth and death rates are characteristic of advanced society. In point of fact, both birth and death rates have been declining in Western society for a hundred years or more, but the death rate has been declining enough faster than the birth rate, so that the rate of growth of population has tended to increase."

Professor Fay Corrects an Error.

Professor Sidney Bradshaw Fay of Smith College today corrected an error which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES report of his round table conference yesterday, when he contradicted Henry Morgenthau's statement that Germany held back the declaration of war for two weeks to allow her bankers to dispose of securities in the international market.

With respect to Mr. Morgenthau's statement that the thirty-point drop in Union Pacific during this two-week period was evidence of German selling, Professor Fay was represented as saying that "in the case of Union Pacific, the thirty-point drop was due to a failure to declare extra dividends which had been expected."

"What I really said," Professor Fay pointed out, "was that Mr. Morgenthau failed to note that Union Pacific on July 20, 1914, sold ex-dividends and ex-rights, and that these were calculated to be worth thirty points. What Mr. Morgenthau represents to be a drop from 165 to 127 between July 5 and July 22 owing to inside selling by Berlin, was not really a drop in the value of the stock, but a change in quotation due to taking off the dividends and the rights.

"Mr. Morgenthau also represents Steel common as dropping from 61 to 51½, as a matter of fact, it did not fall below 58 during these two weeks in which he alleges that Germany was selling stocks in anticipation of war. The great drop in prices did not come until after July 23, with the presentation of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia."

RETAIL FOOD PRICES RISE.

Fourteen Cities Show Increases to Decreases in Only Five.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The retail cost of food in fourteen of nineteen cities in which surveys have just been completed by the Labor Department increased from a fraction of 1 per cent. to 3 per cent. last month.

The department's Bureau of Labor statistics announced today that a 3 per cent. increase was noted in Boston and Indianapolis, 2 per cent. in Dallas, Milwaukee, Portland, Ore., and Providence, 1 per cent. in Birmingham, Denver, New Haven, Peoria and Scranton, and less than five-tenths of 1 per cent. in Bridgeport and Detroit. Five cities, Cincinnati, Atlanta, Norfolk, Fall River and Louisville, showed decreases of 1 to less than 1 per cent.

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The defeat of General Smuts and the Nationalist-Labor victory in South Africa are interestingly told by E. D. Morel, a Member of Parliament and editor Foreign Affairs (London) in August Current History Magazine, 25c at news stands.

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COLORED FREE STATE HERE IS PREDICTED

British Scientist Looks Forward 100 Years to That Outcome of the Negro Problem.

EXPECTS A MIXED RACE

Says Immigration Will Change Character of South and Force New Political Arrangement.

"HALL OF MAN" ATTACKED

New York Museum All Wrong About the Descent of Human Beings, Another Scientist Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Aug. 7.—Calling "the color line" the problem of the present century, President J. W. Gregory of the Geographical Section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science made a prediction today of the development of the race problem in the United States in the next hundred years.

Immigration from Southeastern Europe will replace negro labor in the South in occupations requiring skill, will mix freely with the negro, and form a new type of population which will demand and obtain full political rights, according to the British scientist. In order to avoid giving the balance of power to this population, the other sections of this country will probably make a special political division of the section with the South European and negro mixture, allowing its partial self-government and lessening its national influence, according to Professor Gregory. He reckoned that the change which he foresaw would require about 100 years before his anticipation of a kind of colored Free State in America will be fulfilled.

The fundamental color problems in all continents were discussed by Dr. Gregory in his paper, which was one of many important contributions to today's sessions of the British Association, which is meeting here with the members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, as its guests.

Other speakers described among other things a new method of taking nitrogen from the air, a new theory about how the human race acquired the ability to talk, recent evidence as to the manner in which sap runs up hill, sometimes hundreds of feet, in defiance of the law of gravitation, and a presentation of evidence that the civilized human being is gaining in physique and longevity over his remote ancestors.

Charles Hill-Tout, an English anthropologist, criticized the Hall of Man exhibit of the American Museum of Natural History in New York, saying that the series of primitive and ape skulls shown there give a wholly erroneous pedigree to the human race. He said that the human skull retains a close resemblance to the skull of its remote ancestor, and that the skulls of the gorilla, Pithecanthropus erectus, Heidelberg and Neanderthal men shown at the Museum belong to creatures which have lost that original type of skull and developed along other lines.

PROBLEM OF THE COLOR LINE.

"The problem of the present century, according to many observers, is the problem of the color line," said Professor Gregory in his presidential address. "We are warned from one side of the peril to civilization from the rising tide of color, and from the other of the peril to humanity from the rising tide of color prejudice.

"The effort to foresee the future progress of the world raises two contrasting visions. The increase in the wealth and prosperity of all the continents by the influence of the European race may be continued, either by colonization, as in America and Australia, or by administration, as in Asia and Africa. Asia, by improved industrial methods and Africa, relieved from the slave trade, may continue to advance in cooperation with the European race instead of under its government; and European control may be voluntarily withdrawn as sympathetic alliance replaces the older systems of servitude. If those developments take place the twentieth century will be indeed a golden age.

"The alternative picture is darker. Europe, during the past fifty years, like Portugal in the sixteenth century, may have taken on tasks beyond its power. The drain on the manhood of Portugal by its vast colonial empire reduced the home population by half, the land went out of cultivation, the country was stricken by famine and negroes were introduced to till the derelict farms and then absorbed into the nation. The dilution of the Portuguese by negro blood is often regarded as one of the main causes in the fall of Portugal from its former political, scientific and intellectual pre-eminence. Has Europe been led into the same enterprising but disastrous error? Has it undertaken the administration of larger areas than it had the personnel to maintain? Will, for example, the African troops in France have a similarly demoralizing effect as the negroes in Portugal and the slaves carried into Italy during the decline of the Roman Empire?"

The last available figures on population, according to Dr. Gregory, show that the white race numbers 520,000,000, the Mongolian 420,000,000, the brown race 270,000,000 and the negro race 530,000,000, or a total of 1,700,000,000, the colored races being in a majority of two to one.

Dependence on Asia and Africa.

"The danger to the white race comes from its dependence on trade with Asia and Africa, which would be jeopardised by the restoration of the political conditions that held before those continents fell under European influence," the speaker continued. "The maintenance of European dominion lays a heavy burden on the white race, as it is responsible for the government of eight-ninths of the habitable land of the globe. One-third of the inhabitants of the world rules eight-ninths of it; the remaining two-thirds of the people control only one-ninth of the land.

"This condition is modern. A thousand years ago the whites held only part of Europe, for Spain was then ruled by the Moors and Southeastern Europe by the Asiatics. Four centuries ago the white race had secured nearly all Europe, but the colored races still ruled the rest of the world. The fall of Asia and Africa for the Asiatics and Africa for the Africans was then accepted, as was America for the red Indians. Even at the beginning of the last century only the coastal belts of North America and a few small settlements in Africa and Asia were occupied by the whites. During the last century, and especially since the development of railway and steam navigation after 1840, the whole of America, all Africa except Abyssinia and Liberia, all Australia and all Asia, with the exception of China, Japan and Siam, have fallen under the control of European people. Since 1900 European influence has, however, suffered extensive reductions in Asia and Africa, which have advertised the relative decrease in the number of white people. During the past half century the unprecedented increase in the white race has been exceeded by that of the colored people. Increased disparity in numbers means, in a democratic age, an inevitable transfer of power, while the former prestige of the white man has been undermined by his own beneficent rule. Alike in war and peace, the personal authority which the white man held in 1900 has undergone a momentous decline."

Four possible lines of settling the color problem were indicated by Dr. Gregory as follows:

Amalgamation by miscegenation; coresidence without fusion and with complete social separation; the disfranchisement of the colored population as State wards, or the segregation of the different races in separate countries or communities.

Dr. Gregory quoted some authorities as anticipating the betterment of the human race by interracial fusion, but said that modern students of eugenics supported the view that "the indiscriminate breeding of widely different types produces weak, inferior offspring with a chaotic constitution." He quoted from a recent detailed study to show that the children of Lapp-Norwegian (Mongolian-Caucasian) unions were inferior physically and mentally to both parents.

"This doctrine," he said, "cannot be regarded as established, but the strong intellectual aversion to such unions among the Teutonic people will doubtless prevent the adoption of race amalgamation between the negro and whites in North America and Northern Europe."

Outcome in the United States.

After denying that disfranchisement or segregation or deportation was possible, he discussed the color problem in the United States as follows:

"If, therefore, of the three constructive policies absorption is rejected, as it would make the United States a nation of octoroons, permanent distinct citizenship would be impossible, and segregation would be impracticable, what development is possible? No single measure that could be imposed on the country by the Legislature appears to be available, but some solution may be reached by a process of drift. It is for the geographer to search for the factors that are likely to guide this drift.

"One of the most significant movements in the Southern States is for much of the agricultural work to pass into the hands of immigrants from Southern Europe, while the negroes, through the restlessness which is the weakest element in their character, tend to settle in the towns. Stone, a representative Southerner, remarks that planters must seek more reliable labor than that of the negro who has already been replaced in tobacco cultivation in Kentucky. Booker Washington repeatedly called attention to the seriousness of the danger that the negro would be driven from the skilled occupation. The recent agreement between Italy and Mexico for the settlement of 500,000 Italians in Mexico would provide an additional source for Italian inflow into the Southern States. The feeling against intermarriage is not so strong among the people of Southern Europe as it is with the Teutons; hence extensive South-European immigration into the cotton districts may lead to their future occupation by a hybrid race similar to that of tropical South America. This process would render impossible the continued refusal of political and municipal rights to any citizen who has a trace of negro blood. The colored people would regain the suffrage, and the political developments of the Southern States on normal American lines would be impossible. If the whites in the Southern States be divided between Republicans and Democrats, the negro vote would hold the balance of power, and owing to the considerable overrepresentation of the Southern States in proportion to population, American politics might be determined by the negro vote. Such a situation would be intolerable to the Northern and Western States. Hence, to avoid it, they might agree to the Southeastern States being formed into a group with a special measure of home rule in some departments of Federal jurisdiction.

"This solution may take a century or more to develop; but the geographical considerations indicate it as the most probable issue from the negro strength in the Southeastern States."

The fundamental problem in South Africa, according to Dr. Gregory, is the position of the "poor whites."

"They form a class," he said, "who are apt to interbreed with the negroes and increase the percentage of half-castes. Many of the poor white men have been forced to take work which is despised by the better class of black laborers; and the spectre in South Africa is the steady replacement of white workers by negroes and half-castes in the skilled occupations."

He said that in Africa as a whole the whites had no chance as colonists, but that recent studies had proved that there was no bar to colonization by whites elsewhere in the tropics. Careful investigation tended to disprove the theories, he said, that the whites went to pieces in the tropics because of the effect of actinic rays on unpigmented skin.

White children born in the tropics showed no deterioration, he said, and then gave examples of groups of white colonists who had been established for centuries near the Equator and had yet shown no signs of decay.

"HALL OF MAN" CRITICIZED.

The evidence offered by Charles Hill-Tout that the American Museum was wrong in its indication of the genealogy of the human race was the comparison of the skulls of infant human beings, infant chimpanzees and fossilized infant skulls from ancient deposits. It is a well-established byo-genetic law, he said, that the young of any animal will resemble the early ancestral form from which it descended, the late evolutionary changes making their appearance in the adult. His photographs showed that the skull forms of the infants of modern man, of the gorilla and the chimpanzee and of primitive races like the Neanderthal were all very much alike. In man the infant skull grows larger without much change, but in the anthropoids and semi-humans the skull development between birth and maturity results in radical alterations.

There is not one iota of evidence, according to Mr. Hill-Tout, that the ancestors of the human race were creatures with projecting brows, flattened skulls and other striking differences from the modern type. Those things are all departures from the ancestral type, representing late changes due to special modes of life developed by different branches. While man developed along a straight line, in accordance with the ancestral stock, the gorilla fell by the wayside, relied on muscle alone, and his skull was totally changed, developing great ridges which were necessary for the support of its tremendous jaw and neck muscles. These ridges do not appear on infant gorilla skulls. He showed pictures of a baby gorilla which were round and ridgeless, approximating those of the human infant.

Eoanthropos, or the Piltdown man, did have a rounded, smooth skull and is a remote human ancestor or the nearest of the ancient relatives of man yet known, according to the speaker.

The black skins and hairy bodies of the apes are late developments which the human race avoided, according to the speaker. Pointing out that embryologists had found that chimpanzees were white and hairless and almost identical with the human type until a short time before birth, he said that the human race had in some way become fixed at that period in its development, while the apes and near-human things had proceeded to annex the additional characteristics which differentiated them from the human stock.

Mr. Hill-Tout said that theories which he was sketching were generally held by English anthropologists and he reproached American anthropologists for being slow to accept them. Their division of opinion, he said, was likely to give laymen the impression that they were split into two hostile camps over the fundamentals of their science. Referring to the exaggeration which had resulted from a similar difference of opinion among biologists, he continued:

"The result was that an influential politician on the other side of the border took advantage of this difference and made a campaign to stop the teaching of evolution, and that Alfred McCann wrote that terrible book, God or Gorilla—You Can Have Your Choice.' Oh, yes, it's all very well for us to laugh at these men, but they have great influence."

Mr. Hill-Tout said there was no doubt that the campaign against the teaching of evolution had been gaining momentum and was a very serious thing.

Dr. Ales Hrdlicka, the noted American anthropologist, said that it was demonstrable that many characteristics of the human being were more primitive than the characteristics of the apes and that the characteristics of the white race were more primitive than those of the negro and the Australian—indicating that the white race of today retained many resemblances to the ancient human stock which had been lost by the negro and Australian and retained still more ancestral traits which had been lost by the anthropoids.

MAN NOT DETERIORATING.

Dr. F. C. Shrubsall, President of the Anthropological section, read a paper refuting the current theory that civilized man had deteriorated in health and physique. Summarizing a mass of evidence relating specially to England, he said:

"Stature and weight are not less than in the days of the making of England, of Agincourt or of Waterloo."

He admitted that over crowding and the factory system had reduced physiques in given localities, an effect which is now being counteracted.

Comparing the man of today with men of ancient civilizations and with prehistoric man, he reported an immense advantage in expectation of life on the part of modern man. The great predominance of the bones of persons of early age in fossil beds indicated, he said, that early man did not live much beyond early adult life. He said that it had been possible to construct a rough life table from the data on mummy cases in Egypt during the period of Roman occupation. These indicated that an Egyptian child of five years had an expectation of living to be thirty-five year old, whereas a child of five years living in London, has an expectation of living to be sixty-four years old. Another rough table, constructed for the City of Rome under the empire, from the Corpus Inscriptionum Latinarum's showed, according to Dr. Shrubsall, that a five-year-old child of Rome under the Caesars would on the average live to be but twenty-nine years old.

Dr. Shrubsall said that war records showed that the English-born man dwelling in the United States was distinctly taller than the average Englishman.

"This is probably to be explained," he said, "by the greater tendency of the taller stock, the Nordic, to emigrate to fresh fields.

"England is being injured by the loss of Nordics," he said. "The emigrants have been largely of Nordic and prospector stocks, seeking a wider scope for their energies, and the result will in the end seriously modify the racial composition of some parts of the British Isles, particularly Scotland."

Tracing the steady decline in the size of families for 150 years, Dr. Shrubsall suggested several explanations and continued:

"Another view would ascribe the decline in fertility to a gradual subordination of the sex-instinct with the spread of culture and education."

PROGRESS OF CHEMOTHERAPY.

Dr. H. H. Dale, President of the Physiology Section, read a paper on "The Progress and Prospects of Chemotherapy," or the treatment of disease by the administration of chemicals by hypodermic injection or otherwise, such as the use of quinine for malaria and "Bayer 205" for sleeping sickness.

Dr. Dale gave a new account of the process by which such chemicals attacked disease. The prevalent theory has been that the chemical killed the infecting organism without hurting the patient. Ehrlich, the greatest worker in the field, compared the effects of certain chemical treatments to magic bullets which went straight toward their specific objectives without permitting anything to turn them aside. But the real action of these chemicals has been shown to be much more indirect and complex, according to Dr. Dale, who said that the mode of action presented—many "attractive obscurities." For instance, it was found that certain chemicals would cure disease in a human being, but would not kill the disease-causing organism when it was isolated and grown apart from human blood.

Another puzzle was presented by "Bayer 205," the cure for sleeping sickness. "Bayer 205' has a big molecule, which breaks up and disappears quickly, and it is hard to understand," according to Dr. Dale, how this evanescent substance would not only cure sleeping sickness but would render a person immune for months from infection by the sleeping sickness organism. He continued:

"At first sight the wonder is that these properties should persist in the body for such a period, and to suggest that the action must be due to its stimulation of the body to form its own protective substances. This possibility, however, seems to be excluded by the fact that the serum of the protected animal does not lose its curative properties if heated. On the other hand, there have recently appeared, some of them only in preliminary abstract, a series of highly suggestive observations, indicating that "205" has properties of entering into a combination of some kind with the serum proteins. After standing for an hour or two in serum, "205" no longer passes into an ultrafiltrate through collodion, and if the proteins are coagulated by heat is not to be found in the filtrate. The proteins of the blood, moreover, are stated to lose many of their characteristic properties by entering into this combination, the blood losing its normal power of clotting, and the serum proteins not being precipitated by mercury salts of tannin.

"It would be both useless and presumptuous for a mere onlooker to speculate in detail on the significance for the curative action of '205' of properties which are only now beginning to be investigated. One conclusion, however, I think we are entitled to draw. It is sufficiently evident that here is no question of a substance curing simply on account of its affinity for parasites and lack of affinity for the host's tissues. What direct action of the parasite '205' itself may possess has still to be demonstrated; we may feel reasonably certain, on the other hand, that its affinities for the constituents of the host's blood and tissues play an important part in its remarkable and peculiar curative properties."

Germans' Secret Learned by French.

Germany has been reported to be seeking African colonial concessions in exchange for "Bayer 205," on the ground that this secret formula is the only thing in the world that can render some parts of Africa habitable, but the secret of "Bayer 205" has been apparently unraveled, according to Dr. Dale.

"There is a reasonable probability," he said, "that its identity has now been settled by the recent work of Fourneau and his co-workers in the Pasteur Institute, who have made and investigated an extensive series of compounds of this general type and found one, which they numbered 906, which conspicuously excelled all others, even those closely related to it. At least it may be said that if M. Fourneau has not identified 'Bayer 205' he has discovered another compound having very similar and perhaps as valuable properties."

In contrast with the discoverers of "Bayer 205," M. Fourneau has made known the formula of "906."

Summing up a quarter of a century's achievements in chemotherapy, Dr. Dale said:

"As the biological complexity of the problem is realized, it becomes increasingly a matter for wonder and admiration that so much of practical value has already been achieved—the treatment of the spirochaetal infections, syphilis, yaws and relapsing fever, revolutionised; leishmania infections, kala-azar and Bagdad boils and bilharzia infections, which crippled the health of whole populations in countries such as Egypt, now made definitely curable; trypanosome infections, such as the deadly African sleeping-sickness, after years of alternating promise and disappointment brought now at last within the range of effective treatment. And if such results have already been attained in a period during which practice has often and inevitably outrun theory, we may well be hopeful for a future in which fuller understanding should make for more orderly progress.

ORIGIN OF SPEECH.

Sir Richard Paget analyzed the processes involved in the articulation of human speech, and from the manner in which he talked today he built up his theory of the origin of human speech. The main use of the vocal cords, he said, was to give carrying power to the voice. He continued:

"If we compare the English words 'seal' and 'seal,' or 'sink' and 'zinc,' the sound in each case is not a hum but a kind of whistle, made by the passage of the air at fairly high pressure through the gaps between our teeth and into the little cavity formed by our lips. Actually the 's' sound is a whistled note of very high pitch.

"The only difference between the words 'seal' and 'zeal' is that in the latter case we begin humming at once, and in this way the 's,' when a hum is added to it, becomes changed to a 'z.' This was illustrated by attaching the tube to the reed mechanism of an organ pipe, so that the air was forced through the tube in little puffs instead of in a steady stream. When the tube was pinched as before and the air applied, the 's' sound resulted, thereby showing the connection between the 'unvoiced' 's' sound and the corresponding 'voiced' 'z' sound. Similar relations exist between other letters and can be demonstrated by means of similar appliances. Corresponding to the whispered or unvoiced sound, 'th' as in 'thigh,' or 'f' as in 'fine,' are the voiced equivalents in 'thy' and 'vine.' The 'sh' sound in the French word 'champ' becomes 'Jean' when voiced."

In the early days, according to Sir Richard, man used his larynx to roar or grunt with, and at the same time he communicated his ideas to others by grimaces and the movement of tongue and lips. The next step was the discovery that, by blowing air through the mouth while he was grimacing, the movements of his tongue and lips produced changes of whispered sounds so that the various grimaces could be recognized even when his back was turned.

"The last stage in the great invention of speech came when our primitive ancestors discovered that by roaring and grunting at the same time as they whispered, the audible grimace became recognizable ten or twenty times further off than before.

"They also found that they could vary the note of their roars and grunts without interfering with the recognition of the grimace, and so they invented the art of song. This history of the development of speech is more or less hypothetical. Whether it is true or not, it brings out the relation which exists between the voiced and unvoiced sounds of human speech."

Sir Richard then demonstrated an artificial speaking machine invented by him, which reproduces the human mechanism of speech. By blowing into it and fingering stops, he produced words and sentences.

NITROGEN FROM THE AIR.

Professor W. A. Bone told of his new method of taking nitrogen from the air, but pointed out that it works only on a laboratory scale.

The process is simply that of exploding air and carbon monoxide, the combination known as "fire damp," under high pressure in the inside of steel bombs. The effect is to shake nitrogen out of the lethargy which normally prevents it from entering into chemical combinations, and after the explosion the nitrogen is found united with carbon.

What emotion is and where it comes from were questions discussed by Professor J. W. Bridges of McGill University.

"Probably when instinct is thwarted, energy is diverted into other channels and appeals as emotion," he said.

Dr. D. T. McDougal, inventor of the dendrograph, which records minute contractions and expansions of tree trunks, and inventor of the artificial cell, which has demonstrated the action of certain protoplasmic cells in absorbing nutriment, came from California to take part in a discussion on the process by which sap ascends to such heights against gravity. He told of experiments in tracing the upward movement of sap by injecting dyes in the trunk. He found that the dye was carried upward chiefly by the outside layers of wood formed within the two previous years.

The upper, growing parts of the tree, needing water and the dissolved chemicals, draw the sap upward in continuous columns, which run upward like wires and develop a tremendous lifting strength, according to Professor H. H. Dixon of the University of Dublin.

Professor O. F. Curtis of Cornell said that the food and nutriments in the sap travel upward chiefly through the inside layer of the bark.

A. D. Peacock of Armstrong College, Newcastle, told of experiments showing that the saw fly does not need a father. In nature there are male and female saw flies, which appear to reproduce in ordinary fashion, but in the laboratory it was found possible to dispense with fathers entirely and still raise multitudes of young saw flies. The fatherless generation consists almost entirely of females. The scientist said that there was some doubt whether the male parent was of much value under natural conditions. The pairing instinct seems to be dying out in this species. He said that the males showed a mild amount of interest in the females, but that the females ignored the males.

Professor A. B. MacCallum of McGill University told of researches as to the manner in which food materials circulating in the blood are used for building up tissue.

He finds, on feeding undiluted egg yolk to guinea pigs, that the tips of the cells of the intestinal wall absorbs the protein and soon become "ballooned" or raised to a height several times the long diameter of the normal cells. After prolonged absorption, the protein can be seen to be transferred to the small lymph vessels in the intestinal wall, which also become enlarged. The cells themselves become gorged with protein and finally burst.

"This of course is not normal, but it illustrates the feature of these experiments which I wish to emphasize," said Professor Macallum. "In the transference of material from the blood to the tissues the cells and vessels perform work against the forces commonly thought to be functioning. The protein passes from a low to a high concentration, which corresponds to making water run up hill."

The theory that the presence of food in the stomach releases chemical messengers or hormones, which start the flow of gastric juice, was assailed in a paper by A. C. Ivy, R. K. S. Lim and J. E. McCarthy of the University of Chicago. They found that gastric juice was induced to flow by distending the stomachs of dogs by purely mechanical means.

POLICE TO AID OF HOSPITAL.

Intoxicated Patients Are Too Unruly for Orderlies to Manage.

Men and women taken to the City Hospital at Newark for treatment for drunkenness are giving the orderlies so much trouble that Dr. Earl H. Snately, hospital Superintendent, asked Mayor Breitenbach yesterday to have uniformed policemen assigned. Two policemen will begin duty there today.

Dr. Snately said 415 intoxication patients had been received up to Aug. 1, as against 1,830 during the corresponding period last year. It is compulsory at Newark to take all persons arrested in an intoxicated condition to the City Hospital.

MUSSOLINI STIRS CROWDS TO FRENZY

50,000 Romans Join in a Tremendous Demonstration When He Says He Will Stay at Post.

ASSAILS THE "OPPOSITION"

Leader of 'Savage' Wing of Fascisti Also Comes in for a Great Ovation—Crowds Threaten Newspapers.

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ROME, Aug. 7.—"I will remain at my post, to which am bound not by caprice or by desire for power, but by a religious sense of duty," said Mussolini this evening from the balcony of his office at the Palazzo Chigi in the first public speech he has made since Deputy Matteotti's murder.

Fifty thousand hats waving madly in the air and deafening applause from 50,000 throats repeated this announcement, which was made in Mussolini's usual forceful and direct style, which has endeared him to Italian crowds. Round upon round of cheers from the Roman populace, which seemed frenzied with enthusiasm, prevented him from continuing his speech for fully five minutes.

The occasion for Mussolini's speech was furnished by an improvised parade of a few hundred ex-combatants who marched to Mussolini's office to renew to him expressions of their undying devotion.

They were followed by thousands upon thousands of Roman citizens, who soon filled the vast square in front of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, lustily calling upon Mussolini to appear on the balcony and speak to them. When he finally stepped out of his workroom onto the balcony scenes of enthusiasm occured which can only be compared to ones that were witnessed in the demonstrations of loyalty of which he was the object in Rome after his victory in the elections. The huge square was a sea of waving hats and handkerchiefs, while rapturous shouts reached the stars.

After expressing his gratitude to the Roman people for their demonstration of sympathy which was all the more valuable in that it was quite unsolicited, Mussolini continued:

"Only two months ago in this very place I said, 'Let all parties, including ours, perish, provided Italy becomes strong and great.' We can say with clear consciences that we have sincerely striven with all our strength to live up to this ideal. But can the Opposition say the same?"

A tremendous "No," shouted by scores of thousands of listeners was his answer.

"The Opposition," resumed Mussolini, "is daily guilty of moral violence against Fascism by painting it as something which it absolutely is not. Fascism has given wonderful proofs of discipline in the face of over provocation and will continue to remain disciplined. But I ask you who were my companions in the war in the trenches on the Carso, where we suffered and bled and fought, and won together, can we turn back?"

Again he was answered by a formidable "No! No!"

"As for myself," concluded Mussolini, "I will continue to do my duty and I am certain that I can count on you to answer my call if at any time I shall need the people who are ready to sacrifice their lives for their country."

After saying these words Mussolini quickly withdrew, while the crowd remained half an hour stationary under his window, shouting and cheering, but all to no avail, for Mussolini did not appear again.

Deputy Farinacci, Fascist member of Parliament for Cremona and leader of the "savage" wing of Fascism, happened to enter the square at this point. He was immediately surrounded by an enthusiastic crowd which lifted him shoulder high and carried him in triumph through the streets of Rome.

This demonstration of sympathy for Farinacci is typical of the gradual evolution which is taking place in Fascism. The more the opposition hammers at Fascism and denounces it and all its ways, the more Fascist does Fascism become.

After staging a hostile demonstration against several opposition newspapers and obliging the press federation to hang out its flag, the immense crowd which had gathered to do honor to Mussolini gradually dissolved without giving rise to unpleasant incidents.

Opposition Holds Off.

ROME, Aug. 7.—Leaders of the opposition parties, meeting today, renewed their decision not to participate in parliamentary work as long as the present methods of the Fascist Government continued to prevail.

The opposition called its refusal to cooperate "retiring to the Aventine Hill." The leaders particularly disapprove the Fascist Government's program regarding controlling the liberty of the press and the methods of incorporating the Fascist militia into the regular army.

CANADIAN PRICES RISE.

Increases in Grain Put Wholesale Index Number Up 1.1 Points.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Aug. 7.—Continued advances in grain prices during July were partly responsible for a rise of 1.1 points in the index number of wholesale prices compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and Weights.

Grain comes under the classification of "vegetables and their products," in the compilation of the bureau, and this classification showed a jump from 147.6 in June to 156.9 last month. The index number of wholesale prices for June was 152.2, while in July it rose to 153.3.

The statement shows increases in the prices of 47 commodities, while 30 quotations fell and 150 were unchanged. Increases were noted in vegetables and their products, animals and their products, and fibres, textiles and textile products. Prices of iron and its products, wood, and paper and chemical and allied products showed a falling off in July.

Eternal Vigilance

It is true of any investment that the tangible property which secures it is subject to changing values with the passing of time.

The value of the real estate securing a mortgage may go up or down and the investment should be considered and revised every few years.

The Guaranteed Mortgages selected by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company and guaranteed by the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company come up before our experienced appraisers regularly for periodical review.

They are either called for payment and collected or are renewed and re-guaranteed to you.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

A SALE!

Men's and Young Men's Suits

Smartly tailored, high-grade Kirschbaum Clothes

Extraordinarily low price for this sale

$34.50

The offering is most unusual! There are no other words for it. Kirschbaum suits for men and young men—every garment a superior quality product—quality in the style—quality in the woolens—quality in the workmanship.

Styles that have won the approval of New York men; Unfinished Worsteds, Serges, Cassimeres and Fancy Mixtures.

—for Hot Weather Comfort!

Kirschbaum Two-Piece Suits, $16.50 to $29.50

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS—THIRD FLOOR

The Buick

VALVE-IN-HEAD

MOTOR CARS

MASTER SIX is built for those who desire a car of larger proportions

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY

Division of General Motors Corporation

NEW YORK BRANCH
Broadway at 55th Street

BROOKLYN BRANCHES
Flatbush at Eighth Avenue
Atlantic at Grand Avenue

MANHATTAN:
Glidden Buick Corp., Broadway at 59th St.

BRONX:
Bronx Buick Co., Inc., 407 Bergen Ave.
3463 Grand Concourse
943 Southern Blvd.
459 East 149th St.

BROOKLYN:
Kings Co. Buick, Inc., 1606 Bushwick Ave.
6802 Fifth Ave.
314 Roebling St.
1407 Flatbush Ave.
Empire Blvd. & Franklin Ave.
Ballard Martha Motor Co.,
3061 Coney Island Ave.
Brunner Bros. Garage, Inc., Ridgewood

QUEENS:
Pleasant Garage, Rockaway Beach, N. Y.
Rockaway Buick Co., Far Rockaway, N. Y.
Strang Auto & Supply Co., 8126 166th St., Jamaica.
9831 Jamaica Av., Rich. Hill
Taft Motors Corporation, 120 B'way, Flushing, N. Y.
110 1st Ave., Long Isl. City,
Bayside, Long Island.

NEWARK BRANCH
497 Broad Street

RICHMOND:
Richmond County Buick Co., New Brighton, New York.

ESSEX COUNTY:
Brick Church Buick Co., East Orange, N. J.
Belleville Buick Co., Belleville, N. J.
North Essex Buick Co., Montclair, N. J.
South Orange Buick Co., South Orange, N. J.

When better automobiles are built, Buick will build them

Wanted--Sub-Lease

Of about 2,500 square feet for executive office in Madison Square, Murray Hill or uptown districts. State length of lease and rental in first letter. W 583 Times.

JOSEPH CONRAD

Intimate character sketch of Joseph Conrad by H. I. Brock, illustrated with a remarkable portrait by Cesare, in the Book Review of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

SEEKS A RECEIVER FOR SACKETT DUELL

Creditor Who Has Been Unable to Collect Judgment Files an Action.

LISTS DEFENDANT'S ASSETS

Cites His Testimony in a Supplementary Proceeding to Show He Can Pay.

An application was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday for the appointment of a receiver for the property of W. Sackett Duell, President of Duell & Co., Inc., investment bankers at 522 Fifth Avenue, which was organized in December to take over the business of a partnership consisting of Duell, former Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo and A. B. Dick. The application is made by Samuel H. Steele, who obtained a judgment for $2,644 against Duell in March and has been unable to collect.

The receivership plea is based on testimony of Duell in supplementary proceedings, in which he admitted the ownership of property which the judgment creditor believes should be turned over to a receiver. Mr. Duell testified that he lives at 1 East Fifty-sixth Street, where he pays $3,000 a year rent, and that while he owns $24,900 in preferred stock of his corporation and 1,557 shares of common stock, the shares are all held by his wife, Annie Livingstone Duell, for a loan of $18,500.

Mr. Duell testified that his corporation is to be amalgamated with the investment firm of Jennison & Co., under the name of Duell, Jennison & Co., Inc., and that he expects to be the President. He states that his company has an interest in three deals just closed by a Boston firm in which the Duell corporation's interest will be $300,000 in stock, but the stock cannot be sold because of a pooling agreement.

The testimony of Mr. Duell shows further that he is interested in stock of the Blender, Weldon Company but that this stock is pledged with his brother, H. S. Duell, his wife, and with several banks for loans of $150,000, which he states is his total unsecured indebtedness. He said that he has an interest in half the net profits in the Mentor Company, a chain store concern, in which H. S. Duell put in $300,000 to buy 50,000 shares of stock at 6, and the stock has been sold to a Rochester syndicate for 12. He estimated that the profits will be between $60,000 and $90,000, but stated that he owes $40,000 to his brother for advances.

STATE ACCUSES GIRL OF LYING FOR LOEB

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

black and white, nervously mounted the witness box, Loeb craned his neck for a look at his former sweetheart. She avoided his glance until she left the stand at the noon recess with Mr. Crowe's cry of perjury ringing in her ears.

Then she brushed past Leopold and Loeb, hesitated, turned and impulsively placed both hands on Loeb's arm. She greeted Leopold and was whispering to him when a bailiff jerked the young man nearly off his feet and hurried him toward the elevator for a return to his jail cell.

The prosecution today refused to accept a proposal by the defense for shortening the hearing.

"Our answer was a blanket 'no,'" said State's Attorney Crowe, who indicated that the defense's idea was to dispense with lay witnesses provided the State would accept a blanket statement of what their testimony would be, and would also dispense with calling further lay witnesses.

After a 30-minute recess, in which the State's Attorney and his three assistants considered the proposal, the hearing was resumed with Max Schrayer as the defense's first lay witness.

Schrayer identified himself as 21 years old and a Chicago jobber of household goods since graduation from the University of Michigan, where he was a fraternity brother of Loeb. Questioned by Mr. Darrow as to Loeb's "nervousness," he said:

"I observed he had a twitching of the mouth, was nervous in his gestures with his hands, dragged his ankle and on special occasions drank a great deal. He fainted several times at Michigan. He smoked a great deal and showed nervousness in doing it."

Loeb was known as a reader of dime novels and detective stories, the witness continued, replying to a question as to Loeb's reading. Mr. Crowe objected and was sustained.

Mr. Darrow asked if Schrayer had noticed anything peculiar about Loeb's laughter. The witness said he seemed to laugh at a great many things not humorous and Mr. Crowe asked the question and answer be stricken out.

"If this witness had listened to the testimony of these alienists, I could see why anybody would get a great laugh," Mr. Crowe declared. To which Mr. Darrow retorted:

"Yes, you would laugh at anything, except possibly a hanging, and I think maybe you would laugh at the hanging of these boys."

Schrayer said their fraternity had censured Loeb for drinking.

Loeb leaned forward and watched Schrayer closely, smiling at times and conferring with counsel.

Mr. Crowe brought out that for two and a half months before Loeb was accepted into Schrayer's fraternity he was watched closely, as is usual, to determine whether he would make an acceptable fraternity man, and that nothing to render Loeb unacceptable was noticed.

Miss Loraine Nathan was the next witness. She referred to many occasions on which she had regarded Loeb's behavior as "babyish" and "irrational." Her conclusion that Loeb had appeared "infantile" was stricken from the record. She said she had not seen Loeb since May 6 last. She denied she was fond of Loeb, admitting she once had been fond of him and thought he had liked her.

Miss Nathan replied "I did," when asked if she had not stated Loeb "talked on almost any subject," and that he "was perfectly sane and normal in every respect."

"Were you lying in the State's Attorney's office, or are you lying now?" asked Mr. Crowe.

Mr. Darrow objected, and Judge Cavery ruled out the question.

Miss Nathan, on re-direct testimony, asserted that an Assistant State's Attorney had tried to influence her opinions of Loeb in the questioning in the prosecutor's office, that she was ill at the time, and that she had gone to the office because of a grand jury subpoena, although the grand jury was not in session, and that she could not remember details now because of nervousness when she talked with the prosecutors.

Miss Nathan denied she told Loeb she would "stick with him," and said her questioners at the State's Attorney's office had directed certain parts of her statement to be deleted.

Edwin Meiss, now a reporter for the Cincinnati Enquirer and formerly a student at the University of Michigan, testified he was the President of the fraternity to which Loeb belonged.

Meiss said he had seen Loeb faint upon three occasions, that Loeb spoke in a jerky manner, would argue on valueless points, "pop" into a room instead of walking in, walked in a jerky manner, smoked rapidly and nervously, and was regarded as "childish."

Meiss said it was his duty to appoint seniors as mentors for freshmen, but that he did not appoint Loeb because Loeb's judgment and conduct were not considered sufficient inspiration for a freshman.

John Abt, a young graduate of the University of Chicago, testified concerning Leopold.

"Leopold's main thesis was that whenever he contemplated an act he balanced pain and pleasure and if pleasure ruled, he would not hesitate to commit the act," said Abt.

Abt said that he had gone to school with Loeb and told of Loeb's delight in [illegible] and picking pockets.

B. Altman & Co.

Summer Shoppers

with whom time is an item of consideration, will appreciate the compact arrangement of the ample and diversified stocks in the

Department of
Catalogue & Folder Merchandise
(Sixth Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

FRIDAY and SATURDAY (until 1 o'clock)

Frocks $25
Coats $35
Capes $75

Were to Retail from $50-175

George Bernard Co.
673 FIFTH AVENUE at 53d St
New York

GOWNS Tappé HATS
12 West 40

Annual August
CLEARANCE
Final Reductions
FROCKS
Some Dainty French Imports Included
$12.50 $17.50 $27.50
Previously Sold up to $125

Tappé Summer HATS
$5.00 $7.50
Beautiful Creations, Formerly to $35

A Characteristically Fifth Avenue Cheviot—$90

A recent importation of distinctive Tweeds and Cheviots allows the special price of $90 on several exclusive patterns. This figure for the finest Fifth Avenue tailoring—is unique. Call and see these smart fabrics. Linen Knickerbockers to order—2 pairs $25.

Master Tailored Business Suits $100.

LOUIS BERG
Tailor to The Four Thousand
143 FIFTH AVENUE
Near 27th Street

THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Store Hours, 9 to 5

Store Closed All Day Saturday Summer Holiday

"It's a Pleasure to buy Furniture at Wanamaker's" said a Business Man, overheard in the Elevator

"Yes," said his wife, "they do have so many lovely things." "The stock is magnificent," he agreed, "but I was thinking more of the SALESPEOPLE. They are so painstaking, and seem to realize the obligation of selling the RIGHT furniture—seeing that you get exactly what you need; no less, no more."

Business People Most of All Appreciate the Furnish-out-of-Income Plan

"Everybody tells me Wanamaker furniture is easily the best," continued the man. "The August Sale prices are at least a third lower than usual. And this Furnish-out-of-Income plan gives us the same credit terms one business man regularly extends to another. Of course, we have ample funds to pay cash. But this Budget way is the RIGHT way to buy really good furniture!"

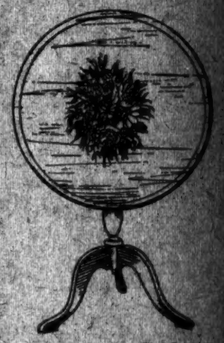
Friday is Furniture Day at Wanamaker's

In cold weather Saturday is the popular day for furniture. In Summer, Friday takes its place. Wanamaker's furniture galleries make an airy, pleasant rendezvous to end this week's business.

Come in today and look over the 217 different Bedroom Suites from $95 (saving $25) to $1,260 (saving $1,260); 120 different Living Room Suites from $225 (saving $105) to $1,480 (saving $370); 107 different Dining Room Suites from $230 (saving $115) to $2,376 (saving $1,876). All the regular Wanamaker stock—$2,000,000 worth at prices 10 to 50 per cent. lower.

Or visit Belmaison. You'll find it interesting as any museum, with a reproduction of the Versailles Peace table, and the chair that walked out of Windsor Castle; old Jacobean oak refectory tables; dainty Directoire beds; vivacious little chairs cushioned in gay quilted French petticoats.

And see the Little Home that Budget Built—two complete model apartments with its businesslike little Kitchen, Sun Porch, Parchment Bedroom, and six other distinctive rooms, completely furnished.



26-Inch Tilt Table
Green Floral Decorated
August Sale, $28
Formerly $33

Fix Your Budget Friday

If you haven't yet talked with the Director of the Home Budget Service, Friday—with many people away—is one of the best times. Bring plans—blue prints—sketches—measurements. Arrange delivery now and pay through Autumn months. Fix the payment part this afternoon. Then you have the week-end to consult with your family, and early uncrowded Monday morning can make your selection. Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Galleries, New Building

From the Founder's Writings

Nature's Physician

so Galen said, was "essential to health"; and so say all the noble men and women of the medical profession.

To love trees, whispering leaves and white clouds, the lights in the sky, the smell of plowed ground, the daily fresh scents of the woods, the rocks, birds, flowering vines; animals, little and big; bees and blossoms, waving branches and waving water, winding streams and bubbling brooks, firelit stars as they first appear in the twilight and last appear at day dawn; shells and pebbles along the ocean beach, the sweet salt air—the silences and the drowsiness and dreaminess not only have a call to health for us, but bring to us the blessing of body and soul with new blood and brawn.

He and she who work hard must find a way to play hard, and thereby have better bodies and better souls to enjoy their work.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

IN THE AUDITORIUM
Friday, August 8th
10 o'clock A. M.
Commencement Exercises of the Church Vacation Schools
Frank S. Adams, Organist
Open to the Public Free
First Gallery, New Building

Women's Hats
With Scarfs to Match
$15
Formerly $22

Suzanne Talbot introduced this chic fashion. Smart Parisiennes immediately adopted it. Now it is one of the most important Summer fashions on both sides of the Atlantic.

Our collection—mostly individual models—includes hats of Milan straw, bangkok and leghorn with ingeniously draped bands of plain or stunningly printed chiffon or crepe de chine.

The plain colors and the marvelously blended combinations are undeniably lovely. Second Floor, Old Building

Costume Slips
Flesh Color or White
$3.95 to $6.95

Shadow-proof costume slips, of course, for they are the kind every woman is asking for these days. Fashioned on slim-fitting lines, with correctly plain front and back.

At $3.95—Radium silk in tailored model.

At $5.75—Radium silk in two favorite models—very tailored or attractively trimmed with filet insertion.

At $6.95—Crepe de chine in a smartly tailored style that is finished in an original manner with painstakingly-done hemstitching.

Third Floor, Old Building

An Important Dispersal of
Women's and Children's Shoes
At Less Than Wholesale Cost

A miscellaneous collection of finely-made footwear—mostly individual or a few of a kind models—the remainder of several important special purchases and shoes that we have taken from our own stocks and lowered in price.

At $1
200 Pairs of Children's Shoes
800 Pairs of Women's Shoes

At $3
375 Pairs of Women's Shoes

At $4
675 Pairs of Women's Shoes
Do not ask for your size.
Ask to be fitted.

First Floor, Old Building

This is the Last Day of
The Paris Fashion Cable Openings
in the
WANAMAKER FASHION SALONS

A Western Union Direct Cable Station connects the Wanamaker House of Paris with John Wanamaker New York

These Cable Openings have been a tremendous success. In spite of the great heat and humidity the numbers of women at each showing have been startling. But, small wonder. For this is the first time they have been able to attend the famous Paris Fashion Openings in New York at exactly the same clock hour they are going on in Paris. They have been able to see the fashion tendencies, and in many instances almost the same fashions produced from our own collections and illustrated on mannequins.

* * *

These cables have proven the authenticity and foresight of Wanamaker Fashion experts.

* * *

We cordially extend to you an invitation to be present for Worth and Jenny Cable Openings today—which are the last of the series.

Morning Presentation 11 A. M.
Afternoon Presentation 2.30 P. M.

Second Floor, Old Building

Layettes for the Baby
At Greatly Lowered Prices in the August Sale

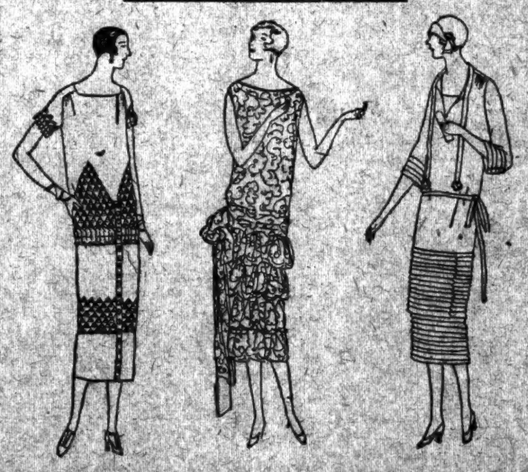
Fascinating layettes that have been carefully assembled under the strictest sanitary conditions and include an ample supply of all the tiny garments necessary for the baby's health and comfort. Tomorrow we shall feature two layettes that are great favorites, particularly with the mother who prefers simple, finely-made garments for her baby.

Machine-made Layette, $15.60
49 Pieces—our $20.95 Grade

3	Flannel Binders	$0.20	$0.60
3	Cotton and Wool Shirts	.60	1.80
2	Pair Bootees	.20	.40
3	Slips	.65	1.95
2	Flannelette Wrappers	.40	.80
3	Flannelette Gowns	.40	1.20
2	Flannelette Skirts	.40	.80
1	Flannel Skirt		1.15
1	Knitted Sacque		.95
1	Receiving Blanket		.40
24	Diapers	Doz. 2.25	4.50
2	Arnold Knit Wash Cloths	.12½	.25
2	Towels	.40	.80
49			$15.60

Machine-made Layette, $28.90
54 Pieces—our $34.95 grade

Other complete layettes are featured in the sale at savings of 10 to 20 per cent. Third Floor, Old Building



IN THE WOMEN'S FASHION SALONS
Frocks and Gowns
$24 to $62.50
were $48 to $125
Just Half Price!

Two-piece white crepe satin frocks for country club or formal beach wear. Printed chiffons and crepes de chine for afternoons and evenings. Lace frocks in black or the new blonde shade for dinner wear. Formal evening gowns of metal cloths. Crepe de chine frocks for innumerable occasions now and during the Fall. In fact, frocks and gowns for any and every occasion will be found in the collection in the fabrics and colorings most in demand today.

Charming Details

Metal and colorful embroideries, buttons, laces, braids, tucks, pleatings and pipings are but a few of the details.
Sizes 36 to 44.

Second Floor, Old Building

5000 Oriental Rugs ---$400,000 Worth in this August Sale

Comprising
Royal Kashans, Sarouks, Kermanshahs, Kurdistans, Beloochistans, Afghanistans, Guendjis, and many qualities of Chinese rugs.

* * *

Prices Notably LOW

* * *

Three Wanamaker experts made special trips to the East, procuring prices 35 to 50 per cent. under the New York market.

Observation and comparison show that the rugs in this sale in quality, design and value are the best to be had, and prices are so low that fall buying may profitably be done now.

Some Examples of the Sale

Chinese Rugs
In soft shades of blue, gold and ivory.

Size	Grade	Price
2 x 4 feet	$35	$26
2.6 x 4.6 ft.	$45	$35
3 x 6 ft.	$75	$59
4 x 7 ft.	$125	$89
6 x 10 ft.	$285	$175
9 x 12 ft.	$300	$195
9 x 12 ft.	$400	$295

Royal Persians
A superb group of Royal Sarouk rugs, about 4 x 7 feet, at these notably low prices—

	Grade	Price
Royal Kashan	$375	$280
Royal Sarouk	$350	$225
Royal Sarouk	$250	$150

Persian Rugs
A large variety in sizes about 3 x 6 feet, and some larger sizes in unwashed Mosouls and Kurdistans.

$32 for the $45 grade

Also, many fine washed and silky Persian rugs at

$56 and $69
for the $85 and $95 grades

Room Size Oriental Rugs
about 9 x 12 feet

	Grade	Price
Gheoravan	$250	[illegible]
Gheoravan	$350	[illegible]
Serapi	$400	[illegible]
Serapi	$400	[illegible]
9x12 to 10x13 ft.	to $500	to [illegible]

In Still Larger Sizes

Name	Size	Regularly	Sale
Mahal	9.7 x 12 feet	$450	$324
Mahal	9.3 x 12.8 feet	$500	$375
Mahal	9.3 x 12 feet	$450	$325
Mahal	9.1 x 12.10 feet	$500	$375
Mahal	10.5 x 13.10 feet	$600	[illegible]
Kermanshah	10.1 x 18.9 feet	$1,500	$1,250
Sarouk	12.1 x 23 feet	$3,500	$2,950
Kurdistan	11.2 x 18.4 feet	$1,200	[illegible]
Sarouk	9.3 x 18.5 feet	$1,250	[illegible]
Hamadan	10.10 x 17.6 feet	$1,200	[illegible]

Third Gallery, New Building

NEHF BEATS CUBS AND GIANTS GAIN

Champions Increase Lead in Pennant Race to 9½ Games as Chicago Loses, 5-3.

GROH'S BATTING BIG AID

Single in Seventh Sends in Two Runs and Breaks Tie—Blake and Jacobs Are Hit Hard.

In the fine balmy weather with which we have been favored lately Mr. Arthur Nehf of Washington, Ind., waxed warm and deceptive at the Polo Grounds yesterday and hung up another nice victory for the benefit of Papa Nehf, who sat in the grandstand. The Giants won, 5 to 3, and drove another spike and a riveting pin into their pennant hole. Their lead is now nine and a half games over the Pirates, who lost at Ebbets Field, and eleven over the Cubs, who did their losing at the Polo Grounds.

The Cubs have been doing this same thing often of late. They lost one Sunday, one out of two Monday and three straight since, making a grand total of five out of six. They may blame it on the heat or the humidity, but it seems likelier that the Giants are the better team and are about ready to gallop in to their fourth straight flag.

The hotter it got, the better Nehf junior behaved yesterday, but this wasn't true of Charles T. Nehf of Terre Haute, who was prostrated by the heat and had little to say from or in the stand. Young Nehf hit his homers in pairs against the Cardinals the other day, but yesterday Charles T. had no such delectable sight to take his mind off the heat. The great Nehf home run bat was silent.

On the other hand, the Chicago bludgeons had not much to say either. They trampled through to a tie score in the seventh by bunching half of their eight hits for a pair of runs, but in their half of the inning the Giants restored the lost advantage and Nehf was as strong after the temporary setback as he was before.

Cubs Tie the Score.

The Cubs might have made more in their seventh-inning flare-up except for weak hitting by Vogel and Cotter, or excellent pitching by Nehf—whichever way you want to look at it. Friberg opened with a double and Grigsby singled him to third. There were the tying runs in plain sight, but Vogel wagged a feeble stick and popped to Lindstrom. Cotter kept his bat on his shoulder and was called out on strikes, but with the end in sight Nehf stumbled slightly. Hack Miller, batting for John Blake, the Cub pitcher, pushed a single between Groh and Frisch, scoring Friberg, and Statz drilled to left, sending Grigsby home with the tying run. However, Nehf was not to be rushed off his feet so easily, and he made Adams ground to Frisch for a force-out.

In all their other excursions to the plate the Bruins got only four hits, two of these coming together for the first run of the game in the second. The Giants found Blake as tough as a crossword puzzle until the fourth, when they tied the score, taking the lead in the fifth. Nehf did the rest with his splendid change of pace and smoothly-functioning curve.

The Cubs left off their vile fielding of the five other games, but suffered disappointments in the pitching department, hitherto strong. Blake, who had won the only game of the series for the plan Killefer, was not up to his previous level, although on the part of the Giants it was more a case of sharp, timely hitting than any batting of the wholesale variety. Only two of the nine New York hits were wasted—which is real drumfire batting.

Rookies Hit Timely.

After Blake and his pinch hitter, Miller, came Elmer Jacobs, another of Killefer's highly promising youngsters. It was Jacobs who went in on a tie score basis in the seventh and lost the game. Terry led off with a grounder too slow and too deep for Midget Adams to throw him out at first. Lindstrom whipped a double on the fly down the first base line and McGraw's two rookies sprinted along to third and second. Groh, who is hitting as he did in his old Cincinnati days, singled over second to wind up a clean exhibition of consecutive batting. Statz's throw was fast enough to endanger Lindstrom at the plate, but the ball hopped out of the catcher's mitt and skidded over the corner of Hartnett's mitt, allowing Groh to reach second. Snyder's out gent Heinle to third, but Home Run Nehf and O'Connell couldn't budge it.

In the second Nehf got into a terrific jam and was lucky to escape with only one run damage. After Hartnett and Friberg had flailed singles Nehf passed Grigsby to get to fill the bases. Vogel submitted Hartnett, but Cotter thrashed a liner straight at Lindstrom, and a double play ensued.

O'Connell and Frisch singled in the fourth and Jimmy got around to the scoring station by means of long flies—Wilson's to centre and Meusel's to right. Frisch tarried wistfully at third while Terry sided to Grigsby.

Giants Score Again.

The Giants were up and at them again in the fifth, starting with a walk to Lindstrom. Groh busted a single past Cotter, putting Lindstrom on third, and a fly by Snyder accounted for one run. Nehf hunted and was out, but the strategy wasn't wasted, for it sent Groh to second, from where he was able to run home on O'Connell's second hit, a line drive to left centre. Blake caught the $75,000 man making a premature dash from first base and killed him with the aid of Cotter and Adams.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Connell, rf	4	1	2	3	0	Statz, cf	4	0	1	4	0
Frisch, ss	2	0	1	2	3	Adams, ss	3	0	0	2	3
Wilson, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Grantham, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
Meusel, lf	3	0	0	3	0	Hartnett, c	4	1	1	7	0
Wolfe, 1b	4	1	2	11	0	Friberg, 3b	4	1	3	0	0
Lindstrom, 3b	3	2	1	4	4	Grigsby, rf	3	1	2	2	0
Groh, 3b	3	1	2	0	3	Vogel, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Snyder, c	3	0	0	1	4	Cotter, 1b	4	0	0	11	0
Nehf, p	2	0	0	1	0	Blake, p	2	0	0	0	3
						aMiller	1	0	1	0	0
						bKaufmann	0	0	0	0	0
						Jacobs, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	5	9	27	11	Total	32	3	8	24	11

Errors—New York 0, Chicago 1 (Statz).
a Batted for Blake in seventh.
b Ran for Miller in seventh.

New York	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base hits—Friberg, Lindstrom, Sacrifices—Vogel, Meusel, Snyder, Nehf. Double plays—Lindstrom and Terry; Grantham and Cotter; Adams, Grantham and Cotter; Lindstrom, Frisch and Terry. Left on bases—New York 4, Chicago 5. Bases on balls—Off Nehf 1, Blake 2, Jacobs 1. Struck out—By Blake 1, Nehf 4. Hits—Off Blake 5 in 6 innings, Jacobs 4 in 2 innings. Losing pitcher—Jacobs. Umpires—Quigley, Sweeney and O'Day. Time—1:45.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 5, Chicago 3.
Brooklyn 9, Pittsburgh 6.
Cincinnati 6, Philadelphia 1.
St. Louis 6, Boston 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 7, Cleveland 5.
Boston 4, Detroit 2.
Washington 6, Chicago 3. (Ten innings).
Philadelphia 7, St. Louis 3. (First game.)
Philadelphia 2, St. Louis 1. (Second game.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	67	36	.650
Pittsburgh	56	44	.560
Chicago	56	47	.544
Brooklyn	53	49	.520
Cincinnati	53	51	.523
St. Louis	44	59	.427
Philadelphia	40	61	.396
Boston	38	65	.369

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	61	46	.570
Detroit	58	47	.552
Washington	58	49	.542
St. Louis	55	50	.524
Chicago	50	54	.481
Cleveland	50	56	.472
Boston	45	59	.433
Philadelphia	45	61	.425

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Washington at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

TIGER RALLY FAILS TO DEFEAT RED SOX

Cobb's Men Score Two Runs in Ninth, but Lose Opener of Series, 4 to 2.

DETROIT, Aug. 7.—Boston opened a four-game series here today with a 4—2 victory over Detroit, the Red Sox pounding four local pitchers for eleven hits.

The Tigers started a batting rally in the ninth, scoring both their runs and driving Fullerton off the mound. Quinn finished the game without allowing another hit.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flagstead, cf	4	0	1	3	0	O'Rourke, 2b	5	0	3	4	3
Wambsganss, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	Manush, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Boone, rf	3	1	1	0	0	Cobb, cf	4	0	2	3	0
Harris, 1b	5	1	1	14	1	Heilmann, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Veach, lf	4	0	1	1	0	Wingo, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Clark, 3b	4	0	2	0	4	Blue, lb	3	0	1	12	1
Picinich, c	3	0	0	3	1	Rigney, ss	4	0	1	4	5
Shanks, ss	3	1	3	5	4	Jones, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
Fullerton, p	3	0	0	1	0	Hasseler, c	3	1	1	0	0
Quinn, p	0	0	0	0	0	Holloway, p	1	0	0	0	2
Collins, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Dauss, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Johnson, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Wells, p	0	0	0	0	1
						aHaney	1	0	0	0	0
						bPratt	0	0	0	0	0
						cBurks	1	1	1	0	0
Total	34	4	11	27	20	Total	33	2	9	27	15

Errors—None.
a Batted for Dauss in fifth.
b Batted for Johnson in seventh.
c Batted for Wells in ninth.

Boston	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4						
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2						

Two-base hits—Shanks, Jones, Wambsganss, Bassler, Burke, O'Rourke. Three-base hits—Harris, Wambsganss. Sacrifices—Wambsganss, Flagstead, Shanks. Double plays—Wambsganss, Shanks and Harris; Fullerton, Picinich and Harris; Rigney, O'Rourke and Blue; Wambsganss and Harris. Left on bases—Boston 9, Detroit 11. Bases on balls—Off Holloway 2, Fullerton 3, Quinn 1. Struck out—By Fullerton 2, Johnson 1, Wells 1. Hits—Off Holloway 8 in 2-3 innings, Dauss 2 in 1 1-3, Johnson 0 in 2, Fullerton 9 in 8 1-3, Quinn 0 in 2-3, Wells 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Fullerton 2 (O'Rourke, Heilmann); by Wells (Picinich); by Quinn (Manush). Winning pitcher—Fullerton. Losing pitcher—Holloway. Umpires—Rowland, Nallon and Moriarty. Time of game—2:19.

HORNSBY HELPS CARDS WIN

His Homer and Single Aid in 6-2 Victory Over the Braves.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—St. Louis defeated Boston by 6 to 2 today, largely as a result of the timely hitting of Hornsby. The Cardinal second baseman drove out a home run with one man on base in the first inning. In the third, his single scored J. Smith, after which Hornsby also scored. Botomley's hitting and fielding were features.

Manager Dave Bancroft, who is recovering from an operation for appendicitis, rejoined the Braves today, sat on the bench and directed play. It is not expected, however, that he will be able to play again before Sept. 1.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. Smith, rf	3	2	2	0	0	Wilson, cf	4	0	0	0	0
Holm, cf	5	1	1	5	0	Padgett, 2b	3	0	1	2	0
Hornsby, 2b	5	1	2	2	4	Stengel, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Bottomly, 1b	4	0	2	11	0	McInnis, 1b	4	1	2	11	0
Blades, lf	4	0	2	3	0	Powell, lf	4	0	1	0	0
Cooney, ss	4	0	2	2	4	Tierney, 3b	4	1	3	4	4
Gonzales, c	4	0	0	4	0	Gibson, c	3	0	0	5	1
Freigau, 3b	4	1	0	1	1	R. Smith, ss	4	0	2	2	5
Haines, p	4	0	0	1	0	Genewich, p	2	0	0	0	2
						aCunning'm	1	0	0	0	0
						Yeargin, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	12	27	11	Total	33	2	10	27	14

Errors—St. Louis 2 (J. Smith, Holm), Boston 1 (Wilson).
a Batted for Genewich in eighth.

St. Louis	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0—6
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Bottomley, Blades. Three-base hit—Bottomley. Home run—Hornsby. Stolen bases—J. Smith (2). Sacrifices—J. Smith. Double plays—Hornsby, Cooney and Bottomley (2), Bottomley (unassisted); Haines, Hornsby, Cooney and Bottomley; Tierney, R. Smith and McInnis. Left on bases—St. Louis 6, Boston 8. Bases on balls—Off Haines 2, Genewich 1. Struck out—By Haines 1, Genewich 1, Yeargin 1. Hits—Off Genewich 11 in 7 innings, Yeargin 1 in 2. Losing pitcher—Genewich. Umpires—McCormick, Friirman and Hart. Time of game—1:50.

SKEETERS WIN AND LOSE.

Beat Rochester, 4 to 3, in Opener, but Drop Second, 6 to 3.

The Jersey City Skeeters broke even in a double-header with the Rochester Hustlers at Jersey City yesterday, winning the opening game by a score of 4 to 3, but losing the second encounter by a 6-3 score. It was the final series of the year in Jersey City between the two teams.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ROCHESTER (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lawry, lf	4	0	1	1	0	Conlon, cf	4	0	2	1	0
Agnew, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Runser, ss	5	0	2	8	2
Walsh, rf	3	1	2	4	0	Griffin, lf	5	0	2	0	0
Holt, 1b	3	2	2	9	0	Merkle, 1b	4	1	1	10	1
Freitas, c	3	1	1	2	2	Kirkham, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Sheridan, 3b	3	0	2	1	1	Luhte, 3b	4	0	1	2	1
Ray, ss	3	0	0	5	0	Gonzales, 2b	3	0	0	2	1
Bayes, 2b	3	0	0	2	4	Lake, c	3	1	0	5	1
Lucey, p	3	0	1	0	1	Wisner, p	2	1	1	0	5
						aRose	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	4	9	27	13	Total	32	3	8	24	12

Errors—Rochester 0, Jersey City 2 (Walsh, Bayes).
a Batted for Wisner in ninth.

Jersey City	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	—4
Rochester	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Runser, Sheridan. Stolen base—Sheridan. Sacrifice hits—Conlon, Ray, Freitas, Sheridan. Double plays—Bayes, Ray and Holt; Freitas and Holt. Left on base—Jersey City 6, Rochester 8. Bases on balls—Off Wisner 3, Lucey 5. Struck out—By Lucey 2, Wisner 4. Umpires—Geisel and Majerkurth. Time of game—2:00.

SECOND GAME.

ROCHESTER (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Conlon, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Lawry, lf	4	1	2	2	0
Runser, ss	4	0	1	2	2	Agnew, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Griffin, lf	4	0	2	0	0	Walsh, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Merkle, 1b	3	0	0	10	1	Holt, 1b	3	0	0	8	0
Kirkham, rf	4	2	2	0	0	Freitas, c	2	1	1	8	1
Luhte, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	Sheridan, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Gonzales, c	3	1	1	3	1	Ray, ss	3	0	1	1	4
Wisner, p	3	0	0	0	3	Bayes, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
aLake	1	0	0	0	0	Frank, p	1	0	0	0	0
						Hanson, p	0	0	0	0	0
						zGellars	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	3	8	27	9	Total	27	3	7	21	9

Errors—Rochester 1 (Runser); Jersey City 0.
a Batted for Hanson in seventh.

Rochester	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	—6
Jersey City	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3

(Seven innings by agreement.)

Two-base hits—Lawry, Agnew, Freitas. Three-base hits—Lawry, Gonzales. Home run—Kirkham. Stolen base—Walsh. Sacrifice—Mum. Double plays—Hanson, Freitas and Holt; Bayes, Ray and Holt. Left on base—Jersey City 5, Rochester 5. Base on balls—Off Karpp 2, Frank 2, Hanson 3. Struck out—By Frank 1, Hanson 3, Karpp 1. Hits—Off Frank 7 in 2 innings (none out in fourth), off Hanson 8 in 4. Umpires—Majerkurth and Geisel. Time of game—1:20.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES

At Baltimore.

													R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	3	0	—	9	11	2		
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—	1	10	2		

Batteries—Thomas and Cobb; Blemiller and Hill.

Toronto at Reading, postponed, wet grounds.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	77	51	.713	Syracuse	82	58	.473
Toronto	69	43	.616	Buffalo	81	61	.455
Newark	67	54	.554	Reading	42	63	.400
Rochester	58	57	.504	Jersey City	36	75	.324

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Syracuse at Jersey City.
Rochester at Newark.
Buffalo at Reading.
Toronto at Baltimore.

Dates: Today, Ebbets Field, Skiys, vs. St. Louis 8:30 P. M.—Advt.

YANKS WIN OPENER FROM INDIANS, 7-5

Pennock Gains 16th Victory of Season as Champions Tighten Grip on First Place.

HUGMEN GET EARLY LEAD

Pound Smith for 4 Runs in First—4 Hits for Stephenson—Jones Returns to Team.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 7.—The Yankee pitching situation looks brighter. Herb Pennock downed the Indians in handy fashion today by the score of 7 to 5, and Sam Jones rejoined the club with the news that his elbow is not so badly out of order as was at first thought. At the same time the Yankees' success in the opener of the four-game engagement here increased their clutch on first place.

Southpaw Pennock's victory was his sixteenth of the season. He was hit rather briskly, but he did not have to extend himself, as his teammates had supplied him a pretty lead by pounding out four runs off Sherry Smith in the opening round. Pennock, working conservatively to save himself for the seven weeks to come, granted twelve hits, four of which went to the credit of Riggs Stephenson.

Stephenson has been back in the line-up only a short while, and it is now evident his injured leg, which kept him on the bench for a long period, practically knocked his club out of the running. Riggs has made things move since he returned to duty. Two of his hits today were doubles, and three of the five Cleveland runs were driven in by him.

Speaker Held Hitless.

Speaker was unable to get a hit off Pennock, while Pennock was the only Yank to go hitless. Witt, Dugan, Ruth, Schang and Scott got two each. A crowd of about 12,000 saw the game, and it is estimated that by this time the champions must have played to a total gate of close to a quarter of a million fans on the road.

Witt led off the attack on Smith in the first by pounding a single over Stephenson's head. Dugan tagged Smith for a hot hit through third. Ruth sacrificed, and then Smith fumbled Meusel's tap and Witt scored. Pipp's single scored Dugan, and Schang's single scored Meusel, while Pipp counted on Ward's hit through the box.

The Hugmen got another in the fourth on Scott's single, Pennock's sacrifice and Witt's single. Dugan and Ruth singled in the seventh and scored on Meusel's double.

The Indians tried to creep up, scoring single runs in the second, the fourth and the sixth, all due to Stephenson, and then in the seventh they got a pair on Smith's double, singles by Jamieson and Summa, Speaker's sacrifice fly, and Jolo Sewell's sacrifice fly. But at that point the Indian offensive ran out of steam.

Jones to Get Treatments.

According to Dr. Harry Knight, the Rochester, N. Y., specialist whom Sam Jones consulted, the trouble with his right elbow is a contracted ligament that has affected the muscles and nerves in his arm, causing him acute pain when he tries to deliver a ball. Jones is receiving special treatments and it is thought he may return to shape before the season is over. He was able to toss a few easy ones to the boys in practice today.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt, cf	5	1	2	4	0	Jamieson, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Dugan, 3b	5	2	2	0	0	Summa, rf	5	0	1	0	0
Ruth, rf	4	1	2	7	1	Speaker, cf	5	0	0	4	0
Meusel, lf	5	1	1	0	0	J. Sewell, ss	3	1	2	3	5
Pipp, 1b	5	1	1	6	1	Smith, p	3	1	0	0	0
Schang, c	4	0	2	4	0	Burns, lb	4	0	0	11	1
Ward, 2b	4	0	1	2	4	Steph'son, 2b	4	0	4	4	1
Scott, ss	4	1	2	2	2	Lutzke, 3b	3	0	0	2	1
Pennock, p	3	2	0	1	0	Smith, lb	4	1	2	1	6
Total	38	7	13	27	8	Total	35	5	12	27	16

Errors—New York 2 (Dugan, Ruth); Cleveland 2 (Summa, Smith).

New York	4	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0—7
Cleveland	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	0—5

Two-base hits—Meusel, Stephenson 2, J. Sewell, Smith. Sacrifices—Ruth, Pennock 2, J. Sewell. Double play—Ruth and Pipp. Left on bases—New York 7, Cleveland 8. Struck out—By Pennock 4. Umpires—Evans and Holmes. Time of game—1:52.

SKEETERS WIN AND LOSE.

Beat Rochester, 4 to 3, in Opener, but Drop Second, 6 to 3.

The Jersey City Skeeters broke even in a double-header with the Rochester Hustlers at Jersey City yesterday, winning the opening game by a score of 4 to 3, but losing the second encounter by a 6-3 score. It was the final series of the year in Jersey City between the two teams.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ROCHESTER (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lawry, lf	4	0	1	1	0	Conlon, cf	4	0	2	1	0
Agnew, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Runser, ss	5	0	2	8	2
Walsh, rf	3	1	2	4	0	Griffin, lf	5	0	2	0	0
Holt, 1b	3	2	2	9	0	Merkle, 1b	4	1	1	10	1
Freitas, c	3	1	1	2	2	Kirkham, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Sheridan, 3b	3	0	2	1	1	Luhte, 3b	4	0	1	2	1
Ray, ss	3	0	0	5	0	Gonzales, 2b	3	0	0	2	1
Bayes, 2b	3	0	0	2	4	Lake, c	3	1	0	5	1
Lucey, p	3	0	1	0	1	Wisner, p	2	1	1	0	5
						aRose	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	4	9	27	13	Total	32	3	8	24	12

Errors—Rochester 0, Jersey City 2 (Walsh, Bayes).
a Batted for Wisner in ninth.

Jersey City	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	—4
Rochester	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Runser, Sheridan. Stolen base—Sheridan. Sacrifice hits—Conlon, Ray, Freitas, Sheridan. Double plays—Bayes, Ray and Holt; Freitas and Holt. Left on base—Jersey City 6, Rochester 8. Bases on balls—Off Wisner 3, Lucey 5. Struck out—By Lucey 2, Wisner 4. Umpires—Geisel and Majerkurth. Time of game—2:00.

SECOND GAME.

ROCHESTER (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Conlon, cf	4	0	0	2	0	Lawry, lf	4	1	2	2	0
Runser, ss	4	0	1	2	2	Agnew, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Griffin, lf	4	0	2	0	0	Walsh, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Merkle, 1b	3	0	0	10	1	Holt, 1b	3	0	0	8	0
Kirkham, rf	4	2	2	0	0	Freitas, c	2	1	1	8	1
Luhte, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	Sheridan, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Gonzales, c	3	1	1	3	1	Ray, ss	3	0	1	1	4
Munn, c	1	1	0	4	0	Bayes, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
Karpp, p	2	1	1	1	1	Frank, p	1	0	0	0	0
						Hanson, p	0	0	0	0	0
						zGellars	1	0	1	0	0
Total	28	6	10	21	8	Total	27	3	7	21	9

Errors—Rochester 1 (Runser); Jersey City 0.
a Batted for Hanson in seventh.

Rochester	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	—6
Jersey City	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3

(Seven innings by agreement.)

Two-base hits—Lawry, Agnew, Freitas. Three-base hits—Lawry, Gonzales. Home run—Kirkham. Stolen base—Walsh. Gonzales. Sacrifice—Mum. Double plays—Hanson, Freitas and Holt; Bayes, Ray and Holt. Left on base—Jersey City 5, Rochester 5. Base on balls—Off Karpp 2, Frank 2, Hanson 3. Struck out—By Frank 1, Hanson 3, Karpp 1. Hits—Off Frank 7 in 2 innings (none out in fourth), off Hanson 8 in 4. Umpires—Majerkurth and Geisel. Time of game—1:20.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES

At Baltimore.

													R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	3	0	—	9	11	2		
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—	1	10	2		

Batteries—Thomas and Cobb; Blemiller and Hill.

Toronto at Reading, postponed, wet grounds.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	77	51	.713	Syracuse	82	58	.473
Toronto	69	43	.616	Buffalo	81	61	.455
Newark	67	54	.554	Reading	42	63	.400
Rochester	58	57	.504	Jersey City	36	75	.324

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Syracuse at Jersey City.
Rochester at Newark.
Buffalo at Reading.
Toronto at Baltimore.

Dates: Today, Ebbets Field, Skiys, vs. St. Louis 8:30 P. M.—Advt.

DODGERS TRIUMPH WHEN YDE FALTERS

Pittsburgh Youngster Suffers First Major League Defeat After Winning Eight.

GRIMES BEATS HIM, 9 TO 3

Robins Drive Southpaw Out in 5th, When Nels Hits a Triple With Bases Full.

Emile Yde, whose big league career has been seemthing of a sensation since he burst forth as the leading exponent of the left-handed curve on the Pittsburgh Pirates, discovered a new sensation yesterday and one that probably will linger long in his memory. Yde suffered his first major league defeat and it was at the hands of the Brooklyn Robins, who emerged from the torrid diamond at Ebbets Field 9-to-3 victors.

Yde had won eight straight games and, though he had failed to finish a game or two which he had started as a Pirate, he had never been chalked up with a defeat. And for that matter he probably never was so roughly handled as he was in the fifth inning of the final game with the Robins. Before Yde could be dragged from the mound in that inning he had walked two batters and yielded three hits which were worked into four tallies.

The blow that really caused his departure was a three-base drive by Bernie Neis, who emptied three well-loaded bases. Yde continued to cling to the left-handed curves to Fournier and when Jacques singled to centre and scored Neis, Bill McKechnie called his youngster from the fray and sent him to the welcome showers to cool off.

Grimes in Form After Third.

Opposed to Yde was Burleigh Grimes. Grimes had a fairly good afternoon of it. He was scored upon in the first and again in the third when a double, triple and single accounted for two runs. Thereafter until the ninth, he turned back the Pirates without any great trouble. Carey ushered a run over in the sixth via a two-bagger of his own and an infield out, but it was not until the ninth that any more serious damage was inflicted upon the Pirates. The cause of the careless method of letting runners run wild on the bags when the game is apparently sewed up, three more runs trickled in.

The Robins, however, had accumulated enough runs to withstand this assault, though the slender crowd of Flatbush fans felt rather nervous until Grimes himself dashed over to first to execute the last out. The Bruin had dribbled a slow roller to the box.

Carey opened the Pirate fourth with a double into centre. He was forced at third by Barnhart, and Cuyler sent Barnhart to third with a single. Wright fanned but Traynor, with the count two and two on him, laced a triple into centre and Barnhart and Cuyler both counted.

The Robins got back these two runs and added two in their fifth. This was the occasion when Mr. Yde passed from the picture. He had been going along nicely enough. He allowed a run in the first and another in the fourth, and then

VENTURE DEFEATS VAGRANT IN RACE

Captures Navy Challenge Cup for Schooners on Corrected Time in N. Y. Y. C. Cruise.

COUNTESS WINS TROPHY

Also Takes Navy Challenge Cup for Sloops—Fleet Starts Ocean Run Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BUZZARDS BAY, Mass., Aug. 7.—The New York Yacht Club fleet on its annual cruise arrived off the western entrance of the Cape Cod Canal today after a fine racing run from Newport for the Navy Challenge Cups. The winner in the schooner class was Venture, owned by William Greenough of New York which won the prize on corrected time after Commodore Vanderbilt's Vagrant had led the racing fleet to the finish line.

The prize for sloops was won by J. B. Dunbaugh's Countess of the 30-foot class which beat out Ogden Reid's Lena by 3 seconds. The finish among the 30-footers was very close after a race of 36¾ miles, with W. H. Hoffman's Minx third, less than a minute astern of Lena, and Oriole, the fourth boat, 22 seconds astern of Minx.

The finish in the New York Yacht Club 40-foot class was also remarkably close, considering the length of the run, the winner being C. B. Seeley's Shawara, which crossed the finish line 4 seconds ahead of Harry Maxwell's Banshee. The Maxwell sloop was 16 seconds ahead of Spencer Borden's Sally Ann and Holland Duell's Rowdy was 13 seconds astern of the Borden sloop.

Cockatoo Close Behind Rowdy.

Cockatoo, the fifth boat to finish in the class, was 22 seconds astern of Rowdy. Grey Dawn and Nimbus in the Larchmont O class also had a very close race, Vice Commodore Johnson's boat finishing 44 seconds ahead of Nimbus, sailed by E. P. Alker.

The Nimbus had crossed the starting line ahead of the signal and was disqualified by the Race Committee.

Unlike the soft winds of yesterday, when the Astor Cups were sailed, there was a strong southwestern of the smoky variety today that sent racing vessels along at fine speed and which strengthened to 15 knots toward the end of the race. The yachts had a reaching breeze from the starting line at Brenton Reef to the Hen and Chickens Light Vessel at the entrance to Buzzard's Bay, and from that point to the finish line it was a run before the wind, the schooners finishing under all the canvas that could be crowded on their tall spars.

Vagrant found the strong breezes to her liking, and, after getting away in front, led the fleet the entire distance, traveling at fine speed. During the race the Vagrant carried a big balloon main-topmast stay sail, which pulled her along in great shape, but soon after passing Hen and Chickens the stay-sail sheet carried away. Before it could be made fast and was drawing again, the flagship had lost some of her lead over the Ohonkara, which was the second of the big schooners at this point.

Finishes Astern Vagrant.

Vagrant finished at 1:53:22, her elapsed time for the course being 3 hours 28 minutes 22 seconds for the 36¾ miles course. Venture, the smallest of the schooners racing and a former New York Yacht Club fifty-footer, won the Navy Challenge Cup on corrected time, although she finished far astern of Vagrant.

There were twenty-six racing yachts which took part in today's run and many of them tomorrow will start on the second squadron run of the cruise, which takes the fleet on the long ocean thrash of 167 miles, from the eastern entrance of the Cape Cod Canal to Islesboro, Me.

The summaries:

SCHOONERS, CLASSES A, B, C, E, F, FF. Start 10:25. Distance 36¾ miles.

Yacht.	Owner.	Finish.	Corrected Time.
Vagrant,	H. S. Vanderbilt	1:53:22	2:32:25
Venture,	Wm. Greenough	2:38:56	2:24:45
Queen Mab,	R. F. Ayer	2:32:23	2:41:37
Ohankara,	Carll Tucker	2:07:39	2:49:25
Nomad		2:45:26	3:05:10
Raccoon,	F. D. M. Strachan	Time not taken	

Winners—Class C—Vagrant; special Class E and FF—Venture.

SCHOONERS, CLASS D. Start 10:30.

Wildfire,	C. L. Harding	2:08:43	2:36:03
Irolita,	E. W. Clarke	2:24:23	2:46:24
Flying Cloud,	W. W. Aldrich	Time not taken	

Winner—Class D, Wildfire.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 50-FOOTERS. Start, 10:35.

		H.M.S.
Iroquois II.,	Paul Hammond	2:32:33
Carolina,	George Nichols	2:34:00
Spartan,	H. W. Hanan	Time not taken
Barabard,	L. V. Merriman	Time not taken

LARCHMONT O CLASS. Start, 10:35.

Gray Dawn,	P. H. Johnson	2:49:08
Nimbus,	E. P. Alker	Time not taken

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 40-FOOTERS. Start, 10:40.

Shawara,	C. B. Seeley	2:49:01
Banshee,	H. L. Maxwell	2:49:05
Sally Ann,	Spencer Borden Jr.	2:49:21
Rowdy,	H. S. Duell	2:49:34
Cockatoo,	Amory Coolidge	2:49:56
Mistral,	W. B. Bell	2:51:43
Alice,	C. B. Keeler	2:52:50

SPECIAL CLASS N AND NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 40-FOOTERS.

Winner, Alice, Corrected time, 2:25:06.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 30-FOOTERS. Start, 10:45.

Countess,	J. B. Dunbaugh	3:26:06
Lena,	Ogden Reid	3:26:59
Minx,	W. H. Hoffman	3:27:07
Oriole,	S. C. Firle	3:27:29

CANADIAN YACHTS LEAD IN REGATTA

Dominion Skippers Add More Points Toward Cups in Races on Sodus Bay.

SODUS BAY, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Canadian craft again carried off the lion's share of the honors in the second day of the three-day regatta of the Lake Yacht Racing Association here today. Ideal sailing weather with choppy seas and stiff northwesterly winds put the mettle of the crews and crafts to a genuine test. The Dominion skippers added more points toward the cups offered in the two feature classes—those for the P. and R. class boats—and also continuing victories in the class of smaller ratings.

America again scored in only two classes—The Alice, Commodore Lansing's schooner, from the Crescent Yacht Club of Watertown, winning in class I, and Brisquett V. 20, of the Buffalo Canoe Club, again beating its only rival, the V. 10, Sister Club boat.

Mayada, skippered by Addison of the Royal Canadian Club, again conquered the Rivenna, winner of the George Cup race at Chaumont Bay. Caramia of the Kingston Yacht Club, winner of the Freeman race, evened up on the Patricia for the plate offered in the P class. Alice kept the American craft in the running by winning in Class O, the Watertown boat finishing behind the Iroquois of the Rochester Yacht Club, but being awarded the first position on corrected time. Greyling of the R. C. Y. C. and Tantrum of Rochester staged a stiff contest in Class A, the former coming home ahead of the Tantrum by less than half a minute.

British 6-Meters Will Come To America Aboard Aquitania

SOUTHAMPTON, England, Aug. 7.—The four British yachts—Thistle, Zenith, Echo and Betty—which are to compete in the six-meter class yacht race for the British-American Cup, will be placed on the liner Aquitania, leaving Southampton Aug. 16. It is expected that the owners of the yachts—Constance, Lady Bird, J. L. Lewis, Sir Thomas Glen-Coates and J. E. Haldinstein—will take passage on the ship.

AMATEUR OARSMEN READY FOR REGATTA

National Executive Committee Votes to Change Course for Title Races Today.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 7.—Sweep-swingers and scullers of the United States and Canada worked out on the Connecticut River this evening practicing sprints and starts for the fifty-second annual championship regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, which begins tomorrow afternoon.

The Executive Committee of the N. A. A. O. late tonight voted to change the course and have the races rowed upstream.

The day was too hot and humid for much activity, and the coaches were considering seriously the effect which the conditions would have on their men. This was true especially of the Argonauts of Toronto, the eight-oared crew which came down from Canada with the Dominion championship. Coach Joe Wright did not let them go on the river until almost dusk. The Century Boat Club four of St. Louis, swinging eight-inch blades, was another crew that waited until evening to go out. They are the Western champions.

W. E. Garrett Gilmore of the Bachelors' Barge Club, Philadelphia, fresh from his Olympic honors, tried out his new Sims shell earlier in the day, and was on the river bank to watch Russell Codman Jr. of the Union Boat Club, Boston, New England champion, in his test tonight.

The contest between Gilmore and Codman, A. E. Fitzpatrick of Malta Boat Club, Philadelphia; J. M. Blessing Jr. of the Undines, Philadelphia; John Durnan of the Argonauts and M. E. Lane and S. B. Hartman of the Detroit Boat Club, with eight or ten others, for the association singles title, probably will carry with it the national championship. Paul Costello of the Penn A. C., Philadelphia, who returned only a day or two ago from the Olympics, is not expected to appear for the senior singles event which carries the title, and as he is the only man who is qualified to enter as a former association winner the title will go to the victor in the association singles by default.

Similarly, Costello and John B. Kelly, who won the doubles title at the Paris Olympics, will not be on hand to defend their national championship.

The Argonauts, in their effort to add American honors to those gained in Canada, will meet again the Undine Barge Club's eight from Philadelphia, which was second to them last Saturday, two crews from the New York Athletic Club and the Light Lachine Rowing Club eight from Lachine, Que.

The oarsmen pulled their craft today over a course downstream, as established by the National Association, but at the same time local officials had set their minds on a course upstream. Each is one and a quarter miles in length, and both finish just south of the Memorial Bridge, which offers a grandstand for hundreds. Against the local objection that the downstream course requires passage under two bridges, N. A. A. O. officials emphasized the fact that no championship regatta has ever been held upstream. An effort was being made tonight to have the association officials reconsider their action.

The events tomorrow, beginning at 2 o'clock, will include the finals of the intermediate doubles, senior 145-pound four with coxswain, intermediate eights, senior quadruple sculls and the preliminary competition in the intermediate and association singles.

KATE HAL'S FAST HEAT FAILS TO WIN RACE

Steps Mile in 2:03½ at Goshen, but $2,000 Purse Is Taken by Symbol S. Forest.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, N. Y., Aug. 7.—After pacing the fastest heat of the race, Kate Hal was beaten today in the closing day of the races by Symbol S. Forest. The time for each mile was very fast.

Tommy Berry gathered in all the cups offered, winning the cup offered by Thomas W. Murphy for the driver winning the free-for-all trot; the President's Cup for the owner of the horse trotting the fastest mile in a race, which was won by the owner of Mrs. Yerkes in Mr. Berry's stable, and the Goshen Chamber of Commerce Cup to the owner of the horse pacing the fastest mile in a race, which was Kate Hal in Mr. Berry's stable. The meeting was a great success.

The summaries:

2:14 CLASS—TROTTING. Purse $2,000.

Dr. Nick, blk g., by Dr. Igoe (H. Brusie)	2	1	1	
Frank Watts, b. g. (Ackerman)	1	2	4	
Kena A-Zoff, b. m. (White)	3	7	2	
Miladi Guy, b. m. (Geers)	3	4	3	
Major Riser, blk. g. (Hinds)	5	3	5	
Progress, br. h. (Snow)	7	5	6	
Ruth Brooke, b. g. (Lesse)	6	6	7	

Time—2:09¼, 2:10¾, 2:08¾.

2:20 CLASS—TROTTING. Purse $2,000.

Eleanor Guy, b. m., by Guy Axworthy (Loomis)	7	8	1	1
Joe Knight, b. g., by Border Knight (Snow)	1	6	3	2
Worthy Todd, b. h., by Peter Worthy (Lesse)	2	1	6	3
Tobena, br. m. (Dickerson)	3	2	7	ro
King Worthy, b. g. (Munee)	4	3	2	ro
Sybil Frisco, b. m. (L. Brusie)	6	5	4	ro
Astyra, b. m. (Maloney)	5	4	5	ro
Atlantic Princess, br. m. (Phillips)	8	7	6	ro

Time—2:07¾, 2:06¾, 2:09¾, 2:13¾.

2:05 CLASS—PACING. Purse $2,000.

Symbol S. Forest, b. h., by Symbolser (Pitman)	3	1	1	
Kate Hal, ch. m. (Berry)	1	2	2	
Pale Face, gr. g. (Spafford)	2	3	3	
Gamey the Great, ro. g. (Houten)	5	4	4	
Verlie Patchen, blk. m. (Lesse)	4	5	5	
Ivalou, b. m. (Hyde)	6	6	6	Dis

Time—2:03½, 2:03¾, 2:05.

BAYSIDE CREW WINS.

Enters Junior Yacht Final, Beating Seawanhaka Corinthians.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 7.—The Bayside Yacht Club today entered the finals for the junior yacht racing championship of Long Island Sound by defeating the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club crew in two straight races off South Port, Conn., winning the first by 48 seconds and the second by 44 seconds.

In the other semi-final the Stamford Yacht Club first crew and the Larchmont crew were tied after four races. It is expected that the final races will be sailed tomorrow. The winner of the Stamford-Larchmont series will meet the Cedarhurst and Bayside crews in the finals.

PELICAN IS VICTOR IN YACHT RACE

Beats Constance by 22 Seconds in Great South Bay Y. R. A. Regatta.

SEVERAL BOATS CAPSIZE

Stiff Breeze Makes Sailing Difficult—Yama Yama, Zym Zym, Midge Among Winning Craft.

BAY SHORE, L. I., Aug. 7.—Yachtsmen who are taking part in the ninth annual cruise of the Great South Bay Yacht Racing Association had fine sport today. The second championship regatta was sailed off the Bay Shore Yacht Club in a two-reefed breeze. Regardless of the shortened canvas, the southwest wind was entirely too strong for many of the craft. A few were dismasted, others were capsized and still more found the going so bad they could not finish. Though the accidents were more numerous than is generally reported during a heavy weather race, fortunately not one was serious, and all of the Corinthians are eager for the third championship regatta off Bellport Bay tomorrow.

Great South Bay was being whipped into a sea of rolling whitecaps when the Corinthians stood out for the starting line. When Great South Bay is rough, it is rough, and it was rough today. Despite this, seventy-nine yachts went to the starting line, a record fleet for Great South Bay yachting.

Interest centred in the racing among the P division boats. The winner today was Pelican, which is owned by J. W. and T. T. Everitt. The yacht won by 22 seconds from Constance, owned by Northam Warren, which was the winner on Wednesday, although the race was wrongly credited to Elvira. In the Q division Invader was the first home and Alouette, which belongs to J. R. Moore Jr., took first in the R division.

Yama Yama Is Victor.

Among the Islip one-design yachts the first home was Yama Yama, which belongs to R. M. Brewster. Then came Scout, the property of G. H. Walbridge, which won the first regatta, 6 minutes and 5 seconds astern. Majesty, owned by F. C. Gurney, again won among the larger catboats, and in the smaller catboat class the winner was Edith S., which belongs to R. S. Haight.

Zym Zym, which is owned by G. H. Zimmerman, took first place among the Bellport Bay one design yachts. In the Indian Class, Yennecott turned the tables on Oneida, the winner of the first race. Among the Cedarhurst one design class, Mistral was the first across the finish line. The usual large fleet of Shore Birds started and the winner was Blue Goose, which belongs to Carl Pflug.

E. B. Austin's Midge led home the Class S division of sloops. The W catboat class was taken by Yes Cat, which belongs to John Hearns. Although this division raced on Wednesday the summary of the class was not announced as the rating of the craft were not known. Today it was said that the winner was Day B., which belongs to E. Brackenberg.

Fifteen Boats in Race.

The Marconi rigged sloops of the little S. S. class was won by No. 2, which is owned by Ena Ferwerda. The regular S. S. division filled with fifteen boats. The first home was Miss Margaret Borland's No. 17. The yacht won by 1 minute and 21 seconds from J. Pflug's craft. Then came Ralph Hartell's boat.

The fleet will leave here tomorrow morning on the third squadron run. The destination is Bellport Bay. It is as far as the cruise goes for the eastward. There will be another championship regatta tomorrow afternoon.

The summaries:

SLOOPS—CLASS P. Start 2:26; course 13½ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Corrected Time.
	H. M. S.
Pelican, J. W. and T. T. Everitt	2:22:31
Constance, N. Warren	2:22:53
Elsa, F. Bigelow	Withdrew
Kid, C. Kreisler	Withdrew

SLOOPS—CLASS Q. Start 2:29; course 13½ miles.

Invader, F. Allaire	2:22:48
Eagle, T. G. Hard	2:40:34
Dixie, Ford and Howard	Withdrew

SLOOPS—CLASS R. Start 2:29; course 13½ miles.

Alouette, J. R. Moore Jr.	3:17:14
Norahgie, F. Hewett	Withdrew

ISLIP ONE DESIGN CLASS. Start 2:42; course 13½ miles.

Yama Yama, R. M. Brewster	2:34:20
Scout, G. H. Walbridge	2:40:25
Surprise, G. M. Shepherd	2:43:49
Fantasie, Geer and Ketcham	2:43:25
Electra, F. T. Ackerson	2:45:23
Kodar, H. M. Drake	2:48:45
Virginia III., H. D. Doer	2:51:06
Spindrift, Alger and Canard	Withdrew

CATBOATS—CLASS A. A. Start 2:45; course 9 miles.

Majesty, F. C. Gurney	1:40:12
Fatima, G. Linn	1:51:39
Rainbow, A. A. Bird	1:55:11
Dove, M. F. O'Callahan	1:55:48
Kitsery, C. W. Bigelow	1:58:43

CATBOATS—CLASS V. Start 2:48—Course 9 Miles.

Edith S., R. S. Haight	1:45:28
Adelaide IV., W. E. Conklin	1:46:37
Gladys, L. Smyth	1:50:25

BELLPORT BAY ONE DESIGN. Start 2:51—Course 9 Miles.

Zim Zim, G. H. Zimmerman	2:02:29
Ma 2, J. Pflug	2:03:37
Lady Madge, M. Perine	2:06:04
Her Ladyship, E. and R. Anderson	Withdrew
Mollusk, Miss E. B. Ketcham	Withdrew

INDIAN CLASS. Start 2:54—Course 9 Miles.

Yennecott, C. D. Moore	2:06:55
Oneida, S. H. Gillespie	2:07:52

CEDARHURST ONE DESIGN. Start 2:54—Course 9 Miles.

Mistral, H. Low	2:23:30
Coquina, L. B. Ellinan Jr.	2:25:47
Curlew, T. I. Williams	Withdrew

SHORE BIRDS. Start 2:57—Course 9 Miles.

Blue Goose, D. Pflug	2:04:44
Skimmer, W. C. Atwater Jr.	2:06:35
Harlequin, S. H. Gillespie	2:17:42
Blue Peter, Dr. G. S. Rice	2:40:04
Kildee, G. French	2:40:22
Blue Wing, W. de Gumoens	Withdrew
Sturtler, H. E. Sayre	Withdrew
Avocet, S. M. Simes	Withdrew
Curlew, F. A. M. Burrell	Withdrew

SLOOPS—CLASS S. Start 3:00; Course 9 Miles.

Midge, E. B. Austin	2:01:35
Alice, M. F. Hughes	2:26:51
Ginty, J. F. Zerga Jr.	Withdrew
Hullo, Miss A. R. Hilker	Withdrew
Peg, G. L. Walker	Capsized

CATBOATS—CLASS W. Start 3:03; Course 4½ Miles.

Yes Cat, John Hearns	1:59:28
Teaser, C. A. Axtmann Jr.	1:59:40
Day B., E. Brackenberg	2:06:40
Serena	2:11:48
Miss Kathryn, R. Hurley	2:13:32

SLOOPS—CLASS M. Start 3:06; Course 4½ Miles.

No. 2, Ena Ferwerda	2:12:10
No. 6, S. H. Gillespie	2:12:07
No. 7, S. F. Medina	2:40:45
No. 8, B. L. Allen	Dismasted
No. 8, H. Clopper	Dismasted

SLOOPS—CLASS S. S. Start 3:09; Course 4½ Miles.

No. 17, Miss M. Borland	4:11:41
No. 9, J. Pflug	4:12:02
No. 10, R. Hartel	4:13:11
No. 41, L. A. Hallock	4:15:00
No. 57, Mrs. Newton H. Day	4:15:50
No. 98, B. Fenner	4:16:00
No. 55, W. Leslie	4:19:43
No. 1, F. Crampton Jr.	4:22:54
No. 46, S. Lynn	4:29:51
No. 52, F. Ferguson	4:31:28
No. 40, H. S. Medina	4:32:15
No. 30, J. J. Atwater	Disqualified
No. 65, J. W. Hasler	Capsized
No. 7, Jack McAlenan	Capsized
No. 56, L. Emery	Capsized

Other News of Sports on Next Two Pages

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WHITES OVERWHELM BLUE FOUR, 10 TO 3

Tentative Team Plays Brilliantly in Trial Polo Match at Meadow Brook.

PEDLEY AND MILBURN STAR

Hopping and Stevenson Also Help to Beat Webb, Hitchcock, Strawbridge and Cowdin.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Aug. 7.—The lineup that represented the tentative polo team today proved perhaps the best that has ridden in the white shirts during the series of trial matches at the Meadow Brook Club, where the Defense Committee of the United States Polo Association has been endeavoring to assemble the strongest possible four to face the British horsemen for the International Challenge Cup next month. The team presented a combination of Eric Pedley at No. 1, Earle W. Hopping at No. 2, Malcolm Stevenson at No. 3 and Devereux Milburn at back and overwhelmed a team of equal potential strength, mounted on ponies of equal ability, by the score of 10 to 3.

The Blues had J. Watson Webb, the veteran of the 1921 matches, at No. 1, mounted on ponies from the international stable; they had Thomas Hitchcock, one of the two ten-goal men in the country and considered a certainty for the American team, also mounted on ponies from the international string, at No. 2; Robert E. Strawbridge, who has been playing on a par with Stevenson since he returned to the competition after a broken rib, was at No. 3, and J. Cheever Cowdin was at back. Strawbridge and Cowdin were riding their own ponies, but so were Pedley and Hopping. Each team carried a total handicap rating of thirty-three goals. Yet the going was in favor of the Whites throughout the eight periods.

The weather was hot for polo and both the players and the ponies suffered from the humidity, man and horse alike dripping with perspiration when the final gong rang. But despite the heat the play was fast and the working of the Whites was good to watch. Milburn especially was brilliant, roving the field and carrying a great part of the attack as well as covering his position on the defense. When Milburn found the opportunity and the occasion to go forward, Stevenson dropped to the rear and protected the goal. His strokes did not carry the power of the great Milburn but they kept the ball out of the danger zone on many occasions when the Blues rode down on the goal.

Pedley Starts Scoring.

Pedley, except for the fact that he was often out of position, played with his usual brilliance. During the first four periods the Whites rolled up an advantage of 6—1, and the young Californian was responsible for four of his team's total. He started the scoring in the first period with one of the most sensational shots seen on Meadow Brook field in many months, hitting from a seemingly impossible angle while riding at full tilt. But it was in the third period that he really showed what he could do in the way of gathering points. He took a pass from Milburn to score just after the gong opened the period. A little later he came dashing in from nowhere after Cowdin had missed a chance to get the ball away from the danger zone, and counted again, and just before the chukker came to a close he scored his third goal of the period and his fourth of the game.

After that he had few opportunities, for the blue-clad horsemen watched his every move and kept him out of the way as much as possible. He tried to shake off the pursuing horsemen by riding from one end of the field to the other in position but with an object, but that did him no good, and every time he came back to the forward post to take a pass from one of his teammates he was again surrounded. However, he did serve a purpose, for with Cowdin and Strawbridge both chasing him, Hopping and Milburn were able to carry on the work of piling up points.

The showing of Tommy Hitchcock, one of the real stars of the country, was disappointing today. Whether it was the weather or whether the young horseman from Westbury just had an off day is not certain, but he did not play anywhere near the ten-goal game at which he is rated. In fact, if one were to judge on today's performance alone and not by what it is known Hitchcock is able to do when he is right, it would be the general opinion that there were at least six horsemen on the field better than Tommy. He was missing shots that he seldom misses, he was not getting the ball up the field with the long drives through the air that the spectators have come to expect when he swings his mallet, and he was helpless against the defense of Stevenson and Milburn. Webb, too, was unable to get the ball between the posts on the few shots he had, and altogether the pair that has been considered the first forwards for the past week were badly outclassed by Pedley and Hopping, who wore the White today.

Strawbridge Improving.

Strawbridge showed an improvement in his play that undoubtedly will cause him to have a chance to play in front of Milburn in the near future. Since his recovery from a broken rib, the young Philadelphian has shown much of the game he played last Fall in the open championship and the Monty Waterbury Cup tournament and this Spring in the first series of trials for the international candidates. Today he continued to play with the aggressiveness he was lacking in the first trials at Meadow Brook and if his work keeps showing up as well as it has in the last few games, Stevenson will be forced to don a blue shirt. Even if Strawbridge fails to displace Stevenson as the regular No. 3 it is practically certain that he will be retained on the squad when the final cut is made, for if anything should happen to Milburn it would be Strawbridge who would be asked to carry the burden of the defense.

There never was any doubt as to the ultimate outcome of today's contest after the first few minutes of play. The Whites took the aggressive from the start and kept it throughout the entire eight periods. Pedley's beautiful goal from a hard angle was the only score of the first period, coming about three minutes after the contest started. In the second, however, Milburn indicated what sort of game he intended to play, scoring the Whites' second point after leaving his position and coming up the field to take part in the attack. A moment later Hopping secured the willow sphere in the centre of the turf and carried it on a long dash across the intervening space to send it through the Blues' goal.

Then, in the third chukker, Pedley broke loose and rolled up three more points for the Whites. In between his second and third, Cowdin got off to a long dash from midfield and counted the Blues' first tally of the day. During the fourth period Strawbridge and Webb started a little team work that threatened to add somewhat to the Blues' total, but each time the pair approached the goal at the other end of the field they were turned back by Stevenson or Milburn, who seemed ever on the alert to check any attack made by the Blue horsemen. However, this assault by Strawbridge and Webb kept the Whites occupied to such an extent that they were unable to add to their score during the chukker.

In the fifth Hopping had many opportunities on which he failed to realize, his drives going wide of the mark, but Milburn came up the field and scored one more for the Whites. In the sixth period Strawbridge made a fine shot under his pony's neck that went spinning through the posts, but by that time the Whites were so far out in front that the score brought slight comfort to the Blues. Cowdin hooked one out of a scrimmage in front of the posts and gave his team one more point. In the seventh Hopping took a pass from Pedley and made good, and Stevenson followed a minute later with another. Milburn counted the final goal of the game in the eighth. The line-up:

WHITES (10).	BLUES (3).
No. 1—E. Pedley.	No. 1—J. W. Webb.
No. 2—E. W. Hopping.	No. 2—T. Hitchcock Jr.
No. 3—M. Stevenson.	No. 3—R. Strawbridge.
Back—D. Milburn.	Back—J. C. Cowdin.

Goals—Whites: Pedley 4, Milburn 3, Hopping 2, Stevenson 1. Blues: Cowdin 2, Strawbridge 1.

Referee—Captain Winn. Umpire—H. White, U. S. Time—Periods of 7½ minutes.

Borotra, Brugnon and Lacoste Form French Davis Cup Team

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The French Davis Cup team going to the United States to meet the winner of the finals in the American zone tennis competition will be composed of Jean Borotra, captain; Jacques Brugnon and Rene Lacoste. The team will sail Saturday on the steamer Paris. Henri Cochet has found it impossible to make the trip and will not be a member of the team.

MISS BAYARD BEATS MEXICAN CHAMPION

Triumphs Over Mrs. Hitchins, 6-3, 6-0, in State Tennis—Miss MacDonald Other Finalist.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Miss Mayme MacDonald, national clay court and metropolitan clay and grass court champion, will meet Miss Martha Bayard, ninth ranking player in the United States, tomorrow in the final of the New York State women's championship tennis tournament on the courts of the Westchester Biltmore Club. Today Miss MacDonald gained the final bracket by defeating Mrs. Helene Pollak Falk, 6—4, 6—3, while Miss Bayard advanced to the title round by eliminating Mrs. C. V. Hitchins, champion of Mexico, at 6—3, 6—0.

In the doubles Miss Bayard and Miss Katherine Gardiner reached the final round, while Miss Penelope Davies and Mrs. F. C. Brush earned the right to meet Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Edward Raymond in the lower semi-final by eliminating Mrs. Hitchins and Mrs. Samuel H. Waring.

Neither of the singles victors was pressed to gain the final bracket. Miss MacDonald, with her splendid overhead game working especially well, forced Mrs. Falk out of position and killed with nicely angled volleys to earn most of her points. Mrs. Falk, however, proved a steady player, and she fought from the back court with such energy that she kept her opponent away from the net most of the time.

The day was so hot that every player on the courts was dripping wet after one set, and the humidity taxed the strength of even the most hardy. Miss MacDonald, perhaps, was the most tireless of any, and after taking the first set found less opposition against her in the second, as Mrs. Falk showed the strain of working under the hot sun.

Miss Bayard had an easy time in gaining her victory, and, like Miss MacDonald, profited by her youth. Miss Bayard has come through against a hard field, eliminating Miss Jessie Gott, Miss Anna H. Fuller, Miss Katherine Gardiner and Mrs. Hitchins in the order named, and her game today was stronger than when she started in the tournament, despite the weather. Miss Bayard showed great energy in covering the court, running from one side to the other to make seemingly impossible gets and playing with such steadiness that her opponent had little chance of gaining by errors. Evidently Mrs. Hitchins realized this fact, for she drove hard and for the corners in desperation in the second set, but her strokes were not so accurate as usual and her brave efforts cost her the set at love.

The summaries:

Singles, Semi-Finals—Miss Mayme MacDonald defeated Mrs. Helene Pollak Falk, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Martha Bayard defeated Mrs. C. V. Hitchins, 6—3, 6—0.

Doubles, Semi-Finals—Miss Martha Bayard and Miss Katherine Gardiner defeated Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Mrs. J. Saunders Taylor, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Penelope Davies and Mrs. F. C. Brush won from Mrs. Hitchins and Mrs. Samuel H. Waring.

DRAW IS ANNOUNCED FOR WOMEN'S TOURNEY

Miss Wills to Face Mrs. Beaupre in First Round of Title Tennis Play—59 Are Entered.

Miss Helen Wills of California will face Mrs. L. C. Beaupre as her first opponent when she starts the defense of her title in the women's national championship tournament on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club next Monday. A record-breaking entry of fifty-nine competitors, representing all sections of the country, has been received for the title tournament, and the draw was made yesterday at the offices of the United States Lawn Tennis Association. Eight of the leading players of the United States were seeded according to their standing in the national ranking, and the luck of the draw produced two well-balanced sections which promise excellent and closely contested matches from the opening round on through the final.

The players who were seeded are Miss Helen Wills, Berkeley, Cal., National title holder; Mrs. Molla B. Mallory of New York, six times national champion; Miss Mary Browne of Santa Monica, Cal., three times national champion; Miss Eleanor Goss of New York, Mrs. Marion Z. Jessup of Wilmington, Del.; Miss Mayme MacDonald, national clay court champion; Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston and Miss Martha Bayard of Short Hills, N. J. The seeded players in the upper half of the draw include Mrs. Mallory, Miss Sigourney, Miss Goss and Miss Bayard, while in the lower half appear the names of Miss Wills, Mrs. Jessup, Miss Browne and Miss MacDonald.

First-round matches, as a result of the draw, which promise outstanding play include Mrs. Mallory vs. Miss Corona Winn, Miss Goss vs. Miss Marguerita C. Ginn, Miss Eleanor Sears vs. Mrs. B. M. Huff, Miss Martha Bayard vs. Mrs. James McMillan. First-round play in the lower half will bring together Miss Wills and Mrs. Beaupre, former champion of Quebec; Mrs. Jessup vs. Mrs. Bronson Batchelor; Miss Mary K. Browne vs. Mrs. S. H. Waring; Miss Leslie Bancroft vs. Mrs. Phillip B. Hawk, Miss MacDonald vs. Miss Martha Hollister, Miss Marion F. Leighton of Chicago, Ill., Western champion vs. Miss Agnes Sherwood.

The draw in full is as follows:

Upper Half.

Second Round, First Round Bye—Mrs. Molla B. Mallory vs. Miss Corona Winn.

First Round—Mrs. Warren W. Lewis vs. Mrs. Arthur M. Duncan, Mrs. Martin Vorhaus vs. Miss Caroline Sanister, Miss Edith Sigourney vs. Miss Vandy Cups, Miss Elisabeth Hugus vs. Mrs. Robert Le Roy, Miss Mildred Willard vs. Miss Florence Sheldon, Mrs. F. W. Rosser vs. Miss Louise Collins, Miss Eleanor Goss vs. Miss Marguerita C. Ginn, Mrs. B. E. Cole vs. Miss Penelope Davis, Mrs. J. E. Bailey vs. Miss Isabella Lee Mumford, Miss Eleanora Sears vs. Mrs. M. S. Huff, Miss Martha Bayard vs. Mrs. James McMillan, Mrs. B. F. Stenz vs. Miss Alice C. Francis, Miss Katharine Cauldwell vs. Miss Katherine D. Porter, Mrs. J. C. Brush vs. Miss Katherine Gardner.

Lower Half.

First Round—Miss Helen Wills vs. Mrs. L. C. Beaupre, Mrs. Harrison Smith vs. Mrs. Eulalie Orlick Falk, Miss Gertrude M. Hopkins vs. Miss Cerre S. Sechler, Miss Margaret Blake vs. Miss Jessie Gott, Mrs. Marion Z. Jessup vs. Mrs. Bronson Batchelor, Miss Mary B. Case vs. Miss Virginia Carpenter, Miss Edith E. Handy vs. Mrs. J. C. Collingwood, Miss Marion F. Leighton vs. Miss Agnes Sherwood, Miss Mary K. Browne vs. Mrs. S. H. Waring, Mrs. Naomi F. Thompson vs. Miss Penelope Anderson, Miss Anna Fuller vs. Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, Miss Leslie Bancroft vs. Mrs. Phillip B. Hawk, Miss Martha Hollister vs. Miss Mayme MacDonald, Miss Martha Bayard vs. Miss Martha Hoffman.

Second Round, First Round Bye—Miss Raymond Newton vs. winner Miss MacDonald-Miss Hollister, Miss Theodore Sohst vs. Mrs. J. Saunders Taylor.

SNODGRASS BEATS BROOKES IN 3 SETS

Californian's Speed Humbles Veteran Australian in Southampton Tourney.

HOWARD KINSEY IS VICTOR

Reaches Semi-Finals by Eliminating Whitbeck—Australians Win in Doubles Play.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 7.—The skill and craftiness of Norman Brookes met the burning speed of California this afternoon, and again, as in his memorable match with Maurice McLoughlin in 1914, the Australian tasted defeat. Harvey Snodgrass, ninth ranking player in the country, sent the forty-six-year-old veteran out of the Southampton invitation tournament in the fourth round with the finest exhibition of tennis he probably has put up before an Eastern gallery. The score was 6—1, 4—6, 6—4.

Snodgrass went into the semi-final round and tomorrow will meet Robert Kinsey, who advanced yesterday. Howard Kinsey, the ranking star, defeated John F. Whitbeck of Bronxville, N. Y., this morning at 6—2, 6—4, to reach the semi-finals, and tomorrow will face Brian I. C. Norton of St. Louis, who defeated S. Howard Voshell on Tuesday. The final will be played on Saturday.

Play in the doubles, under the direction of Dr. Walter L. Niles and L. Du Pont Irving, was also brought down to the semi-finals. Brookes still has another chance for victory, for he and Richard Schlessinger are bracketed with Snodgrass and Wesbrook. The two other surviving teams are the Kinsey brothers and Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer, intercollegiate champions.

The Kinseys came close to meeting defeat at the hands of Edward Feibleman and Fred Anderson in the third round. The metropolitan players, with their great height, gave a brilliant account of themselves at the net and took the first set and carried the score to deuce in the second set. It was only by a big effort and a notable tightening up in their stroking, which had been ragged, that the Californians staved off defeat and won at 3—6, 8—6, 6—2.

Norton and Kelleher Lose.

White and Thalheimer added another fine performance to their long string for the season by defeating Norton and Hugh Kelleher of New York at 3—6, 6—4, 7—5. The Australians defeated Gerald Emerson and Jerry Lang of Columbia at 6—2, 6—2, and Snodgrass and Westbrook put out Tom Mangin and Fritz Mercur.

Snodgrass is not a Maurice McLoughlin and Brookes is not the player today that he was ten years ago, but the performance of the Californian against the man who stands out as one of the immortals of the game and who was good enough to defeat Francis Hunter at Wimbledon this year will long be remembered by those who saw the match today.

In the first set Snodgrass had Brookes completely at his mercy. Tactics were futile against the sort of tennis that Brookes had to face. Snodgrass's service, with its terrific pace and exaggerated twist, was not to be solved, and Brookes, making futile stabs at it, would look at the turf as though seeking some foreign substance that had caused it to take such a "kick."

Off the ground the Californian stroked with an eye for the openings and a precision that was deadly. Measuring the length of the court and timing his strokes perfectly, he sent the ball speeding down the side lines wide of Brookes's racquet for a continual succession of placements. At the net, too, Snodgrass was always a menace. His volleys were decisive endings to the rallies, and many of them were made from deep in his court to Brookes's base line corners.

The Californian always played for a winning shot, even when he was not set to make his stroke. Many of his best shots were made after he had recovered one of Brookes's best planned placements. The Australian found that it was an exceedingly difficult matter to put the ball out of reach of Snodgrass, whose gets were breath taking at times. On one occasion he returned the ball after Brookes had turned his back on the net. Only the gasp from the gallery awakened him to the fact that the shot had been returned.

In the second set Brookes exhibited some of the shots and the strategy for which he is famous. Snodgrass's best efforts were in vain as his opponent brought off one surprising placement after another and kept him running for unexpected shots. A backhand half-volley across court for a placement ace from his base line by Brookes was about the most daring shot of the match. The Australian veteran put his opponent to rout several times in exchanges at the net when the two men volleyed with the lightning strokes of a swordsman.

Snodgrass Returns to Form.

Snodgrass, after making a large number of double faults, got the play back under control in the third set and once more beat a tattoo in Brookes's court with his placements. In the sixth game, with the score 4—1 against him, Brookes motioned to Snodgrass to pause as the latter was about to serve. He rubbed his hand over his eyes, looked down at the ground for a moment and then walked to the umpire's chair to put his racquet in its case. The gallery looked on in perplexity, believing that he was about to default, but Brookes took his racquet out again, smiled and walked back on the court to resume play. It was explained that he had felt dizzy.

The momentary rest did him good, for he broke through Snodgrass's service and then won the seventh game also. But his effort was futile, for after the next two games had been divided, Snodgrass took the tenth game at 4—1, sending over a service ace for the final point.

The summaries:

Singles—Fourth Round—Howard O. Kinsey defeated John F. Whitbeck, 6—2, 6—4; Harvey Snodgrass defeated Norman E. Brookes, 6—1, 4—6, 6—4.

Doubles—Second Round—Fred C. Anderson and Edward W. Feibleman defeated John F. Whitbeck and Harris B. Fisher Jr., 8—6, 3—6; Gerald D. Emerson and Jerome Lang defeated S. Howard Voshell and Fred C. Bagge, 6—4, 6—2.

Third Round—Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer defeated Brian I. C. Norton and Hugh O. M. Kelleher, 3—6, 6—4, 7—5; Robert Kinsey and Howard Kinsey defeated Anderson and Feibleman, 3—6, 8—6, 6—2; Norman E. Brookes and Richard E. Schlessinger defeated Emerson and Lang, 6—2, 6—2; Harvey Snodgrass and Walter Westbrook defeated Fritz Mercur and Thomas Mangin, 6—3, 6—4.

NEW YORK PAIR BEATEN.

Peck-Weber Lose in First Round of National Municipal Doubles.

DETROIT, Aug. 7.—Chicago, East St. Louis, New Bedford, Mass., Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Providence were eliminated in the opening matches of the singles in the second annual National Municipal Tennis tournament here today. Cincinnati, New York and Providence were eliminated in the opening matches of the doubles. All matches went three sets.

Thirteen cities are represented in the singles and twelve in the doubles. Memphis, Jacksonville and Kansas City defaulted in the singles when their entrants failed to appear, and these three, together with East St. Louis, defaulted in the doubles for the same reason.

The second rounds in the singles are scheduled to start tomorrow morning and will be followed immediately by the second round in the doubles.

Cranston Holman of San Francisco, titleholder, won his opening match from C. Roycroft of New Bedford, Mass., 6—0, 6—2, 6—0. Peck and Weber of New York lost in the doubles first round match. Memphis defeated to Boston and Kansas City defaulted to New York in the singles.

AUSTRALIA DEFEATS MEXICO IN SINGLES

Patterson and O'Hara Wood Win Matches in Davis Cup Semi-Final.

JAPANESE PLAYERS SCORE

Okamoto and Shimizu Vanquish Opponents—Crocker Extends Latter to Five Sets.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 7.—Once more Australia proved successful in its Davis Cup matches. Today on the Baltimore Country Club courts the team led by Gerald Patterson scored two victories in singles over the representatives of Mexico.

Pat O'Hara Wood started the Australians on the path to victory in the first match against Ignacio Borbolla by winning in straight sets, 6—3, 6—0, 9—7.

Patterson then took the courts and defeated Manuel Llano, 8—0, 6—1, 6—2. Although Australia needs another victory to clinch the match against Mexico, victory seemed certain after today's triumph. The Mexicans were outclassed. The matches were played under adverse weather conditions. Rain delayed play for nearly an hour.

Borbolla showed flashes of brilliant tennis at times against O'Hara Wood. He played his best game in the third set, but did not have the finish to come through to victory after tying the score at 5-all. O'Hara Wood won the first two sets by taking the net after each stroke. From that position he scored many placements or forced the Mexican to err by trying to pass him.

Manuel Llano was not a match for the hard-hitting Patterson. The big Australian ran wild over the courts and treated the gallery to many sensational overhead shots. He scored points whenever he needed them and was content to remain on the baseline and drive from side to side. Llano made some beautiful gets, but could not keep up the rallies with Patterson.

Tomorrow the doubles will be played. A victory for the Australians will clinch the match for them. Patterson and Brookes will represent the Australians, while Borbolla and Gerdes will play for Mexico.

Japan Takes the Lead.

MONTREAL, Aug. 7.—Japan took a strong lead on the opening day of the second round of the American Zone Davis Cup tennis contests to determine the right to challenge the United States for the chief honor of the tennis world. The Japanese won both games against the Canadian champions.

Sunao Okamoto defeated Jack Wright by 8—6, 6—4 and 7—5, but Zenso Shimizu, the Japanese captain, had a much more strenuous tax against Willard Croker, and though he took the game he was extended to the limit, the score being 4—6, 7—5, 6—4, 0—6, 6—1.

Wright played a good game, making fine placements, but Okamoto was too steady for him at critical points.

In the Shimizu-Croker game the match seesawed from start to finish, the Canadian taking the first and fourth sets. The latter set was especially brilliant and the Canadian won easily. The effort exhausted him and he fell an easy victim to the Japanese star, who took the fifth set and the match, 6—1. Shimizu in this set showed a flash of his old-time form and made many wonderful placements.

TENNIS STARS PRACTICE.

Miss Wills, Mrs. Mallory, Johnston, Richards Play at Forest Hills.

The turf courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, where the women's national championship will be played next week and where the men's national championship will be held the last week of this month, were covered with many of the leading tennis stars of the United States yesterday afternoon. Despite the terrific heat which swept over the turf many of those who have the best chances for the title soon to be decided put in an afternoon of hard work in preparation. Miss Helen Wills of California, who will defend her women's national honors which she won last season from Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, played two sets in the stadium against the club professional and then retreated to another court and continued her practice. Miss Wills appeared in excellent condition and was stroking with vigor and energy, seemingly unbothered by the heat of the day.

On another court Mrs. Mallory played for nearly two hours, perfecting her strokes and preparing for the effort which she will make next week to regain her title. Miss Eleanor Goss and Mrs. L. C. Beaupre were other prominent contenders for the women's championship who were in action. Among the stars from the men's ranks who took part in the workout were William M. Johnson of California, who recently has been selected for this year's Davis Cup team; Vincent Richards, winner of the Olympic singles title; Clarence Griffin of California, Johnston's partner in doubles, and Dr. George King. These four participated in a doubles match with Griffin and Johnston meeting Richards and Dr. King.

VAN RYN TENNIS VICTOR.

Reaches Semi-Finals in Northern New Jersey Tourney.

Two unfinished matches in the Northern New Jersey championship tennis tournament were completed yesterday on the courts of the Westfield Tennis Club, and John Van Ryn advanced to the semi-finals in the singles, while Reginald Talmage and R. Lewis progressed to the same round in the doubles. Van Ryn defeated W. Evans at 6—3, yesterday after each had won a set on Wednesday. Talmage and Lewis took a lead of 8—3, 1—6, 8—1 over L. W. Knox and C. Jolliff on Tuesday, and yesterday they completed the match by winning the final set at 6—4. Van Ryn will have H. D. Ewing as his next opponent, and in the other semi-final Talmage will meet J. D. Ewing, the defending champion. The semi-finals will be played on Sunday with the final a week later.

CLARK AND BRUNIE WIN.

New York Players Reach Semi-Finals in Connecticut Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Conn., Aug. 7.—Cyrus Clark of New York City and Harry Brunie, also of New York, entered the semi-finals today as a result of their victories in the third day of play in the State tennis tournament for the Bridgeman Cup on the courts of the country club here today. Clark defeated J. Guler of New York 6—4, 6—2, but Brunie encountered stiffer opposition in James Gaider Jr. of Montclair, N. J., who was eliminated by 6—4, 4—6, 6—1.

A. E. Von Bermuth of New York and Dr. William Rosenbaum, also of New York, with Clark and Brunie will battle in the semi-finals tomorrow morning.

TILDEN SAYS HE WILL PLAY.

Announces in Kansas City He Will Compete in Davis Cup Tennis.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 7.—William T. Tilden, national tennis champion, announced here today that he will play on the American Davis Cup team in the coming international matches. The champion verified a Philadelphia dispatch stating he would be a member of the team, and that he had wired Julian S. Myrick of New York, Chairman of the Davis Cup Committee, to that effect.

Tilden engaged in two exhibition matches here today. He won the first played with A. H. Chapin Jr., 6—4, 6—3, and in the second, paired with his youthful partner, Sandy Wilner, he was beaten by Chapin and Paul Beaver, 2—6, 6—8, 5—7.

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CALLS CLUB NO NUISANCE

Court Holds Large Crowds Are Noisy, but Not More So Than at Baseball or Football Games.

Supreme Court Justice Cropsey yesterday refused to grant a permanent injunction restraining officials of the Nostrand A. C. from holding their bouts in Henderson's Bowl, Brooklyn, in a decision handed down in Brooklyn. Application for the injunction had been made on behalf of thirty-three residents residing in the vicinity of the club, who sought to show that the bowl was a public nuisance, their contention being that the holding of fights there every week brought undesirable characters and a noisy crowd into a quiet residential district. The bowl was put in operation early this season.

In rendering his decision, Justice Cropsey admitted that the crowds and their automobiles probably do disturb the residents, but he held that this fact would not justify an injunction under the law.

"I think it would be much pleasanter not to live in the neighborhood, but that is no reason why the defendant's use of its premises should be enjoined," said Justice Cropsey. "The plaintiffs, in locating their homes as they have, necessarily had to take the chance of the block occupied by the defendants being improved for use in any way that would be lawful."

Justice Cropsey's Decision.

In his decision Justice Cropsey said:

"The question is whether the defendant is maintaining a nuisance. About once a week the defendant has been conducting prize fights in its enclosure, and the complaint is that this has brought thousands of undesirable people into the neighborhood and large numbers of automobiles are driven through the streets, that hucksters and vendors of various goods frequent the neighborhood and that loud and objectionable noises come from defendant's enclosure. There is also a complaint of the amount of light that illumines the enclosure.

"There is no proof that the property values have depreciated by reason of defendant's use of its enclosure, but a number of witnesses for the plaintiffs testified that they found the conditions surrounding the exhibitions unpleasant and objectionable and that the noise was so great that they could not sleep. The fights take place in the evening and are ended usually before 11 o'clock. The proof shows that the crowd, great as it has been, has dispersed rapidly.

"Undoubtedly there are many automobiles passing plaintiffs' premises because of the existence of defendant's enclosure, but I cannot find that that constitutes a nuisance. Probably there are many less in number than the machines that frequent the principal boulevards or thoroughfares. If they park in front of plaintiffs' premises or are not properly managed so as to discharge objectionable gases, all that can be regulated by complaint to the police.

No Basis for Nuisance.

"In fact, evidently the parking has already been so regulated, as plaintiffs' brief states, that since the first week the police have prevented the parking of cars in front of plaintiffs' residences. To one who prefers absolute quiet, the operation of defendant's enclosure doubtless is objectionable. The exhibitions do bring crowds into the neighborhood and they necessarily produce noise. But I cannot find that the condition is so bad as some of the witnesses have characterized it.

"If the plaintiffs sought to secure continued quiet they should have located nearer the centre of a residential section wherein the restrictions were such as to prevent any use being made of the adjoining properties that would be objectionable to them. The condition in question cannot be materially different from those that attend a baseball or a football game that is witnessed by many thousands of persons. There is no proof that would warrant a finding that the matches in the defendant's enclosure continued to an unreasonable hour. I can find no basis upon which to hold that the defendant is maintaining a nuisance."

WESTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Omaha.

	R.	H.	E.
Oklahoma City	1	5	1
Omaha	0	4	0

Batteries—Singer and Forrest; Koupal and Wilder.

At Lincoln.

	R.	H.	E.
Lincoln	4	6	1
Tulsa	3	8	1

Batteries—Rasmussen and Snyder; Teaser and Crosby.

At Denver.

	R.	H.	E.
Denver	17	18	0
Wichita	3	8	0

Batteries—Brown and Whaling; Gregory and Wales.

At Des Moines.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Joseph	2	8	7
Des Moines	0	6	1

Batteries—Hald and Brooks; Wetzel and Hungling.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Omaha	67	41	.620	Okla. City	55	54	.505
Denver	65	46	.586	Wichita	55	57	.491
Tulsa	64	47	.577	Lincoln	53	60	.527
St. Joseph	60	49	.550	Des Moines	34	73	.318

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At San Francisco.

	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	10	17	1
Los Angeles	1	7	1

Batteries—Geary and Varga; Hughes and Jenkins.

At Seattle.

	R.	H.	E.
Sacramento	11	16	5
Seattle	1	8	1

Batteries—Canfield and Koehler; Williams and Baldwin.

At Los Angeles.

	R.	H.	E.
Vernon	1	10	0
Oakland	4	1	1

Batteries—Christian and Hannah; Boehler and Read.

At Portland.

	R.	H.	E.
Portland	3	10	1
Salt Lake City	3	6	1

Batteries—Eckert and Daly; Thomas and Peters.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
San Fran.	69	54	.561	Salt Lake	67	64	.488
Seattle	63	58	.548	Sacramento	59	64	.480
Vernon	64	60	.516	Portland	57	67	.460
Oakland	63	62	.504	Los Angeles	55	69	.444

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Memphis.

FIRST GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Memphis	8	9	0
Atlanta	0	4	1

Batteries—Herz and Kohlbecker; Dumont and Brock.

SECOND GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Atlanta	6	10	1
Memphis	5	9	1

Batteries—McLaughlin and Autry; Kelly, Jones and Tarvan.

At Little Rock.

	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	4	11	0
Little Rock	0	11	1

Batteries—Cavet and Lazan; McGee and Smith.

At Nashville.

	R.	H.	E.
Mobile	1	7	1
Nashville	9	10	2

Batteries—Boone and Stokes; Keehan, Olsen and Wells.

Chattanooga at Birmingham—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Memphis	74	52	.461	Mobile	64	67	.488
Atlanta	84	62	.527	Chattanooga	68	82	.425
N. Orleans	66	61	.520	Birmingham	62	84	.415
Nashville	63	62	.496	Little Rock	58	78	.426

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Tropical suits!

The most luxurious are silk.

Shantung silk suits—a feather-light porous fabric with just enough body to hold its shape; cool as a sea breeze. Not a bit of lining.

Norfolk or sack coat with trousers.

Silk socks, silk shirts.

Everything men and boys wear to keep cool.

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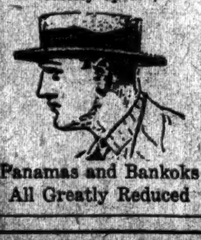

Panamas and Bankoks All Greatly Reduced

POLO PONIES AT AUCTION!

Tomorrow, Saturday, Aug. 9 at 10:30 A. M.

At Post's Polo Field, EAST WILLISTON, L. I.

46 English and American Ponies of the Highest Class, consigned by

Sir Ernest Herlick, of London, England
Mr. John Trail, of London, England
Mr. E. W. Hopping
Mr. E. G. McVitty, of San Miguel, Cal.
Chamberlin Polo Stables, Riverside, Cal.

These ponies have been played in the International Trial Matches at Meadow Brook. They can be seen at the stables of

WILLIAM POST & SON, East Williston, L. I. Phone Garden City 1317.

GEORGE A. BAIN, Auctioneer.

The attitude of American labor toward politics and politicians throws an interesting sidelight on the Presidential chances of Senator La Follette. August Current History Magazine, 25c.—Adv.

International Boxing Tourney Proposed by Oxford for 1925

MONTREAL, Aug. 7.—McGill, Toronto and Queens Universities in Canada, and Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Pennsylvania in the United States will be asked to compete in an international intercollegiate boxing tournament at Oxford, England, in 1925, according to announcement here by J. A. Broomb, Secretary of the Oxford University Boxing Club, now in Canada to visit relatives. He intends to visit the heads of these universities and will seek to arrange the proposed meeting.

OLYMPIC ATHLETES SPEEDING FOR HOME

Majority of Those Who Arrived Wednesday Leave City—Praise for Hussey.

With the majority already on their way and a final batch of Californians scheduled to start for the Pacific Coast this morning, the exodus of the American Olympic athletes, who arrived on the steamer America on Wednesday, is expected to be about complete tonight, leaving only those in the city who reside in this vicinity. Most of the out-of-town athletes, who had not left immediately after the official dissolution of the team following the beefsteak dinner in their honor at the Hotel Astor Wednesday night, departed for their homes yesterday, and throughout the day there was a steady string of callers at Amateur Athletic Union headquarters to bid farewell to the officials.

With the arrival of the America, the bulk of Uncle Sam's victorious Olympians is now on home soil. There are still a few of the athletes in Europe and some of these will remain on the other side for the track and field competition at the Tailteann Games in Dublin. The others, including Charley Paddock and Loren Murchison, who have been appearing in various meets on the Continent, are expected to start for home on the next steamer. Jackson V. Scholz, the Olympic 200-meter champion, is reported to be on his way for a tour of Japan, accompanied by Emerson Norton of Georgetown University. Jose Ray is among those who will compete in the Dublin games.

Praise for Hussey.

A score of Olympic champions were included in the contingent which arrived on the America and most of these lost little time yesterday in escaping the heat of the city. Among the titleholders who were in the city were the two Pacific Coast stars, Lee Barnes, victor of the pole vault, and Clarence Hauser, shot put and discus winner; Fred Tootell, hammer throw champion; DeHart Hubbard, winner of the broad jump, and a quartet of relay runners, Francis Hussey, McDonald, Cochrane and Stevenson.

The running of Hussey, the Stuyvesant High School youngster who aided materially in enabling the United States to win the 400-meter relay, was especially praised by the returning athletes and officials. There were some even inclined to venture the opinion that Hussey, had he been chosen to start, might have fared better than some of the other American sprinters in the 100-meter event. This, it was emphasized, however, was not said in criticism of the coaches' selections, which were based on trials abroad just previous to the games. It was pointed out, however, that the heavy track conditions which prevailed during the running of the 100-meter event would have been far better suited to Hussey's style of running than some of those which competed. His subsequent running in the relay bore this out, but then this was a condition that none could have foreseen.

Many Champions Here.

Other champions who were in town yesterday preparatory to leaving for their homes were Fidel Labarba and Jack Fields of Los Angeles, boxing victors; Robin Reed of California, wrestler; Miss Caroline Smith of Cairo, Ill., and Elizabeth Becker of Atlantic City, victors in the diving contests; Al White of the Pacific Coast, men's diving champion; Bob Skelton, Chicago, breast stroke victor; Warren Keoloha, Hawaiian back stroke swimmer; Miss Martha Norelius of Jersey City, 400-meter champion; Miss E. Lackie, Chicago, 100-meter winner, and members of the women's and mens' relay teams, Miss Gertrude Ederle, Miss M. Wehselau, Glancy and O'Connor. Jack Kelly and Paul Costello, victors of the Olympic double sculling title, also were in the city. Some of the swimmers probably will remain in the city to compete in various local meets.

Head Coach Lawson Robertson spent the day visiting friends in Brooklyn and expects to leave for Philadelphia in a day or two. Officials of the A. A. U. announced that they would now concentrate their attention on the coming national track and field championships, which will be held Sept. 5, 6 and 7 at Colgate Field under the auspices of the Newark A. C. It is the aim of the officials to make these games the most interesting held in years, and efforts will be made to have practically all the Olympic champions and point winners return East for this meet.

GOULLET IN RACE TONIGHT.

Will Ride With Grimm in Team Event at N. Y. Velodrome.

The team of Alfred Goullet and Willie Grimm is being regarded as the most formidable combination in the field of twenty-three teams which will go to the post in the 400-kilometer (sixty-two and a half miles) team bicycle race which will be decided at the New York Velodrome tonight.

Cecil Walker and Freddie Spencer also are being regarded as a strong team which is expected to give the Goullet-Grimm pair a great fight for honors.

The featured event at the Velodrome on Sunday night will be a forty-mile motor-paced race for the Eddie Leonard medal, Leonard himself to act as the starter. The starters in the race will be George Chapman, the American champion; Vincent Madonna, Daniel Pichione, Frank Corsolino and Pasquale Valentini.

NEWARK RECEIVER NAMED.

Company Owning International League Park in Financial Straits.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 7.—The Court of Chancery has appointed Samuel E. Kessler of Newark receiver for the Meadowbrook Baseball Company, owners of the grounds in East Orange used by the International League. The Elizabeth Door and Supply Company, which entered the bill of complaint resulting in the receivership, claimed the Meadowbrook company owed them $8,941 for building materials.

According to the petition, the Meadowbrook company receives $6,000 annual rent from the International League and about $3,000 weekly from other rents. This revenue, it is claimed, does not meet the company's obligations.

CARDS BUY OUTFIELDER.

Hafney, Houston Star, Purchased for Cash and Players.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 7.—The first move toward improvement at the St. Louis Nationals was taken today when it was announced the Cardinals had concluded the purchase of Charles Hafney, star centre fielder of the Houston Club of the Texas League.

The purchase price was not announced. Several players also will be sent to Houston in part payment for Hafney.

Goodrich to Box Darcy.

Officials of the Oakland A. A. in Jersey City are looking forward to one of the fastest matches they have had at their club this season when Jimmy Goodrich, the Buffalo lightweight, clashes with Johnny Darcy of Bayonne in the featured event of twelve rounds next Monday night.

60,000 SEATS SOLD FOR GIBBONS FIGHT

Wembley Arena May Be Filled to 127,000 Capacity for Clash With Bloomfield.

WOMEN EAGER TO ATTEND

Both American and Englishman Are Fit for 20-Round Battle Tomorrow Afternoon.

LONDON, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—An advance sale of some sixty thousand seats testifies to the great interest that has been aroused over the twenty-round bout on Saturday between Tom Gibbons, the St. Paul light-heavyweight, and Jack Bloomfield, the English boxer.

London this Summer has an abnormally large influx of provincial visitors, attracted by the Wembley exhibition. The average daily attendance at the exhibition is in the neighborhood of 150,000, amounting on Saturdays and holidays to more than 200,000. Thus, should there be fine weather Saturday, the Wembley stadium may possibly be filled to its capacity—127,000. This would be a world's record for a fight attendance.

A feature of the ticket sales is the extraordinary proportion of women purchasers, and it is expected that they will form fully one-quarter of the spectators.

Special provision has been made to protect the ring in the event of rain by means of tarpaulins, and similar shelter will be provided for most of the spectators. The gates to the stadium will be opened at noon and a band will entertain the assembling crowd until the fight starts at 4 P. M.

Both Gibbons and Bloomfield have wound up their serious training, indulging now only in light work. The usual "pink of condition" is used by the trainers to describe their charges.

London's picture papers are making a great feature of the American boxer and his love for ice cream. Arrangements have been made to send a large consignment of it to his dressing room immediately after the fight.

U. S. BOXER STOPPED IN SECOND ROUND

Miller Knocked Out by Mitchell in Irish Games Finals—Heany Handball Victor.

DUBLIN, Aug. 7.—Truckee Miller of the United States lost in the finals of the Tailteann games light heavyweight boxing competition today when he was knocked out in the second round by the English Olympic champion, Mitchell. Miller made a plucky fight and exhibited much courage in facing a superior boxer. He was loudly cheered when he left the ring assisted by his seconds.

Tonight's contest was in the welterweight class and was won by Purdie of New Zealand, from Dwyer, the Irish Army champion, on points.

In the international handball contest, J. J. Heany of the United States defeated Daly of Ireland, three games to one. McDonagh of America, a native of Galway, defeated McDermott of Ireland, three to nothing in the national handball competition.

Vaccerelli to Meet Scappatone.

Joe Scappatone, Bronx lightweight, and Tony Vaccerelli of Harlem will wind up their training today in preparation for their ten-round bout, which will top the card at the Commonwealth Sporting Club in Harlem tomorrow night.

Young's Hats NONE BETTER MADE

SALE of SUMMER WEIGHT CAPS

LINEN CAPS (White and Natural) $1.45

TWEED CAPS

"ALL OVER TOWN"

Hotel Astor	605 Broadway	610 W. 181st Street
1458 Broadway	231 Broadway	BROOKLYN STORES
1367 Broadway	169 Broadway	371 Fulton Street
1197 Broadway	2 Broadway	718 Broadway
849 Broadway	3823 Third Ave.	

CLEARANCE SALE

WOMEN'S SPORT OXFORDS

CREPE RUBBER SOLES

$3.89 Reg. $7.50

Sizes 3 to 7; Colors: light and dark tan, some with two-tone effect. Only on sale at Commodore Hotel Store.

SAVE AT DAVEGA

United Sport Shops

111 East 42nd Street

STORE OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY

FAVORITES VICTORS IN WOMEN'S GOLF

Miss Burns and Miss Cummings Have No Trouble in Reaching Chicago Third Round.

MRS. LETTS IS DEFEATED

Former Western Champion Eliminated by Miss Klotz in 19 Holes—Miss Fordyce Also Loses.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—While boating parties enjoyed themselves on the lake formed in the middle of the Onwentsia golf links by the overflow waters from Skokie Creek, contestants in the Women's Western golf championship today moved to the higher grounds of Shore Acres Country Club and fought out the second match rounds, reducing the field to eight players.

Most of the favorites survived, including Miss Miriam Burns of Kansas City, who is defending her title, and Miss Edith Cummings of Chicago, national champion. Miss Cummings defeated Miss Gitlens, 5 and 4. Another former champion got by the wayside today when Mrs. F. C. Letts of Chicago was eliminated by Miss Dorothy Klotz in nineteen holes, and the only surviving titleholder tonight is Mrs. Dave Gaut of Memphis, who handily defeated Miss Catherine Walsh of Grand Beach, Mich., 5 and 4.

Two other regional champions who survived the second round were Mrs. H. D. Sterrett of Hutchinson, Kan., who defeated Mrs. J. W. Taylor of Chicago, 1 up, and Mrs. Stewart Hanley of Detroit, who eliminated Miss Dorothy Higbie of Chicago, 2 up. The Ohio champion, Miss Louise Fordyce, although she played fine golf, was put out of the running by Mrs. Lee Mida of Chicago, 3 and 1, and the Wisconsin champion, Miss Bernice Wall of Oshkosh, after making a good fight for nine holes, finally yielded to Miss Virginia Wilson of Chicago, 4 and 3.

In the match between Miss Burns and Miss Pep of St. Louis, the present titleholder shot the best golf of the day, requiring only forty-one strokes for the first nine, three under par, and being one under par for the six holes played on the second nine.

In the third round tomorrow, which will be played at Onwentsia if the water recedes sufficiently, Miss Burns will play Miss Wilson and Miss Klotz will play Mrs. Sterrett in the upper bracket, while in the lower half of the draw Miss Cummings will meet Mrs. Gaut and Mrs. Mida will measure mashies with Mrs. Hanley.

The summaries:

Miss Miriam Burns, Kansas City, defeated Miss Virginia Pep, St. Louis, 4 and 3.

Miss Edith Cummings, Onwentsia, defeated Miss Virginia Gitlens, Green Bay, Wis., 5 and 4.

Miss Virginia Wilson, Chicago, defeated Miss Bernice Wall, Oshkosh, 4 and 3.

Mrs. Stewart Hanley, Detroit, defeated Miss Dorothy Higbie, Chicago, 2 up.

Mrs. Dave Gaut, Memphis, defeated Miss Catherine Walsh, Grand Beach, Mich., 5 and 4.

Miss Dorothy Klotz, Indian Hill, defeated Mrs. F. C. Letts, Onwentsia, 1 up (19 holes).

Miss Lee Mida, Chicago, defeated Miss Louise Fordyce, Youngstown, Ohio, 3 and 2.

Mrs. H. D. Sterrett, Hutchinson, Kan., defeated Mrs. J. W. Taylor, Evanston, 1 up.

TATE IN FIRPO'S CAMP.

Argentine Speeds Up Work With Arrival of Sparring Partner.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 7.—With the arrival of Bill Tate, a new sparring partner, Luis Firpo got down to hard work today, in preparation for his bout with Harry Wills. After he had boiled out in a long walk this morning the Argentine boxer continued his training this afternoon by boxing several rounds with Tate and Ferrera.

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ALLEN TOURING $895
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WARREN-NASH IS THE SAFE PLACE TO BUY YOUR CAR.

NASH COUPE, $313 CASH, and $52 monthly; Duco painted a rich blue; upholstery is spotless; motor has had the care of our experts; guaranteed.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION, 1,767 Broadway at 56th St. Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

APPERSON 1923 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1924 7-Pass. Sedan.
LINCOLN 1923 Touring.
MERCER Speedster Special 160.
BUICK 1924 4-Pass. Sedan.
HUDSON 1923 Sedan.
JORDAN 1923 Sedan balloon tires.
50 OTHER BARGAINS.

Time payments. Open Eves. and Sundays. LOBELL, 1,606 B'way at Columbus Circle.

BENZ DE LAGE
LOCOMOBILE PIERCE-ARROW
CRANE SIMPLEX HISPANO SUIZA
50 Other High-Grade Motor Cars.
BURRELLE, 229 West 57th St.

BUICK 1924 4-cylinder touring, 5-passenger; original black finish, nickel radiator, extra tire and tube, front and rear bumpers, mirroscope, windshield wiper, spotlight. Down payment, $425.

STUDEBAKER 1922 Big Six 7-passenger sedan; refined blue; equipped with front bumper, motometer, stoplight, sun visor, windshield wiper, double tire carrier. Down payment, $450.

STUDEBAKER, 1,700 Broadway at 54th St.

BUICK 1924 sport touring, 1 day old. BUICK 1924 sedan, 7-pass.
CADILLAC "V-63" runabout.
CADILLAC "V-63" coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW, present ser. Vestibule sub.
PACKARD 1924 "8" sedan limousine.
PACKARD 1924 "8" sport touring.
F. P. JACOB & CO., 1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

BUICK 1924 "6" Sport Roadster, 700 miles. CADILLACS, all models, all body types. PACKARD "12" Fleetwood Roadster. PACKARD "8" 1923 Sedan limousine. PACKARD "6" 1923 5-pass. Sedan, like new.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 1,866 Broadway (61st). Col. 5078. Open Eves.

BUICK six touring; mechanically perfect; only 13,000 miles; leaving city; private; quick sale, $575 cash only. Sedgwick 8040.

BUICK coupe and sedan, 1924; 5-cylinder; practically new, fully guaranteed. Int'l Warehouse, 128 West 54th; open evenings.

BUICK 1923 touring six-cylinder, reconditioned; fully equipped; $500. 397 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4812.

BUICK 1924 six-cylinder Sedans, 5 and 7 passenger. Knickerbocker, 1,604 Broadway, between 53d and 54th Sts.

BUICK touring; sacrifice; demonstration by appointment; dealers need not apply. Berkshire 6327.

BUICK sport brougham 1924, like new; guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th.

BUICK 1924 sport roadster; like new; bargain. Peerless Finance Co., 1,780 Broadway.

BUICK 1924 six-cylinder coupe. Knickerbocker, 1,604 Broadway, bet. 53d and 54th.

BUICK two-passenger coupe, 4 cylinder, late 1922; sacrifice. Millstein, Lackawanna 7962.

BUICK 1924 SEDAN, Sacrifice. 7-passenger; mileage 3,000. 340 West 59th.

BUICKS 1924-1923-1922 Coupes, Sedans, Sports, Tourings, Roadsters. 240 W. 59th.

BUICK 1923 red sport touring and roadster; bargain. Finance Co., Chickering 2964.

BUICK 1924 coupe, like new; bargain. Peerless Finance Co., 1,780 Broadway.

BUICK COUPE 45, $850. Fully equipped. 231 West 142d.

BUICK 7-passenger touring, used one season, extras, $675. 231 West 142d.

BUICK 1923 roadster, red sport; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC SEDAN.
CRANE SIMPLEX SEDAN.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
LINCOLN SEDAN.
LOCOMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
McFARLAN CABRIOLET.
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CADILLAC coupe, bumper, motometer, sunvisor, windshield wiper, extra tire, step plates, excellent condition. Down payment, $500.

Studebaker sedan, big six, sun visor, windshield wiper, step plates, excellent condition mechanically. Down payment, $450.

STUDEBAKER, 1,469 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1924 5-pass. de luxe coupe.
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CADILLAC 1923 5 and 7 pass. sedan.
CADILLAC 1923 imperial limousine.
PACKARD 1924 straight 8 imperial lim.
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CADILLAC 1923 LIMOUSINE.
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PACKARD TWIN SIX TOUR.
WILLS STE. CLAIRE LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS.
USED CAR DEPARTMENT, 253 West 54th St., also 236 West 55th St.

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CADILLAC 59 Sedan.
CADILLAC 57 Imperial.
CADILLAC 57 Touring.
UPPERCU CADILLAC CORP., 8 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn. Nevins 2550.

CADILLAC USED CARS—ALL MODELS. Uppercu Cadillac Corporation, 7 West 51st St. (Used Car Dept.) PHONE COLUMBUS 1788.

CADILLAC touring, 5-passenger, model 61, good mechanical condition; time payments; any demonstration. Cole Motor Co., 16 West 61st St. Columbus 6651.

CADILLAC, "61," PHAETON, 4-PASS. Like new; fully equipped; many extras. Brenner-Langdon, 1,765 Broadway, 1 flight.

CADILLAC "V-63," SUBURBAN. Last cold. Substantial discount. L. F. JACOB & CO., 1,860 Broadway.

CADILLACS, Packards, Locos, all types. Knickerbocker, 1,604 Broadway, between 53d and 54th.

CADILLAC 1923 phaeton; exceptional condition. Glass, 19 Central Park West. Col. 8894.

CADILLAC 1923 SEDAN, SACRIFICE. 5-passenger; unusual. 240 West 59th.

CADILLAC 1923 coupe, 5-passenger; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC, late 1923, 61, suburban sedan. Neth, 1,286 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1924 sedan, like new; sacrifice. Fischer, 128 West 52d. Circle 0619.

CADILLAC 1924 V-63 Imperial limousine. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CHANDLER SEDAN, SERIES 1923. $617 cash and $53 monthly for 10 months; thoroughly fine motor, completely reconditioned; repainted and guaranteed. HULBERT MOTOR CAR CO., INC., 1,888 Broadway. Columbus 3011.

CHANDLER 7-passenger sedan, just like new, with famous Pike's Peak motor; many extras; any demonstration; inspection invited by your mechanic; time payments arranged. 2,440 Grand Concourse, Kelley 4500. See Mr. Martin.

CHANDLER 1924 5-passenger touring sedan with wonderful traffic transmission, Pike's Peak motor; a real buy for some one; any demonstration; time payments. 2,440 Grand Concourse, Kelley 4500. See Mr. Martin.

CHANDLER 1923 touring, reconditioned, all new tires; fully equipped throughout; $375. 397 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 5443.

CHANDLER touring roadster; any demonstration; cheap. Cole Motor Co., 16 West 61st. Columbus 6651.

CHANDLER 1924 5-passenger; Pond sedan; like new. Finance Co., Chickering 2964.

COLE 7 Pass. Sedan.
COLE 5 Pass. Tourg.
COLE 5 Pass. Sport.
COLE Roadster.

These cars carry our guarantee, and are being offered at bargain prices.

COLE MOTOR CO., 16 West 61st. Columbus 6651.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1924.

AN OBLIGING CHAIRMAN.

Mr. WILLIAM M. BUTLER isn't "not in his ways," as many New Englanders have been thought to be. His campaign plans are subject to revision; it might almost be said to referendum. Earlier in the season he thought it superfluous for the National Committee to make much effort in States imagined as safely and ineradicably Republican, States "where "Republican principles are natural to "the soil." He has had to yield to the irresistible enthusiasm in these model Republican regions. The people there, singularly fresh and eager, cry for speakers and rallies and broad acres of "campaign literature." This demand for "campaign literature" is more than sufficient testimony to the heroic ardor of the Republican voters. Till we had heard of it, we should have supposed that a man or woman capable of even thinking of "campaign literature" in July and August would be about as rare as a person who couldn't be happy at a clambake without a copy of the Revised Statutes. But so it is. The committee, "besieged with requests for speakers and literature," is resolved "to respond to all such enthusiastic endeavors."

The cynics, shallow as usual, will say that Mr. BUTLER must have been hearing gloomy reports of the state of the crops on Republican soil. Otherwise, why spend money—and under Senator BORAH'S falcon eye collections are slow—in making "a more intensive" campaign "even in sure sections"? This is a prejudiced and false view. Mr. BUTLER has been stirred from his habitual philosophic calm by this unexpected Republican popular passion. He will gratify it to the best of his power and the resources of a campaign chest yet to be filled. Both the rich natural Republican soil and the thinner and more crabbed Western ground, where he had expected to labor hardest, will be cultivated. Everything is looking fine. Nothing but roses and rainbows visible. In Washington State "one of "the most enthusiastic Republican "meetings on record" has met. Former Senator MCCUMBER, the father of prosperity by the best of tariffs, offers North Dakota, "with proper work on "the part of the real Republicans" of that State, to Mr. COOLIDGE, and adds Minnesota and South Dakota, to heap up the bushel. Mr. JAMES W. GOOD of Iowa and Chicago, the Western conductor of Mr. COOLIDGE'S nomination train, finds the President's strength waxing, that of the Democrats waning.

Chairman BUTLER has only to adapt himself to a situation always changing for the better. He can afford to be tolerant, charitable, to make concessions to the enemy. Did he say that Teapot Dome was a dead and buried issue? He merely meant that the oil scandals had passed from the political to the purely legal stage, from the stump to the courts. "In that sense "the matter was closed." If Mr. DAVIS and the other Democrats insist on keeping it wide open, why, "this is a "free country, where people are accustomed to say what they please, "especially in a political campaign." Could anything be more handsome? The Democrats must be relieved and grateful, and Mr. BUTLER will no longer have to say, with the Mikado, of the campaign: "I think boiling oil occurs in it, but I'm not sure." He bears lightly the burden of his duties and the weather. He even dons the prophet's robe, and certifies that Judge COHALAN'S prediction that Mr. DAVIS won't carry a single State north of Mason and Dixon's Line is "pretty nearly correct." We don't know what sort of campaign fare Steward BUTLER is going to provide for the Republicans, but he has a pretty fancy in hors d'oeuvres.

LA FOLLETTE IN THE NEWS.

A change in Republican plans, with the full approval of President COOLIDGE, is reported from Washington. The present intention is to fight LA FOLLETTE directly on every foot of ground in every Northwestern State. He and his enthusiastic supporters have been claiming eight or nine States as already in their pocket. But the Republican National Committee proposes vigorously to contest and destroy this assumption. The Republican strategy as originally agreed upon was simply to make a dignified campaign in the region which LA FOLLETTE boasts as his own, not attacking him, but leaving the voters quietly to make their choice. These tactics have now been abandoned. Active warfare is to be carried into the La Follette country. The record of the Wisconsin boss is to be exposed, his existing proposals riddled and his weakness in the matter of prohibition enforcement harped upon from every stump.

Such a course will inevitably give Senator LA FOLLETTE prominence in the news. Some timid folk deprecate this. They think that the La Follette movement is profiting greatly from the free publicity given to it. Why don't the newspapers quietly agree not to mention his name, not to print the reports of his committees, not to include news about the third party in the current political gossip? The thing could not be done even if the effort were made to do it. Senator LA FOLLETTE is in the news, whether we like it or not. The people have a right to know what he is doing and saying. If his claims are absurdly exaggerated, let them be printed just the same, in order that the public may judge. If the danger of his candidacy is real, the more explicitly the truth is published the sooner will the peril be met. In any case, the hush-up policy, as applied to Senator LA FOLLETTE or anybody else active in public life, is not merely a gross mistake—it is absolutely impossible.

AN UNSETTLED SETTLEMENT.

LLOYD GEORGE'S pungency of phrase is not always accurate, but there was no exaggeration yesterday in his comment on the treaties which the British Government is preparing to sign with the Soviet Government. "The gentleman," said LLOYD GEORGE, "is going "to sign something tomorrow, but he "has not a ghost of an idea tonight "what it is." The settlement announced in the House of Commons is not really a settlement, but a postponement. Faced by a rupture of negotiations, Mr. MACDONALD seemingly issued orders that there must be no break. Hence a settlement which leaves the main issues still under debate. The claims of the British holders of Russian bonds are to be negotiated between the Soviet Government and individual bondholders. The question of compensation for sequestrated British property is still to be discussed, and the results, if satisfactory, are to be embodied in a "subsequent treaty." The all-important question, from the Russian point of view, of a British loan is to be embodied in a bill to be laid before Parliament, which means, of course, that it is not settled at all.

Two definite results may be noted. The Soviet representatives have agreed to recognize the existing public debt in principle. That is no concession, inasmuch as the Soviet Government has agreed to the principle before this. In return RAMSAY MACDONALD has agreed to a Government loan for Russia, after initiating the late negotiations with the curt statement that such a loan was out of the question. In return for no real concession the Russians have won a substantial concession—provided, that is, Parliament ratifies the proposed Government Loan bill. In view of the position taken by both Conservatives and Liberals, there is no likelihood whatever that it will.

ECONOMIC VS. MILITARY EVACUATION.

Efforts are again made to confuse the economic with the military evacuation of the Ruhr. The former is stipulated in the Dawes report as essential and its provisions have been agreed upon between the Allies. The latter is a matter for negotiation between the French and German Governments. Without economic evacuation the Dawes plan cannot be put into effect. But there is no reason to believe that the presence of a small detachment of French troops need in any way interfere with the economic life of the Ruhr region. This fact was tacitly recognized by the Dawes committee. Did the American occupation of Coblenz prove ruinous to that region, or are the British troops in Cologne an obstacle to the economic life of that city?

The Germans naturally desire the immediate military evacuation of the Ruhr. The mere sight of French troops is offensive to them. From the point of view of German internal politics the withdrawal of the French soldiers is a cardinal object. The Germans in London may be expected, consequently, to use every opportunity to hasten it. Such is their eagerness to get the French out that they will be disposed to make important concessions in order to achieve their purpose. The French, on their part, are now willing to meet the German wish—for a consideration. In the first place, the expectation is this, that the occupying forces will be reduced to a skeleton. In the second place, the French are prepared to hasten evacuation in return for a treaty of commerce assuring France rights as a "most favored nation." Such an agreement is properly the subject of direct negotiations between the French and German Governments. If successfully framed, it will prove of value to both nations, and may serve as the beginning of a better understanding between them. The greater the degree of cooperation between France and Germany the better the prospects for European peace.

Even should these plans fail, there is every prospect that the last French soldier will be out of the Ruhr within two years. To ask France to withdraw before then without receiving important concessions in exchange is to ignore the spirit of the French people. They have always looked upon the Ruhr occupation as a means to an end, and they are determined to make as great use of it as possible. They have an advantage in that it is to the political interest of Chancellor MARX and his fellow-delegates to return to Berlin with the assurance that he has hastened the military evacuation of the Ruhr. Nothing would bring him greater popularity at home. The withdrawal of the troops as soon as German good-will is clearly established is much to be desired. But it is a mistake to believe that so long as they remain they interfere with the freedom of economic activity of Germany. The cost of their maintenance must be deducted from the payments which Germany is to make under the Dawes plan.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.

The appointment of ARTHUR D. WOLF as Director of the Unemployment Insurance Fund Bureau in the cloak and suit branch of the women's clothing industry marks the establishment for the first time in New York of a system of insurance against unemployment by means of a contract between organized labor and employers. This plan has developed rapidly in the United States during the past three years, largely through the initiative of the so-called "needle trades unions." Prior to 1921 only a small union in the wall-paper industry had been a party to an agreement of this sort with employers. Less than 400 workers were affected. With the fund of which Mr. WOLF is Director, and another soon to be established in the men's clothing industry in New York, there will be a total of about 150,000 workers protected in this way.

Unemployment insurance on a large scale, as first introduced in the Cleveland women's garment industry in 1921, placed the burden of support for the fund entirely on the shoulders of the employers, who contribute 10 per cent. of their total payroll to insure their employes payment of one-half of their wages after twelve weeks of enforced idleness as long as the fund holds out. In the Chicago men's clothing industry the fund amounts to 3 per cent. of the payroll and is maintained by equal contributions from the employers and the workers. Forty per cent. of the workers' wages are paid up to five weeks and after one week of necessary unemployment. The New York plans follow the Chicago precedent in joint contributions to the funds. The capmakers and lace operatives have also secured unemployment insurance agreements during the past year or so, and it is well known that several other important unions both in and out of the needle trades group are working in the same direction.

The development of unemployment insurance in the United States has been much slower than in Europe and has followed a different course. As early as the beginning of the last century labor organizations in England had established funds of their own to protect their members. Following a precedent set by the City of Ghent in 1901, the system of public subsidy of union unemployment funds by local or national Governments soon spread to most of the countries of Europe. In 1911, however, unemployment insurance was made compulsory in England by act of Parliament. English employers are compelled to share with the workers and the Government the burden of supplying the necessary funds, which are supervised and administered by the Government. Compulsory insurance laws have since been enacted by Austria, Italy, Bulgaria, Russia and Queensland, Australia. While compulsory insurance bills have been introduced in Massachusetts, Minnesota, New York, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin and also in Congress at Washington, none has been enacted into law.

There is little room for doubt that working men and women should be protected in some way against enforced idleness, just as they should be protected against too great losses from industrial accidents. The National Industrial Conference Board estimates that "in the mechanical and manufacturing industries alone lack of "work causes an average normal unemployment of about 1,536,000 out "of a total of 12,800,000 workers." Enforced idleness maps the strength of both employe and employer. For the worker it means privation, ill health, lowered morale, child labor. For the employer it means high labor turn-over, slackened production, decreased efficiency, reduced profits. The only question is, how can protection best be provided? With the actual experience of the clothing industry in joint insurance by voluntary employer-union agreement as an example, European precedent may not be followed in this country.

THE DAVIS CUP TEAM.

Announcement by the United States Lawn Tennis Association that the national champion, WILLIAM T. TILDEN 2d, will be a member of "the 1924 Davis Cup team" was a case of the expected happening. Mr. TILDEN'S resignation in April from the Olympic and Davis Cup squads, because in a report of the Amateur Rule Committee his amateur standing had been made the subject of invidious comments, had never been withdrawn. But he left the door open to an invitation to defend the Davis Cup when he said in his letter of resignation that "my services are at your disposal when my "amateur status is clearly recognized." As the "player-writer" interpretation of the amateur rule was not to go into effect until Jan. 1, 1925, the champion was eligible to play on the Davis Cup team in the tournament of 1924. But Mr. TILDEN was averse to entering the lists unless the cloud on his amateurism was lifted.

At a special meeting on June 4, 1924, the United States Lawn Tennis Association decided to suspend the player-writer interpretation. It was agreed that the question should be reopened by a special committee of seven, with instructions to report to the annual meeting in 1925. The committee was to consider a compromise proposal that the player-writer would not forfeit his amateur standing if neither his name nor his title was used in connection with articles written by him for publication. This arrangement was accepted by Mr. TILDEN as a sufficient recognition of his amateur standing. Accordingly, he gave notice that he would be "delighted" to play for his country if his services were "still desired."

Perhaps it will be said that the Association compromised in order to save the Davis Cup. That view would not be sportsmanlike, or even intelligent. Students of the game do not believe that the friendly enemy would prove strong enough to take away the token even if Mr. TILDEN did not appear in the tournament. WILLIAM M. JOHNSON, a player almost the peer of the champion, has already been selected as a defender, and for the two other places there will be a choice of VINCENT RICHARDS, R. NORRIS WILLIAMS 2d, FRANCIS T. HUNTER, WATSON WASHBURN, HOWARD and ROBERT KINSEY and C. J. GRIFFIN. The challengers, including representatives from Australia, France, Japan, Canada and Mexico, are not to be despised—particularly is the Australian team again formidable—but the experts hold that the Americans have the "edge" on their opponents.

It is well that the interpretation of the amateur rule which has provoked an acrimonious controversy should have further consideration. That it was specially aimed at TILDEN his admirers have always believed. This was unfortunate. But the sounder reason for deliberation is that it has been challenged not only in this country but in England and Australia. If players who make a business of writing articles and books on tennis are to be barred in the United States, they should be excluded in other countries that compete with us for the Davis Cup. A player-writer interpretation in some form may be desirable for the welfare of amateur sport. At the 1925 meeting of the United States Lawn Tennis Association the case pro and con should be thoroughly presented and decided. Our lead would probably be followed by other countries.

"LON MORRIS COLLEGE."

"I would," said Falstaff to Prince Hal, "that thou and I knew where a "commodity of good names were to be "bought." The Dallas Morning News reports such a place in academic circles. The Rev. ALONZO MORRIS of Pittsburg, Camp County, Texas, familiarly known in East Texas as "Brother LON," has given $100,000 to Alexander College at Jacksonville, Texas, and as a result the name of the college will be changed to "Lon Morris College" in honor of the donor.

The founder of this institution, which must have been in existence for many years, since "some of Texas's greatest men" have been graduated from it (Governor "TOM" CAMPBELL, Congressman JOHN BOX and Judge "DAN" WALKER being especially mentioned among its alumni), was the Rev. ISAAC ALEXANDER. But it is in no faithlessness to his memory that this change of name has been made, for he often told the Trustees, it is gratefully recalled, that if some one would endow the school, he whose name it has borne for so many years would be glad to have the college bear the name of the new benefactor. The sum seems rather meagre for a sole endowment. But the report states that "Brother LON," who seems to be well endowed financially for a preacher, for he has recently made large gifts to other Texas institutions, expects to do more for this college which has taken his name. New buildings are in prospect, and one of them is to bear the name of Mrs. Morris, "who has always been connected with 'Brother Lon's' gifts."

One's name appended forever to a college cheer is rather to be chosen than great riches, and the loving favor of a body of undergraduates than silver or gold. "Brother LON" has made a Solomonic choice. And if one would know where other like commodity may be bought, a generous-minded person can easily find in the long list of unendowed or inadequately endowed institutions a Board of Trustees willing to write over its academic doorway the Virgilian line: "Nec me meminisse pigebit ——," filling in the blank with the name of the given Alma Mater.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Radio in Politics. The radio in political campaigning has its problems, as Captain H. J. ROUNDS of the British Marconi Company explains in an article in The Morning Post. What he says is worth the attention of American managers who talk of broadcasting the speeches of their candidates from one end of the country to the other.

The "loud speaker" is particularly a device to be handled with care. Duplication of the original voice so that it can be followed easily by an audience at a distance remains a difficulty. "The engineer," says Captain ROUNDS, "has to be satisfied if he can retain intelligibility in all cases with not too great a divergence from a human quality." People soon get tired of listening to a blare of sound without understanding every word uttered by the speaker. Even Mr. BRYAN'S remarks were not always intelligible through the "loud speaker" when the Democratic National Convention was in session.

Opposition street orators are going to be at a great disadvantage when they talk against powerful "loud speakers" carrying the speech of a spellbinder in a hall. No human voice in the open can prevail against the magnified sound of the radioed tones. When they can be heard for hundreds of yards, how can the pipe of the rival orator make any impression on his street audience?

But a new terror will be added to life when competition between "loud speakers" operated by different parties occurs. "One cannot forecast," says the English authority, "the feelings of the electorate if politics becomes a matter of noise."

Treacherous British Hospitality. Continentals—and, it must be admitted, Americans—cannot accustom themselves to the British institution of political breakfasts to which LLOYD GEORGE used to be so partial. The meal is generally looked upon as something to be endured rather than enjoyed; at which the less said the better. Neither guest nor business is really welcome, and the combination is almost insupportable.

This may explain the indignation of certain touchy Germans because RAMSAY MACDONALD informally asked MARX and STRESEMANN to drop in for breakfast to talk things over with HERRIOT and some of the French delegates. Although the rage of the German Junkers was ostensibly because of the apparent "condescension" of the Prime Minister, it is probable that behind it was sympathy for the digestion and disposition of the German delegates. Such an invitation, in their eyes, must have savored of cruel and unusual hospitality, a piece of diabolical British perfidy, the true purpose of which was to catch the Germans at a disadvantage.

It is not surprising that members of the old sabre-rattling class should take such extreme views. The easy informality of Prime Minister MACDONALD, which to non-German eyes is so obviously an expression of confidence and good-will, is in too sharp contrast to the stiff-necked pomp which the old-style Germans considered the essence of dignity. To be sure, the Prime Minister's jesting hope that the conference might finish in time for him to catch the late train to Scotland Saturday night was hardly tactful. But even this was meant in a spirit of kindly pleasantry, the purpose of which was to be cordial. Despite their anxiety to make friends with their former enemies, Germans of the old school have not yet been able to adjust themselves to the British method of expunging the past.

Contrasts in Baseball. Politics may be dull for the time being, but baseball—at least in the American League—is more exciting than ever. The race for the championship is closer than for years. Any one of the four leading teams may win the pennant. The lead fluctuates from week to week, almost from day to day.

By contrast, in the National League the Giants seem to have almost a walk-over for the championship. This might seem to be a source of great satisfaction to the proprietors of that club, but in fact it is not. They complain that their team looks to be so sure a winner that the public is almost losing interest in it. The attendance at the Polo Grounds does not reach the figures at the Stadium. On their present trip through the West the Yankees have played to unprecedented throngs of spectators.

The difference does not lie in the quality of the game played. It would appear that the Giants are forging ahead because they have the best nine—a nine probably stronger this year than the Yankees. But the latter have the advantage of being in a contest of which the outcome is highly uncertain. Each game they play may be sensational in its effect upon the standing of the clubs. Hence the eagerness of the baseball enthusiasts in all the cities of the circuit to be present when any shift in the outlook for the championship takes place.

The moral of it all seems to be, from the standpoint of the gate money, that it is better to have a desperate fight on your hands every day than to be assured of victory.

Treaties That Won't Stay Put. In SHAW'S "Saint Joan" the Dauphin Charles exhibits a constitutional aversion for battle and a strong predilection for making treaties. He sees no purpose in fighting the English when he can get them out of France by signing something, or in attacking Paris when he can sign a very good treaty with the Burgundians.

The Dauphin, if he were alive today, would be of another mind, perhaps, as he took cognizance of the large number of treaties that do not settle anything. It is a rare treaty nowadays that is not really the prelude to interpretation conferences, enforcement commissions, revision committees and an endless supplementary exchange of notes. When all the signatures have been attached and congratulatory handshakes have been exchanged, it is in order for the high contracting parties to begin finding out what it is all about.

Great Britain at the present moment has two such cases on hand. She has just signed or is getting ready to sign a treaty with Soviet Russia dealing with loans, confiscated property and national debts. All that now remains to be disposed of, according to the reports, is the question of loans, confiscated property and national debts. The treaty with Ireland is also up for amendment and clarification. Both in Belfast and Dublin there are very active groups of scholiasts engaged in reading into various treaties and reading out of them pretty nearly anything they please. In this country a few years ago we had a very active little band of Panama Canal treaty interpreters of our own.

There is this much to be said for the wicked diplomats of a former age who handled about territories and populations by treaty: What they settled they settled, at least until another war came along. Today we are preoccupied with such intangibles as economic interests and financial influences and balances and what not—fluid substances hard to bring within the framework of a treaty and keep them there.

IN DAVIS'S FAVOR.

The Census Having Been Invoked, West Virginia Makes Good Showing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Aug. 1 is a letter from Henry I. Scudder of Martinsville, Wis.

Mr. Scudder, according to the census, is correct in his statement that the gain in population from 1900 to 1920 was 39 per cent.; Wisconsin, 27.2 per cent., but West Virginia was 52.6 per cent., Michigan 51.8 per cent., Massachusetts 37 per cent., and Vermont 2.5 per cent.

This would favor Mr. Davis.

As to the wage earners, the census seems to show that in Wisconsin they received an average of $1,100.34 each, West Virginia, $1,236.44; Michigan, $1,267; Arizona (Will Rogers's supporters), $1,408.85; Vermont, $1,017.70; Massachusetts, $1,078.16.

Again the figures show that of the States of the nominees Mr. Davis has the best showing.

Wisconsin has no State debt. This is in Mr. La Follette's favor. It supports a State university with a roll of 10,000 students in attendance and 15,000 by correspondence. The illiteracy among native whites in Wisconsin is 6.7 per cent.; West Virginia, 4.6 per cent.; Michigan, 0.7 per cent.; Vermont, 1.5 per cent.; Massachusetts, 0.4 per cent.

Insanity to 100,000 population is, in Wisconsin, 300; West Virginia, 123.5; Michigan, 210.8; Massachusetts, 373.5; Vermont, 310.1; District of Columbia, 763.8. Again Mr. Davis is ahead and Mr. La Follette second on insanity, and the census proves that neither Mr. Davis's nor Mr. La Follette's followers are in the majority at Washington.

Mr. Scudder speaks of the manufacturers leaving the State. To many of us who looked upon Wisconsin as a granger State, the census report is surprising. She was the leader in the production of dairy products, as she had taken first place over New York and Iowa, which held the record before, but I believe she stands twelfth as a manufacturing State and the census of 1920 shows the percentage of gain over 1910 of manufacturing industries:

Wisconsin, 6.9 per cent.; West Virginia, 7.7 per cent.; Michigan, minus 0.3 per cent.; Vermont, minus 8 per cent.; Massachusetts, gain of 1.9 per cent. Again Mr. Davis's State takes the lead, while Mr. La Follette is a close second and Mr. Coolidge, whom we judge Mr. Scudder was anxious to save, shows up a poor third in all comparisons.

Mr. Scudder mentions taxes, and this is a live question all over the country and not confined to any one State or locality. I even find that the much-abused Tammany Administration of New York City has a much lower tax rate, in proportion to the rental or earning power of the property assessed, than the counties of the State which are suffering from or under the administration of the Republicans or the party of high moral ideas, linked with graft and bootlegging.

Therefore, we assume that in real progressive work and results the party of John W. Davis ranks first, the candidate, Robert M. La Follette, second, and Calvin Coolidge a poor third.

JOHN W. NICHOLS.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Aug. 2, 1924.

The Indian-American Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial you say: "In due time we may expect to hear that the 'Indian-American' vote has been mobilized behind a candidate pledged to this or that issue."

It may interest your other readers to learn of an instance where it was so mobilized a generation ago. In 1891 an election for Judge of the then Eighth Judicial District of Nebraska was decided by the Indian voters of Thurston County, which contains the Omaha and Winnebago Reservations, with some 5,000 souls in the two tribes. W. F. Norris, the candidate ultimately declared elected, was so declared only by adding the vote of these Indians, who had then but recently been created citizens by the Dawes act of 1887. A contest instituted by the other candidate failed on technical grounds (Crawford vs. Norris, 35, Neb. 7, 45) and the certificate was issued to Norris.

It may further be of interest to state that the beneficiary of this early exercise of the "Indian-American" vote still holds a sinecure in the much-advertised Department of Justice at Washington.

OBSERVER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 2, 1924.

Norwegian Prohibition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. White's letter "Canadian Liquor Law," in your issue of July 31 is typical of that characteristic which identifies all fanatics and prohibitionists—the inability to state a fact without misstating and distorting it.

The Norwegian Parliament did not "by a large majority decide to stand by prohibition." It did by a large majority decide to stand by legality, and voted that prohibition, having been established by popular vote or referendum, could and should only be disestablished or terminated by popular vote or referendum. A very different thing.

M. ROSENKRANTZ.

Roseloe, Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 1, 1924.

WIDOW.

He was the fastest driver on the route;
I think the surest, too, for all his speed,
My man. . . . And now his candle has blown out
That cast the clearest light I ever knew.
He seemed to me a young god gone astray
Awhile to earth. His talk was wild and strange,
And beautiful. The usual mortal way
Of life or death was not far him to range.
Rider beneath the stars, he was found dead
But with no mark upon him and his car
Arrested at the turning where it sped,
Without collision . . . unless, from afar,
And vanished after sudden death was done,
Back into azure—sped young Phaëton.

FISKE CONANT.

DELAY IN THE COURTS.

Lawyer Lays It to a Lack of Sufficient Judicial Officers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is very evident to those who have had dealings with the criminal courts that one of the greatest impediments to a more prompt and vigorous enforcement of our laws is due to the insufficiency of the number of judicial officers in our courts. In order that the most effective disposition of charges may be made, it is necessary that the defendant be brought promptly to trial, say at least within two weeks after his indictment, while all the information in connection with the charge is fresh in the minds of the witnesses.

This course would not only benefit the innocent charged with a crime, but would make more sure of conviction by the State of those who are guilty. It would benefit the innocent, especially the innocent poor, because they would not be compelled to remain in prison for a long period before being brought to trial or having entailed upon them or their families the hardship of raising bail.

The ability of the State to bring criminals promptly to trial would result in the curtailment of the time during which professional criminals might be permitted to remain at large to prey upon the public. It is quite a usual thing for men at large on bail to be arrested while engaged in the perpetration of some new crime.

Now, these delays are not brought on "by the innumerable motions and counter-motions in the courts." The examination of the records of our criminal courts will show that but in a very small percentage of the criminal cases is there any motion made excepting during the course of the trial.

The real cause of the condition complained of is the limitation of human ability. It is difficult for any Judge to dispose of more than two of the simplest kinds of cases with a jury during a four-and-a-half-hour day, and I do not believe any of these critics of our system will advocate abolition of trial by jury in important criminal cases.

Apart from the time consumed in trials, every lawyer knows it is necessary, even in pleas of guilty, that the Judge should devote considerable time to hearing and receiving reports concerning the case and the defendant, in order that he make the sentence commensurate with the crime and at the same time consistent with the welfare of the defendant and to the best interest of the State.

Criticisms leveled at our courts by laymen may be excused, but there can be no excuse for them by lawyers. What we really need in all our courts, both State and Federal, is an increase in the number of Judges, in order that any criminal case may be brought to trial within at least two weeks, and all civil cases in which issue has been joined, if the attorneys having charge of the controversy so desire, may be brought on for trial within one month thereafter, while the subject matter of litigation is fresh in the minds of the witnesses.

An illustration may be found in the condition of the court calendar in the Seventh District Municipal Court of the Borough of Manhattan on a recent day in this month, where 147 jury cases appeared on the calendar. The majority were answered as being ready for trial, but there were only three Justices in this court to take care of this mass of litigation.

When legislation is initiated to remedy this condition partisan efforts block its passage, so we continue to have cases waiting on our calendars from one to two years for trial, when witnesses have died, forgotten the facts or disappeared.

We have a recent example of how partisan political action blocks the remedying of this condition. An effort was made recently to secure an increase in the number of Judges in the Supreme Court of this district, but the full quota asked for was denied because the legislators did not wish to give the Governor, who happened to be of a different political faith from that of the majority, the power of making so many appointments.

In Congress during the last session a bill was introduced to increase the number of Federal Judges in the Southern District of New York, but this bill was opposed and defeated because of the same motive, while more than five hundred indictments awaited trial in this district, one of the strongest opponents of this measure being a lawyer and a member of Congress from this district. He stated, according to press dispatches, that he believed if the Judges in the Federal District Court would work longer hours they would be able to dispose of the calendar. No one, not even this Congressman's best friend, if he be a lawyer, will be so charitable as to credit him with a mistake of judgment. It is obvious to any one that the objection was to the increased patronage that this measure would give a Republican President.

If our distinguished ex-Governors, ex-District Attorneys, &c., would devote part of their time and energy to the increase of the judiciary—realizing that our courts are not responsible for the increase of crimes, only in so far as they are compelled to release professional criminals on bail for long periods of time—rather than spend their time in criticising the courts, they could be of real service to the community. This, of course, would operate in no small degree as a preventive of many crimes, yet I must agree in part with the statement quoted by you from Police Commissioner Enright that "lack of home training and indifference to religion * * * are responsible for the new psychological outlook of a lot of young men and women."

JOHN N. GRIGGS.

New York, Aug. 4, 1924.

More "Plus" Systems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the Federal Trade Commission has done away with the "Pittsburgh Plus" imposition, it ought to get after some others which are affecting the East as much as the former did the Middle West.

"Big Business" methods, legal or otherwise, have been tolerated and encouraged by the Republican Party as easy and effective vote-getters, just as, to a greater degree, in the case of high protective tariff.

A good example of this is the "F. O. B." system, by which the consumer pays for the price of the automobile plus shippage from Detroit, regardless of the fact that many such products are assembled in the East. Doubtless there are many other such fraudulent schemes thriving under Republican protection. The Federal Trade Commission, which is non-political, should abolish such iniquities.

G. M.

Southport, Conn., July 30, 1924.

Tribute to Mrs. McCormick.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Anne O'Hare McCormick's article last Sunday on the statesmen who ruled before the deluge of 1914 is the best piece of panoramic politico-historical writing I have seen in a long time.

That sort of thing is hard to do with balance and accuracy, and the present example does you and the writer credit. Print some more.

G. B. CLARKSON.

Southampton, Aug. 4, 1924.

PERSHING ARRANGES TRAINING CAMP TOUR

General Will Go as Far as Cheyenne in Three Weeks' Inspection, Ending Sept. 12.

ENDS WITH HIS RETIREMENT

Citizens' Camps Have Proved Successful Beyond the Hopes of Authorities—38,549 Enrolled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—General Pershing will start on a three weeks' inspection trip of the civilian training camps tomorrow, going as far westward as Cheyenne. The General's trip attracts special attention at this time, not only because of his great interest in the camps, but because of the proximity of Defense Day, Sept. 12, upon which date the General will be retired from his long army service.

The citizens' military training camps have been very successful in drawing a much larger number of men than had been anticipated, even by the most sanguine. In all, there are now at the camps 38,549 men, as compared with what army officers believed would be a maximum of 28,000 this year. In 1921, when the camps were started, the attendance approximated 11,000; in 1922, about 22,000; and last year 34,000.

The camps which General Pershing will visit include not only citizens' military camps but National Guard and reserve officers' camps as well. His schedule follows:

Aug. 8, Mount Gretna, Pa.; Aug. 9, Camp Vail, N. J.; Aug. 12, Camp Devens, Mass.; Aug. 13, Plattsburg, N. Y., and Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Aug. 15, Camp Perry, Ohio; Aug. 16, Des Moines, Iowa; Aug. 18, Camp Grant, Ill.; Aug. 19-20-21, Lincoln, Neb.; Aug. 22, Fort Logan, Col.; Aug. 23, Cheyenne, Wyo.; Aug. 26, Leavenworth, Kan.; Aug. 27, 28, Lincoln, Neb.; Aug. 30, Chicago, Ill., and Aug. 31, Findlay, Ohio (reunion of the Buckeye Division).

From Findlay General Pershing will go to Columbus, Ohio, and return direct to Washington.

Figures showing distribution of the men at the citizens' military training camps follow:

First Corps Area—2,747. Camp Devens, 2,568; Fort Adams, 179.

Second Corps Area—4,597. Porte Rico, 400; Plattsburg (July), 1,066; Plattsburg (August), 2,418; Madison Barracks, 152; Camp Vail, 150; Fort Hancock, 111; Fort Ethan Allen, 180; Fort DuPont, 97.

Third Corps Area—3,520. Camp Meade, 3,444; Fort Monroe, 376.

Fourth Corps Area—3,068. Camp McClellan, 2,622; Fort Bragg, 806; Fort Barrancas, 330.

Fifth Corps Area—3,956. Camp Knox, 3,956.

Sixth Corps Area—3,605. Camp Custer, 3,605.

Seventh Corps Area—14,748. Fort Leavenworth, 1,884; Fort Des Moines, 1,572; Fort Snelling, 1,292.

Eighth Corps Area—3,254. Fort Sill, 1,181; Fort Sam Houston, 1,085; Fort Logan, 633; Fort Huachuca, 220; Fort Harry J. Jones, 136.

Ninth Corps Area—2,953. Camp Lewis, 1,141; Fort Douglas, 879; Camp Lewis, 500; Fort Scott, 90; Fort Worden, 43.

Total, 38,549.

AIRPLANES ROUT TANKS.

Realistic "Battle" Fought by Militiamen at Old Vanderbilt Home.

Watched by Major General Robert Lee Bullard, commander of the Second Corps Area, and other high officers of the United States Army, the Twenty-seventh Division Air Squadron and the First Division Tank Company, New York National Guard, gave a demonstration yesterday of modern attack and defense at Miller Field, Staten Island.

The old Vanderbilt mansion, around which several machine gun nests had been planted, was the centre of attack by the tanks. A squadron of five airplanes commanded by Major George A. Vaughan successfully threw a smoke screen around the building and then attacked the tanks, driving them off. Phosphorus bombs were dropped from the air and the tanks were enveloped in an impenetrable cloud of smoke. White powder flares and bombs, many of which made direct hits, added to the realistic demonstration.

Major General Bullard, who was accompanied by Colonel William Haskell and Major William L. Hensley Jr., commandant at Mitchel Field, L. I., expressed himself as highly pleased at the showing made by the aviators and the personnel of the tank company. The manoeuvers were part of the Summer camp training of both units.

FEELING IN DUBLIN EASIER.

Government Won't Oppose Deferring Action on Boundary Question.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 7.—The statement of J. H. Thomas, Colonial Secretary, in the House of Commons

1925 SCHOOL BUDGET TO BE $102,000,000

Board Is Expected to Pass It Today After Only One Public Hearing.

LECTURE BUREAU FUND CUT

Proposal for Psychiatrical Work Will Go to O'Shea and Board of Superintendents.

The Board of Education held its only public hearing on the budget for 1925 last night in the Education Building. This afternoon the board is scheduled to pass the budget, which is expected to be under $102,000,000. This is less than $3,000,000 in excess of the budget for 1924.

Two psychiatrists to study the problem of children in the public schools were asked for by George Gordon Battle, representing the Girls' Service League of America. A heated argument arose over a cut in the appropriation for the Lecture Bureau of the board, and various organizations of teachers requested salary adjustments.

Discussing the need for psychiatrical work among adolescents, Mr. Battle said that bad such treatment been given to Nathan Leopold and Richard Loeb, now being tried for murder in Chicago, their abnormalities might have been discovered and the Franks murder might never have happened. Mr. Battle's proposal was indorsed by nine other social and educational organizations.

In connection with this proposal Dr. Anna T. Bingham, who has been employed by the Girls' Service League for the last three years, told of the treatment by which many students have been helped. Each case presented, she said, was carefully studied and the corrective measures taken were highly successful.

Commissioner Arthur S. Somers replied that he thought the proposal excellent and asked Mr. Battle and Dr. Bingham to take up the matter with Superintendent of Schools Dr. William J. O'Shea and the Board of Superintendents. The other organizations supporting the request were the Girls' Service Club, the National Council of Jewish Women, the National Civic Federation, the American Social Hygiene Association, the Girls' Friendly Society, the Church Mission of Help, the Jewish Board of Guardians, the Big Brother and Big Sister organizations, and the New York School of Social Work.

Several teachers' organizations sent representatives to the meeting to ask salary adjustments. William R. Lasher, Chairman of the Joint Salary Committee of Teachers' Organizations, offered a schedule of proposed revisions for salaries of all teachers in the public school system, which would involve an increase of the budget of between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000. Abraham Lefkowitz of the Union Teachers' Club suggested that the increase be met by an appropriation from the State, which, he argued, should pay half the salaries of all public school teachers employed by the various municipalities. He also suggested that the State income tax be set aside exclusively for educational purposes.

A lively tilt arose between Commissioner Somers, who presided, Commissioner M. Samuel Stern and Joseph P. Carney of the Public Lecture Bureau, who called the two members of the board "barbarians" because, he said, they had been largely responsible for a cut of $5,000 in the appropriation for the bureau. This year it received $60,000, while next year it is to receive only $55,000.

The Children's Aid Society asked the Budget Committee for a larger appropriation for the public school children under its supervision, and the American Museum of Natural History put in a request for more money for the circulation of picture slides. Salary readjustments were requested by the substitute teachers, the evening high and trade school teachers and the visiting teachers.

The cut in the appropriation of the lecture bureau follows a reduction in the budget for this year. The Budget Committee decided last Summer that the public lectures held under auspices of the Board of Education did not draw sufficient audiences to justify their cost. Mr. Somers and Mr. Stern pointed out last night that they would support the lectures if public interest in them would be shown. Mr. Carney argued that the small attendance was due to lack of publicity, caused by decreased appropriations.

WIND STAMPEDES CIRCUS.

Little Tent Ten Feet, Causing Panic in Canadian Audience of 2,000.

ST. CATHARINES, Ontario, Aug. 7.—Two thousand persons that crowded in the main tent of a circus giving a performance here last night became badly frightened when the tent was lifted ten feet in the air during a severe electrical and wind storm, and then settled back again over the audience. A troup of elephants was giving an exhibition in the ring at the time, but the trainers kept the frightened animals under control.

The crowd in the tent surged toward the exits. Women and children were trampled on, but none was seriously injured. Circus men quickly reinforced the tent and it was held upright until all had left the enclosure. The storm was one of the most severe in years. Trees and telephone poles were blown down and telegraph service interfered with.

Sale for the Lighthouse.

A sale of articles made by blind workers at the Lighthouse, 111 East Fifty-ninth Street, will be held at the West Islip Tennis Club on Friday, Aug. 15. Members of the Long Island Summer colony who have taken special interest in the work carried on by the New York Association for the Blind have arranged the sale, at which the various types of hand-made articles made at the Fifty-ninth Street headquarters and the special workshop in East Thirty-fifth Street will be offered. Among those taking an active part in the arrangements are Mrs. George D. Sparks, Mrs. George White, Mrs. Walter Suydam, Mrs. H. W. C. Arnold, Mrs. William Arnold, Mrs. Donald Bridgman, Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Mrs. John Ferguson, Mrs. John R. Greene, Mrs. E. J. Kipley, Mrs. W. D. Parsons and Mrs. Herbert G. Mackenzie.

Ellenbogens Have a Son.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Ellenbogen of Paterson, N. J., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, James F. Ellenbogen, on July 27. Mrs. Ellenbogen was Miss Jessie Samter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Samter of Scranton, Pa.

Dr. Brigham Going to China.

Dr. Gertrude Richardson Brigham will leave today for China to become associate professor of English in the Canton Christian College, in Canton. Dr. Brigham has been art editor of The Washington Post, and of the Washington Herald, and she has been on the staff of Art and Archeology, published by the Archeological Institute of America, and also of Public Affairs.

Oscar S. Straus Leaves Hospital.

Oscar S. Straus, who was operated on eight weeks ago by Dr. Edwin Beer at Mount Sinai Hospital, left the hospital yesterday for his home at Purchase, N. Y.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Lord and Lady Mountbatten, who will accompany the Prince of Wales on his visit to this country to attend the international polo matches, plan to arrive from England on Aug. 29, and will occupy the State suite at the Ambassador. Mrs. Norton, wife of the Honorable Richard Norton, will also be in the party.

A Russian fete for the benefit of the Russian Relief Fund and the Ann May Hospital at Spring Lake, N. J., will be given this evening at Ross-Fenton Farm, North Asbury Park, N. J. Members of the Summer colonies at Rumson, Spring Lake, Deal, Allenhurst and other places near by will take part in the entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. John Clinton Gilbert of 815 Park Avenue have chartered the yacht Sister and will start Saturday for a cruise of a month.

Mrs. John N. Steele gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's. Among her guests were Mrs. Kenneth M. Marchison and Mrs. James M. Hill.

Miss Muriel McCormick, who recently arrived at the Ritz-Carlton from Lake Forest, Ill., left yesterday by motor for Pittsfield, Mass., where she will be the guest of Mrs. Warren M. Salisbury of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua S. Coates have come from Saratoga by motor and are staying at the Ambassador. Miss Elisabeth L. Cudahy has left that hotel for her country home in Marion, Mass.

Mrs. Griswold A. Thompson gave a luncheon yesterday in the Japanese Garden at the Ritz-Carlton.

Axel F. Wallenberg, Swedish Ambassador to the United States, has arrived from Washington and will be at the Plaza for a few days.

Mrs. T. Shaw Safe, who recently arrived from Europe, and Kenneth B. Safe left the Ritz-Carlton yesterday for Newport.

Mrs. Philip S. Reed came in from Southampton yesterday and is staying at the Plaza. Mrs. John M. B. Churchill of Boston, Mrs. Clinton L. Childs of Pittsburg and Mrs. Benjamin C. Allen of Chicago are at the same hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bartholomay and their daughter, Miss Elsa M. Bartholomay, who have been at the Ambassador since Mrs. Bartholomay arrived from Europe recently, have left for their home in Chicago.

Miss Winifred Rogers, daughter of Mrs. Alexander Campbell Rogers of 47 East Thirtieth Street, is sailing on the Minnetonka on Saturday for Cherbourg. After a short stay in France she will go to England to visit the lake country, and return to New York early in October.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker Jr. have left Sandy Hill, their country place at Locust Valley, L. I., where they have spent much of the early Summer, and have sailed for Europe to remain until early in October.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hugh Fain, who sailed for Europe to attend the meetings of the American Bar Association in London, are now in Biarritz, where they plan to spend the rest of the Summer. While in England they spent some time by the sea at Sidmouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Griswold Lorillard, who have been spending the Summer in Edgartown, Mass., plan to leave there in another week to go to Tuxedo Park.

An Italian entertainment will be staged for the benefit of the members of the Pickwick Supper Club at the weekly meeting tonight at the Pickwick Arms, Greenwich. Among those who have invited guests are Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Banks, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore G. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Bishop and Mr. and Mrs. William C. Browning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer have arrived at the Briarcliff Lodge from their Summer place in Stroudsburg, Pa. After a few days at the lodge they will go on a motor trip through New England.

Southampton.

Major Edward E. Metcalfe, equerry to the Prince of Wales, who has been visiting Clarence H. Mackay at Harbor Hill since his recent arrival from England, came to Southampton yesterday to be for several days with Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston.

Colonel Robert M. Thompson, who arrived two days ago on the America from the Olympic Games, returned yesterday afternoon to Orlawn to join Mrs. Thompson, who has been here all Summer. He was accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Stephen H. P. Pell, his grandson, Robert M. Thompson Pell and Mrs. Pell, who brought their young daughter Stephanie, born in Paris a year ago. Others in Colonel Thompson's party were Major Gen. Sir Reginald Hoskins of England and Lady Hoskins.

Mrs. Dudley Olcott gave a small dance last night at Olcottage for her daughter, Miss Jean Olcott. The guests included sub-débutantes friends of Miss Olcott and some of the young college men here for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund S. Twining Jr. are at the Hampton Manor for a stay of several weeks.

Mrs. Julia Hoyt is at Red Top Farm with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julian W. Robbins.

There is assurance of a large audience tonight in the garden of the Parrish Art Museum for the performance to be given by Ruth St. Denis, Ted Shawn and the Denishawn dancers. As an all the boxes have been sold and seats as well, there should be a satisfactory net profit for the beneficiary of the entertainment, the Southampton Fresh Air Home for Crippled and Ruptured Children, of which institution Mrs. Peter B. Wyckoff is President. There has been quite a change made in the proscenium arch of the stage erected for the Chariot Revue of last Monday. There has been redecorating by Albert Herter, who with Mrs. Herter, has among his guests Miss St. Denis and Ted Shawn. After the performance many members of the audience will go on to the supper and dance which Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant is giving at Hedgerows for her guests, Lewis and Alan Rutherford Stuyvesant. Guests for this entertainment will include the visiting tennis players as well as older and younger members of the colony. In case of fair weather arrangements have been made to serve supper in the garden of the place, which is on the border of Lake Agawam.

Mrs. John W. Mackay is expected today from Harbor Hill, Roslyn, to see her latest great-grandchild, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien, who was born at the Southampton Hospital on Wednesday night. Mrs. Mackay will join her son, Clarence Mackay, who is at Sound o' Sea with Mr. O'Brien.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Oliver Rae will give a dinner tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Berwind will give a buffet luncheon today at Minden, their place in Bridgehampton. The guests will include several of their Southampton friends.

Miss Elizabeth Kountze, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman D. Kountze, now in Europe, is at the Irving House.

Miss Rachel Hartley, a granddaughter of the famous American painter, George Inness, will hold a reception on the afternoon of Aug. 11 at the Barnyard Studio in Edge-of-the-Woods Road, Southampton, when she will show some of her North and South American sketches. Mrs. Lucien Hamilton Tyng will receive with Miss Hartley.

Miss Clarissita Cady of New York, who has many friends here, will give subscription piano recitals in Clinton Academy, Easthampton, on Aug. 11, 18 and 25.

WENDELL HOME IS SOLD.

Count Jean de Sentilliaine Will Occupy Murray Hill Residence.

The New York City residence at 106 East Thirty-fifth Street of the late Jacob Wendell, whose daughter Phillipa is to marry the Earl of Galloway, was sold yesterday to Count Jean de Sentilliaine of Belgium.

The property, which stands in the name of M. G. Wendell, widow of Jacob Wendell, consists of a four-story English basement residence, occupying a lot 16.8 by 98.9 feet, located about midway between Park and Lexington Avenues, in the Murray Hill section.

The property was held at about $65,000, according to Pease & Elliman, the brokers who negotiated the deal.

The buyer, who is an importer of Belgium laces, will occupy the house.

MRS. FLAGLER'S KIN WINS $10,000 A YEAR

Referee Recommends Annuity so Miss Ruth Taylor, Grandniece, May Be Educated.

COMES OUT OF TRUST FUND

Special Guardian and Physician Tell of Aged Widow's Delusions in Sanitarium.

A report was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by John R. Halsey, appointed Referee to hear an application by Miss Ruth E. Taylor of Pasco, Wash., grandniece of Mrs. Ida A. Flagler, for an allowance of $10,000 a year from Mrs. Flagler's property, in which the referee recommends that the money be paid so that Miss Taylor may finish her schooling.

The payment was approved by Robert Lee Morrell, appointed special guardian to protect the interests of Mrs. Flagler, who was adjudged insane in 1899, and has a trust fund set aside for her by the late Henry M. Flagler when he divorced her in Florida on the ground of insanity. Mr. Morrell said Mrs. Flagler had been in the sanitarium of Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald at Central Valley, N. Y., for a long period. She is 77 years old and in good physical condition.

The special guardian said Mrs. Flagler had made no will at the time she was adjudged insane and that all her property, after her death, would go to her heirs-at-law, who are her brother, Charles F. Shourds; her nephews, George W. and William W. Taylor and the petitioner. Her brother now receives $30,000 a year from her trust fund, while the two nephews get $10,000 each.

Mr. Morrell said Miss Taylor was left destitute when her father, Richard W. Taylor, died in March last, and that she was "educated in a manner befitting a member of the Flagler family, but was unable to finish her college course because of her father's illness, and is unable to provide for herself."

Mr. Morrell pointed out that on Jan. 12 last the principal of Mrs. Flagler's estate amounted to $10,934,456, and the gross income for the five years ending was $1,579,627, during which time the surplus income was $481,763. The estate increased $1,132,598 last year. He said that Mrs. Flagler is receiving every possible care and attention, and all the luxuries which in her condition she can possibly enjoy, and no further sums out of her surplus income could be advantageously expended for her."

Dr. MacDonald testified for the referee that Mrs. Flagler was treated as a member of his family and that she motored every day in the vicinity of Central Valley except during the week-ends, when the roads were congested. He said she had many delusions, chiefly pertaining to her belief that she was a granddaughter of Queen Victoria and was born in Windsor Castle. She thinks that her relatives are not her relatives at all and that the real name of her brother is not Shourds but Vanderbilt.

"She told me recently that she had seen King George, the Prince of Wales and other members of the English royal family on the street of Newburgh, and that they had spoken to her but she had refused to recognize them," said Dr. MacDonald. "She also said she had seen the Czar of Russia in Newburgh and that he had saluted her, but she had not recognized him either. She believes that Newburgh has a population of 3,000,000 and that a bridge has been constructed from Palm Beach to Liverpool, on which an automobile can cross in two hours. Her delusions all make her happy."

Miss Taylor, who came from Washington to testify in the case, said that if the money is paid to her she will complete her college education.

MISS ELIZABETH HUGHES ILL

Secretary of State's Daughter Suffers Diabetes Attack.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 7.—Miss Elizabeth Hughes, daughter of Charles Evans Hughes, was stricken with diabetes yesterday. The Secretary of State, with Mrs. Hughes, is now on his way home from Europe, where he attended the meeting of the American Bar Association in London.

Miss Hughes has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Chauncey Lockhart Waddell, since her parents went abroad several weeks ago. She had been in excellent health and was a frequent visitor on the golf links of the Raritan Valley Country Club.

She was attended by Dr. Runkle S. Hegeman, a local physician. As she failed to respond to treatment last night, Dr. Frederick M. Allen, a specialist of Morristown, N. J., was called in today and tonight it was reported that Miss Hughes's condition was somewhat improved.

Miss Hughes has been a sufferer from diabetes for some time. In August, 1922, her mother took her to Toronto, where she was under the care of Dr. F. G. Banting for three months.

Miss Hughes was educated at the Cathedral School, a Protestant Episcopal institution in Washington.

DR. MACFARLAND SAILING.

Will Attend Receptions to Huguenot Pilgrims in Europe.

Dr. Charles S. Macfarland, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Huguenot-Walloon-New Netherland Tercentenary Commission, will sail on the Homeric on Saturday to address tercentenary meetings in Paris and Brussels. The Huguenot pilgrims onw in Europe are attracting great attention. Dr. Macfarland will attend receptions to the pilgrims by the President of France and King Albert of Belgium.

Dr. Macfarland will carry abroad a substantial sum from the American churches for the relief of churches of Europe. The gift will be made at the conference of the Central Bureau of Relief for European Churches.

COREY REGAINS HIS HOME.

Fifth Avenue House Deeded to Lawyer During Marital Difficulties.

William E. Corey, former President of the United States Steel Corporation, has regained ownership of his residence at 991 Fifth Avenue, adjoining the home of the late F. W. Woolworth on the Eightieth Street north corner. A deed was filed in the Register's office yesterday showing that the property has been transferred to Mr. Corey by Thomas L. Chadbourne, the lawyer who has represented Mr. Corey.

The house, which covers a plot 25 by 100 feet, was purchased in 1917 for his second wife, Maybelle Gilman Corey, the former actress, who obtained a divorce in Paris last November. The property is assessed at $200,000. The transfer indicates that the residence, which was once recorded in Mrs. Corey's name, was transferred to Mr. Chadbourne during the recent marital difficulties.

Report on Cromwell Estate.

An accounting of the estate of John Cromwell, filed yesterday, gives the value as $600,000. Mr. Cromwell, who died in 1910, left the income from his estate to his wife, who has since died. The income is now divided between two daughters, Mrs. Louise Glover and Mrs. Florence C. Horton, both of New Rochelle, N. Y.

MANY TOURISTS DUE HERE ON TWO SHIPS

Members of American Bar Association Among Those Returning on Berengaria.

The Cunard liner Berengaria will arrive today with a full passenger list, including many members of the American Bar Association.

Among those returning home is Calvert Townley, assistant to the President of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, who went abroad as a member of the American Committee which participated in the power conference at Wembley early in July. Delegates from many nations were represented.

Others on the Berengaria are Mr. and Mrs. Horace Hano of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams and family of Cincinnati, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Shedd of Chicago, Max Gabel, Director of the People's Theatre, this city; Mrs. Gabel, W. B. Nelson, Assistant Passenger Manager of the Cunard Line; Mrs. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Earl P. Charlton, Max Baker, Harry M. Bensinger, Dr. and Mrs. Amos Canfield, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph C. Cagles, J. R. Deering, Mrs. H. P. Fish, Miss Elizabeth Fish, Mr. and Mrs. John French, Colonel J. F. C. Fuller, D. S. O.; Mr. and Mrs. Sherman T. Hanny, Mrs. Samul Jackson, Master Edward Jackson, Samuel Kursman, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Lord, Mrs. Frederick Putnam, Miss Marjorie Putnam, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Rankin, Reuben Satterwaite Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Taggert, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Tarbox, Thomas B. Wanamaker, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Whitney, Charles Huntley, the Misses Edith and Constance Hyslop, Lee S. Chadwick, Mr. and Mrs. A. Collier, Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Cupples, Irving C. Eldredge, Dr. Charles Everest Flack, Colonel R. Sullivan, Dr. Walter McGuire, Mrs. Samuel Pratt and Oliver W. Holmes.

The Holland-America liner Rotterdam, from Rotterdam and Boulogne, also will arrive today. Among her many passengers are Joseph E. Bernstein of Jersey City, S. J. Shipley of the Shipley Construction Company and Mrs. Shipley, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hilton Brown, Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Ellsworth, Bishop F. Benegas, Mrs. H. V. Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hemenway, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. H. Tschopp-Bretscher, Mr. and Mrs. W. Niemeyer and A. V. Niemeyer.

Also Jonkvrouw Van der Poll, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Rohrmayer, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Wey, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Abbey, Bishops L. Buss and T. H. Pearce, Dr. and Mrs. Stender, Mr. and Mrs. N. Kilmartin, Mrs. M. C. L. Stanley, Professor J. Stumpf, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Summers, Mr. and Mrs. H. Roos and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jambor, and G. V. Davis.

Albert Henry Washburn, United States Ambassador to Vienna, who has been spending his Summer vacation at his home in Massachusetts, will sail today for his post on the Cosulich line steamer Presidente Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Washburn and their son.

The liner, which will touch at Boston on the way to Mediterranean ports, will carry 700 passengers. Many of them in second cabin and third class are Italian residents of the United States, who will visit relatives.

Other passengers include Baron and Baroness Willy Hanstein, who have been visiting friends in the United States; Miss Katherine R. Cooke, Dr. William H. Cooke, Mrs. Fred B. Colby, Baron Robert Doblhoff, Mrs. Lucinda de Mello, Miss M. V. Flynn of this city, who is making her twenty-fifth trip; Miss Mary W. Moultrie Gourdin, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hundley, Mrs. Lillian Hogan, E. H. Kolb, Mrs. T. W. Morrison and daughter Rose, Dr. and Mrs. Norman Morgan, Francis Pope Mooney, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Walton Mooney, Miss Paula Scherer, F. H. Tuttle, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wickenden, William Wickenden Jr., Miss Betty Wickenden, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Wyckoff, daughter Jean and Constantine Zonaras.

Mrs. F. W. H. Laub, wife of the Danish Consul General at St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, and her son, who are en route here to join Mr. Laub on Long Island, will arrive on the Danish-West Indian Line steamer Hellig Olav today for her home in Copenhagen, will be transferred from the steamer Guiana to the liner at quarantine by tug at the Gravesend Bay dock in time for them to transfer on land.

Others who will sail on the Hellig Olav include State Senator C. L. Hansen of Minnesota, Robert S. Barrett, Norman J. Brumbaugh, Bishop James Cannon Jr., Captain Adolf Hauge, Mrs. Marthine D. Hansen, Kristine B. Hansen, L. P. Jeppesen, Albert Johnson, Mrs. Edith Jacobsen and son Paul, Axel Knudsen, Miss C. I. Kruger, Captain Magnus Leonhard, Charles B. Nelson, Mrs. Elisabeth M. Palmer, Miss Mae A. Palmer, Mrs. Franziska Quiat, Mrs. G. Robarth, Miss Clara Petersen Rash, Christian Skrowen, Soren Sonderkaer, the Misses Andrew Svarkmo, Mrs. Margarethe Valvik and Miss Gertrude Woodley.

KILLS WIFE AND TWO SONS.

Buffalo Engineer Then Shoots Himself—Name in "Ku Klux" List.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Henry H. Lyon, 45, an electrical engineer of this city, early today shot and killed his wife and their two young sons, and then turned the weapon on himself, inflicting wounds from which he died.

The police found the mother dead in bed, evidently having been shot while she slept, while the two boys, Henry, 5 and Roger, 10, were found lying on separate cots in another room, each having been shot through the left eye. Lyon was on a bed unconscious and lying of a bullet wound in his head. The weapon was clutched in his right hand.

Lyon was a son of Henry L. Lyon, former Water Commissioner, and was chief engineer of the Buffalo General Electric Company. A note which he left for his sister indicated no reason for the tragedy.

The police today said Lyon's name appeared on a list of names which several weeks ago was alleged to have been stolen from Ku Klux Klan headquarters here and which was recently found by the police. The Klan denied that the list was a membership roster.

GIRL DIES; DOCTOR HELD.

Denies Charge That He Operated on Her Just Before Her Death.

Dr. Hadley T. Cannon, with offices at 20 East Eighty-third Street and who lives at 1,111 Madison Avenue, was arrested by detectives of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station last night on a charge of homicide in connection with the death of Monica Malaney, 17 years old, of Brookline, Mass., who died in the physician's office yesterday morning.

According to Dr. Thomas Gonzales, Assistant Medical Examiner, the girl's death was caused by an operation performed by the physician, although Dr. Cannon had issued a certificate attributing death to blood poisoning and heart trouble.

The police said that Dr. Cannon had embalmed the body in his office and that the gynecological table had led both Dr. Gonzales and Detective Bauser of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station to investigate. The former ordered the girl's body to be taken to the morgue where an autopsy will be performed today.

Dr. Cannon denied performing the operation and said that the girl had consulted him for the first time Saturday after arriving here from her home.

Man Shot by Park Officer Dies.

Donato Dellidione, who was shot by Special Policeman Henry Van Benschoten in Bronx Park on Wednesday afternoon, died last evening in Fordham Hospital. Dellidione was with a female companion when he was shot. The woman ran away after a fight due to the officer's interference to protect a young girl in the park. In the hospital Dellidione gave his address as 307 Jennings Street, the Bronx, but there is no such number.

Steamer Westlake Drops Propeller.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—The Shipping Board steamer Westlake, operated by the Oriole Line, left here Sunday night for Liverpool, has dropped a propeller blade and is proceeding slowly back to Boston. The ship left here early Tuesday morning and yesterday she will resume her voyage.

COST OF AIR MAIL MAY END SERVICE

New Expresses Doubt Whether New York-San Francisco Route Can Be Permanent.

BUT WILL TRY IT LONGER

One Month of Service Shows Success in Operation, but With Heavy Monetary Loss.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A report on the operation in the first month of the continuous schedule air mail service between New York and San Francisco, inaugurated on July 4, leaves uncertain whether the service will be successful enough financially to be continued. The service is being operated at a loss. There were no accidents, good time was made, and from a physical viewpoint the ability of the Post Office Department to operate the service was demonstrated.

"I realize," said Postmaster-General New today, "that the question of revenue is one of utmost importance in this new service. We have under way an intensive campaign of traffic solicitation. It is being carried on primarily through the postmasters and secondarily through commercial clubs and other business organizations across the route.

"Since the gross income from the service for the first month of its operation is substantially less than the cost of maintenance, it seems to me that it would be unfair to lay too much stress upon the exact balance between income and outgo until we have had the benefit of at least four to six months' intensive traffic solicitation.

"As far as the physical operation of this continuous New York-to-San Francisco route is concerned, I have no hesitancy in predicting its success."

The report shows that the cross-continental mail planes flew 173,910 miles during their first thirty-one days of operation. Cloudbursts, tornadoes and severe electrical storms were encountered, but in spite of these obstacles the average westbound time was 30 hours, 49 minutes, and eastbound 36 hours, 21 minutes, as compared with the best established railroad mail schedules for the same distance of 86 hours westbound and 90 hours eastbound. Compared with the best rail schedule, the poorest westbound performance of the air mail—29 hours, 40 minutes—was 20 hours, 20 minutes better than train time, with 32 hours, 21 minutes saved on the poorest eastbound performance.

Part of the delay in air mail delivery is attributed in the report to the lack of a lighted airway either into New York or San Francisco. The lighted airway extends from Cleveland, Ohio, to Rocky Springs, Wyo.

The course is now being lighted from Mather Field, in the Sacramento Valley, to San Francisco. The route is also being lighted across New Jersey into New York, so that planes arriving near New York or San Francisco after dark in evening may proceed with proper lights to guide them. This, says the report, should make the future performance of the air mail planes much better.

MINERS WIN ON EVICTIONS.

West Virginia Operators Won't Oust Strikers Without Legal Process

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 7.—Eviction of striking miners from company-owned houses in the Kanawha coal fields without the formality of legal process will cease, it was stated by Attorney General E. T. England's opinion, which has been given in consequence of protests from John L. Lewis, International President of the United Mine Workers. Statements by Governor Morgan and D. C. Kennedy, Secretary of the Kanawha Coal Operators' Association, gave this assurance today.

Mr. Kennedy's statement reiterated the operators' belief that they have a right to make such evictions, but declared that hereafter they would institute suits and obtain judgments for possession, cost and rent in every case in which they were entitled to them.

Governor Morgan's statement reviewed the presentation of the matter to him last Saturday by Percy Tetlow, President of District 17 of the union, and the conference with Mr. Lewis and other union officials on the same matter yesterday. The Governor added that the head of the Smith Detective Agency, which has been evicting the men, had assured him that no further evictions would be made by his agency until the question of his authority had been fully determined.

FULL SLATES IN NICARAGUA.

Four Parties Put Up Candidates—American Observers Barred.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 7.—Four political parties have complied with the electoral laws by announcing their entire tickets for the elections on Oct. 5, when a new President and Vice President and new Senators and Deputies will be elected.

The candidates of the Conservative-Republican Party are Carlos Solorzano, retired capitalist, of Managua, for President; Dr. Juan Sacasa, physician, of Leon, for Vice President. The Liberal-National Party endorses the candidates of the Conservative-Republican Party.

The candidates of the Conservative Party are former President General Emiliano Chamorro, former Minister to Washington, for President, and Vicente Rappaccioli for Vice President. The candidates of the Liberal-Republican Party are Dr. Luis Corea of Managua for President, and Felix Araux of Chontales for Vice President.

It is reported that the Government will not accept the offer of the American State Department of fourteen observers for the election. It is understood the Government considers that acceptance of the offer would entail too great an expense.

GIRL BATHER RESCUES BOY.

Her Father Brings Both to Shore as She Begins to Weaken.

OSSINING, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Miss Dorothy Moshier, aged 16, of 2 Hill Street, saved the life of Kenneth Wade, a youth of her own age living on Clinton Avenue, while they were swimming in the Hudson River off the wharf of the Rand-McNally Company here late today. Miss Moshier became exhausted before she brought Wade to land, and her father, hearing her cries, plunged in almost fully clothed and helped both ashore.

Miss Moshier and Wade, who with Miss Wade's father, Harvey Moshier, are employed by the Rand-McNally Company, went in swimming after work. Out 200 feet, Wade became exhausted and called for help. Miss Moshier swam to him and herself was nearly drawn down by the drowning boy. They went down once together, but she broke loose, and, catching him by the hair of his head, started for the shore. Wade was revived on the wharf.

France Honors Paul Bartlett.

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PARIS, Aug. 7.—Paul Bartlett, distinguished American sculptor, received the rank of Commander of the Legion of Honor today in recognition of his services in the international development of art. Mr. Bartlett is now working in his studio in Paris and will be decorated by an officer of the Government within a few days.

RETAIN STRAIGHT LINES IN PARIS FALL STYLES

Fur Is Used Freely on Cloaks—Gold Lace and Rainbow Embroidery on Gowns.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—In displaying his Fall fashions today, Worth showed models characterized by the straight line. There are some very short gowns. Cloaks are buttoned in front by a single row of large, round buttons and sometimes have two narrow bands of fur. Other cloaks are buttoned at the side by the same long row of buttons. Others have a long single fur at the other side.

One particular cloak seen only at Worth's, has a fur band around the garment. The cuffs are edged by hem-embroidered tissue or with another fur. The collars are small and straight. Every cloak has a muff to match, every shape being used—round, long or flat.

The waistline is at the natural place, and a redingote with godlets is hemmed with fur for afternoon wear. A lot have leopard skin trimmings or short leopard cloaks. On a black ottoman coat there is gazelle border with striped Ribbesine, making a checked design. Often there are two shades of the same fur on a cloak and a pointed fur hem is inserted on tissue.

There are many velvet garments, gowns and cloaks of beige and georgette lined with nutria.

There is a great variety of shapes in evening dresses. Some are draped at one side with a long point panel. Others have the plain bodice and square neckline with gathered skirts. Others, without a belt, are very slender, but are widened by inserted lace. Very heavy silver lace is also used.

Many are of chamille with shadowing embroidery of brown on a white drapella coat. Some moleskin embroidery is outlined in gold on a gray suit. For afternoon wear black, gray, tan and ottoman are favorites. For evening velvet, panne and golden lace is shown.

Premet shows everything very slender and straight with short, plain dresses trimmed with plaid silk and a small round or pointed collar, with sometimes a big Directoire cravat. The Directoire influence is often noticeable in the Premet collection. Small bole-ros appear on a straight dress. Yokes are seen on every dress, pointed or square, and are in fur or plain silk. Some coats have two or three embroidered yokes.

Even an evening gown yoke of gold lace makes a small bolero effect. Many gowns are of silk rep and velvet. Trimming is of half length made of wool embroidered with theme of cut or quilted velvet. There is also rainbow ribbinette embroidery on black velvet. A short coat is made of squares of moleskin outlined with chipmunk. A seaskin cape has a velvet collar with broad pleated opening of inserted velvet. All gowns are trimmed just in front by fur, band of braid and buttons.

The silhouette is straight without hips or waistline. Evening gowns have gold lace, velvet and embroidered rainbow woolen designs.

Anna, formerly with Madeleine et Madeleine, also emphasizes the Directoire influence, even in the Empire neckline with the short, puffed sleeves. Sometimes the waistline comes higher in front, and there are a lot of fringed Spanish shawls draped at one side as a cravat.

Black and red and black and green velvet straight dresses are buttoned in front. Wool embroideries are popular. For the evening, two-shaded velvet dresses draped at the side are in demand.

HENRY J. C. DUBOIS DIES.

Former Assistant Attorney General of Rhode Island.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 7.—Henry Joseph Church Dubois, a former Assistant Attorney General of Rhode Island and for more than fifty years a leading attorney of Providence, died suddenly yesterday morning in Edgewood in his seventy-fifth year. Mr. Dubois, a native of England, was for many years a British Vice Consul and held the position up to the time of his death. He was the brother of the late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Edward Church Dubois, and father of Henry D. C. Dubois, Clerk of the Eighth District Court. Mr. Dubois was born in London June 22, 1849, son of Edward and Emma (Davidson) Dubois, the former having in 1857 assumed his mother's maiden name, Dubois, for himself, his wife and his children.

Mr. Dubois was a member of the British Empire Club, the British Club, the Edgewood Yacht Club and the British-American Republican Club, having been President of the last named organization.

DR. GEORGE A. PIERSOL DIES.

Professor Emeritus at the University of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—Dr. George Arthur Piersol, professor emeritus of anatomy, histology and embryology at the University of Pennsylvania and a leading authority of anatomy and diseases of the spine and brain, died today at his home here. He had been ill several months.

Born in Philadelphia fifty-eight years ago, Dr. Piersol was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, the University of Berlin and the University of Wurzburg, Germany. For many years he was a member of the Board of Editors of the American Journal of Anatomy and had written many technical books and articles on anatomy, histology and the functions of the brain and spinal column.

Fenwick J. Stewart.

Fenwick J. Stewart, Superintendent of the Bureau of Surveys of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters, died Wednesday night at his home in Summit, N. J., of pneumonia. He was born in 1869 in Washington, D. C., of Colonial ancestry. After graduating from Georgetown he studied engineering at Cornell. He began his business career in 1897 as electrical expert and general inspector for the Continental Insurance Company of New York. He wrote several monographs on fire insurance topics. A widow and two small children survive.

E. H. Close.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 7.—E. H. Close, 48 years old, a real estate dealer, died suddenly early today of heart disease. He was also heavily interested in Buffalo real estate and was widely known in yachting circles, having been the owner for years of the steam yacht Tillicum, one of the finest pleasure craft on the Great Lakes.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN F. LOCHNER, a retired designer and interior decorator, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Wednesday night in his eighty-first year. He lived at 1,116 Beverly Road, Brooklyn.

PETER REID, a shoe manufacturer of Brooklyn, died at his home, 555 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

Miss SARAH LOUISE VANDERBILT, a daughter of the late Captain Oliver and Catherine Morris Vanderbilt, died at her home in Brooklyn nearly all her life, died in her eighty-eighth year on Wednesday.

Born.

FELDSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Ben J. Feldstein of 666 West 162d St. announce the arrival of a son, Aug. 7.

VOGELMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Vogelman, 1,380 Grand Concourse, announce the birth of a daughter, Aug. 7, 1924.

WEIN

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for insertion in the morning issue should be received until 1 o'clock P.M. Telephone LAfayette 1600.

LOST.

BAG, LOST—Fallen from automobile, vicinity 45th, Broadway, brown leather bag, marked "C. S. S.," containing personal papers; reasonable reward offered. George S. Stout, Norwich, N. Y.

BAG, Gladstone, West Side subway, early Thursday morning; reward. Phone Cathedral 9063.

BANK BOOK No. 393237 lost, the New York Savings Bank; payments stopped. Finder please return to bank.

CLUB BAG, black leather, between 42d St. Ferry and 84th St.; contents valued as keepsakes; reward $100; no questions asked. Return Room 1048, 25 Broadway. Telephone Bowling Green 0690.

BRIEF CASE, Buyer's; papers and order blanks; reward. Biggins, 333 7th Av.

KEY CHAIN, gold, and keys, 116th St. and Broadway, Wednesday, 2:30 P. M.; reward. Dr. Kimbell, Murray Hill 7301.

KEYS, horseshoe ring, Monday afternoon; reward. Williams, 242 West 98th.

TORTOISE shell spectacles, near Pennsylvania station, Port Richmond 598; suitable reward. Dean.

MESH BAG, lost, 8th Av. and 38th, containing card with name. R. Stack, Hazet Mfg., 22 West 26th.

PACKAGE, small, containing personal letters and papers, post office lobby, at 32d St. and 8th Av.; suitable reward offered. Tel. A. O. Goodwin, Bayside 1215.

PACKAGE of cut material, no value to finder; Madison Av., 31st to 32d Sts.; reward. Dyx Embroidery Co., 148 West 23d.

POCKET DIARY, 1924, black leather, Monday; reward. Kesner, 24 West 26th.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, diamond and platinum, 140th-128th and Broadway, Thursday, Aug. 7, between 4 and 5 P. M. Finder please phone Cortlandt 4334. Reward.

BAR PIN, platinum, containing 48 small diamonds, Wednesday evening, July 23, between 178th St. and Fort Washington Av. and 172d St.; liberal reward. John 3919.

BRACELET, 15 diamonds, 2 sapphires, Monday night in taxi or street between 44th, 59th and Broadway; 12:30-1:30 A. M.; reward. 154 West 46th.

BREAST PIN circlet, sapphire and pearls; valued for sentiment; reward. W 691 Times.

FRATERNITY PIN, D. K. E., Wednesday, vicinity of Wall St. Station, I. R. T., or Flatbush; reward. E. M. Ross. Phone Midwood 8341 evenings.

GOLD vanity and lipstick, initials E. K. G., between New York and Deal Beach, N. J.; reward. Spring 6433.

MATCH CASE, gold, initialed C. P. D.; reward. Phone Madison Square 2780.

PIN, about 3 inches long, 7 pearls, set in diamonds, in Wanamaker's, Grand Central or taxi; reward. Finder, please call Kingsbridge 1316.

STRING OF PEARLS, diamond clasp, 120th St. to Mercer St., Monday afternoon; reward. Phone Morningside 8010, Apt. 95.

WATCH, Elgin, open face, with initials M. W. on back, lost on Long Island Railroad. Communicate 1,370 Broadway, 8th floor.

WATCH, platinum, and chain, gold pendil; liberal reward. Massine, 2,835 Barnes Av.

WRIST WATCH (hand and stem missing), white gold, monogram G. T. F., Wednesday evening, about 8:30, Long Island train, station; reward. Phone Boulevard 4226.

$1,000 REWARD—No questions asked for the return of jewelry, wrist watch and gold mesh bag, lost at Rye, N. Y., on Aug. 5; communicate with W. A. Charles, care of Charles & Co., 48 East 45d.

$100 REWARD
for return of platinum circle brooch containing 24 diamonds, lost Aug. 2 at Rumson, N. J. A. E. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St. Broad 2764.

$25 REWARD for return of watch, Bailey, Banks & Biddle, with monogram "W. L. M." on case. Communicate with R. Marshall, 140 West 146th.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR NECKPIECE—From Biltmore Hotel, 728 Broadway, Tuesday night; reward. Endicott 5522.

FUR, gray fox, lost in Central Park; liberal reward. Return to Daniel Casey, 143 East 39th St.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

SPANIEL, brown Chesapeake, male, 18 months; license on collar; reward. E. Y. Blauzen, Port Chester, N. Y.

now Wear CRESLAWN for real comfort

One of four right styles in

3 for $1 Earl & Wilson SEMI-SOFT PACKET

Cuticura Keeps The Complexion Fresh

Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a clear, fresh complexion, free from roughness or eruptions. Assist, when necessary, by Cuticura Ointment. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Samples Free by Mail. Address "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 21J, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

NR A vegetable aperient adds tone and vigor to the digestive and eliminative system, improves the appetite, relieves the Sick Headache and Biliousness, corrects constipation. Used for over 50 years

Chips off the Old Block in size—Little Nr

One-third the regular dose. Made of same ingredients, then candy coated. For children and adults.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

WEEKS WON'T DROP HOBOKEN RAIL SALE

War Secretary Refuses Plea of the Port Authority on Waterfront Line.

OFFERS BIDDING EQUALITY

Commissioner Gregory Fears Blow to Port if Railroads Acquire All Rights in District.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary of War Weeks refused today to withdraw from sale the waterfront property of the Hoboken Shore Line Railway and announced that the plans to open bids for the property Aug. 26 would be carried out. The Port of New York Authority, which desired the strip of land, would have equal opportunity with other bidders at that time, he said.

The Secretary's announcement followed conferences with De Witt Van Buskirk, Chairman, and Julian A. Gregory, Commissioner of the Port of New York Authority, and General George W. Goethals, engineer of the project. These officials urged Mr. Weeks to grant the request of their organization that the property be withheld from sale until Congress could pass the Wadsworth-Mills bill, which would turn over the land in exchange for 4 per cent bonds backed by the land in question. But this Mr. Weeks was unwilling to do.

"We do not think this land is of military value and we propose to sell it," he explained. "It has been advertised for sale and we will open the bids and see what they contain.

"While the War Department is anxious to aid the Port of New York Authority, we cannot hold indefinitely Government property which we do not need. I told General Goethals we could not held the land and withdraw the advertisement. The Port of New York Authority will have the opportunity to put in its bid."

Commissioner Gregory gained the impression during his conversation with Secretary Weeks that the Port Authority would be treated with full equality, and said later:

"The Secretary of War has refused to comply with the requests of the Port of New York Authority to withdraw from sale, for which sealed bids are to be opened Aug. 20 next, the waterfront property in Hoboken belonging to the Hoboken Shore Line Railway.

"The representatives of the Port Authority gained the impression, however, that the Secretary of War will consider the bids in person and that the interests of the general public of New York and New Jersey as represented by the Port Authority will be carefully protected in the disposition of the property.

"The port officials fear, however, that if the railroads on the New Jersey side of the North River carry out the policy of acquiring all of the waterfront property available, the result will be that more of it will get into the hands of the railroads, contrary to the interests of the port district.

"In that event the Port Authority will receive a blow which will tend to deter it for some time to come in affectuating the purposes for which it was created.

"In the opinion of the Port Authority, this is more than a local question and affects the interests of the country at large. As we approach Preparedness Day we should not lose sight in connection with this railroad that the Government took over the piers of the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd lines during the war, and subsequently for their service found it necessary to take the Hoboken Shore Line Railway, which includes this neighboring waterfront property.

"The Government has precluded the sale of piers, and the railroads should be conserved as a necessary adjunct to the piers for national purposes. The strip of land in question is necessary for the service of the Hoboken Shore Line Railway. The Shipping Board has declared that the sale of this road to other than public interests would cripple the service that the Government piers should have."

PRISON HABIT BETRAYS HIM.

Italian Duplicates Cell to Sleep In—May Be Deported as Murderer.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Nicolo Palermo, 71 years old, is in jail here today awaiting deportation. The authorities say Palermo was convicted of murder in Italy in 1883 and sentenced to imprisonment for life. After serving thirty-six years he escaped, they say, and was smuggled into this country.

Three years ago the aged Italian established a small grocery store in Front Avenue, this city. He became a part of the Italian community and lived as others lived, except for one strange mark which his prison life left on his daily routine. Federal authorities found a tiny cubicle under the grocery, with one barred window, where he nightly slept on a hard cot. A small kerosene lamp was the only comfort he allowed himself in this replica of his prison cell.

Palermo admits that he was convicted for murder, the Federal authorities say, but contends that he was pardoned by the King. Unless documentary evidence of a pardon is produced he will be deported.

LEVIATHAN IS DELAYED.

Liner Will Arrive Day Late Due to Loss of Propeller Blade.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Radio dispatches from the Leviathan to Leigh C. Palmer, President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, reported today that the big liner has lost an inboard propeller blade in ocean.

Due to the accident the ship will be one day late, arriving at New York on Tuesday instead of Monday, the dispatches stated. After docking at New York she will proceed to Boston, where there are spare propeller blades for her use, and where she will be put into drydock for the repair.

OPPOSE GIFT OF BEACH.

Babylon Citizens Against Presenting Five-Mile Stretch for State Park

Special to The New York Times.

BABYLON, L. I., Aug. 7.—Fifty residents of Babylon met at the Town Hall tonight to discuss the plan of giving a five-mile strip of beach owned by the community to the State for park purposes. The plot under consideration immediately adjoins the town.

Most of those present opposed to plan, which was proposed by Robert Moses, chairman of the meeting and President of the Long Island State Park Commission.

Beautifully Curly, Wavy Hair—on Hot Days, Too

Girls, have you tried the silmerine method of curling your hair? It's simply grand! Gives you the most beautiful, natural-looking curls and waves—keeps the hair soft, silky and glossy—and nothing harmful or messy about it. The curls will last the longest time—in spite of heat, wind or dampness. You won't have to be continually fixing and fussing with loose, flying hair.

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VACATION
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Suits for Men and Boys; all wool; Calif. Style; $4.00 value	$2.57
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Cowhide full-lined Fielders' Gloves	$2.95
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Lenox Rackets; reg. $3.50	$1.95
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KODAKS

No. 1-A Jr. Autographic; takes pictures 2½ in. by 4¼ in.; reg. $15	$13.45

One 6-Exposure Film Free with Each Kodak!

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Famous Stonebridge Camping Lanterns, Reg. $2.00	49c
Camp Cook Stoves	$7.50 and up
Gold Medal Cots....Special at	$3.95

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Davega Golf Outfit. Four clubs and three-stay bag; $13.50 value	$9.95
Individual Clubs	$1.63
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SWEATERS

Men's V-Neck Cricket Slip-over; fancy trim; ideal for tennis, golf and canoeing; $5.00 value	$3.95

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Salt Water Fishing Tackle Outfit, complete.....Special	$9.45
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We carry a complete line of fishing tackle and accessories.

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Iver Johnson Bicycles	$37.50 and up

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To California
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Here's your opportunity for a wonderful trip this summer.

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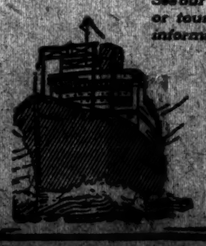

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Whither Goest Thou, Russia?

Do these names mean anything to you?

Breshkovskaya	Socialist Revolutionary Party
Orlakashvili	Intellectual Socialists
Miliukov	Social Democrats
Chkeidze	Menshevists
Chubara	Bolsheviki

Have Americans even a vague understanding of what Russia has gone and is going through?

What are the economic facts?

Mr. A. Margolin, former Justice of the Ukrainian Supreme Court of Appeals, member of the Paris Peace Conference Delegation, puts the situation within the range of every one.

This and other important articles appear in the new Current History Magazine, including

A Century of South American Independence
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The Overthrow of Smuts in Africa
The New Progressive Party
Labor in American Politics
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AUGUST NUMBER
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NEW FLIGHT BASE FOUND IN GREENLAND

Army Aviators, Now in Iceland, Are Expected to Resume Their World Cruisee Soon.

750 MILES IN NEXT HOP

Ice Conditions Around Southern End of Greenland Have Improved, Washington Hears.

BOSTON II. IS ON THE WAY

New Machine for Wade Flies to Keyport and Goes On Toward Nova Scotia Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Fears that the round-the-world fliers might have to undertake a hop of a thousand miles or more were dispelled today when the Air Service was informed that a safe landing place had been located by the army advance party at Ekaluit, on the east coast of Greenland. The spot selected is approximately 750 miles, airline, from Reykjavik, in Iceland, where the two American aviators are awaiting word to continue their flight to the United States.

Doubts had previously been expressed as to the advisability of continuing the flight until weather and ice conditions appeared more favorable, but with the discovery of the location for the base it is expected that the flight will soon be resumed.

The cruiser Milwaukee, which has been patrolling the east coast of Greenland in support of the army advance party, also has reported a safe harbor at Kungmat, in the vicinity of Ekaluit, where conditions are favorable for hauling out the planes for refueling and any repairs which may prove necessary. Harbor conditions were reported to be satisfactory for the supply ship.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—An early resumption of the world flight by the two remaining planes, now at Reykjavik, Iceland, was expected in military circles today following official information that the army advance party had located a safe substitute base for ice-locked Angmagsalik, which had been listed as the next stopping place.

A dispatch from the cruiser Milwaukee relayed a report from the explorers declaring a satisfactory place had been found at Ekaluit, on the west coast of Greenland. Not only would this afford a secure landing place for the planes, the report said, but an open harbor was available for the Milwaukee and the facilities for hauling out the planes should moderate repairs be necessary.

The place did not appear even on the maps of the General Staff and considerable search was necessary before army officers finally identified it as the old post listed on Danish charts as "Hullek."

It is considerably further south than the proposed base which the army advance was unable to reach because of unprecedented ice fields. Ekaluit was said to enjoy longer periods of open water and has been so recorded in marine journals.

Belief that the flight would be resumed shortly was strengthened by other reports, particularly to the Hydrographic Office, that ice conditions around Southern Greenland had measurably improved during the last twenty-four hours with an accompanying moderation in the weather.

It was pointed out here that no approval was necessary from Washington for establishing the substitute base or for departure from Reykjavik, wide discretion having been left in such matters to the pilots and to their advisers nearer at hand.

BOSTON II. FLIES TO KEYPORT.

New Plane for Lieut. Wade on the Way to Nova Scotia.

Special to The New York Times.

KEYPORT, N. J., Aug. 7.—In as perfect condition as human ingenuity and modern science can make her, the air cruiser Boston II, which will be used by Lieutenant Leigh Wade and Sergeant Henry H. Ogden, round the world fliers, in their trip from Pictu, N. S., to Seattle is riding safely at anchor in the sheltered waters of Raritan Bay ready for a start first thing in the morning for Boston.

The big airplane reached here at 3.15 o'clock this afternoon, about three quarters of an hour ahead of her scheduled time. Lieutenants George C. McDonald and Victor H. Bertandias who are flying the plane to Nova Scotia left Langley Field, Va., at 12:28 P. M. and with a following wind made a fast trip to Raritan Bay.

A few minutes before the Boston II glied gracefully to a landing on the bay a big De Haviland plane piloted by Lieutenant James L. Grisham flew over from Mitchel Field, L. I. Major J. N. Hensley, Commandant at Mitchel Field, sent Lieutenant Grisham over to see if the world cruiser needed any spare parts for her Liberty engine.

The Boston II was thoroughly overhauled by her own two pilots, assisted by mechanicians of the Aeromarine Plane & Motor Company, under the supervision of Paul G. Zimmerman, Chief Airplane Engineer of the company, and was pronounced in perfect flying condition. As soon as the plane was moored, employees of the Aeromarine Company put in an additional 200 gallons of gasoline and fifteen gallons of oil. The the two Lieutenants went in for a swim.

A little anxiety was felt when a storm gathered shortly before 6 o'clock and Mr. Zimmerman stationed men in motor boats close to the air ship in case she slipped her mooringe or commenced to drift. The Boston II rode the storm safely, however, and about 10 o'clock Lieutenants McDonald and Bertandias turned in so as to be ready for their start in the morning.

The Boston II is equipped with both land and water landing gear, but the pontoons are being used on the earlier stages of the trip. As a result the landing at Boston will be made on the water near the big airdrome at South Boston used by the forces of the Twenty-sixth (Yankee) Division of the Massachusetts State National Guard.

The fliers plan to hop off here not later than 9 A. M. tomorrow and should reach the Boston port early in the afternoon.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Aug. 7.—Lieutenants George C. McDonald and V. H. Bertrandias hopped off from Langley Field this morning for Pictu, N. S., in the Douglas cruising plane in which Lieutenants Wade will resume his round-the-world flight.

Before making the hop off, Lieutenant McDonald took a brief test flight in the plane, which has been named Boston II. The trip to Nova Scotia will be made in easy stages.

LABRADOR SUMMER WANES.

Weather Becoming Unsettled as Destroyers Await World Fliers.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

U. S. S. LAWRENCE, Indian Harbor, Larador, Aug. 7.—The harbor of Angmagsalik, Greenland, is blocked ith ice and the Danish steamship Gertrud Rask cannot enter it, according to information received here today. This news came to the Destroyer Flotilla here from the scout cruiser Milwaukee which is at Ivigtut. The Gertrud Rask, according to the message, is fifteen miles outside the port and cannot get through. She has on board supplies for the army aviators who are now in Iceland preparing for their hop.

In another month ice will be forming along the coast of Labrador. It has been known to form in Indian Harbor as early as August. But generally it appears in the first two weeks of September.

For the past two days the weather here has been unsettled. The winds have been from the east. These winds bring fog which would make the flight hazardous. A west wind will be best for the hop to Indian Harbor. While it would be a head wind the aviators would be able to see the destroyer marking the course below.

ABOARD U. S. S. BARRY, Indian Harbor, ug. 7 (Associated Press).—The cruiser Milwaukee, yesterday reported much ice floating near Cape Farewell, the southern tip of Greenland, the patrol station to which the Barry is expected to sail shortly.

The Milwaukee will be off Ivigtut, Greenland, when the flight for Labrador starts, and will probably follow the aviators to this port at full speed, bringing he supplies necessary for the beginning of their homeward cross-continental flight.

The destroyer Lawrence, after locating the planes on their way here, will steam close to the shore ice to assist the fliers in landing and take them aboard. Where the fliers will rest while here is undecided. Accommodations in this, the most northern white settlement on the coast, are eagre, and it is likely the men will stay on the Lawrence.

SEATTLE INVITES MacLAREN.

Wants British Aviator to Be Guest at World Flight Celebration.

SEATTLE, Aug. 7.—An invitation to attend a celebration in Seattle, about the last of this month, for the United States Army world fliers on completion of their 27,000-mile circuit of the earth, has been extended to Major A. Stuart MacLaren, commander of the British Army round-the-world expedition, by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce.

Major MacLaren and his companions, who abandoned the world flight when the engine of their plane failed and the machine was damaged beyond repair last Saturday off Bering Island in the Komandorski group, are en route to Vancouver, B. C., via Dutch Harbor, Unalaska, Island, aboard the Canadian fisheries patrol trawler Thiepval.

The Seattle invitation requests Major MacLaren and his companions to be honor guests of the city during the celebration of the American fliers. Arrangements have been made to welcome officially Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, commander of the American globe-encircling armada, and his companions in the Seattle City Hall instead of Sand Point aviation field, where they will land. Only 10,000 persons will be permitted on the Sand Point field when they arrive, owing to the possibility of personal danger.

ARGENTINE FLIER MISSING.

Believed to Have Made a Forced Landing Somewhere in India.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Major Zanni, Argentine aviator, attempting a world flight, who left Allahabad for Calcutta this morning, was sighted flying over Gaya, about 250 miles northwest of here, at 11:30 A. M., according to advices received from that city. Since then no further word has been received of the Argentine flier, and it is thought he may have made a forced landing in some district where communications were not available.

ALLAHABAD, British India, Aug. 7.—The Argentine world flier, Major Zanni, who arrived here from Nasirabad yesterday, left for Calcutta at 9:20 o'clock this morning. Zanni got away after a slight accident. While taxying across the parade ground for the take-off the wheels of his machine sank in the rain-sodden earth, causing the propeller to smash. A spare one was fitted and he got away the second time in good shape.

GIRL FLIER ARRESTED AS BRAZILIAN REBEL

Government Believes Daring Senhorita Flew for the Sao Paulo Insurgents.

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Anesia Pinheiro Machade, Brazilian aviatrix and sportswoman, is among a number of persons who have been arrested by the Sao Paulo Federal authorities for alleged revolutionary activities, according to a message from Sao Paulo.

Senhorita Machado, who flies her own airplane, was mentioned in official communique during the siege of Sao Paulo as having lent her airplane to the rebels. It is now asserted that she flew in it herself, scouting over the Federal lines, and that it was she who flew over Santos and dropped revolutionary pamphlets over the city and on the battleship Minas Geraes, a flight which gave rise to reports at the time that the battleship had been bombed.

The aviatrix is well known in Brazil for her athletic activities. She often wears men's clothes and is reputed to be an excellent boxer.

Advices from Sao Paulo declare that Senhorita Machado frankly gave sensational testimony involving several prominent figures in the revolutionary movement.

100 Alien Ex-Convicts Reach Ellis Island for Deportation

There arrived at Ellis Island yesterday for deportation 100 aliens, ex-convicts, gathered up in all sections of the United States.

This roundup, it was said, marked the first step by the Government in a campaign to rid the United States of all men of alien birth who have been helping to fill the prisons of the country.

The group brought to the island yesterday were picked up in various Southern and Western cities, from New Orleans to Seattle. It was said they had been living in this country from one to five years. While some had completed their prison sentences months ago, the majority, it was said, had been released only recently.

It will be the Government's policy to deport all offenders who cannot prove that they have been naturalized. Recently an Inspector in the Immigration Service went to Sing Sing Prison to check up on the number of alien criminals in that institution. Warrants were left with the Warden, serving to detain those wanted until the Federal authorities could gather them in.

4 DIE WHEN TRAIN CRASHES INTO AUTO

Bus Drivers Meet Death at Crossing, Scene of a Fatal Accident 12 Hours Before.

MAN AND BOY ARE KILLED

Truck Runs Over Victim in Brooklyn—Four Hurt in Staten Island Accident.

Three men were instantly killed, a fourth died later in the Middlesex General Hospital at New Brunswick, N. J., and a fifth is still in the hospital, as a result of an accident yesterday at the Voorhees crossing, where the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's tracks cross the Lincoln Highway, near New Brunswick. All the victims were bus drivers, employed by the New Jersey Public Service Corporation, who had driven out on the highway early in the morning in an automobile to look at the crossing where, twelve hours previously, a woman had been killed, her husband probably fatally injured and another woman badly hurt.

The similarity of both accidents was striking. In each case the automobiles were struck squarely by the engine of speeding passenger train, carried along on the engine pilot for several yards and then overturned.

Those killed in yesterday's accident were Thomas Miller, 158 Exeter Street, Highland Park; Leroy Cole, 64 Senior Street, New Brunswick, and John Scheska, 145 Remsen Avenue, New Brunswick. Raymond Sodin, 15 Nelsen Avenue, New Brunswick, died six hours later in the hospital. Curtis Clark, 33 Codwise Avenue, New Brunswick, is in the hospital in a serious condition.

At the point where the accident occurred the railroad tracks are visible for half a mile in either direction to persons driving on the Lincoln Highway. The fact that the roadbed was torn up for several yards indicated that the driver of the automobile locked his brakes in an attempt to bring the machine to a stop. When he failed to do this, it appears that he slewed the car around in an attempt to run parallel to the railroad tracks, but failed. The engine of the train crashed into the car a moment later and hurled it sixty feet down an embankment, where Scheska's body was found. The bodies of Cole and Miller were discovered on the highway where they had been tossed, more than fifty feet from the wreck. Sodin and Clark were found on the bank between the railroad tracks and the wrecked automobile.

Blame Put on Drivers.

The warning at the crossing is a red light and warning bell. Both were found to be in perfect working order by County Physician William H. Long, who, with County Detective Totten, was the first official to visit the scene.

Dr. Long said that in his opinion the accident was due to the ignorance or negligence of the driver of the automobile. He declared that County Prosecutor Beekman was satisfied that there was no criminal negligence on the part of the railroad company.

The five men reported for work at 5:30 A. M., and were directed to the French Street garage, where the busses are kept. They were provided with a large touring car and it is believed that Miller was driving. Instead of going direct to the garage, he understood that they drove out on the Lincoln Highway, about one mile south of the garage, to see where the accident happened on the previous day.

The bodies were found by two State troopers who were patrolling the Lincoln Highway. They notified County Detective Ford David of Middlesex County. At the spot where the accident occurred the Lincoln Highway forms the dividing line between Middlesex and Somerset Counties. David found that the accident was on the Somerset County side of the line, so he turned the investigation over to Detective George Tetten and Coroner William F. Long of that county.

As soon as word of the accident reached Trenton, William L. Dill, State Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, said he would confer with the Legislature and ask legislature enact a "Stop, Look and Listen" sign law compelling operators of automobiles to bring their machines to a complete stop before crossing railroad tracks.

Boy and Man Killed.

A few minutes after he had been run down by an automobile on Blake Avenue, near Ashford Street, Brooklyn, Samuel Epstein, 5 years old, of 805 Dumont Avenue, Brooklyn, died in the Kings County Hospital. The police say the car was operated by Irving Goldstone of 65 Grafton Street, Brooklyn. He was taken to the Miller Avenue Police Station to be questioned.

John Falney, 32 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, was attacked by a bandit on Street and Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, when he was struck by a bag protruding from the side of a passing truck. He was knocked under the wheels of the truck and instantly killed. Carmilo Pact, 127 Mott Street, driver of the truck, was held.

Four persons were injured, one seriously, when the automobile in which they were riding was overturned at Richmond Avenue and Highland Boulevard, Eltingville, S. I. Charles Garrett, 468 Britton Avenue, Concord, S. I., was taken to the Richmond Memorial Hospital at Prince's Bay suffering from injuries to the spine. James J. Bischoff, 440 Britton Avenue, Concord; William Garrett, brother of Charles, and Thomas Willetts, 664 Richmond Avenue, were cut and bruised.

Of the seven employes of the Hamilton Tire and Rubber Company of Trenton, N. J., who finding it too hot to work on Wednesday night, went swimming instead, followed by an auto ride to Egg Harbor, N. J., one was killed, two probably fatally injured, and four badly cut and bruised when their car overturned in a field near Mount Holly, N. J., early yesterday morning.

Jerome Huffmaster of Plainfield, N. J., died in the Burlington County Hospital at Mount Holly without regaining consciousness. Shortly before midnight the doctors had given up hope for Justice Kenny of Bloomfield, whose skull was fractured. Louis Gallagher of Akron, Ohio, still has a bare chance for his life, the doctors say. Fred Huffmaster, brother of the dead man, Joseph Scola of Bloomfield, Lawrence Powers of Garwood and Edward F. Davis of Bloomfield, the other occupants of the car, were treated at the hospital and afterward sent home. Fred Huffmaster, the driver of the car, was held in $1,000 bail by Coroner Ridgway of Pemberton, who has charge of the investigation.

STEALS ULSTERS IN AUGUST

Burglar's Odd Booty Also Includes a Counterfeit Not.

A burglar who is looking out for the future took odd loot when he entered John Costello's store at 41 Main Street, Yonkers, in the sweltering heat yesterday and got away with two heavy ulster overcoats and a counterfeit $2 note, which Costello had taken in in his store and was keeping as a curiosity.

Costello laughed at the odd variety of booty the intruder selected after getting in a rear window. He took the overcoats that were worn last Winter by Costello and his brother. The thief also took some coins, but they were of foreign denomination and almost worthless in this country.

Three Workmen Fall to Death.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 7.—Three workmen were killed when a staging around a chimney on a mill of the Berkshire Cotton Company collapsed today and they fell 144 feet to the ground. The dead were Patrick Connors of Providence, R. I.; John Miller of Pawtucket, R. I., and Patrick M. Jennings of North Adams. Thomas Jennings, in charge of the repairs to the chimney and a brother of Patrick, said that an iron pin in the base of the chimney had worked loose, releasing a rope which had held the scaffolding in place.

110 Votes in One Family, That of Art Nehf, Pledged to Coolidge, Says Pitcher's Father

Claims were made yesterday at the national headquarters of the Republican campaign that Democrats would be found in numbers voting for President Coolidge, and that one family—that of Art Nehf, pitcher of the Giants—would register 110 votes for the White House incumbent.

It isn't the immediate family of the Giants' pitcher, of course, which will cast so large a vote, nor did the information concerning it come from him. It came from his father, Charles T. Nehf, who called on Congressman Frederick C. Hicks, director of the Republican campaign in the East. Mr. Nehf is a resident of Terre Haute, Ind. He predicted the Republican ticket would make a clean sweep of Indiana.

One thousand boys of the International Boys' League have been placed at the disposal of the Republican National Committee for service in the campaign, according to Thomas W. Myles Jr. of Los Angeles, who called on Chairman Hicks yesterday. Myles has just returned from the convention of the International Boys' League, held in Paris on July 19, where President Coolidge was voted Honorary President of the organization. He is on his way to Washington to formally notify the President of this action.

LAYS MORE 'SPYING' TO HIRSHFIELD MEN

Controller's Deputy Brings Out That Survey Was Made of Fire Department.

ONE WITNESS IS DEFIANT

Investigator for Commissioner of Accounts Refuses to Give Details.

That the Fire Department, of which Thomas J. Drennan is commissioner, has been under investigation at the hands of Commissioner David Hirshfield of the Department of Investigation and Accounts, was charged yesterday when Deputy Controller Frank J. Prial, acting for Controller Craig, continued his inquiry into the expense accounts of some fifty-six investigators employed on the staff of Mr. Hirshfield.

Though the petty expenses which are under investigation amount to only $625 for five months, the Controller has charged that Hirshfield's men have been "shadowing" Borough Presidents and other officials of the City Administration at the instigation of Mayor Hylan and that the Commissioner of Accounts has been making his office force "a detective agency."

The charges concerning the Fire Department were made when Frank Joyce, one of the Hirshfield investigators was under examination by Deputy Controller Prial who questioned Joyce concerning certain items in the latter's expense account which were charged against "Survey of Fire Department from last March to date."

"If you want any information in regard to this matter you had better ask the Commissioner of Accounts," the witness said.

"Well, what do you mean by 'survey?' asked Mr. Prial.

"Look it up in the dictionary if you want to know," was the reply.

"Now tell me what work you did in connection with what you call the 'Fire Department survey?'" continued Mr. Prial.

"I'll tell you one thing," exclaimed the witness, "I increased the city's revenues in connection with the issuance of permits for combustibles and certificates of fitness!"

"Very well; won't you tell us more about it?" asked Mr. Craig's deputy.

"No, I will not," replied the Hirshfield investigator. "If you want any more details on that subject I must refer you to the office of Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield." Mr. Joyce remained firm. He declined further to discuss the matter.

Commissioner Hirshfield made public yesterday a letter received by him from John H. Cutwater, an accountant who for twenty-eight years has been employed in the office of the Commissioners of Accounts, but who is now absent from the city on his vacation. In his letter he said:

"Is it 'spying' when we discover that the Pennsylvania Railroad is leasing part of the Cortlandt Street Ferry property to the New York Central and the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad at a greater price than they are paying the city? If this class of work is 'spying,' then let the Controller show this class of business that we are engaged in and give us a square deal.

"Is it 'spying' when we discover that the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad owes the city approximately $150,000 on a prior lease of West Forty-second Street Ferry property?"

INDICT EIGHT AS ROBBERS.

Three Charges Faced by Men Held in Express Office Hold-Up.

The Grand Jury yesterday returned indictments against eight men as a result of the attempted robbery last Monday of the American Express Company's office at 438 West Fifty-fifth Street, charging robbery, grand larceny and assault.

Those indicted are Louis Gelger, 112 West 112th Street; Philip Zeigler, 1,162 Sherman Avenue; Murray Gordon, 585 East 128th Street, the Bronx; Sam Gold, living at the Century Baths, 115th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue; Sam Levine, 1,162 Sherman Avenue; Sam Chen and Charles Smithson, 116 West 125th Street, and John J. O'Neil, 110 St. Nicholas Avenue.

Detectives testified that they caught the men in the act of committing the robbery.

Plattsburgh Loses $100,000 in Fire.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Damage estimated at $100,000 was caused early today when fire destroyed a two-story frame structure housing the Webb-Rite Piston Ring Company and the Plattsburg Regrinding Company. The fire, believed to have been started by a lightning bolt, spread so rapidly that firemen confined their efforts to saving adjoining property. About 150 automobiles belonging to tourists and $20,000 worth of machinery were destroyed with the building, which formerly was the factory of the Lozier Motor Company.

Newark Starts Byrne & Co. Inquiry.

Federal Judge William N. Runyon signed an order in Newark yesterday directing an examination before a Special Master into the affairs of J. M. Byrne & Co., New York and Newark stock brokerage concern, suspended Wednesday from the New York Stock Exchange. The examination probably will be held next Monday or Tuesday.

MAN IN DEATH CASE CAUGHT WITH DRUGS

Mario Ginenez, in Whose Room Renee Harris Died, Arrested After Accosting Girls.

FULL DOPE OUTFIT IS FOUND

Trap Set When Mothers Complain 'Dapper Young Man' Approached Daughters With Narcotics.

Mario Gimines, in whose furnished room at 313 West Fiftieth Street a young woman was found dead last May, was arrested by detectives of the narcotic squad last night, who said they found in his possession a hypodermic syringe and outfit, together with half an ounce of heroin.

The girl who died in Gimines's room was Renée Harris, who came here from Cleveland in search of employment. Giminiez told the police he met her on the street on the evening of May 13 and took her to his room when he learned she had no place to sleep. She was taken suddenly ill, he said, and a doctor was called, but the girl died before she could be taken to a hospital. An autopsy showed the presence of a small quantity of morphine in her stomach. Giminiez was held by the police for ten days and then released.

Even at that time the detectives of Dr. Carleton Simon's narcotic squad were investigating complaints made by women who told of their daughters being accosted by a dapper young man who suggested, in veiled terms, the use of narcotics as something that would "brighten them up."

Two specific cases were brought to the attention of Dr. Simon by mothers of girls who were employed in musical comedy choruses. As a result of these complaints Detectives Charles Graham and John Murphy of the narcotic squad commenced a search for the young man.

Last night, they say, the found their quarry outside the stage door of the Palace Theatre on Forty-seventh Street near Seventh Avenue.

The man was Mario Gimenez. The detectives followed him down Broadway. On the way he stopped once or twice to speak to young women who appeared as though they had just come from the stage doors of other theatres. Then they arrested him.

At the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station he was searched. The police say they found a complete hypodermic outfit in his pockets. Not content with that, Gimenez was ordered to disrobe. The detectives say his legs from the thigh to the knee were a mass of needle marks, indicating that he had been a user of narcotics for a long time. In a notebook the police found the names and addresses of many young women in this city and in Washington.

Gimenez, who says he is the son of the Cuban Consul General at Malaga, Spain, told the police he was employed as a hairdresser in an exclusive women's store on Fifth Avenue. He gave his address as 37 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, which the policy say is incorrect.

Dr. Simon said that the arrest may mean the reopening of the Renee Harris case and the young man was held without bail for arraignment today in the West Side Court.

DR. R. G. LE CONTE A SUICIDE

Dies in His Philadelphia Office—Note Tells of $25,000 Debt.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—Dr. Robert G. Le Conte committed suicide last night. A debt of $25,000 mentioned in a letter found lying beside his body was believed by detectives today to have been the motive. He was a prominent surgeon and commander of a naval base hospital during the war. He shot himself in his office.

The letter, stained with blood, was concluded with the words: "I am not responsible for what I am about to do."

Dr. Le Conte is said to have mentioned financial troubles to friends several weeks ago. The manner in which the debt was contracted was not ascertained. Mrs. Le Conte, who was in Bar Harbor, Me., is on her way to this city.

As a Lieutenant Commander in the Naval Medical Corps he was chosen by General Pershing with four others to act upon an advisory medical board for the A. E. F. He was a former President of the American Surgical Association. He was decorated with the Order of Leopold, the Legion of Honor and the Navy Cross.

GERMAN BOY SLAIN IN BED.

Death of Son of Van Behr is Attributed to Red Revenge.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—A supposedly political murder has been committed at Hoga, in Hanover, where the 15-year-old son of Herr von Behr, a well-known Nationalist, was discovered in his bed this morning with his throat cut.

The murderer had entered the bedroom where his victim slept with two younger brothers by using a ladder to reach the window, and did not awaken the younger brothers.

A grudge against the father is believed to be the motive, and Communists are suspected.

Welcome to American "Prime Minister"

Secretary and Mrs. Hughes with delegates of the American Bar Association arrive at Palais de Justice on their official visit to France.

The New York Times

Rotogravure Picture Section

NEXT SUNDAY

Order The Times in advance from your news dealer

DODD GATHERS DATA FOR B. M. T. INQUIRY

Expects to Present Ocean Parkway Wreck Evidence to the Grand Jury Monday.

DAHL AND HYLAN SCORED

Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce Official Says That Both Deserve Criticism for Their Remarks.

District Attorney Dodd of Kings County yesterday visited Coney Island Hospital and interviewed patients suffering from injuries received in the wreck last Tuesday evening at Ocean Parkway of a B. M. T. wooden train which crashed into a steel train, killing one man and injuring many other persons. The prosecutor said that he would have his case ready for the Grand Jury next Monday. Mr. Dodd spent part of the day at the scene of the accident.

The only defendant in the case thus far is Motorman John McNichols of the wooden train, held in $20,000 bail on a charge of homicide and blamed by his employers for his failure to apply the emergency brakes. The District Attorney would not indicate whether he was preparing evidence against others than McNichols.

The five persons remaining yesterday in hospitals were said to be improving. The body of Bernard Jachter, conductor of the wooden train, who was crushed between the first two cars, was buried yesterday in Mount Nebob Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

Frederick L. Cranford, Chairman of the Transit Committee of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, yesterday issued this statement, assailing contents of a statement issued Wednesday by Chairman Gerhard M. Dahl of the B. M. T. and the contents of a letter sent by Mayor Hylan to Chairman John H. Delaney of the Board of Transportation:

"The statements in the press of yesterday and today made by both Mayor Hylan and Mr. Dahl, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the B. M. T., are open to equal criticism.

Calls Hylan's Actions Disgraceful.

"Mayor Hylan's disgraceful attempt to make political capital out of this and similar accidents is revolting. Mr. Dahl's statement, in which he also rushes into print to claim that if this accident was caused by the use of wooden cars there is no other individual in this community more responsible than Mayor Hylan, is equally unjustified. Both betog the real problem with personal animosity.

"For nearly seven years the great problem of reconstruction, rehabilitation and extension of our transit system has been in Mayor Hylan's hands for constructive action and during all of those years he has accomplished nothing.

"The City of New York and the transit companies have jointly invested vast sums in the development of our transit facilities. For the Mayor, as the representative of one of the parties in this partnership, to maintain a spirit of animosity and criticism makes him largely responsible for the situation, the danger of which has been pointed out again and again.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. With this accident at Coney Island vividly before us, a warning is not untimely or unwise. In relation to the subway situation, we again ask Mayor Hylan:

"What are you going to do?

"When are you going to do it?

"When, Mr. Mayor, are you going to substitute action for promises and abuse?

The Use of Wooden Cars.

"There can be no question that the running of old and obsolete wooden cars on the same line of tracks with steel cars is bad railroad practice, just as it would be indefensible to put a wooden car in the middle of a steel car train, which practice was condemned and discontinued in mail and passenger trains more than a decade ago.

"The citizens of Brooklyn have a right to demand from the railroads operating equipment of a character, or question was twenty-two years old, and its use should have been discontinued long ago.

"The underlying cause of public distrust of the City and Transit Companies is due to improper finance, and the railroads must shoulder full responsibility for the disapproval so caused. The interminable delay in rehabilitating and revising the contracts and franchises of those railroads is largely due to John F. Hylan, and it is only proper to draw his attention to the fact that reasonable service to the citizens of Brooklyn cannot be supplied except by companies of good credit and financial standing."

The Transit Commission was still working on its report yesterday. It was expected the report would be made public today.

GET 5 SHARKS AT FREEPORT

Fisherman Finds Them Tangled in Nets Five Miles Off Shore.

FREEPORT, L. I., Aug. 7.—For the first time this year sharks have made their appearance off here. Five were brought here today, having become entangled in fish nets at the Pound, about five miles off shore, during the night. One was eight feet long and weighed about 200 pounds.

During the past few days there have been reports of the presence of sharks off parts of the Jersey shore, but none had been sighted here until today, when Charles Schwartling, owner of a fleet of fish boats, brought in the five.

Schwartling said that the sharks probably smelled the fish and got tangled in the pound nets trying to reach them. "The big fellow," he said, "put up a good fight before we finally got him."

The sharks were taken about five miles off Point Lookout, and about ten miles from Long Beach.

YOUTH SLAIN IN STREET.

Unidentified Assassin in Brooklyn Escapes After Murder.

Louis Nudleman, 19 years old, of 866 Powell Street, Brooklyn, was shot and killed by an unidentified assassin at Sutter Avenue and Hinsdale Street, Brooklyn, last night. The bullet struck Nudleman in the stomach and he was dead when Dr. Elliott arrived from the Bradford Street Hospital. The police have begun a search for the man alleged to have committed the murder.

So far as the police have been able to determine, Nudleman was alone on the street at the time he was shot. Persons in the vicinity were able to give the police meagre information regarding the murder.

PANIC IN TROLLEY CAR FIRE.

Five Passengers Become Hysterical and Receive Medical Attention.

A southbound trolley car on Third Avenue, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets, Brooklyn, caught fire last night when its fuse blew out and caused five passengers to become so hysterical that they required medical attention.

Mrs. Lillian Platt, 23 years old, of 445 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn, jumped to safety with her two-month-old child in her arms. Ambulance surgeons from the Norwegian Hospital attended the victims as near-by fire apparatus extinguished the blaze.

Motor Cars of Vivid Colors To Be Made for 'Women Folks'

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 7.—The highways will flash with vivid color in another year because of the tendency in favor of motor cars finished in the brighter shades, according to Herbert Buckman, manager of the Cleveland Auto Manufacturing Company, who addressed the convention of the National Association of Automobile Show and Association Managers at the Ambassador Hotel today.

A majority of the delegates share in his view. They base their prediction on the influence of "the women folks who fancy in everything the brighter tints."

"Beige will be in most favor, closely followed by the lighter shades of blue," Mr. Buckman predicted.

STERLING EXCHANGE SHOWS SHARP GAIN

Sudden Run-Up of 5 5-16 Cents One of the Most Notable in Financial History.

READY FOR GERMAN LOAN

Advance of Foreign Exchanges Reflects Improved Sentiment on European Outlook.

Price movements of international significance absorbed the attention of the financial district yesterday. Outstanding of these movements was a sudden run-up in the dollar quotation of the pound sterling which gained for the day 5 5-16 cents—the sharpest gain reported for any one day this year and one of the sharpest in the history of that bill. Other foreign exchanges and foreign Government and city bonds were also firm.

Linked with these movements were several happenings which tended to reassure bankers that market conditions were getting into prime shape for handling the expected German loan of which $100,000,000, supposedly, will be sold in the American market and an equal amount abroad. The advance of foreign exchanges reflected improved sentiment regarding the economic outlook of Europe; the rise in foreign bonds tended to show increasing confidence of American buyers in foreign securities of all kinds, and a further reduction in the rediscount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York added still further to the evidences of great funds of money, now idle, which are waiting investment.

The rise of sterling carried market followers back to the days when Mexican Petroleum was noted for its "high flying" movements in the stock market. The sterling bill usually confines its movements to fractions, a gain of five cents being akin to a gain of perhaps twenty points in the price of a stock. Nearly all of this advance came in the last hours of trading and was attributed to optimism over the acceptance by Germany of the Dawes report and the Reserve Bank rate reduction which was followed almost instantly by arrangements for transferring more dollar balances from the low-interest New York market to the higher-rate London market.

The advance of foreign Government bonds, preceding news of the German acceptance, was again widespread ranging from fractional to as much as two points and covering such issues as the French Government 7½s and 8s, all the French city issues, the bonds of smaller European countries, and, in a lesser degree, the steady moving bonds of the United Kingdom. The averages of the ten foreign Government issues, as compiled by THE TIMES, showed a return to the highest point since October, 1922, and within a short distance of the high point for all time touched in September of 1922.

At $4.51 3-16, the pound sterling was quoted at its highest price for this year. Guilders also went to a new high for the year with a fifteen-cent gain to 38.80 cents and gains of six points or more characterized a number of other exchanges, including French francs and Spanish pesetas.

COMMUNITY IS DIVIDED OVER SLAYING OF CAT

Owner Threatens Neighbor, and All Forest Hills Gardens Goes to Court Hearing.

A fashionable part of Forest Hills, adjoining Forest Hills Gardens, has become divided into factions, one of which is favorable to the lamented Angora cat belonging to Walter E. Wells of 56 Harvest Street, and the other antagonistic. Men and women usually concerned about much weightier affairs braved the heat yesterday to crowd the Magistrate's Court in Flushing at a hearing in the case that has divided the neighborhood.

The trouble reached a climax several days ago when Wells's cat was poisoned, leaving five little kittens orphans. Wells suspected Lorens W. Bacuchle, a neighbor. The two met and Wells, it is charged, said to Bacuchle: "If I thought you killed that cat I'd break your head."

Bacuchle went to the Flushing Police Court and got a summons for Wells. One of the witnesses at the hearing was Mrs. Bacuchle, who testified that Wells had abused her husband, calling him very bad names and threatening to do injury to his head. Wells testified that he might have been excited and possibly did make the remark complained of.

At the conclusion of the testimony Magistrate Gresser said that there seemed to be a lot of fuss about the matter, but supposed the heat was to blame. "I am going to suspend sentence," he said. "But if there is any further trouble I will place you both under bonds to keep the peace. There is nothing that any of you can do to restore life to this late departed cat."

To Build 112 Miles of Railway.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Wenatchee Southern Railway Company today received authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission to build a 112-mile line in Chelan, Kittitas and Benton Counties, Washington.

Blast Bank Vault and Get $9,000.

SAUK CENTRE, Minn., Aug. 7.—Cutting all wire communication, six bandits blew the vault in the Villard State Bank at Villard, seventeen miles northwest of here, and escaped with $9,000 in cash and securities early today, bank officials announced.

Dull Coal Trade Shuts 4 Collieries.

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 7.—A slow movement of coal was given as the reason for the shutting down today of four big collieries of the Glen Alden Coal Company. The places idle are the Pettebone and Boies of Kingston; the Diamond, Scranton, and the Pyne, Taylor.

FEDERAL RESERVE REDISCOUNT IS CUT

New Rate of 3 Per Cent. by New York Institution the Lowest in the World.

THIRD REDUCTION THIS YEAR

Due to Continued Imports of Gold and Recent Slackening in Business.

THE LOWEST IN HISTORY

Similar Action by the Other Eleven Banks in the Federal System May Follow.

For the third time this year the directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York lowered yesterday the rediscount rate of that institution, the new rate of 3 per cent. going into effect with the opening of business today. This action was announced by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the local bank, in a message addressed "To all Member Banks in the Second Federal Reserve District" and saying: "You are advised that, effective from the opening of business on Friday, Aug. 8, 1924, until further notice and superseding all existing rates, this bank has established a rate of 3 per cent. for all rediscounts and advances."

The rate is the lowest in the history of the New York institution and for any of the twelve banks comprising the Federal Reserve System. It is also the lowest bank rate in the world and is the combined result of continued gold importation which has given the United States the strongest credit structure ever enjoyed by any nation in history, and, to a lesser extent, to the recent slackening in business which in the last few weeks, according to industrial leaders like Judge Elbert H. Gary, has shown evidence of turning. The only Federal Reserve Bank rate comparable with the new level was the 3½ per cent. quotation in 1917, which provided for an expediency rate of 3 per cent. on loans not to exceed fifteen days on United States Liberty bonds as security. The new rate holds for ninety-day paper and covers prime commercial paper as well as Government bonds as security.

Bankers Surprised by Reduction.

Evidences abounded to show that business men and even prominent bankers had been taken by surprise in the unexpected action of the Reserve Bank's board. Even the Clearing House Association, which ad

NEXT SUNDAY
The New York Times

Feature Section.

DAVID Hunter Miller, technical adviser to the American Peace Mission at Paris, writes a timely article on the American draft treaty plan for disarmament. He predicts that Europe will turn immediately to disarmament now that the Dawes plan is accepted. Mr. Miller's discussion of this plan at the Williamstown Institute on Wednesday provoked most vigorous discussion.

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Another timely article is that on the Ulster boundary dispute by Maude Radford Warren, who has just returned from a visit to Ireland. This issue is daily growing more acute and was warmly debated in the British Commons last Wednesday.

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Will Rogers writes on how good a vaudeville team partner Governor "Al" Smith would make. Another article tells of the gifts which T. Coleman and Pierre du Pont have made to the State of Delaware, which include a State highway and many schools, costing approximately $3,000,000.

Rotogravure Picture Section.

FROM France comes pictures of American Veterans beside the monument to the Second Division, A. E. F., at Bocages in the Champagne sector; of a prize dog at the Paris show, of the British battle cruiser Repulse passing through the Gaillard Cut of the Panama Canal, President Coolidge breaking ground for the Hamline Methodist Church in Washington, the President's son, John, inspecting the big guns of the Washington Navy Yard with Secretary Wilbur.

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A photograph of especial interest is that of the grave of Eleonora Duse, the great actress, who died last spring while on a tour of America. It lies on a hillside above Asolo, near where she spent the last years of her life.

Magazine Section.

COOLIDGE, Provoker of Legend" is the title of an authentic group of anecdotes of the silent President's brief lapses into language. They are gathered by Horace Green, whose biography of President Coolidge has just appeared, and who spent weeks in New England tracing at first hand the folk-lore of the Coolidges.

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Helen Bullitt Lowry investigates the rumor of a great social change involved in a waning popularity of Mah Jong. The game, she discovers, has escaped from society's chaperonage and is now on its own.

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Other articles are "Scotland Wants a Parliament," by P. W. Wilson; on political emblems of former campaigns, by Charles Willis Thompson; on "Sage Brushing in the Yellowstone," by Kathryn Hume, and "The Cruising Taxis of the Western Desert," by Rodger William Birdseye. In the field of art H. I. Brock writes on "A Certain Condescension in Critics."

Book Review.

A SKETCH of Joseph Conrad by one who was fortunate enough to know him in his English home and again to see him in this country last year is "Joseph Conrad, Able Seaman," by H. L. Brock, illustrated with an interpretative portrait by Césare It is a tribute to the sincerity of the man and the artist.

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In lighter vein is a discussion of Stephen Leacock's advice on how to select a wife of good color and wearing quality, as given in his latest volume, "The Garden of Folly." Mr. Leacock also gives counsel on how a salesman of sewer pipe should dispense charm if he wishes to succeed.

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Other reviews of interest are of "The Book of the Queen's Doll House," "Ornaments in Jade," by Albert Machen; of "Talk," the novel by Emanie Sachs, and of a large group of the important new Fall novels, which are just beginning to come from the publishers. An essay on Herman Melville by John Middleton Murry is also a feature.

The New York Times
Reserve a copy of next Sunday's issue at your news stand.

RICKARD TO RUSH WORK ON HIS ARENA

Says Construction of "New Garden" on Eighth Av. Will Start Within 60 Days.

RIVAL PROJECT DESCRIBED

Promoters of the Amusement Centre on Seventh Av. Car Barn Site Announce Plans.

George L. (Tex) Rickard, boxing promoter and President of the New Madison Square Garden Corporation, stated yesterday that the proposed erection of a big amphitheatre on the site of the old Seventh Avenue car barns by the Realty Associates would have no effect and not delay in the least the erection of a new Madison Square Garden on the site of the Eighth Avenue car barns.

In June Mr. Rickard and John Ringling, the circus man, heading a syndicate, purchased the Eighth Avenue car barns, which occupy the block on the west of the avenue from Forty-ninth to Fiftieth Streets. The buyers then announced that they would erect there "the largest building in the world devoted exclusively to amusements."

Mr. Rickard said yesterday that plans for the new building had been completed and approved; also that the majority of the expected bids for the new structure were in hand and that contracts and the work of building would start within the next sixty days.

Frank Bailey, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Realty Associates, which purchased on Wednesday the Seventh Avenue car barns, occupying the block bounded by Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, Sixth and Seventh Avenues, was equally emphatic in his statement that his associates intended to improve the site with a huge building to take the place of Madison Square Garden, which is to be demolished shortly.

TOO LATE FOR ALIMONY.

Court Can't Amend Divorce Decree Granted to Mrs. Florence Harlan.

Supreme Court Justice Crain decided yesterday against Mrs. Florence Harlan's petition to have a recent decree of divorce granted her from Kenneth Harlan, motion picture actor, amended to include alimony. Justice Crain held that as final judgment had been entered he had no power to vary its provisions. Mrs. Harlan sued for divorce more than a year ago. The case was not defended. An interlocutory decree was entered and alimony of $150 a week allowed. When the final decree was ready, a motion was granted to strike out the alimony provision on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction over the person of Harlan, as he was living in California.

One Dead, One Dying, in Air Crash.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 7.—One naval aviator was killed and another is dying at San Diego following a crash from a height of 100 feet at the western end of North Island Naval Air Station today. C. P. Baker, seaman first class, of Birmingham, Ala., is dead, and Chief Petty Officer R. W. Cheney is dying. Their plane went into a tail spin at the low altitude.

COAST-TO-COAST RADIO.

First Receiving Set Tested on Train Crossing the Continent.

The first railway train radio receiving experiment to extend from coast to coast was begun on the Broadway Limited of the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday, according to an announcement by the road. The test, which is being conducted by E. H. Stark, chief engineer of R. A. D. Andrea, Inc., was begun as the train left the station at 2:05 P. M.

A five-tube neutrodyne set was installed in a Pullman stateroom. Two horizontal wires had been stretched along the roof of the car. After the train reaches Chicago, the equipment will be removed to other trains, along the way, until San Francisco is reached. Mr. Stark said he hopes to bring back valuable information concerning "dead" areas, the intensity of various broadcasting stations throughout the country, and other useful data. Passengers, however, will not have the opportunity of "listening in."

MARJORIE BROOKS A BRIDE.

Actress's Marriage to Jack Esmond Kept Secret Since July 29.

The marriage of Miss Marjorie Brooks, a prominent member of the "Charlot's Revue" company at the Selwyn Theatre, to Jack Esmond, an English actor, was announced yesterday after it had been kept a secret for ten days. On July 29 Miss Brooks and Mr. Esmond, who had followed her to this country to continue his courtship after she had been away four months, decided to be quietly married, and with a few friends present the ceremony was performed.

Mr. and Mrs. Esmond have taken an apartment in Madison Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street, which they will occupy until Mrs. Esmond goes with the revue early in September to play in other American cities. Mr. Esmond is the son of the late H. V. Esmond, who wrote "When We Were Twenty-One" and other plays which met with much success both in England and this country. His mother is Eva Moore, the actress.

PLAYHOUSE CHANGES HANDS

Henry Miller's Theatre Returned to Erlanger Management.

Henry Miller's Theatre in West Forty-third Street has returned to the management of A. L. Erlanger, under an agreement to run for five years, it was announced yesterday.

At the same time it was announced by the Erlanger offices that Mr. Erlanger expected soon to begin work on a new theatre that he was planning to build in West Forty-fourth Street, for which he already has acquired a plot just west of the Little Theatre. Two other centrally located sites for theatres here and a new theatre in Chicago are also expected to be added to Mr. Erlanger's holdings soon.

Cheese Club at "Peek-a-Boo."

The members of the Cheese Club, an organization composed of newspaper and theatrical men, attended last night's performance of Jean Bedini's "Peek-a-Boo" at the Columbia Theatre. Many topical allusions to members of the club, written by Morrie Ryskind, were made during the evening by members of the cast.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Dr. David's Dad," announced as coming to the Vanderbilt Theatre next Tuesday night, will open at that theatre on Tuesday night, Aug. 19, instead.

Harry Delf will be in the cast of "The Purple Cow," the Musical Comedy Guild's first production.

K. OF C. PLANS WAR ON SEX LITERATURE

Directors to Keep a Strict Surveillance Over Books and Magazines for Immorality.

NO CENSORSHIP, HOWEVER

Sum of $58,000 Voted to Replace Statue of Columbus in Porto Rico.

A nationwide surveillance of literature treating sex subjects, including magazines, was advocated in a resolution presented yesterday at the third and last day of the forty-second annual convention of the Knights of Columbus at the Waldorf-Astoria.

This was the most important of several resolutions introduced at the morning discussion. Watchfulness but not censorship, it was explained, was urged, and a recommendation was adopted that the supreme headquarters of the organization, through the board of directors, organize and finance a movement to fight the dissemination of immoral and harmful literature. The methods of the campaign are to be prescribed by the Knights of Columbus board.

Another feature of the closing was the voting of $58,000 to replace the statue of Christopher Columbus at Aguada, Porto Rico, commemorating the landing place of Columbus on his second voyage to America.

The original statue, erected by the Spanish Government, was destroyed by earthquakes some years ago. State Deputy Mendia and Polemarch Fernandez of the Knights of Columbus, presented the motion for the donation. The Porto Rican Knights, led by State Deputy Mendia, have obtained title to the site of the statue, which will be made in New York.

North Carolina put in a bid for the next convention and telegrams were received from various other States asking for the 1925 meeting, but the convention referred the question to the Supreme Board of Directors for decision at its January meeting.

The convention ended in the afternoon after a four hour session. Action was voted to routine matters affecting the work of the fraternity. It closed with a prayer by Mgr. P. J. McGivney of Bridgeport, Conn., Supreme Chaplain of the order, after unanimous votes of thanks were extended to the prelates attending the convention, to Cardinal Hayes, Bishop Turner, Bishop Curley, Bishops Mahoney and Conroy and to Mayor Hylan. A special vote of thanks was accorded the press of New York for fair and adequate reports of the convention proceedings.

By 4 o'clock practically all delegations had left the headquarters at the hotel.

INQUIRY ENDED, SAYS COX.

Tells Rhode Island Governor Arrest of His Officials is a Closed Incident.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Governor Cox today told Governor Flynn of Rhode Island that it would be useless for him to pursue further the protest against the arrest of two Rhode Island Assistant Attorneys General by Massachusetts constabulary.

"As a result of your letter of July 19, inquiring about the arrest of certain Rhode Island officials, the Massachusetts Executive wrote the Rhode Island Governor today, 'I caused a thorough investigation to be made and reported to you its results.

"Further inquiry has convinced me that the facts were accurately reported to you in my earlier communication. In view of your communication of Aug. 4, it will be unavailing to pursue the subject further."

GREAT HALL OVERFLOWS.

Van Hoogstraten Leads Philharmonic and Gets Warm Welcome.

Scores were turned away from the great hall of the City College last evening, when William Van Hoogstraten made his re-entry as conductor of the Philharmonic Orchestra. His welcome was of the warmest. Mr. Van Hoogstraten led his musicians through a highly diversified program with exhaustless energy and force.

The highest point of inspiration was reached in Brahms's "Academic Festival" overture, where all the accent was on the "festival." Mr. Van Hoogstraten was in a great and exuberant mood, a gallant and fearless individualism, and the packed audience caught the rollick of his magnetism. The "Scheherazade," which opened the program, was given with rich variety of expression and a poetic impulse. Carlo Guidi played the violin solo.

This evening Henry Hadley's four seasons will be on the program, as well as Liszt's "Les Preludes" and Tschaikowsky's "1812."

MUSIC PRIZE WINNERS.

Awards in Goldman Contest to Be Made at Concert Tonight.

The forty-eighth concert of the Goldman Band series on the Mall this evening will be given over largely to Wagner works. Waino Kauppi, the young cornetist discovered by Mr. Goldman, will play. In the course of the concert Mr. Goldman will make the awards to the three successful contestants among the 3,173 who competed in the "musical memory" contest Monday evening.

The winners of the contest were Samuel Marks, Herman Hess and Miss Valeria Vignetta. The prizes are a silver medal and two bronze medals. The average was high. Six blind persons took part in the contest, dictating their answers.

MAUDE ADAMS NOT TO PLAY.

B. C. Whitney Denies That Star Will Act in "Saint Joan."

Denial was made yesterday at the offices of B. C. Whitney, theatrical producer, of the report that Miss Maude Adams would return to the stage this coming season as the star of the Whitney production, on the road, of Bernard Shaw's "Saint Joan." On behalf of Mr. Whitney, Henri Gressitt, his general manager, said that the report had not emanated from the Whitney office and that Mr. Whitney had sent Miss Adams a letter of apology.

Miss Adams has been in retirement for several years.

SAYS HUGHES SLIGHTS ROME

Il Mondo Complains of His Failure to Visit There.

ROME, Aug. 7.—Il Mondo, commenting on the departure of Secretary Hughes for home after his European trip, complains that, while he visited London, Paris, Brussels and Berlin, he skipped Rome.

The newspaper recalls Mr. Hughes's repeated declarations that his trip was made not as Secretary of State but as President of the American Bar Association, and says it is therefore all the more difficult to understand why he failed to render the homage of a visit to Rome, the original law-giver.

Although Mr. Hughes did not come to Europe in his official capacity, Il Mondo continues, it must be remembered that he is the director of foreign affairs of one of the most powerful nations in the world, and there is no doubt that "his influence on the conference in London was decisive and resultful."

The paper says that perhaps the Italian Ambassador in Washington will be able to explain why Mr. Hughes skipped Rome.

LIGHTNING DIGS A WELL.

Brings Water to Man Who Had Failed to Find It.

ROCHDALE, Mass., Aug. 7.—Lightning struck near the residence of George Davis last night, dug a well twenty-five feet deep, and the hole immediately filled with water.

Mr. Davis some time ago dug a well fifteen feet deep back of his house. He didn't strike water, so the hole was filled in with rubbish and permanent and other flowers planted. Those were in full bloom when last night's storm broke.

The lightning hit the spot exactly and successfully, even to bringing water in a fraction of a second.

ZR-3 TESTS AUGUST 25.

Germans Prepare Giant Dirigible Built for Us in Zeppelin Plant.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Trial flights of the dirigible Z R-3, which is being built here for the American Government, will begin on Aug. 25, according to present plans of the Zeppelin Company.

Installation will be undertaken within the course of the next few days of the new Maybach motors, which, it is announced, have satisfactorily responded to exhaustive endurance test runs. After the motors are in place the dirigible will be inflated.

Today's Radio Program

Aug. 8, 1924.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:00 P. M.—Police alarms; stolen automobiles; missing persons.
2:30 P. M.—Popular songs.
3:15 P. M.—Instrumental concert.
10:00 P. M.—Dance music.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; stolen automobiles; missing persons.
10:35 P. M.—Dance music.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
11:10—"Curious Customs of Siam," by Coleman R. Griffith.
11:30 A. M.—"When the Hot Weather Hits the Lawn," by Leonard Barron.
11:50 A. M.—Market and weather reports.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Harry Jentes, piano; Mary Davis, contralto.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:45 P. M.—Alberta Kawaschima, violin.
7:45-8:00 P. M.—Kathleen Stewart, piano; G. Leach, baritone; L. H. Crossman, tenor.
9:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
9:15 P. M.—"Rice Dishes," by Elizabeth Bohn.
9:40 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

WJY, NEW YORK—405.
1:00 P. M.—Hotel Ambassador Trio.
4:00 P. M.—Fashion talk.
4:10 P. M.—Daily menu.
4:15 P. M.—Art talk.
4:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
5:40 P. M.—Fashion Talk.
6:45 P. M.—Fare and Home reports; stocking quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—McAlpin Orchestra.
7:20 P. M.—Financial developments.
7:30 P. M.—Golden's Orchestra.
8:15 P. M.—"Problems of Retailing," by Professor Brisco.
8:30 P. M.—New York Philharmonic Orchestra.
10:40 P. M.—Belleclaire Orchestra.

WGY, NEW YORK—380.
7:30 P. M.—Nelson's Orchestra.
8:15 P. M.—School High Spot Contest.
8:30 P. M.—Flora Haight, soprano.
9:00 P. M.—Wolf, baritone.
9:15-10:30 P. M.—Piedmont Trio; Joseph Hayden, songs.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
10:00-11:00 A. M.—"Woman's Hour."
3:15-3:45 P. M.—Popular songs.
4:45-5:30 P. M.—Music with children; vocal and instrumental solos; dance music.
6:30-7:30 P. M.—Alamac Orchestra.
8:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; baseball statistics; songs.
11:30 P. M.—Club Alabam Orchestra.

WRNY, NEW YORK—379.
11:00 A. M.-12:00 M.—Entertainers; orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Readings; piano recital; orchestra.
5:00 P. M.—Children's program.
8:15-9:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
9:00-7:30 P. M.—Cinderella Orchestra.

WRM, NEW YORK—273.
7:00-7:45 P. M.—Theatrical review; vocal and instrumental solos; "Making a Playwright," by Laura Wilck.
7:45-8:00 P. M.—"Flying Up the Coast," by E. S. Bigelow.
8:05 P. M.—Edith Quisenberry, soprano.
8:05 P. M.—"Music for Mother," by Van Harling.
8:15 P. M.—"Short Cut to Art Aid," by Dorothy Becker.
8:25-9:00 P. M.—Vocal solos.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
2:05 P. M.—Carl Fischer, flute.
2:45 P. M.—Frances E. Pohl, piano.
3:00 P. M.—Carl Fischer, flute.
3:15 P. M.—Florence Lee, piano.
3:30 P. M.—Helen Gleason, songs.
3:45 P. M.—Frances E. Pohl, piano.
4:15 P. M.—Agnes Leonard, songs.
5:30 P. M.—Man in the Moon Stories.
7:00 P. M.—Peerless Trio.
7:30 P. M.—Sports resume.

WAAM, NEWARK—263.
7:00-7:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.

WBW, PARKERTOWN—275.
9:00-10:30 P. M.—Music; police report; baseball scores; popular songs; talk.
12:00 P. M.—Music.
10:15 P. M.—Popular songs.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—395.
10:15 A. M.—Market and live stock reports.
1:00 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
1:00 P. M.—Agricultural reports.
3:00 P. M.—Chicago Grain Market closing prices.
3:05 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental concert; talk.
5:30 P. M.—Davis Orchestra; sports results.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather report.
12:00 M.—Tea Room Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ, trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Orchestra; sports results; police reports.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal solos.
9:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
10:00 P. M.—Dance music.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather.
11:00 P. M.—Dance music.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—278.
3:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.
7:40 P. M.—Address.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—508.
10:00 A. M.—Seashore gossip.
10:10 A. M.—Health suggestions.
1:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
2:00 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
5:30 P. M.—Comfort's Orchestra; Dorothy Fox, soprano.
6:00 P. M.—Weather forecast; dinner music.
6:45 P. M.—Market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.
11:45 A. M.—Daily almanac.
12:00 M.—Organ; orchestra; songs.
3:00-3:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra; artist recital.
4:30 P. M.—Dance music.
5:45 P. M.—Baseball scores.
7:30 P. M.—Dream Daddy.
8:00 P. M.—Book review; artist recital.
8:15 P. M.—Young's Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Minstrel show.
9:15 P. M.—Seneca Orchestra.
9:30 P. M.—Fry's Orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra; Benson Orchestra; Fry's Orchestra; artist recital.

WFAN, PROVIDENCE 275.
12:00 M.—Orchestra; weather report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:00 P. M.—Music; weather report.
6:00 P. M.—To be announced.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—305.
10:00 A. M.—Housewives' program.
1:05 P. M.—Twin Elm Orchestra.
3:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:00 P. M.—Music.
11:00 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
6:00 P. M.—WBZ Trio.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball results; market reports; book review; automobile talk.
7:40 P. M.—Bedtime story.
10:00 P. M.—Elaine Merlin, soprano; A. Klatt, baritone; Juliette Keule, piano.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report.
11:00 P. M.—Moody Mahaire.

WORK, WORCESTER, MASS.—446.
11:30 A. M.—Music.
12:00 M.—Market and weather reports.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
4:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
8:00 P. M.—Dance Orchestra.

WNAC, BOSTON—375.
10:00 A. M.—Women's talks.
1:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Children's half hour.
6:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—To be announced.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
7:00 P. M.—Boston police reports; safe driving; closing stock market reports.
8:00 P. M.—"The Elements of Human Personality," by W. E. Cowley; musicale.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
12:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.
12:50 P. M.—Lettuce report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
3:00 P. M.—Music; talk, "Seasonable Salads."
6:00 P. M.—Produce and stock market quotations; news, baseball scores.
6:10 P. M.—Children's stories.
6:45 P. M.—Children's story in French.
7:00 P. M.—Sunday school lesson.
8:15 P. M.—Baseball results.
8:40 P. M.—Mama as WYE.
11:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental concert.

WCAP, WASHINGTON—469.
2:05 P. M.—Baseball results.
3:30-3:00 P. M.—"Facts One Should Know About Applying for the Soldier's Bonus," by W. F. Rogers.
3:00-3:05 P. M.—Music.
3:45-10:00 P. M.—"Foreign Affairs," by Captain G. Gordon-Smith.
10:00-11:30 P. M.—U. S. Navy Band.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
4:00 P. M.—Fashion developments.
4:10 P. M.—Talk by Mme. McCall, baritone.
4:30 P. M.—"Beauty and Personality," by Elsie Pierce.
4:35 P. M.—Current topics.
4:45 P. M.—Ethel Grant, piano.
5:00 P. M.—Talk.
5:05 P. M.—Song recital.
5:15 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecasts.
7:00 P. M.—Stories and songs for children.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
11:45 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Weather and market reports.
12:30 P. M.—Organ.
3:30 P. M.—Dance music.
7:30 P. M.—News; baseball scores; market report.
9:00 P. M.—Music.
10:00 P. M.—Supper music.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
2:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:30 P. M.—Music.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
10:45 A. M.—Market reports; agricultural news.
12:15 P. M.—Daugherty's Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast; market reports.
3:15 P. M.—Baseball scores by innings.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:20 P. M.—Organ recital.
7:00 P. M.—Dance music; concert.
7:30 P. M.—Children's stories.
7:45 P. M.—News.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:40 P. M.—Market reports.
9:00 P. M.—Saxophone quartet; male quartet.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast; baseball scores.

KQV, PITTSBURGH—579.
6:00-6:00 P. M.—Music; children's features.

CFCA, TORONTO—400.
9:00 P. M.—Concert.

CFCF, MONTREAL—440.
7:30-8:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; business reports.
8:00-9:30 P. M.—Stroller's Orchestra.
10:00-12:00 P. M.—Mandolier Orchestra.

CKAC, MONTREAL—425.
3:45 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—News; weather, stock reports.

WJAX, CLEVELAND—390.
7:05 P. M.—Special program.

WEAM, CLEVELAND—389.
6:00-6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.

WLW, CINCINNATI—422.
5:00 P. M.—Special program; "Practical Lessons in Writing," by T. G. O'Donnell.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:05 P. M.—Detroit News Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Schmeman's Band.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
7:00 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.
8:30 P. M.—Dance music.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—399.
9:00-11:00 P. M.—Concert; talk; news; baseball scores; Standard Time announced at 11 o'clock.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
7:45 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:30-9:00 P. M.—Popular program.
9:00 P. M.—Talks.
10:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Midnight revue; news every half hour.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
7:00 P. M.—La Salle Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Nature Study Club talk.
8:15 P. M.—Wide-Awake Club program.
9:40 P. M.—Christian Endeavor topics.
10:15 P. M.—To be announced.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Music; features.
8:35-10:30 P. M.—Music.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Features; music.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.
3:05-3:30 P. M.—Music; farm talks; weather and market reports.
7:30-12:00 P. M.—Music; farm talks.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.
8:05-8:30 P. M.—Oriole Orchestra; Grace Wilson, contralto; popular songs.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; F. Agard, tenor.
12:30-1:30 A. M.—Oriole Orchestra; Virginia Monser, violin.

WTAS, ELGIN, ILL.—286.
8:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:35 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Lampe's Orchestra; piano solos; songs.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
6:00 P. M.—Sport news; weather forecast.
6:05 P. M.—Music.
10:00 P. M.—Weekly road bulletin.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
10:00 P. M.—To be announced.
1:00 A. M.—Midwood Orchestra.

WSB, ATLANTA—428.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Band concert.
12:45 A. M.—Rainbow Orchestra.

WOQ, JEFFERSON CITY—461.
10:00 P. M.—Address; band concert.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
7:30 P. M.—Market, weather, time, road reports.
8:00 P. M.—Music; address; stories; Piantino Players.
10:00 P. M.—Minstrels; orchestra.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
8:30 P. M.—Randall's Orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Church orchestra.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Music.

WRAF, FORT WORTH—476.
11:30 P. M.-12:45 A. M.—Music.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—405.
12:00-1:30 A. M.—Music.
1:30-2:00 A. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.
3:00-4:00 A. M.—Hickman's Orchestra.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—468.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Concert.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Felix Trio.
3:00-4:00 A. M.—Concert Grove Orchestra.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

ZIEGFELD'S 2 OUTSTANDING SENSATIONS!!!!

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. POP. PRICE MATS. WED. & SAT.
458 RESERVED SEATS NIGHTLY AT $1.00 — ZIEGFELD FOLLIES — WILL ROGERS & New Monologue Every Show.

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ZIEGFELD GREATEST MUSICAL COMEDY
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APOLLO THEATRE, West 42d St. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Best Seats $2.50

Greatest Music Comedy in the World — PLAIN JANE — SAM HARRIS THEATRE, West 42d Street. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

A STRONGER, MORE LOGICAL PLAY THAN "ABIE" —Eve. Tel. — EARL CARROLL Presents WHITE CARGO — FRAZEE THEA. West 42d St. Evenings 8:40. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:40. "Have adjectives been invented for this?" Courtney Stallings, World. Daly's 63d St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. 326th Time

SWEENEY TODD — 9TH MONTH

The 8th CAPACITY MONTH — TEN COMMANDMENTS — Performance Production (Famous Players) GEO. COHAN Theatre, B'way at 43d Street. Evs. Daily, 8:30—8:30. Best Seats Tonight $1.50—Best at Matinee $1.

COBRA — HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. 8TH MONTH — DRAMATIC SENSATION

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS — THIEF OF BAGDAD — LIBERTY Thurs., W. 42d St. Twice Daily. 2:30—8:30. Sunday Mat. at 3

CORT THEATRE, West 48th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FASHION — 7th MONTH — "A Wonderful Show. Fun Crazy About It."—Douglas Fairbanks. HADLEY SECOND SYMPHONY Liszt "Prometheus"—"1812"—Dvorak PRICES, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

GLOBE Coolest Theatre. B'way and 46th St. Mats. Wed. and Sat. $1 to $2.50. 'KEEP KOOL' 3RD MONTH

Henry Miller's Theatre, 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. 3RD MONTH — "STRANGE BED FELLOWS"

THE ARGYLE PLAYHOUSE, 105 Av. at 124 St. Unit. 5000. Eve. to $2. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed. 2:30. KA-BU-KI — Japanese Plays in English.

WINTER GARDEN EVGS. 8:45. MATS. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2:45. INNOCENT EYES — SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Next Mon. ELIZABETH HINES in the New Musical Comedy MARJORIE — with ANDREW TOMBES, RICHARD SKEET GALLAGHER, ROY ROBERTSON—STEEL SHUTTA — SEATS NOW SELLING.

POP. MATINEE TOM'W 2nd $2.50 — CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Laughing Revue — I'll Say She Is with The MARX BROS.

BOOTH THEATRE W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2:30. OPENING MONDAY EVE. AUG. 11 — EDWARD MILLMAN PRESENTS — DANCING MOTHERS — WITH EXTRAORDINARY CAST, INCLUDING Mary Young—Helen Hayes, John Halliday—Henry Stephenson — SEATS NOW ON SALE.

E. G. Wells & St. J. Irvine's THE WONDERFUL VISIT — Princess, 39th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:50. Pop. Mts. Tom'w & Thurs.

THE BEST REVUE IN THE WORLD — CHARLOT'S REVUE OF 1924 — with BEATRICE LILLIE, GERTRUDE LAWRENCE, HERBERT MUNDIN AND NELLIE KELLY — SELWYN THEATRE West 42d St. POP. PRICE MATS. WED. & SAT. Evgs. 8:30.

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. Beggar on Horseback — with ROLAND YOUNG

"EXPRESSING WILLIE" 48TH THEATRE 48 St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. "Thrills in the Superlative" says Morning Telegraph. LOVE and GLORY — A Universal Picture Presented by Carl Laemmle.

REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 3RD YEAR — Anne Nichols' Laughing Success — ABIE'S IRISH ROSE

LYRIC Thea. 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. FRANK LLOYD'S — The SEA-HAWK — By RAFAEL SABATINI. A First National Picture.

FATA MORGANA (MIRAGE) A Comedy by Yellin. GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th Street. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30.

PLAYHOUSE 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE SHOW-OFF By George Kelly — Outstanding Season's Comedy Hit.

The Neighborhood Playhouse 466 Grand Street. Telephone Drydock 7516. TONIGHT AT 8:30 SHARP. "The Grand Street Follies" Orch. $1.65. Balc. $1 & 75c.

STADIUM CONCERTS — N.Y. PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA — TONIGHT at 8:30. Assoc. Art. & 100th St. WILLEM VAN HOOGSTRATEN, Conductor. HADLEY SECOND SYMPHONY. Liszt "Prometheus"—"1812"—Dvorak. PRICES, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

—LOEW'S— STATE & METROPOLITAN — B'way & 45 St. — Broadway at 47th St. — "Wanderer of the Wasteland" — AND BIG VAUDEVILLE BILLS

COLUMBIA BURLESQUE Twice Daily. Mats. Daily. Jean Bedini's PEEK-A-BOO Pop. Priced Matinee

MOTION PICTURES.

"No more brilliant achievement in ambitious motion pictures dealing with historical romances has ever been exhibited. It is something which will be remembered for years by those who see it."—New York Times.

Marion Davies in Janice Meredith

"The first great shell of the cinema season was fired at the Cosmopolitan Theatre last night. Judging from the report in the Audience the command for cease firing will not be given for many weeks to come."—New York World.

Story by Paul Leicester Ford. Directed by E. Mason Hopper. Settings by Joseph Urban. Scenario by Lillie Hayward. Musical score by Deems Taylor.

"IT'S AMERICAN TO THE CORE!!"

Twice Daily: 2:00 & 8:00. Sun., Aug. 10, 8. — AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE — Cosmopolitan — WORLD'S MOST CHARMING THEATRE — Seats 4 Weeks in Advance. All Reserved.

Mats. (except Sat. & Sun.) Orch. 75c. Bal. 50c. Evs. & Sat. & Sun. Mts. Orch. $1.50. Bal. 99c

HISTORY OF MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE IN WHICH VALENTINO RETURNS TO THE SCREEN
Set completed—18 extra lights brought, making 90 huge arcs.
May 5, 1924.
No. 25
Famous Players-Lasky Paramount

MARY PICKFORD — Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall — A MARSHALL NEILAN PRODUCTION

CRITERION B'way at 44th St. Twice Daily. 8:30-8:30. Sun. Mat. at 2

RIVOLI B'way at 49 St. First time at Popular Prices "THE COVERED WAGON" A Paramount Production. Overture "1812" Rivoli Concert Orch.

RIALTO B'way at 42 St. Mad. Ave. GLORIA SWANSON in "MANHANDLED." A Paramount Picture. NIKSENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at

GRAINS RISE AGAIN ON FEDERAL REPORT

Big Export Demand for Wheat Develops and Corn and Rye Share in the Rise.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Government estimate on the wheat and oats crops showed a larger total than expected, wheat being 7,000,000 bushels and oats 28,000,000 bushels above the highest of the private forecasts, while corn fell about 40,000,000 bushels short of the private figures. In many quarters, however, the Government estimate on wheat was not a surprise.

With high prices and a liberal crop a material change in the financial condition in many sections is only to be expected. Kansas has secured 154,000,000 bushels, and the price at the present time nets farmers $1 per bushel and over, and in the face of the big movement in the Southwest of late premiums at Kansas City have advanced around 1 to 1½ cents in two days.

A big export demand has developed for domestic wheat. Cables from abroad claimed that American hard Winter was selling anywhere from 8½ to 10 cents under Argentine, the cheapest grain offered by any of the other leading exporters, and that country as well as Australia and Canada has little old wheat left for shipment. Around 1,000,000 bushels of wheat are being loaded here for Montreal.

It is estimated that Kansas City handlers alone have 10,000,000 bushels sold for shipment via Montreal, and sales of over 1,000,000 bushels have been made via the Gulf since last Friday. Between the export business, strength in Liverpool and cables reporting that Germany had accepted the Dawes plan, the market was strong and 2½@2¾ cents higher at the last. There was noticeable relenting of lines recently sold out during the day.

Corn was ¼@⅝ cent higher at the last, largely in sympathy with wheat, but at one time the price dropped 2½ cents on scattered stop-loss and local selling. Few of the pit element had any corn bought at the last.

Oats were ¼@¾ cent and rye ⅛@¼ cent higher at the close. Basis on cash oats was ½ cent higher at 66¾ cents over September for No. 2 white.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 2,655,000 bushels, week ago, 2,679,000; last year, 2,590,000. Shipments were 1,553,000 bushels; week ago, 1,202,000; last year, 912,000.

Corn receipts were 637,000 bushels; week ago, 627,000; last year, 705,000. Shipments, 330,000 bushels; week ago, 426,000; last year, 326,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.29⅝	1.27⅛	1.29⅝	1.27⅞	.99⅛@1
Dec.	1.33½	1.31¼	1.33¼	1.31	1.02⅛
May	1.38½	1.36¼	1.38	1.36¼	1.07⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.15⅛	1.12	1.13½	1.12⅞	.77
Dec.	1.03¼	1.00⅝	1.02⅞	1.02¼	.63⅝
May	1.04¼	1.01⅝	1.03⅞	1.02⅞	.65¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.49¼	.48⅝	.48⅝	.49	.35⅝@⅞
Dec.	.52⅝	.51⅞	.51⅞	.52	.37⅞
May	.54⅞@⅞	.53⅞	.54	.54⅝	.40⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.93⅝	.92	.93⅝	.92⅝	.64⅝
Dec.	.97½	.96	.97½	.97½	.67⅝
May	1.01⅛	1.00⅛	1.01⅛	1.00⅛	.71⅛

PROVISIONS.

LARD—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	13.60	13.50	13.60	13.62	10.65
Oct.	13.72	13.57	13.72	13.70	10.80
Nov.	13.70	13.62	13.70	13.77	.....
Dec.	13.70	13.62	13.70	13.77	.....
Jan.	13.75	13.60	13.75	13.72	.....
DBS—					
Sept.	13.32	13.20	13.25	13.40	.....
Oct.	13.37	13.35	13.35	13.45	.....

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	1.36½	1.36¼	1.36½	1.36¼-¼	.96⅝
Dec.	1.38⅝	1.31¼-⅜	1.33⅝	1.31	.94⅛
May	1.37¼	1.35	1.37¼	1.34¼-⅜	.99⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	.55⅝-¾	.54⅞	.55⅝	.55⅝	.40⅛
Dec.	.53⅝-¾	.52⅝	.53	.52⅝	.38
May	.56⅝	.55⅝	.56⅛-¼	.56⅝	..

COMMODITY PRICES.

Except for Nominal Change in Few Articles, Cash Markets Were Firm.

Cash markets ruled steady, with values little changed from those which prevailed on Wednesday. The exceptions to the rule were found in slightly lower prices for cotton, lard and wheat, while other grains, groceries, dairy products and metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago. Stated prices are for New York markets, unless otherwise indicated.

FOODSTUFFS:	Aug. 7, 1924.	July 31, 1924.	Aug. 9, 1923.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.43	$1.49	$1.16⅛
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.34	1.29⅝	1.08½
Oats, No. 2 white	.66	.67	.52
Pork, std. 85% pat.	7.50	8.00	6.95
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.16½	.16⅝	.10½
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.08
Butter, cr., 92 score	.38	.38	.45
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per doz.	.29½@.31	.29	.31
Lard, Mid. West	14.25@14.35	14.10	12.75
Pork, Mess	26.00@27.00	27.00	25.00
Beef, family	19.00@20.00	20.00	16.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	21.25@22.25	22.25	27.26
Steel billets, Pitts.	38.00	38.00	42.50
Lead	7.60	7.60	7.00
Copper	13.25	13.00	13.62½
Tin	41.75	40.25	40.50
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. upland	31.10	32.40	26.35
Print cloths	.07	.07	.06⅝

Range of prices for 1924 to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.50½	July 29	$1.19	Mar. 27
Corn	1.35½	Aug. 4	.98½	Jan. 3
Oats	.56½	July 25	.34½	Jan. 3
Flour	8.00	July 31	6.15	Jan. 5
Coffee	.17½	July 23	.10⅝	Jan. 9
Sugar	.09	Feb. 14	.06	June 5
Butter	.55	Jan. 7	.35½	Apr. 17
Eggs	.45	Jan. 7	.23	Mar. 25
Lard	14.50	Aug. 9	10.65	May 28
Pork	27.00	Mar. 19	24.00	Feb. 22
Beef	18.00	Feb. 23	16.00	Jan. 2
Iron	24.59	Jan. 2	21.25	July 10
Steel	40.00	Jan. 2	38.00	July 10
Lead	8.37½	Feb. 29	7.00	May 23
Tin	49.75	Mar. 3	39.75	May 23
Copper	14.00	Mar. 5	12.20	July 3
Cotton	35.70	Jan. 8	26.50	Mar. 27
Print cloths	.09	Jan. 2	.06⅝	July 16

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Aug. 6), 8,366 packages. Trade only fair. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound 38½@39c; extras, 92 score, 38c; firsts, 36½@37½c; seconds, 34@35½c; lower grades, 32½@35½c; standards, 90 score, 38½@39c; 89 score, 36½@38½c; 88 score, 35½c; 84 to 87 score, 34½@35½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40½@41c; extras, 92 score, 39½@40c; firsts, 38½@39c; seconds, 36@38c; renovated, fresh, 34@34½; ladles, current make, extras, 33½@34c; firsts, 32@33c; seconds, 29½@31½; lower grades, 26@27½; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29c; No. 2, 27½@28c; lower grades, 26@26½c.

EGGS—Receipts (Aug. 6), 31,166 cases. Market steady to firm on high grades. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 35@37c; extra firsts, 32@34c; firsts, 29½@31c; seconds and poorer, 27@28c; fresh gathered extra dirties, No. 1, 27@27½c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@26½c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 21@25c; Jersey and other near-by henery whites, closely selected extras, 46@50c; near-by and Western henery whites, average extras, 46@47c; do. firsts to extra firsts, 38@45c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 38@44c; under-grades, 31@37c; near-by whites, medium, 40 to 41 pounds net, 35@44c; near-by whites, pullets, 33@37c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to extras, 37@46c; Pacific Coast, pullets, 37@38½c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 31@40c; Jersey and other near-by and Western henery brown, extras, 39@40c.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5¼@5½% for the best names. Wednesday—5¼@5½% for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

New Kind of Animal Toys.

A collection of dogs, cats, barnyard and other animals and birds, in stuffed leatherette, offered by a leading toy house, is meeting with an excellent response. These toys are washable, hand painted and hand stitched and each has a "natural" voice, whether it be an elephant or a lamb. The sellers emphasize the sanitary advantages resulting from the washability of these animals and birds and also stress the attraction offered by their colors.

Men's Neckwear Trade Improving.

In men's medium and fine neckwear a gradual improvement is reported after a halting period of several months. The business that is being done is spotty, and manufacturers have to stimulate the trade appetite of buyers if they wish to do very much selling. The prospects are that greater activity will develop later in the year, perhaps by next month. Novelty ideas in colors and stripes are prevailing and it appears that this Fall will be a strong stripe season, with rich figured effects coming on when colder weather arrives. Warp prints are in strong demand now in fine goods for later delivery.

Underwear Prices to Be Higher?

Underwear jobbers and mill men seem to be unanimous in their belief that the present prices of heavyweight underwear will not hold for long and that revisions upward are on the way. This accounts for the fair volume of business placed during the week, according to the special news letter of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers. The orders have been small but they have been plentiful, it is pointed out, with here and there one of substantial proportions. It is believed that jobbers and retailers have covered about 50 per cent. of their needs and that a substantial pick-up in business will materialize late this month. A post-Labor Day date for lightweight openings is being regarded with increasing favor.

Hosiery Demand Is Spotty.

The hosiery market continues dull, with a few orders of a spotty nature being reported. Buyers have apparently settled back to see which way prices are going to move. Both staple cotton and silk hosiery prices are fairly firm, reflecting the strength of the raw material markets. Mill men say that the bottom has been reached in staple cotton hosiery prices and that a steady rise of raw cotton will inevitably make for an increase in hosiery prices. The recent activity in infants' and children's lines has quieted down. The demand for women's full-fashioned hose shows a slight improvement.

Better Buying of Rompers.

Buying of rompers has picked up noticeably recently, but this week has been slower than any in the last month or so. All in all, according to a leader in this business, conditions today, from the manufacturer's point of view, are about the worst in twenty years, although they have not been good for several years. Factors in the situation are believed to be a somewhat lessened consumption in general and a large proportionate increase in the number of producers. It is noticed that there is practically no exportation to Canada now, although in previous years good business was done there. Most rompers that are selling now are of cotton, though there are many of silk. Medium color tones are doing best, with various shades of brown going especially strong. Checks in ginghams are not wanted at present, being in the course of a periodical wave of unpopularity, but are expected to come back again. Fine button trimmings are in much favor for the early Fall trade.

Gray Goods Trading Marks Time.

Yesterday was another quiet day as far as trading in gray goods was concerned. The market practically marked time in anticipation of the Government report on the condition of the cotton crop, to be issued at noon today. The few transactions were mainly with second hands and involved small lots of printcloths for quick delivery. In the business done were sales of 39-inch 68-72s at 10½ cents, of 38½-inch 64-60s at 9½ cents and of 39-inch 80 squares at 13½ cents. Ford 38-inch 60-48s buyers paid 8½ cents. Sheetings were dull with the previous price levels holding firm. The remainder of the market was stagnant.

Materials for Coats and Suits.

Hatters' plush seems due for a fine run of popularity in coats and suits, and the indication, which apparently is being capitalized widely, is reflected in jobbings. These, being less expensive, are worn in coats in many cases where hatters' plush is beyond the means of consumers. A trend on the part of cutters-up and the better class of manufacturers that is also the subject of great interest is toward suits of chiffon velvet. The usual blacks, browns and navies are well favored, but a strong demand is also reported for greens and hennas, which are not always wanted in these materials.

Later Opening Now Looked For.

While it had been expected that the American Woolen Company would announce the date of the opening of its men's wear Spring lines for next week, it was held likely yesterday by well-posted observers that the opening will be postponed to the week following, which is that of Aug. 18. A leading cause of the delay is the great amount of detail work in the later stages of price making and the making up and checking of samples. With regard to prices, it is figured that the company will reduce staples by about 7½ per cent. Worsteds have not been in demand, and the company is expected to name attractive levels on these goods in order to have its worsted machinery operate at a greater percentage of capacity. The average price range on wanted fabrics, in the consensus of opinion, will hold firm.

Conditions in Silk Trade.

Crêpe de chine, which had been quiet for quite a while, has become more active in the last few weeks. The silk trade is somewhat apprehensive over the possible effects of the threatened strike at Paterson, the belief being that if it does come about the amount of business will be hit or that prices will be hurt. Even now, buyers are not willing to do business at the present price levels, insisting upon former rates, which are considerably below the current figures. While the feeling is not especially pronounced that there will be a good Fall trade, it is thought that the season's business may develop to a reasonably satisfactory degree. Indications are that the coming Spring season, however, will be an excellent one for this line.

Raw Silk Situation.

A good daily business continues in the local raw silk market. Price levels continue firm, although manufacturers are beginning to resist the advance as too fast and unwarranted by conditions in the broad silk market. Many additional looms are being started, however, and the goods trade is much more optimistic. Transactions at Yokohama are on a large scale, with frequent advances reported. Visible stocks at Kobe and Yokohama total 25,000 bales, according to H. L. Gwalter & Co., Inc., which compares with 30,000 bales a year ago. The Canton market is still closed, there being no indication of a settlement of the strike. Trading at Shanghai is quiet, with prices firm. The Milan market is somewhat more active, but the buying is confined to European account.

SHOE PRODUCTION DROPS.

Six Months' Report Shows Decrease of 30,106,432 Pairs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Reports to the Department of Commerce from 1,154 manufacturers representing 1,277 factories show that the total production of boots and shoes in June was 22,403,547 pairs, as compared with 25,240,153 pairs in May, 28,003,791 pairs in April, 28,273,105 pairs in June, 1923, and 24,531,968 pairs in June, 1922.

Comparative figures for January-June show 157,841,018 pairs produced in 1924 and 187,947,450 pairs produced for the same period in 1923.

The June production included 5,646,670 pairs of men's shoes (high and low cut, leather), 1,516,117 pairs of boys' shoes, 7,054,597 pairs of women's shoes, 2,692,376 pairs of misses' and children's shoes, 1,695,562 pairs of infants' shoes, 410,973 pairs of athletic and sporting shoes (leather), 562,911 pairs of shoes with canvas, satin and other fabric uppers, 1,956,756 pairs of slippers for house wear and 367,285 pairs of all other leather or part leather footwear.

PAPER PRODUCTION DROPS.

June Total 10% Below May, Says American Association.

The production of paper by mills reporting to the American Paper and Pulp Association and cooperating organizations showed a decrease of 10 per cent. in June from the May production, according to the monthly summary of the paper and pulp industry. The decreased production, which started with June, was the usual falling off in manufacture in the summer season, the association says, adding that there is "every indication now that the demand will be much larger the latter part of August than is usually the case for this month," because the decrease in production started three or four weeks earlier this season than ordinarily.

The figures for June follow:

	Stocks on Hand, Prodn. Nt.Tns.	Stocks on Hand, Prodn. Nt.Tns.	End of Month. Nt.Tns.
Newsprint	120,723	122,229	33,428
Book	79,897	77,278	37,611
Paperboard	96,838	97,713	36,062
Wrapping	40,711	38,251	61,857
Bag	8,121	8,159	7,464
Fine	22,573	20,858	40,684
Tissue	9,701	9,767	10,765
Hanging	2,544	3,068	4,672
Felts	15,030	14,025	4,519
Other Grades	18,547	18,077	15,726
Total, all grades	414,472	406,153	252,738

Data as to the various grades of pulp in June follows:

	Stocks on Hand, Prodn. Nt.Tns.	Stocks on Hand, Prodn. Nt.Tns.	End of Month. Nt.Tns.
Ground Wood Pulp	99,194	3,282	162,151
Sulphite, new grade	40,112	3,090	17,087
Sulphite, bleached	19,142	3,013	3,954
Sulphite, easy bleaching	4,026	671	267
Sulphite, Mitscherlich	4,980	339	694
Sulphate Pulp	11,104	2,646	5,386
Soda Pulp	14,776	3,567	2,604
Total, all grades	193,334	17,008	191,235

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning LACkawanna 1000.

AKRON—A. Polsky Co., H. Sheehan, silverware; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ALLIANCE, Neb.—Barnett Co.; W. S. Barnett, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

AMERICUS, Ga.—Fashion Shop; J. E. Hightower, Mrs. Owen, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way (Morgan & Ahrens Co.).

ANTIGO, Wis.—M. Krom & Sons; S. Stone, jobs men's, boys' sheep-lined coats; 334 5th Av. (B. B. Feldenfled).

ASHTABULA, Ohio—Carlisle Co.; M. F. Allen, ladies', children's, infants' ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.); Pennsylvania.

AUSTIN, Texas—Max Shaman; Mrs. Malasky, ready-to-wear; 203 5th Av. (J. J. Roeder).

AUSTIN, Texas—Gellman Dept. Store; E. Gellman, general merchandise; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Varsity Underwear Co.; L. H. Weil, cotton piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—J. Black & Sons; S. Black, clothing; 200 5th Av. (J. & G. Meyers).

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Mrs. McNamara, women's gowns; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Buck, imported hand-crocheted bed bags; Mrs. McGrady, special handkerchiefs; Mrs. Call, junior dresses, coats; 3 E. 30th, 8th floor.

BOSTON—J. Reiner, children's dresses; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Louis Rothstein; Fall coats; 25 W. 32d (L. Abramson Co.).

BOSTON—Wolff Garment Co.; D. B. Wolff, Fall coats; 25 W. 32d (L. Abramson Co.); Breslin.

BOSTON—Jewels's; H. Jewels, D. E. Berman, coats, dresses; Breslin.

BROCTON, Mass.—Mailman & Hanlon; Mr. Mailman, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av. (R. J. Cronin).

BROWNSVILLE, Pa.—R. S. Goldstein; ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

CANTON, Ohio—The Parisian Co.; S. Fischgrund, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Pisito-Smolian Cooperative Stores Co.; A. I. Abkowitz, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward Co.; G. Ford, toys; 354 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Morris Levy & Co., M. Levy, novelty ladies' scarfs, shawls, holiday specialties, ladies' leather belts; 100 W. 23d (Sales Co. of America).

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; A. W. Merritt, draperies; 43 White.

CHICAGO—Madigan Bros.; Mrs. M. R. Locke, millinery; 1,133 B'way, Room 1320 (Retail Stores Ass'n).

CHICAGO—D. H. Stearns & Co.; D. F. Stearns, hosiery, notions, toys; Prince George.

CHICAGO—United Cloak, Suit Co.; H. L. Rothschild, women's wraps; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—S. T. Platt; B. Levitan, furs; 1,182 B'way, Room 1403.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Max Friedlander; M. M. Friedlander, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo.—Boston Store; W. Gilleland, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

DAVENPORT, Ia.—Harned & Von Maur Co.; E. Jenkins, oriental rugs; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.); Breslin.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; W. Rike, silks, woolens; W. Roetter, linens, white goods, beddings; J. Davis, wash goods; Mrs. B. Vincent, blouses, sweaters; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; E. C. Belt, mdse. manager; R. Dana, representing; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n); Latham.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. Bivens, silks; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill.—Arty's Fashion Shop; F. Hahn, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way (Alfred Berlin).

EASTON, Pa.—Bon Ton Co.; Mr. Hazzard, boys' clothing, furnishings; 181 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbisy).

EL PASO, Texas—I. Laskin & Bros.; I. Laskin, gen. mdse.; Breslin.

ELYRIA, Ohio—Carl Cohn & Sons, Inc.; Louis Cohn, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear all depts.; Pennsylvania.

GALESBURG, Ill.—Kellogg, Drake Co.; C. W. Mariner, general mdse.; J. C. Hart, coats, dresses; C. J. Larson, silk, wool dress goods; Miss Ella Anderson, fancy goods, jewelry; Prince George.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Paul Steketee & Sons; A. Oudendyke, dress goods, silks, wash goods; Latham.

GREELEY, Colo.—Greeley D. G. Co.; Miss Ellyn, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Brown-Belk Co.; Miss E. Mulford, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti); Pennsylvania.

HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; G. C. Goodsell, toilet goods, drugs, &c.; Miss K. M. Rice, ribbons; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

HENDERSON, Texas—The M. H. Marwil Co.; M. H. Marwil, gen. mdse.; Imperial.

HORNELL, N. Y.—Adam, Davison Co.; Mr. Davison, ladies' ready-to-wear; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

HUNTINGTON, Ind.—John Strodel & Co., Inc.; C. Strodel, coats, dresses; 224 W. 35th (Siegfried, Fanti & Co.).

INDIANAPOLIS—Ayres & Company; M. H. May; piece goods, notions; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Mr. Stevens, div. mdse. mgr.; Miss Sullivan, millinery; Miss O'Brien, lingerie, negligees, blouses; Mrs. McGruder, corsets, petticoats; Mrs. Kidwell, sweaters, skirts; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; M. Paul, men's English broadcloth shirts; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS—Traugott Bros.; L. Traugott, jobs millinery; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbisy).

JACKSON, Tenn.—Grand Leader; A. S. Lindy, general merchandise, ladies', misses' ready-to-wear, millinery, piece goods; 25 W. 32d (Geo. Rene) & Co.).

JEANETTE, Pa.—Fashion Shop; Mr. Goldberg, jobs wash dresses; 116 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Glosser Bros.; W. H. Kay, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

JOLIET, Ill.—Kline's, Inc.; M. A. Greenfield, cloaks, suits, dresses; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

LAKE CHARLES, La.—H. & M. Uhry; M. Uhry, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Mc-Alpin.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Ben Snyder; B. Shapiro, tub silk dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—The Enro Shirt Co.; H. Rosenblum, cotton, silk, flannel shirtings; Pennsylvania.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Milner Co.; T. B. O'Reilly, laces, embroideries, white goods, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal, Inc.).

MACOMB, Ill.—E. G. Maguire, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

MARKSVILLE, La.—Schreiber & Son; Mrs. H. Schreiber, women's ready-to-wear; E. M. Schreiber, men's wear; Pennsylvania.

MARYSVILLE, Cal.—Bradley's, Inc.; H. M. Smyth, ready-to-wear; 332 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins); Pennsylvania.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry-Block Mercc. Co.; H. L. Silk, jobs large quantity Summer silk dresses for special basement sale; 1,372 B'way (National Dept. Stores, Inc.).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; H. McCormick, notions, trimmings; Miss Muller, assisting, trimmings; Miss Gidi, suits, skirts, knit wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

NEENAH, Wis.—E. E. Jandrey, ready-to-wear; M. Schalk, ready-to-wear, piece goods, novelties; 108 W. 34th (M. Blumberg).

NEW BRITAIN, Conn.—Raphael's Dept. Stores; L. Raphael, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

NEW HAVEN—Edw. Malley Co.; B. Ettlinger, millinery; 22 W. 25th (Jay & Co.).

NEW LONDON, Conn.—The Style Shop; W. Fosberg, high shade flannel sport coats with fur collars; 156 W. 34th; (Cohn & Goldberg).

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Max Zander, Inc.; M. Baginsky, men's clothing, furnishings, hats; 200 5th Av., Room 1014.

NEW ORLEANS—Kost Commission Co.; M. Baginsky, laces, embroideries, curtains; Breslin.

NEW ORLEANS—Dwyer Bros.; W. H. Dwyer, notions, furnishings; Pennsylvania.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Mack's Ready-to-Wear; A. Mack, jobs linen dresses; 366 5th Av.; Room 1507.

NORFOLK, Va.—Schneer, Inc.; W. J. Schneer, jewelry; 170 Broadway, Room 1216.

OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell & Co.; Miss J. L. Webster, jewelry, leather goods; Mrs. K. Dickenson, children's and infants' wear, ladies' underwear; 115 W. 20th (Weill & Hartmann).

OGDEN, Utah—The Fashion Shop; A. T. Black, ready-to-wear; 108 W. 34th (M. Blumberg).

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Lloyd-Halliburton Co.; J. W. McBride; small wares; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins); Collingwood.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Kerr D. G. Co.; Mrs. A. Gibbons, corsets; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins) Pennsylvania.

POPLAR BLUFF, Ark.—Chas. Miller, C. Miller, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway (Alfred Berlin).

PORT-HURON, Mich.—J. B. Sperry Co.; C. Edzell, men's, boys' furnishings; 1,184 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Marting Bros. Co.; A. F. Marting; mdse. manager, linens, dress goods, silks, hosiery, underwear; J. J. Dalton, representing; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

PROVIDENCE, Ky.—The Boston Store; H. M. Levenson, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery; 25 W. 33d (Geo. Rendel & Co.).

RACINE, Wis.—Zahn Dept. Store; Mrs. F. Zahn, juvenile dept.; C. C. Bott, rugs, carpets, draperies, upholstery; L. Miller, silks, wool, cotton goods; Pennsylvania.

READING, Pa.—Imber Bros.; J. Imber, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

READING, Pa.—Pomeroy's, Inc.; J. F. Rehrer, handkerchiefs, jewelry, silverware, clocks, corsets, ribbons, neckwear; 240 Madison Av.

SACRAMENTO—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; W. Hopka, wash goods, domestics; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; H. Mitchell, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SCRANTON, Pa.—Scranton G. S. Co.; H. D. Ehrlich, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

SCRANTON, Pa.—Scranton D. G. Co.; Miss B. Saltin, infants', children's ready-to-wear; Miss A. Saltin, art goods; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

SEATTLE—Seattle D. G. Co.; Mrs. R. Fease, ladies' underwear, infants' wear; 440 4th Av.

SHREVEPORT, La.—Rubenstein Bros.; J. Rubenstein, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

SIOUX CITY—Davidson Bros.; E. N. Salomon, men's, boys' clothing; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

SPOKANE—Spokane D. G. Co.; S. G. Nash, hosiery (wholesale); E. K. Seagle, white goods, linens, domestics, silks (wholesale); Mrs. B. M. Heflin, infants' wear; 440 4th Av.

STATESVILLE, N. C.—Wallace Bros. Co.; H. Wallace, dry goods, notions; Pennsylvania.

SUFFOLK, Va.—D. Ladderberg, jobs cheap silk dresses; 1,261 B'way (Penn. Buying Service).

ST. LOUIS—Carp & Co.; Mr. Carp, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

ST. LOUIS—Forest City Mfg. Co.; H. H. Spitzer, cotton goods; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Addison Corset Co.; W. J. Seltzer, better silk dresses; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

TAMPA, Fla.—Maas Bros.; Mrs. A. C. Sparkman, millinery. 126 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TOLEDO—S. H. Wineberg, caracul fur jacquettes; 8 West 31st St. (Wm. Goodwin).

TULSA, Okla.—Stallbumm & Abbott; C. F. Hawkins, notions, hosiery, jewelry, silverware, neckwear, stationery, toilet goods; 60 W. 35th (William Van Buren); Collingwood).

UNIONTOWN, Pa.—Wright, Metzler Co.; E. J. Bisel, men's, boys' clothing, trunks, bags; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.); Pennsylvania.

UTICA, N. Y.—The Famous; J. Land, popular-priced millinery; 36 W. 29th (Frohman & Altman).

WASHINGTON—Behrends's Dept. Store; M. Nathan, jobs wash dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

WASHINGTON—S. Kann, Sons Co.; Miss Henderson, waists; 352 4th Av.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Allen & Hunter; W. Hunter, men's hats; McAlpin.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Justin Bergman; G. A. Gehring, men's, boys' furnishings, leather goods, fancy goods; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbisy).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—MacWilliams; Mr. Benchell, ladies' ready-to-wear; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Ideal D. G. Co.; H. L. Trotter, ladies' ready-to-wear; Prince George.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ANGORA Wanted—1327-8, color 507-488; 15186, color 373-518; 18282-8, color 488. Chickering 4620. Mr. Gottlieb.

ARABIA or Similar Material Wanted—Brown, for cash. Phone Madison Square 0638.

BEAVER Collars Wanted—Will pay cash. Kanowitz & Kronish, 41 West 25th, 9th floor.

BENGALINE and Failles Wanted—Susquehanna or similar; any quantity; all colors. Parisian Manufacturing, 224 West 35th.

BENGALINES, Failles, Silks, or Similar Cloths Wanted—Can use quantities of each. H. A. Schroeder & Co., 560 7th Av.

BENGALINES and Failles Wanted—All colors. Republic Textile, 22 West 32d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 16081, raritan 1748, black and brown, also American 15186 and Stevens 4585. Bramson Bros., 501 7th Av., Longacre 0422.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—100 pieces, high lustre, cotton warp, below 22.75. Lipchansky Bros., 22 West 26th. Watkins 2833.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 16081, all colors; quantity. Schonberg, Diamond & Silverman, 34 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—$3.75 to $4 yard, New Zealia or similar; also A. W. C. 16081. Star Mfg., 133 West 17th. Chelsea 3649.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081, 15186, quantity, cash. Coronet, 31 West 31st. Lackawanna 2096.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Lustross, black, brown or similar. I. & B. Sapiro Coat Co., 233 7th Av.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081 or similar. Harry Goldberg & Co., 232 West 18th. Chelsea 8722.

BOLIVIA Wanted—16081, or similar; brown and black. Sternberg, 122 West 26th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081, black and brown; all week. Bernstein, 121 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081, 13275 or similar for cash. Excel Coat, 12 West 32d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081 or similar. Kanowitz & Kronish, 41 West 25th, 9th floor.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Wilson Mfg. Co., 233 7th Av. Telephone Lackawanna 2047.

BOLIVIA Wanted—18227, 16081 Goffs, also 18200. Lackawanna 7572.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewart's 549 and 550. Pennsylvania 1098.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Americans 13227, black; cash. Spring 1444.

CANTON CREPES, Charmeuse, Wanted—Any quantity; spot cash. Royal Silk Mills, Caledonia 1660.

CANTONS and Satin Cantons Wanted—Quantity at a price. Belmore, 108 W. 31.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Quantity; must be cheap for cash. Empire Waist and Dress, 130 West 29th.

CLOTH Wanted—Cheap Bolivia all wool, diagonal weave. B. Heller & Co., 230 7th Av.

CLOTH Wanted—Will exchange 18282-3 tan for gray. Pennsylvania 2056.

CLOTH Wanted—13120, black, brown, taupe. Myer Gans Co., 501 7th Av.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregularity in Stocks Continues, but Foreign Exchange and the Bond Market Advance.

Yesterday's financial and industrial news contained two developments of real importance. Each was of favorable character, but both became known only after the close of the markets concerned with them, and therefore neither could be said to have been reflected in yesday's movement of prices. The first was a Government wheat crop estimate far exceeding what the trade had looked for; the second was the reduction of the New York Reserve Bank rate from 3½ per cent. to 3. The stock market had repeated its irregular movement of the preceding day, with the prevalent trend of prices moderately downward under realizing sales. The bond market, on the other hand, continued strong. There were some notable advances in foreign Government securities, possibly stimulated by a spectacular advance in sterling, followed by one or two other of the foreign exchanges.

The lower Reserve Bank rate had become inevitable through the fall in the open money market. Since the bank rate was reduced to from 4 to 3½ on June 11, rates for sixty-day loans on Wall Street have declined nearly 1 per cent, and rates on mercantile paper ¾ of 1 per cent. The June reduction at the Reserve Bank was made when the Wall Street rate for commercial paper stood on a level with the previous bank rate, whereas this week's open market rate has been below the bank's. The official reduction was inevitable.

It is again made evident, by the Reserve system's weekly statement, that the course of the money market has been wholly independent of the system's operations. Last Spring the adherents of the theory of a gold reserve "sterilized by the Reserve Board" appeared to think that, if the Reserve banks were to cut their rediscount rate, use of the system's credit fund would expand at once, with consequent "gold inflation." What has actually happened is that, during the eight weeks since the New York rate went down from 4 to 3½, the system's rediscounts, instead of expanding, have been reduced $102,000,000. In the past week alone, their decrease has been $20,000,000. This hardly suggests that the absence of the credit expansion (which was lately deplored) was a consequence of the Reserve Board's meddling with economic tendencies. As to what will be the investment bond market's response to yesterday afternoon's reduction in the bank rate, there is an interesting question. High-grade bonds have already "discounted" much in their advance; yet a change in the official rate often has unexpectedly prompt influence.

It was known, before yesterday afternoon's report was published, that the Winter wheat harvest was turning out larger than the previous predictions and that its quality was exceptionally high. But the grain trade had at no time looked for an increase, as compared with a month ago, of 46,000,000 bushels in the Government's forecast of the Winter wheat yield, on top of a 28,000,000-bushel increase in the Spring wheat indication. That was, however, the testimony of yesterday's report, which foreshadowed a total wheat crop of 814,000,000 bushels, exceeding all private estimates and 28,000,000 larger than the crop of 1923—this notwithstanding reduction of 4,500,000 acres in the area planted.

All things considered, and assuming a fortunate outcome to the still growing Spring wheat crop, this season's harvest is likely enough to be remembered with those famous "grain years" of the past in which Nature seemed to be sporting benevolently with American prosperity. The remarkable fact about the situation is that this abundant wheat harvest should have come in the face of efforts by farmers and agricultural experts to keep down the yield because of the falling price. But nobody last Spring could have guessed at the 200,000,000-bushel decrease now estimated for our farmers' chief competitor, the Canadian crop. Like the celebrated wheat crop of 1898, whose price rose from 33 cents a bushel in August to 94 in November and thereby affected powerfully the sound-money vote of the later month, this season's bountiful harvest falls in a Presidential year and commands its market wholly because of foreign shortage.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, AUG. 7, 1924.

Reduction of one-half per cent., to 3 per cent., in the New York Federal Reserve Bank rediscount rate, announced after 3 o'clock, and effective as of Aug. 8, was the most interesting incident of the day's money market. This figure marks record low charge since establishment of the Reserve system. Elsewhere quotations and conditions continued unchanged, 2 per cent. being the ruling board rate for day to day loans, and 1½ per cent. governing outside business; four-five months' money at 3@2¾ per cent.; with 3¼ per cent. strongly bid for six months. Commercial paper and acceptances were maintained without change.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wednesday's Last.
3	3	2	2	2

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	2½@2¾%
4, 5 and 6 months	3@3¼%
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	2½@2¾%
4, 5 and 6 months	3@3¼%

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	3½@3¾%
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4%

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days	3½%
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days	3½%

Bankers' Acceptances.

	Bid.	Asked.
Call loans against acceptances	1½	
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:		
30 days	1	1⅛
60 days	1⅛	1
90 days	1⅛	1
Four months	1⅛	1
Six months	1⅛	1
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	2⅜	2⅛

London Market.

Money in London ¾ off at 3¾ per cent; short bills unchanged at 3¾ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 3 13-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 1d lower at 85s 6d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 86s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 106 13-16, now low for the previous low 108 15-16, on Aug. 4. Year's high 115 1-3, on Jan. 22. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149¾, on Feb. 4, 1920; the lowest, 102¾, on Feb. 21, 1921.

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $769,000,000; balances, $116,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $60,000,000; unchanged from this day a year ago. $864,000,000.

HOPEFUL OVER DENVER LINE

Bankers Think Reorganization Plan Will Win, Despite Palmer's Move.

The intervening petition of Harold Palmer of New York and others, asking the Federal Court at Denver to put an upset price of $42,883,878 on the sale of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, was not taken seriously by bankers connected with the reorganization plan. They called attention to the fact that within the last few days holders of 80 per cent. of the bonds represented by Mr. Palmer withdrew their support and assented to the plan, and they expressed the belief that, after a more careful consideration, he would follow the lead of these bondholders.

The opinion was expressed that, even if he were not to withdraw the suit, the reorganization would not be seriously delayed by the suit.

REPORTS ON RAIL PROJECT.

Pepper is Named Chairman of Pan-American Committee.

Charles M. Pepper of New York was chosen Chairman and Tobias Moscoso of Brazil Vice Chairman of the Pan-American Railway Committee at a meeting yesterday. A commission consisting of Verne L. Havens and Minor C. Keith of the nited States and Juan Briano of Argentina was appointed to study and recommend the route for the proposed railroad to connect North and South America.

Francisco P. De Heyes reported that the Mexican lines are in operation from the United States border in Guatemala. Minor C. Keith said that about 600 miles of construction are necessary to complete a through line between New York and the Panama Canal Zone. It was reported from Bolivia that by Jan. 1 the line will be completed from the Argentine border.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
897,087	897,087	1,003,010	374,942	567,685	145,200,652	147,549,386	157,994,383	106,532,440	143,621,946½

1924 High.	1924 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
82⅞	67¼	700	Air Reduction (4)	79¾	79⅞	78¾	79¼	+½	79	79⅝
10½	4½	1,800	Ajax Rubber	8⅝	9¼	8⅝	9	+⅜	8⅝	9
7	4	300	Alaska Gold Mines	15	15	12½	12½			
100⅝	90½	100	All American Cables (6)	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+⅝	100	100⅝
100⅝	80½	60	Do odd lot	100	100	100	100		100	100½
79	65	1,400	Allied Chemical & Dye (4)	77	77¼	76¼	76¼	−⅜	76	76½
58⅝	41⅝	1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	55	55	54	54	−1	54	54½
17⅞	7½	900	Amer. Agri. Chemical	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	−½	13½	13⅝
40⅝	18⅝	200	Do pf	38	38	38	38	−½	38	39
49½	36	200	American Beet Sugar (4)	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	−½	40½	40⅝
83⅝	70	300	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy	81⅝	82	81⅝	82		80½	82
125⅝	107⅝	23,200	American Can (7f)	125	126⅝	125	126⅝		125	125⅝
116⅝	109	200	Do pf (7)	115⅝	116	115⅝	116		115½	116
23⅝	21⅝	200	American Chain, Cl. A (2)	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+½	22⅝	22⅞
23⅝	14⅝	100	American Chicle	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	−⅝	21	22⅝
122⅝	98	600	American Express (6)	120	120	118	118	−2⅝	117	119
116⅝	95	5,400	American & Foreign Power							
			25% paid (7)	116	116⅝	116	116	+⅝	116	117
117	91½	1,800	Do full paid (7)	116	117	114	114⅝	+⅝	114	115
13⅝	7⅞	500	American Hide & Leather	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	−⅝	10⅝	10½
65	50½	1,400	Do pf	61⅝	61⅝	60	60	−2⅝	59	60
96	86	300	American Ice (7)	92	92	91½	91½	+⅞	90½	92
26⅝	17⅝	2,400	American International	25	25½	24⅝	24⅞	+⅞	24⅞	25
12⅝	10	100	Amer. La F. Fire Eng. (1)	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+⅞	10⅝	10⅝
13⅝	7⅞	500	American Hide & Leather	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	−⅝	10½	10⅞
45	30	300	American Linseed pf	40½	40½	40½	40½	−⅝	40½	41
81⅝	70½	4,300	American Locomotive (6)	79	79⅝	78½	78½	−⅝	75½	78
120⅝	116⅝	100	Do pf (7)	120	120	120	120		119⅝	120⅝
112⅝	94½	500	American Radiator (4)	111⅝	112⅝	111⅝	111⅝		111⅝	112
104⅝	98	100	American R. Mill pf (7)	104½	104½	104½	104½	+½	104	104½
7⅞	5⅞	200	Amer. Safety Razor (50c)	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	−⅝	6⅞	6⅞
15⅝	10⅝	100	Amer. Ship & Commerce	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+⅝	11⅞	11⅞
70⅝	57½	1,000	Amer. Smelt. & Ref. (5)	65⅝	66⅝	65⅝	66⅝	+⅝	65⅝	66⅝
104	96	300	Do pf (7)	103⅝	104	103⅝	104	+⅞	103⅝	104
40⅝	33½	500	Amer. Steel Foundries (3)	35½	35½	35⅝	35⅝	−⅞	35½	35⅝
105	101½	100	Do pf (7)	104½	104½	104½	104½		103½	
61⅝	38⅝	2,300	Amer. Sugar Refining	44⅝	44⅝	43⅝	43⅝	−1	43⅝	43⅝
28½	6⅝	2,100	Amer. Sum. Tobacco	8⅝	8⅝	7⅝	7⅝	−1	7⅝	8⅝
69	27½	200	Do pf	30½	30½	29½	29½	−6½	29½	30
130⅝	121½	1,500	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	124⅝	125⅝	124⅝	125⅝		125½	125⅝
157	136⅝	400	American Tobacco (12)	153⅝	153⅝	152⅝	152⅝	−⅝	152½	153
153	135½	400	Do Class B (12)	149⅝	149⅝	149	149	−½	149½	149½
108½	101	100	Do pf (6)	105	105	105	105		104½	105½
117⅝	40	400	Amer. Water Wks. & Elec.	111½	111½	109	109	−2	109½	111
99	80½	300	Do 1st pf (7)	98	98	98	98	+1⅝	97	98
78⅝	62	2,000	American Woolen (7)	74⅝	74⅝	74½	74½	−⅝	74½	74½
102⅝	96⅝	100	Do pf (7)	101½	101½	101½	101½	−1	100	102⅞
41	28⅞	5,100	Anaconda Copper	36	36⅝	35⅝	35⅝	−1	35⅝	35⅞
117⅝	79	1,300	Associated Dry Goods (5)	113	114⅝	112⅝	112⅝	−1½	112⅝	112⅝
90½	83½	300	Associated D. G. 1st pf. (6)	89	90	89	90	+1½	90	91
30⅝	20½	100	Associated Oil (1½)	29	29	29	29	−⅝	29½	29
106⅝	97½	2,200	Atch., Top. & S. Fe (6)	104½	104½	104	104	−⅝	103½	104
3⅝	1⅝	100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞		2⅝	2⅞
135	112	200	Atlantic Coast Line (10)	132⅞	133	132⅞	133	−½	132	133⅝
21⅝	10⅝	100	At., Gulf & W. Indies	15½	15½	15½	15½	+½	15½	16½
140⅝	75⅝	7,200	Atlantic Refining (4)	82	86	81⅞	84½	+4	80½	85
118	109½	200	Atlantic Refining pf. (7)	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+⅝	110⅝	111
30	18½	600	Austin Nichols	24½	24½	24½	24½		24	25
131	104½	4,900	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	119½	120⅝	119⅝	119⅝	−⅝	119½	120
64⅝	52⅝	3,600	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	−⅝	62⅝	62⅝
31⅝	14½	1,500	Barnsdall Class A	20	20⅝	19⅝	20⅝	+⅝	20⅝	20½
16⅝	10	100	Barnsdall Class B	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝		15	27
59	39⅝	100	Bayuk Cigars	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	−½	45½	46
58½	44⅝	100	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	51½	51½	51½	51½	+½	51½	52
62⅝	41½	10,000	Bethlehem Steel	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	−⅝	43½	43⅝
97	86⅝	100	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	+1	91½	92
8	7⅝	300	Booth Fisheries	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝		8	8½
116	107½	400	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	115½	115½	115	115	−1	115½	116
29½	13½	8,200	Bklyn.-Manhattan Transit	26½	26½	25⅝	25⅝	−1½	25⅝	25⅞
70⅝	46⅝	200	Bklyn. Man. Transit pf. (6)	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	−⅝	60½	60⅝
71	50⅝	300	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝		69½	69⅝
112⅝	97½	500	Burns Brothers (10)	107½	107½	107	107	−1	106½	107½
27	19⅝	100	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝		24½	25
98½	83⅝	100	Bush Term. Bldgs. pf. (7)	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	+1½	96	98⅝
6⅝	3⅝	500	Butte & Copper & Zinc	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝		5½	5⅝
20⅝	14	400	Butte & Superior	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	−⅝	17½	17⅞
23⅝	17	100	Butterick Co.	18	18	18	18	−⅝	17⅝	18⅝
87½	80	200	California Packing (6)	86½	86½	86½	86½	+⅝	86	86⅝
26⅝	19⅝	500	California Petroleum (1⅝)	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	−⅝	22½	22⅝
107	92½	100	California Petrol. pf. (7)	96	96	96	96		95	97
5⅝	2⅝	100	Callahan Zinc & Lead	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝		4	5
54⅝	41⅝	300	Calumet & Arizona (2)	51½	51½	51	51	−1⅝	51½	53
19⅝	13⅝	100	Calumet & Hecla (50c)	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	−½	17	18
150⅝	142⅝	700	Canadian Pacific (10)	149	149⅝	148	149⅝	+1	149½	149⅝
14⅝	9⅝	200	Case (J. I.) Plow	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝		13½	14
17⅝	9⅝	700	Central Leather Co.	14½	14⅝	14	14⅝	−⅝	14	14⅝
50	29⅝	800	Central Leather Co. pf	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	−⅝	48½	49
237	190	1,900	Cent. R. R. of N. J. (12)	230	237	230	237	+1	235½	238
48⅝	40⅝	1,700	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	45⅝	45⅝	45	45⅝	−⅝	45	45⅝
66⅝	42⅝	2,700	Chandler Motor (4)	46	46⅝	45⅝	46⅝		45⅝	46⅝
92⅝	67⅝	4,700	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	90⅝	91⅝	90⅝	90⅞	+⅝	90⅝	90⅞
109⅝	99⅝	100	Ches. & Ohio pf. (6⅝)	107½	107½	107½	107½	−1	107½	108
5⅝	3⅝	600	Chicago & Alton	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝		4⅝	5
13⅝	8⅝	800	Chicago & Alton pf	12	12	11⅝	11⅝		11½	12
35⅝	21	800	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	25⅝	25⅝	23⅝	23⅝	−⅝	23⅝	25
7⅝	4	800	Chicago Great Western	6	6	6	6		6	6⅝
18½	10½	300	Chicago Great Western pf.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	−⅝	16⅝	16⅝
15⅝	11⅝	1,200	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	15½	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞		15½	15⅞
30⅝	21⅝	4,300	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	25⅝	25⅞	24⅝	24⅞	−⅝	24⅝	24⅞
63⅝	40⅝	600	Chicago & Northwn. (4)	62	62	61½	61½	−⅝	61½	62
36⅝	21½	5,200	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	33⅝	33⅝	32⅝	32⅝	−⅝	32⅝	33
91	76⅝	300	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	−2⅝	87	88
44	29	100	Chi., St. P., Minn. & Om.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+1	42	42⅝
61½	39	300	Chicago Yellow Cab (4)	47	47⅝	47	47⅝	−⅝	46½	47½
32⅝	25⅝	1,300	Chile Copper (2½)	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝		31⅝	31⅝
22⅝	15	400	Chino Copper	21	21½	21⅝	21⅝	−⅝	20⅝	21⅞
75⅝	59⅝	300	Cluett, Peabody (5)	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝		59	60
77⅝	61	1,400	Coca-Cola (7)	74⅝	74⅝	74½	74⅝		74⅝	74⅝
54⅝	34⅝	8,700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	51½	52⅝	50⅝	51⅝	−⅝	51½	51⅞
37	20	100	Colorado Southern	34	34	34	34	−1	34	35
42⅝	33	1,100	Columbia Gas & El. (2.60)	40½	40⅝	40½	40½	−⅝	40½	40½
53⅝	40⅝	200	Columbian Carbon (4)	43½	43½	43⅝	43⅝	−⅝	43⅝	44½
60	32	300	Commercial Solvents B	48	48	48	48	+⅝	47½	49
68⅝	52⅝	6,200	Compoleum Co. (3)	53⅝	53⅝	51	51	+1½	51	51½
39	30⅝	300	Commercial Inv. Tr. (2.50)	38	38	38	38	+1½	36	37
84	50½	100	Consolidated Cigar pf. (7)	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	+⅝	75⅝	77
72⅝	60⅝	7,800	Consolidated Gas (5) x. d.	70	70½	70	70½	−⅝	70⅝	70⅝
8	2⅝	1,800	Consolidated Textile	5⅝	5⅝	5	5⅝		5	5⅝
60	45½	7,200	Continental Can (4)	57⅝	57½	56⅝	57⅝	−⅝	57	57⅝
114	104½	100	Continental Can pf. (7)	111	111	111	111		109⅝	111
37⅝	31⅝	4,800	Corn Products Ref. (2)	33	33	32⅝	32⅝	−⅝	32⅝	32⅞
123⅝	115⅝	200	Corn Products Ref. pf. (7)	123½	123⅝	123½	123⅝	+⅝	122	124
40⅝	25⅝	6,000	Cosden Co.	27⅝	28	27⅞	27⅞	+⅝	27⅝	28
71⅝	46	1,400	Crucible Steel (4)	54	54	53⅞	54	−⅝	53⅞	54
18	11⅝	2,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	13⅝	13⅝	13½	13½		13	13½
71⅝	53⅝	5,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	61⅝	61⅝	60⅝	61⅝		61⅝	61⅞
38⅝	29⅝	900	Cuban American Sugar (3)	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝		30⅝	30⅞
62⅝	41⅝	4,300	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	54⅝	54⅝	52⅝	52⅝	−1⅝	53⅝	53⅞
32⅝	11	700	Daniel Boone Wool. M. (5)	13	13	12⅝	12⅝		12½	13
69⅝	41	51,300	Davison Chemical	57⅞	57⅞	52⅝	53⅝	−3⅝	53⅝	54
129⅝	104½	2,600	Delaware & Hudson (9)	124½	125⅞	124½	124⅞	+⅞	124½	125⅞
137⅝	110⅝	12,600	Delaware, Lack. & W. (6)	132⅝	137⅞	132⅝	137	+4½	136⅝	137
108	102⅝	10	Detroit Ed. Co. (8) odd lot	108	108	108	108		106	108⅝
20⅝	15	300	Dome Mines (2)	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+⅝	16⅝	16⅞
11⅞	8⅝	100	Douglas-Pectin (1)	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞		10⅝	11⅞
141⅝	112	2,700	DuPont de Nemours (8)	130	130⅝	129	129⅞	−⅝	129	130
90	85	200	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	89½	89⅞	89½	89⅞	−⅝	89	90
117⅝	104⅝	160	Eastman Kodak (16⅝)	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+⅝	109⅝	110
24⅝	11	400	Eaton Axle & Sprg. (1.60)	13⅝	13⅝	13½	13½		13⅝	13⅝
54	36⅝	300	Elec. Storage Bat. (4)	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	−⅝	55	56
57⅝	46⅝	400	Endicott-Johnson (5)	61½	61½	61½	61½			61½
115	105½	100	Endicott-Johnson pf. (7)	108	108	108	108		107	107
33⅝	20⅝	10,900	Erie	32⅝	33⅞	32½	33½	+⅝	32⅝	33⅝
42⅝	29⅝	2,700	Erie 1st pf	40⅝	41⅝	40⅝	41⅝	+⅝	41⅝	41⅝
24½	18⅝	300	Exchange Buffet (2)	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	−⅝	21⅝	22
78	75	400	Fed. Light & Trac. (*7)	77	77	77	77	−2⅝	77	78
29	25½	600	Fairbanks & Morse (2.00)	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	−⅝	28½	29⅝
87½	61	4,400	F. Players-Lasky (8)	82	83⅞	82⅞	83⅞	−⅝	82⅝	83⅞
49⅝	41½	1,200	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf. (7)	47⅝	48⅝	47⅝	47⅝	−⅝	47⅝	48
10⅝	6⅝	300	Fisk Rubber	8	8	8	8	−⅝	8	8½
65	36⅝	100	Fisk Rubber 1st pf	53	53	53	53		50⅝	53
70	44½	5,400	Fleischmann Co. (1⅝)	68	70	68	70	+3½	69⅝	70
77⅝	66½	4,000	Foundation Co. (6)	77⅝	77⅝	76⅝	76⅝	−⅝	76⅝	77
13⅝	8	600	Freeport-Texas	9½	9½	9⅝	9⅝	−⅝	9	9⅝
7	3⅝	100	Gardner Motor	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	−⅝	3½	3⅝
46⅝	31⅝	500	General Asphalt	43½	43½	42½	42½	−1	42½	43⅝
114	93	500	General Baking (6)	110½	113⅞	110½	113⅞	+3½	110½	113⅞
97⅝	82½	200	General Cigar (8)	88½	88½	88½	88½	−⅝	88	89
281	193½	22,100	General Electric (8)	275⅝	281	275⅝	275⅞	−⅝	275⅝	276
11⅝	10⅝	2,500	Gen. Elec. special (60c.)	11½	11½	11½	11½	−⅝	11½	11½
16⅝	12⅝	12,000	General Motors (1.20)	15	15⅝	15	15		15	15⅝
97½	95⅝	200	General Motors pf. (7)	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	−⅝	97⅞	98
90⅝	80⅝	400	General Motors deb. (6)	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝		86	86⅝
45	38⅝	3,900	General Petroleum (2)	43⅝	43⅝	42½	42⅝	−⅝	42⅝	42⅝
50⅝	47⅝	400	Gimbel Brothers	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	−1½	52½	53⅝
41⅝	28⅝	100	Gold Dust	39	39	39	39		39	41
26⅝	17	500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	23½	23	22⅝	22⅝	−⅝	22½	23⅝
80	70⅝	100	Goodrich (B. F.) pf. (7)	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	−⅝	78	79
59	39	2,600	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	53⅝	55⅝	53⅝	54	−⅝	54	55
18⅝	12⅝	500	Granby Consol.	16⅝	17⅞	16⅝	17⅞	+⅝	17	17⅞
66⅝	53⅝	2,400	Great Northern pf. (5)	64⅝	65⅝	64

Specialized Service

The construction, appraisal, management and financing of public utility properties has been the highly specialized service of our organization since the early days of the industry.

The practical experience resulting from our nation wide contact with the development of the industry is at the command of all investors wishing to participate in the opportunities now presented by conservative bonds and dividend paying stocks of electric light, power, gas and transportation companies.

We invite your inquiries

STONE & WEBSTER
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 8020
BOSTON CHICAGO

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds...	$9,378,800	$1,543,150	$4,565,673	$6,025,700	$6,732,800
Other domestic bonds.....	8,631,500	3,234,500	5,438,000	2,990,000	1,767,500
Foreign bonds	5,421,500	832,500	1,656,000	907,500	525,500
Total all bonds.....	$23,426,800	$5,610,150	$11,659,673	$9,923,200	$9,025,800
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds...	$613,758,310	$507,221,190	$1,147,759,002	$1,160,979,730	$1,802,831,250
Other domestic bonds.....	1,330,420,700	989,507,900	1,205,668,200	527,389,200	353,914,500
Foreign bonds	317,975,700	297,701,900	395,143,800	189,457,700	178,574,300
Total all bonds.....	$2,267,154,710	$1,794,430,990	$2,748,571,002	$1,877,826,630	$2,335,320,050

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range 1924 High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Dec. 19,'22	98.1	June 2,'21	101.29	98.28	238	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47....	101.8	101.8	100.31	100.31	—.11	101.00	101.3	3.36
102.25	Oct. 19,'22	98.4	July 11,'21	101.30	98.20	...	Liberty 3½s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.19	July 3,'24	93.90	May 13,'20	102.16	98.27	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47.	....	....	....	....	....	102.00	102.30	3.07
102.8	July 20,'24	93.25	May 19,'20	102.8	97.30	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.13	July 3,'24	91.12	May 20,'20	102.13	98.5	...	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42.....	....	....	....	....	....	101.Y	101.15	3.53
101.16	July 25,'24	91.18	May 21,'20	101.16	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
103.00	June 13,'24	90.00	June 7,'20	103.00	98.20	...	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	....	....	....	....	....	101.10	103.00	....
102.20	Aug. 5,'24	94.00	May 21,'20	102.20	98.5	148¾	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, '32-47..	102.14	102.18	102.0	102.5	—.9	102.5	102.11	3.83
102.14	July 25,'24	94.00	July 30,'20	102.14	98.4	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.06	July 29,'24	91.12	May 20,'20	102.06	98.4	691¾	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, '27-42...	101.25	101.26	101.10	101.10	—.15	101.10	101.11	3.75
101.27	Aug. 1,'24	93.16	Dec. 20,'20	101.27	98.3	3	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.....	101.7	101.7	101.7	101.7	—.6	....	....	....
102.23	Aug. 1,'24	95.20	Dec. 20,'20	102.23	99.8	4,768	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928.....	102.19	102.19	102.7	102.9	—.10	102.8	102.10	3.67
102.21	Aug. 5,'24	92.13	May 19,'20	102.21	99.8	2	Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg.....	102.13	102.15	102.13	102.13	—.4	....	....	....
102.28	Aug. 5,'24	92.00	May 20,'20	102.25	98.8	2,152¾	Lib. 4th 4¼s, '33-38.....	102.20	102.23	102.8	102.10	—.10	102.9	102.10	3.94
103.21	Aug. 5,'24	92.15	May 20,'20	103.21	99.7	3	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.....	102.15	102.15	102.7	102.7	—.13	....	....	....
105.31	Aug. 6,'24	98.1	Mar. 27,'22	105.31	99.8	168¾	Treasury 4¼s, '47-52.....	105.20	105.28	105.10	105.15	—.6	105.15	105.13	3.87
105.15	Aug. 6,'24	95.20	Apr. 25,'22	105.15	99.12	...	Treasury 4¼s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine
5s, 1945
1.....82
s f 6s, Ser A, temp., 1957
2.....94
2.....93⅞
10.....93⅞
20.....94
22.....93⅞
14.....94
7s, 1927
2.....102⅝
1.....102⅝
5.....102⅝
5.....102⅝
Austrian Gv gtd s f 7s, 1943
2.....98
5.....96¼
7.....96¼
17.....96¼
10.....96¼
5.....96⅞
14.....97
20.....96⅞
5.....96⅞
11.....96⅞
11.....96⅞
3.....96⅞
1.....96⅞
Cy of Bergen 5s, 1945
2.....110¼
2.....110¼
Cy of Berne 5s, 1945
23.....110⅝
10.....111
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934
8.....89⅝
1.....89⅝
5.....89⅝
5.....89⅝
2.....89⅝
4.....89⅝
1.....89⅝
7.....90
7.....89⅝
8.....90
16.....89¼
5.....89⅝
6.....89⅝
3.....89⅝
10.....89⅝
17.....89⅝
12.....89⅝
80.....90
7.....90¼
2.....90
City of Carlsbad s f 8s interim ctfs, 1954
18.....86¼
2.....86
10.....86¼
City of Christiane s f 8s, 1945
1.....109¼
Cy of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944
31.....95
10.....95¼
8.....95¼
2.....95
23.....95¼
Cy of Greater Prague 7½s, 1952
50.....81¼
40.....92
16.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
15.....92⅞
14.....92⅞
17.....92⅞
1.....92⅞
1.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
3.....92⅞
2.....93
1.....92¼
5.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
15.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
2.....92
5.....92⅞
1.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
1.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
15.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
2.....92⅞
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5.....92⅞
2.....92⅞
2.....92⅞
5.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
2.....92⅞
2.....92⅞
2

Exempt from All Federal and New York State Income Taxes

$200,000

Nassau County, N.Y.

4¼% Gold Bonds

Due September 1, 1935-1946

Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

To yield 3.95%

Circular upon request

Kean, Taylor & Co.
Five Nassau Street
New York

Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

General 4½% Bonds

June 1, 1965

At the Market

To yield about 4.80%

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
New York Chicago

Insured 6% Mortgage Bonds

Guaranteed as to principal and interest by the NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.

Maturities 1 to 15 years

Write for circular T-1.

Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Inc.
Established 1865
38 Wall Street New York

Akron, Canton & Youngst'n 6s, 1930
Arizona Power Co. 6s, 1947
Burroughs Adding Machine Com. & Pfd.
Kentucky Securities Pfd.
Knox Hat (All Issues)
Mercantile Stores Co. Stock
Power Securities Corp. 2d Pfd.
Pitts., Shawmut & No. Ry. 6% Rec. Ctfs.
Richmond Radiator Co. Com. & Pfd.
Standard Gas & Elec. 6½s, 1954

Charles E. Doyle & Co.
BANK OF AMERICA BLDG. 44 WALL ST., N.Y.
Telephone: John 4500-1-2-3-4-5

American Cyanamid Cm.&Pf.
American Power & Lt. Co.
E. W. Bliss Co.
Franklin Railway Sup. Co.
International Cement Pfd.
MacAndrews & Forbes Co.
New Jersey Zinc Co.
Realty Associates Co.
Safety Car Ht'g. & Lt'g.
United Gas & Electric Co.

Private Wires to
CHICAGO MONTREAL TORONTO
JENKS, GWYNNE & Co.
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Russian 4% Rentes
BOUGHT—SOLD—QUOTED
Jerome B. Sullivan & Co.
MUNICIPAL & R.R. BONDS
52 BROADWAY, — NEW YORK

MIDDLE STATES OIL STOCKHOLDERS ACT

Protective Committee Is Organized With William Shivers as the Chairman.

LEGAL ADVISERS RETAINED

Empire Trust Company Named as Depositary for Shares—Limit Put on Expense.

For the purpose of protecting the interests of the stockholders of the Middle States Oil Corporation, which has become involved as a result of alleged mismanagement on the part of former officers of the company, William Shivers, a large stockholder and plaintiff in the recent suit requesting the appointment of a receiver for the company, has organized a stockholders' protective committee. Mr. Shivers is Chairman. The membership comprises Robert S. Johnstone, former Judge of the Court of General Sessions; Robert Carey, former Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of New Jersey; Horace A. Davis, Vice President of the Empire Trust Company; W. S. Fanning, representing large stockholders of Middle States, and H. C. Hequembourg, also a large stockholder in the company.

The committee has retained the firm of Olcott, Olcott & Glass of 170 Broadway as its counsel. Joseph Glass of the firm mentioned is also acting as attorney for Mr. Shivers in his action against the Middle States Oil Corporation, which is still pending in the United States District Court. In requesting stockholders of the Middle States to deposit their stock with the protective committee, Mr. Shivers announces that "the deposit agreement limits the total expense to which stockholders may be subjected to 2 per cent. of the par value of the stock, or 20 cents a share." A request is made that stockholders contribute 5 cents a share when depositing their stock, to cover initial expenses of the committee.

The letter sent to stockholders by the committee contains the following from the opinion of Judge Knox of the Federal District Court, a copy of which was also mailed to stockholders:

"It appears that Haskell (the former head of the company) removed certain of the corporate books from New York to Paris, and that there they remain. The explanation as to the reason for the removal of these books is little short of ridiculous. So far as I recall, the present Board of Directors has taken no steps to require the return of the books to the United States.

"The papers also suggest that a firm of accountants, employed to make an audit of the company's books and appraisal of its properties, was discharged when it indicated a reluctance to be controlled or dominated by a desire upon the part of some of the management that the report show results unwarranted by the facts.

"Then, too, the by-laws of the corporation seem to have been subjected to sudden changes in order to perpetuate the control of the management. In addition, certain transactions by the Middle States Company with Reliable Securities Corporation will bear scrutiny.

"These matters have served to create grave suspicion in my mind as to the motive and object of the persons in control."

The letter to stockholders also alleges that the assets of the Middle States Oil Corporation "dwindled to the extent of over $7,000,000" in less than a year. In connection with this charge the committee presents a balance sheet of the company as of Feb. 29, 1924, as prepared by Messrs. Smart, Gore & Co., and compared with the official balance sheet of the company issued as of June 30, 1923.

The Empire Trust Company, 120 Broadway, will act as depositary for the Stockholders' Protective Committee.

INCREASE IN FRENCH BANKNOTE CIRCULATION

Week's Total at New High Record —Little Change at Bank of England.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand	increased 90,000
Silver in hand	increased 90,000
Notes in circulation	increased 247,085,000
Treasury deposits	decreased 3,020,000
General deposits	increased 16,023,000
Bills discounted	decreased 57,098,500
Advances	increased 147,318,000

The State made no repayment to the bank during the week and no new borrowing. Advances to the State now stand at 23,000,000,000 francs, as against 23,400,000,000 francs a year ago and 28,400,000,000 in 1922. Largest amount ever reached by these advances, 27,000,000,000 in 1921; smallest during the last three years, 21,200,000,000 in March, 1922.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	Gold.	Silver.	Circulation.
1924.	5,653,516,000	300,280,000	40,596,085,200
1923.	5,537,892,675	294,071,000	37,230,284,600
1922.	5,530,590,065	285,409,126	36,449,576,260

The highest point which the Bank of France's outstanding note circulation ever reached was this week's total of 40,596,085,200 francs. The lowest point reached since concerted reduction began was 35,281,890,295, on April 27, 1922, which was the lowest of any week since Aug. 29, 1919. Highest of 1924 to date was the 40,596,085,200 of this week; lowest, 28,400,145,000, on Jan. 25.

The Bank of England.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England showed the following changes for the week:

Gold coin and bullion	decreased £1,078
Reserve in banking department, gold and notes	decreased 15,000
Notes in circulation	increased 1,000
Loans on Govt. securities	decreased 2,520,000
Loans on other securities	increased 2,642,000
Notes in reserve	decreased 14,000
Public deposits	increased 1,117,000
Other deposits	decreased 1,055,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 16.58 per cent.; last week it was 16.58 per cent. The 10.53 per cent. average of May 22 was the highest of 1924 to date; lowest, 12.40, on Jan. 4. The highest percentage since the war began was 25.50, on March 17, 1920; lowest, 7.20, on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one and two years ago:

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Total gold holdings	£135,307,687	£127,645,821	£127,390,890
Reserve in banking dept., gold and notes	20,952,000	21,304,650	20,307,670
Notes in circulation	128,456,000	120,001,165	125,542,210
Public deposits	13,220,000	10,427,339	16,252,919
Other deposits	110,067,000	106,217,879	104,800,212
Public securities	43,851,000	46,738,731	16,222,910
Other securities	84,510,000	69,722,507	104,800,212
Ratio of reserve	16.58	15.00	16.58

The Bank of England's official discount rate remained unchanged at 4 per cent., to which it was advanced from 3 per cent. on July 3, 1923. At this date last year the rate stood at 4 per cent., at 5 in 1922, at 6½ in 1921, at 7 in 1920, at 5 in 1919, 1918 and 1917, at 6 in 1916, at 5 in 1915 and at 3 in 1914.

Ship 140 New Locomotives in July.

July shipments of locomotives from manufacturing plants totaled 140. This compares with 146 in June and 239 in July, 1922. Unfilled orders on July 31 total 483 locomotives.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

List Higher on German Accord and Rediscount Cut—Sterling Features.

While the market for European exchanges was making moderate progress to higher levels on the acceptance of the Dawes plan by the Germans yesterday, it was not until the announcement of a cut in the rediscount rate of the local Federal Reserve Bank that rates went up by leaps and bounds. The buying in sterling was particularly good, prominent banks taking up big blocks, while the "shorts" hastened to cover when their last line was broken on the action of Germany's representatives at the conference, and the prospect of further withdrawals of foreign balances here in anticipation of continued ease in money as indicated by the decline in the rediscount rate. Spot buying was heavy and caused a widening in the the discount to one-quarter of a cent. At the day's high at $4.81 3-16, reached at the close, London checks showed an overnight gain of 5 3-16 cents, unequaled since last October.

New highs were also established in Holland and Swiss bills, while Italian exchange is but slightly below the previous top. Amsterdam advanced 38¼ points to 38.83¼ cents; Swiss improved 7 points to 18.92 cents, with Italian 5¼ points up at 4.46¼ cents. Paris checks were reactionary for a period on the increase in circulation as reported by the French bank, which puts this item at a record high, but the rate firmed up with the list at 5.56 cents, a gain of 7 points. Belgian, Spanish and other Continentals were all higher, with a mixed trend in the South Americans and Far Easterns.

THURSDAY, AUG. 7, 1924.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	4.81 3/16	4.76 1/16	4.81 3/16	4.76 3/4
PARIS	5.56	5.42 1/2	5.55	5.49
ROME	4.46 1/4	4.40 1/4	4.46	4.41
AMSTERDAM	38.83 1/4	38.57	38.80	38.53
*BERLIN	4.186	4.186	4.186	4.186
MADRID	13.50	13.43	13.50	13.44
STOCKHOLM	26.68	26.64	26.64	26.63

*Value of $1 in billions of marks.

Closing Rates.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Europe.

	Thurs. Day.	Wednes. Day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.866 per sovereign.				
Demand	4.81 3/16	4.83 3/8	4.80	4.68 5/8
Cables	4.81 5/16	4.83 7/8	4.80 1/8	4.69
Com., 60 days	4.46 1/4	4.41 3/4	4.36 3/4	4.73 3/4
Com., 90 days	4.45	4.40 3/4	4.35 3/4	4.82 1/2
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.55	5.49	5.04 1/2	5.68 1/4
Cable	5.56 1/16	5.49 1/2	5.05	5.67
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.46	4.41	4.33 1/2	4.26
Cables	4.46 1/4	4.41 1/2	4.33 1/2	4.26 1/2
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.07 1/2	5.06 1/2	4.90 1/4	4.31 1/2
Cables	5.08	5.07	4.61	4.32
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0000000034	.0000000034	.0000000034	.0000000034
Cables	.0000000034	.0000000034	.0000000034	.0000000034
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.00141¼	.00141¼	.00141¼	.00141¼
Cables	.00141¼	.00141¼	.00141¼	.00141¼
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.94¼	2.95¼	2.96¼	2.93½
Cables	2.94¾	2.95¼	2.96¼	2.93½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.18	16.13	16.08	18.27
Cables	16.15	16.15	16.10	18.30
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.52	2.52	2.51	2.77
Cables	2.53	2.52	2.51	2.77
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.81	1.79	1.78	2.00
Cables	1.84	1.82	1.81	2.03
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.80	38.55	38.18	39.38
Cables	38.84	38.59	38.22	39.42
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0013	.0013	.0012¾	.0038
Cables	.0013	.0013	.0012¾	.0038
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	13.78	13.70	13.54	16.27
Cables	13.80	13.80	13.56	16.30
*POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per sloty.				
Demand	19.25	19.3	19.3	.00045
Cables	19.25	19.3	19.3	.00045
PORTUGAL—Par $1.0800 per escudo.				
Demand	2.90	2.95	2.86	2.96
Cables	2.95	3.00	2.91	4.01
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.43¼	.43¼	.44	.50¼
Cables	.45¼	.45¼	.44	.50¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.50	13.44	13.33	13.76
Cables	13.52	13.46	13.35	13.78
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.64	26.63	26.60	26.57
Cables	26.66	26.65	26.62	26.60
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.93	18.93	18.86½	18.27
Cables	18.94	18.87	18.88½	18.30
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.22½	1.23	1.19¼	1.08
Cables	1.23½	1.23	1.19½	1.08

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	58.38	58.25	58.00	52.00
Cables	58.50	58.375	58.125	52.125
Peking—				
Demand	76.25	75.50	76.00	72.75
Shanghai—				
Demand	72.88	72.13	72.63	69.75
Cables	73.00	72.25	72.75	69.875
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	32.25	32.25	31.88	30.56
Cables	32.37	32.37	32.00	30.68
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	49.875
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	49.625
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.25	38.75	38.00	38.75
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	41.25	41.18	40.94	48.79
Cables	41.31½	41.25	41.06	48.91

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.25	33.12	32.875	32.75
Cables	33.375	33.25	33.00	32.85
BRAZIL—Par 32.46 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.00	10.12	9.75	10.15
Cables	10.12	10.18	9.81	10.20
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	9.85	9.68	9.71	12.80
Cables	9.90	9.73	9.32	12.85
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.14	4.14	4.13	4.25
Cables	4.15	4.15	4.14	4.26
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	77.52	77.46	76.62	76.18
Cables	77.87	77.81	76.98	76.53

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	99.68	99.82	99.82	97.40

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows (par $1.40 cents per ruble):

	Bid.	Asked.
100-ruble notes	.12	.20
500-ruble notes	.11	.15

*Effective July 7, by Government decree, sixty reciprocal mark relation fixed at 1,800,000 Polish marks for one sloty. Present price is for new currency, while for year ago per paper mark.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Paris Firm, London Irregular—Sterling Rises at Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Trading was quiet and prices moved irregularly on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols ⅛ lower at 57; British 5 per cent. war loan ⅛ lower at 101⅛; 4½ per cent. war loan ⅛ higher at 98⅝.

De Beers Mining ⅛ higher at 11⅛; Rand Mines unchanged at 2.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes unchanged at 58 francs 40 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 87 francs 55 centimes.

Exchange on London rose 1 franc to 83 francs 30 centimes per sovereign; the American dollar was quoted at 18 francs 45 centimes, against 18.3½ yesterday.

G. R. Kinney Co. Sales Increase.

The G. R. Kinney Company, Inc., for July reports gross sales of $1,072,422, against $679,910 in the same month last year. Gross sales for the seven months ended with July aggregated $6,772,976, against $7,276,973 last year.

SET LOW RATE MARK FOR ARGENTINE LOAN

$20,000,000 Short-Term Notes Placed Here at Price to Yield 3⅞ Per Cent.

SCHOOL BONDS OFFERED

Des Moines (Iowa) Issue of $1,680,000 and Several Southern Securities on Market.

A record low price to a foreign Government for a short term loan in the United States was established yesterday by Argentina, which placed through a banking group headed by Blair & Co., Inc., $20,000,000 of six months 5 per cent. Treasury gold notes at a premium to Argentina. The notes were placed privately by the bankers at a price to yield 3⅞ per cent.

This rate compares with a yield of 5.50 per cent. on a similar issue placed by Argentina in New York six months ago, the difference in rate having been in line with the decline in money market rates during that period.

The new loan will be used to refund a like amount of 5½ per cent. six months notes dated last Feb. 25 and falling due on Aug. 25 next, and will be dated Aug. 25 next, to mature on Feb. 25, 1925. In the underwriting group with Blair & Co., Inc., were the Chase Securities Corporation, Cassatt & Co.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., and the Illinois Merchants' Trust Company.

Offering of a new issue of $1,680,000 Des Moines, Iowa, Independent school district 4¼ and 4½ per cent. bonds is made by A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., the Northern Trust Company, the Detroit Company, Inc., and Wells-Dickey Company. The 4¼s are priced to yield 4.30 per cent. and the 4½s to yield 4.25 per cent.

S. W. Straus & Co. offer $670,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. six to twelve year serial coupon gold certificates of the 623 West End Avenue Corporation. The bonds are secured by the land and a fifteen-story apartment building just completed.

A new issue of $800,000 guaranteed mortgage certificates is offered by the Lawyers Mortgage Company. These are secured by an apartment house at 47 to 53 East Fifty-sixth Street and are priced to net 5½ per cent., maturing in ten years.

C. W. McNear & Co. offer $400,000 Oklahoma City, Okla., 5s, due 1938-1941, yielding 4.40 per cent.; $250,000 Wichita Falls, Tex., 5½s, due 1941-1950, yielding 4.85 per cent.; $200,000 Alexandria, La., school district 5s, due 1939-1964, yielding 4.75 per cent.; $150,000 Houston, Tex., 5s, due 1943-1948, yielding 4.50 per cent.; $150,000 Pike County, Ky., 5s, due 1931-1954, yielding 4.65 per cent., and $150,000 Fairfield County, S. C., 5s, due 1944-1954, yielding 4.75 per cent.

Haitian Corporation Voting Trust.

Announcement was made yesterday of the formation of a voting trust covering a substantial number of the shares of the stock of the Haitian Corporation of America. Trustees are C. Edgar Elliott, Waldo Newcomer and Guthrie R. Plante. It was stated that stockholders desiring to avail themselves of the benefits of the voting trust can exchange their stock for the voting trust certificates upon application to the company.

$81,000 for Seat on Exchange.

The New York Stock Exchange membership of J. William Souther was sold yesterday to Isaac Hilliard for $81,000, the price at the last previous sale. Stock Exchange memberships were selling around $100,000 when Mr. Souther acquired his seat.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from preceding page.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

2..... 81½	St. L div 5s, 1927	con 4s, 1906	1st & ref 6s, Ser B, 1947	1(c)... 98	6s, 1936
5..... 81½	1..... 100¼	5..... 90½	3..... 94	1..... 92¼	5..... 87¼
3..... 81½	Montana Power 5s, 1943	Nor Am Ed 5s, 1929	Tlgs, Ser A, 1946	5..... 92	United Rys Inv Pittsb 1st 5s, '26
11..... 81½	1..... 97¾	1..... 97¾	3..... 105½	5..... 91¾	1..... 98
Lex & P 1st 5s, 1963	7..... 98	1..... 97¾	Pressed Stl Car conv s f 5s, 1933	Sinclair Crude Oil pur 5½s, Ser A, 1925	3..... 98¾
5..... 43¾	1..... 97¾	Morris & Co. 4½s, 1939	38..... 100	38..... 100	stamped
7..... 43	Nassau Elec R R 4s 1939	73	Public S Corp s f 5s, 1959	5..... 99¾	1..... 96¾
Liggett & M 7s, 1944	2..... 80¾	Nat Acme 7½s, 1931	5..... 105¾	5..... 100	10..... 96¾
1..... 117¼	Nat Acme 7½s, 1931	83	5..... 105¾	pur s f 5s, 1942	U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947
5s, 1951	10..... 88	New England 5s, 1952	106..... 104	5..... 100	3..... 84¾
1..... 98¼	gen 4s, 1939	101¼	7..... 103¾	Sinclair Pipe Lines s f 5s, 1942	2..... 84
Long Island R R 4s, 1931	1..... 88	17..... 101	4..... 105¾	5..... 94¼	5..... 84¾
3..... 100¼	Louis Gas & E 5s, Ser A, 1932	N O Tex & Mex 5½s tem, 1954	25..... 104	8..... 94¼	2..... 84
deb 5s, 1937	3..... 91	1..... 90	1..... 104¼	12..... 94¼	Utah Lt & Ty 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1944
2..... 88	1..... 91¼	2..... 90¼	27..... 104¼	5..... 94	1..... 85
gen 4s, 1938	Lou & Nash ref 5½s, 2003	Nor Pac 4s, 1997	2..... 104¼	2..... 94	Utah Power & Lt 5s, 1944
1..... 88	8..... 106¼	3s, 2047	12..... 104¾	So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s, 1941	1..... 92
Louis Gas & E 5s, Ser A, 1932	col tr 5s, '31	1..... 92¾	33..... 104¾	5..... 98¾	Utica Gas 5s, 1957
3..... 91	3..... 102¼	3..... 92¾	151..... 104¾	Southern Bell Tel 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1974	6..... 97
1..... 91¼	1st & ref 5s, Ser B, 2003	5..... 92¾	164..... 105	13..... 96¾	Va Car Chem s f 7s, Ser A, 1947
Lou & Nash ref 5½s, 2003	5..... 102	6s, Ser A, 1925	10..... 104¾	18..... 96¾	3..... 63¾
8..... 106¼	S & N Ala 5s, 1963	2..... 101¾	40..... 105	11..... 96¾	2..... 63¾
col tr 5s, '31	1..... 104	1st 7s, Ser B temp, 1954	2..... 105¼	2..... 96¾	1..... 63¾
3..... 102¼	4..... 104¾	2..... 91¾	1st & ref 6s, Ser B, 1947	1(c)... 98	6s, 1936
1st & ref 5s, Ser B, 2003	N O & Mob 1st 6s, 1930	N Y Central deb 6s, 1935	2..... 89¾	5..... 92¾	5..... 87¾
5..... 102	1..... 104¾	2s'17..... 107¾	3..... 89¾	5..... 92	United Rys Inv Pittsb 1st 5s, '26
S & N Ala 5s, 1963	Magnav Corp conv 7s, '32	1..... 106	5..... 105½	5..... 91¾	1..... 98
1..... 104	1..... 117	7..... 107¾	106..... 104	5..... 101¾	3..... 98¾
4..... 104¾	5..... 116¼	ref & imp 5s, 2013	7..... 103¾	10..... 101¾	stamped
N O & Mob 1st 6s, 1930	5..... 116¼	18..... 99¾	2..... 103¾	1..... 101¾	1..... 96¾
1..... 104¾	Manati Sugar s f 7½s, '42	7..... 99	4..... 103¾	10..... 101¾	10..... 96¾
Magnav Corp conv 7s, '32	4..... 98½	8..... 99¾	25..... 103¾	1st ref 4s, 1956	Sinclair Crude Oil pur 5½s, Ser A, 1925
1..... 117	5..... 99¾	14..... 99	Nor Sta Pow 1st & ref 5s, 1941	2..... 98	38..... 100
1..... 116¼	gen 5½s, 1937	1..... 99¾	5..... 103½	2..... 98	5..... 99¾
5..... 116¼	1..... 77¼	deb 4s, 1934	1st & ref 5s, 1941	2..... 96	pur s f 5s, 1942
Manhat con 4s, 1990	L E & Cal 3½s, 1937	1..... 94¾	5..... 103¾	Rio Grande Sou 5s, 1940	5..... 100
2..... 61¾	1..... 66	2d 4s, 2013	1..... 94	5..... 103¾	Sinclair Pipe Lines s f 5s, 1942
1..... 61¾	2d 4s, 2013	5..... 71¾	5..... 93¾	Rio Grd W 1st 4s, 1939	5..... 94¼
1..... 61¾	5..... 83¾	N Y Chic & St L 4s, 1931	1..... 93½	5..... 83¾	8..... 94¼
Manila El Co 1st ref 7s, 1942	1..... 102¾	Nor West's Bell Tel 7s, 1941	28..... 103¾	col trust 4s, 1949	12..... 94¼
4..... 98	1..... 102¾	Og & Lake C 4s, 1948	1..... 70¼	1..... 70¼	3..... 94¼
Manila Ry 5s, Ser A, 1953	5½s temp, 1974	1..... 72	3..... 70	3..... 70	1..... 94¼
1..... 98	1..... 95	Ohio Pub Ser 7s, Ser B, 1947	1..... 70¼	1..... 70¼	R I Art & L 4½s, 1934
Market St Ry s f 7s, Ser A, 1940	2..... 95¼	5..... 107	R I Ark & L 4½s, 1934	4..... 82¼	Rog-Brown Iron, gen & ref 7s, 1942
1..... 98	4..... 94¾	ref 7½s, Ser A, 1946	1..... 70¾	5..... 82¼	1..... 70¾
1..... 98¼	3..... 95	Ont Pow Co 1st s f 5s, 1943	2..... 110	Sou Ry Mt & So gen 5s, 1930	1..... 70¾
1..... 99	2..... 94¾	N Y Dock Co 4s, 1951	4..... 99¼	4..... 99¼	1st L Lr Mt & So gen 5s, 1930
1..... 99	1..... 95¾	1..... 78	3..... 99¾	1..... 99¼	4..... 99¼
Marland Oil 1st mtge 7½s, Ser B, 1931	1..... 95	1..... 79¼	1..... 99¾	1..... 99¼	1..... 99¼
2..... 102	N Y Edison 1st & ref 6½s, 1941	1..... 79¼	unity & ref 4s, 1929	1..... 99¼	1..... 99¼
2..... 102¾	22..... 112¾	N Y G E L H & P 5s, 1949	1..... 91¾	5..... 91¾	5..... 91¾
s f 5s, 1931	2..... 112¾	2..... 101¼	pur money 4s, 1949	1..... 102¼	3..... 102¼
7s, 1931 with warrants	3..... 105	20..... 94¾	1..... 98¼	3..... 102¼	River & Gulf 4s, 1933
1..... 98	N Y N H & H 7s, 1925	25..... 97¼	1..... 104¼	3..... 102¼	3..... 102¼
Metro Edison 1st & ref 5s, Ser C, 1953	25..... 97¼	14..... 97	Oreg Sht L gtd ref 4s, 1929	1..... 102¼	5..... 102¼
2..... 89¾	14..... 97	75 francs 1930	20..... 97	1..... 102¼	dvs 6½s, 1934
Mich Cent 3½s 1951	Otis Steel s f 7s, 1941	130..... 85¾	gtd con 5s, 1946	1..... 106¾	5..... 106¾
10..... 77¼	5..... 95¾	conv deb 4s, 1948	1..... 104¼	1..... 106¾	1..... 106¾
10..... 77¼	2..... 95¾	1..... 77¾	Oreg Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s, 61	Stand Gas & E conv deb 6½s, 1933	1st series
Midvale Steel col tr 5s, 1936	7½s, 1947	conv 3½s, 1956	17..... 82½	2(d)... 88¾	2(d)... 88¾
7..... 83¾	5..... 74¾	2..... 55¾	Otis Steel s f 7s, 1941	2..... 88¾	20..... 88¾
1..... 83¾	Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942	non cv deb 4s, 1956	5..... 95¾	2..... 88¾	2s'17..... 90
1s'17..... 83¾	1..... 89¾	1..... 59	7½s, 1947	5..... 88¾	15..... 90
1..... 83¾	4..... 94¾	1..... 59	Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942	1..... 88¾	Steel & Tube 6s, 1940
16..... 83¾	1..... 94¾	Cons Ry 4s, 1955	1..... 94¾	1..... 88¾	1..... 90¾
Mil El Ry & Lt ref & ext 4½s, 1931	Pac Power&Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930	N Y O & W gen 4s, 1955	4..... 94¾	1..... 88¾	Tex & Pac 1st 5s, 2000
5..... 92¾	1..... 99	ref 4s, 1992	1..... 94¾	1..... 88¾	1..... 100
M St P & S S M coll. trust 6½s, 1931	2..... 99	1..... 65	Penn R R gen 4½s, 1965	1..... 88¾	Third Av ref 4s, 1960
12..... 108¼	5..... 99	1..... 65¾	2..... 95	1..... 88¾	5..... 54¾
temp 5½s, 1949	1st & ref 5s, Ser B, 1947	N Y Railways ref 4s, 1942	5..... 95¾	1..... 88¾	2..... 54¾
6..... 86¾	1..... 94¾	5..... 41¾	6..... 95¾	1..... 88¾	1..... 54¾
con 5s, 1933	1..... 95¾	6..... 42	4..... 95¾	gen 5s, 1968	2..... 54¾
1..... 86¾	1..... 95¾	adj 5s, 1942	10..... 109	10..... 110¾	13..... 54
con 4s, 1938	2..... 95¾	15..... 9	6½s, 1936	9..... 110¾	Tidewater Oil 6½s, 1931
5..... 88	1st & ref 5s, Ser C, 1953	5..... 4¾	9..... 110¾	10..... 110¾	2..... 104
Mo K & T 1st 4s, 1990	2..... 94	ctfs of dep	gold 7s, 1930	2..... 109¾	Toledo Edison 1st 7s, 1941
14..... 82¾	19..... 93¾	5..... 4¾	12..... 109¾	2..... 109¾	1..... 106¾
5..... 83	N Y Steam Corp 1st 6s, Ser A, 1947	N Y State Rys con 4½s, 1962	10..... 109¾	Pa & E 1st 4s, 1990	1..... 106¾
10..... 82¾	2..... 97¼	2..... 84	2..... 109¾	5..... 84	Tol St L & W 4s, 1950
prior lien 5s, Ser A, 1962	N Y Susq & Wn gen 5s, 1940	19..... 83¾	Pere Marq 1st 5s, 1956	1..... 96¾	10..... 83¾
4..... 85¼	1..... 84	14..... 65¼	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	2..... 83¾
1..... 85¼	Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944	1st refdg 5s, 1937	1..... 96¾	1..... 96¾	1st & Ext 4½s, 1941
1..... 85¾	2..... 99	2..... 99	3..... 103¾	1..... 96¾	1..... 97
Ga, Sou & Fla 1st 5s, 1951	1..... 103¾	N Y Tel 4½s, 1939	5½s, 1935	1..... 96¾	Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944
1..... 101¼	1..... 103¾	10..... 96¼	1..... 94¾	1..... 96¾	3..... 103¾
prior lien

ESTIMATES ON CORN AND WHEAT RAISED

Government's Forecast of Wheat Yield 74,000,000 Bushels Above July.

CORN SLIGHTLY HIGHER

Wheat Crop of 1924 Now Figured at 814,000,000 Bushels, Against 786,000,000 in 1923.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Prospects for the country's harvest of corn this year increased 61,000,000 bushels during July, while the prospective production of wheat increased 74,000,000 bushels during the month, today's monthly crop report of the Department of Agriculture indicated. The corn crop this year was forecast today at 2,576,000,000 bushels, and the combined Winter and Spring wheat crops placed at 814,000,000 bushels by the Department of Agriculture's August crop report. Last year 3,046,000,000 bushels of corn and 786,000,000 bushels of wheat were harvested.

The preliminary estimate of Winter wheat production was announced as 589,000,000 bushels, while the Spring wheat forecast places that crop at 225,000,000 bushels, compared with forecasts of 543,000,000 of Winter wheat and 197,000,000 of Spring wheat a month ago.

The production forecasts, based on conditions prevailing Aug. 1, include: Oats, 1,439,000,000 bushels; barley, 184,000,000 bushels; rye (preliminary estimate), 65,800,000 bushels; buckwheat, 15,100,000 bushels; white potatoes, 399,000,000 bushels; sweet potatoes, 80,800,000 bushels; tobacco, 1,202,000,000 pounds.

The condition of the crops on Aug. 1 was announced as follows: Spring wheat, 79.7 per cent. of a normal; corn, 70.7; oats, 85.2; barley, 80.7; buckwheat, 87.7; white potatoes, 85.4; sweet potatoes, 70.2; tobacco, 71.7; flaxseed, 86.4; rice, 83.4; hay, 84.4; pasture 84.0.

Flaxseed, 28,400,000 bushels; rice, 32,900,000 bushels; hay, (tame) 89,000,000 tons; apples, 184,000,000 bushels; peaches 52,200,000 bushels; peanuts, 836,000,000 pounds; grain sorghums, 112,000,000 bushels.

The preliminary estimate of total production of Winter wheat in thousands of bushels, by principal producing States, follows: Pennsylvania, 19,860; Ohio, 37,162; Indiana, 29,520; Illinois, 35,648; Michigan, 27,447; Iowa, 8,078; Missouri, 26,483; Nebraska, 35,834; Kansas, 154,258; Texas, 22,422; Oklahoma, 51,258; Montana, 12,404; Colorado, 20,625; Idaho, 5,640; Washington, 19,426; Oregon, 13,365; California, 4,770.

Corn deteriorated much less than usual in July. The July weather resulted in an increase of 74,000,000 bushels over the forecast of a month ago. A late Fall without frost is essential to the maturing of the bulk of the corn, the department experts state.

Although there are reports of a fairly good yield in prospect for several States, many of the reports tell of poor stands, short stalks, weeds, yellow color, either too much rain or drought, drowning and abandonment, and so on. The crop as a whole, it is stated, is attempting to overcome a very bad beginning and is doing so to a slight extent.

The condition on Aug. 1, and forecast of production of Spring wheat and corn, in thousands of bushels, by principal producing States follows:

Spring Wheat.

Minnesota, condition 94 per cent.; forecast 22,709 bushels; North Dakota, 88 and 91,612; South Dakota, 90 and 31,808; Montana, 75 and 39,002; Idaho, 94 and 10,579; Washington, 89 and 7,995.

Corn.

Pennsylvania, 72 and 52,179; Ohio, 59 and 100,525; Indiana, 59 and 123,567; Illinois, 70 and 282,590; Wisconsin, 69 and 73,065; Iowa, 74 and 360,959; Missouri, 70 and 170,327; South Dakota, 71 and 111,744; Nebraska, 80 and 211,046; Kansas, 77 and 123,135; Kentucky, 79 and 78,336; Texas, 58 and 80,420; Oklahoma, 80 and 74,419.

"Carry Over" of Oats.

Oats remaining on farms Aug. 1 was about 5.6 per cent. of last year's crop, or about 65,256,000 bushels, compared with 70,965,000 bushels on Aug. 1 last year, and 92,982,000 bushels, the five-year average on Aug. 1.

The Government's estimate of acreage and indicated yield of Winter wheat compares as follows with the similar estimate of one month ago and one year ago:

	Aug. 1, 1924.	July 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1923.
Acreage	36,898,000	36,898,000	39,750,000
Ind. yield (bu.)	589,000,000	543,000,000	568,000,000

In the following table the August estimate of yield per acre, acreage and number of bushels, are compared with actual harvest figures in previous years:

	Yield per acre.	Acreage.	Crop, bushels.
1924	16.0	36,898,000	589,000,000
1923	14.3	39,522,000	572,340,000
1922	14.2	47,613,000	676,876,000
1921	14.0	44,895,000	630,316,000
1920	15.6	44,861,000	610,597,000
1919	14.9	61,483,000	760,677,000
1918	15.3	42,201,000	645,069,000
1917	15.1	40,534,000	612,901,000
1916	13.8	39,208,000	480,553,000
1915	16.4	42,381,008	678,947,000
1914	19.0	37,128,000	684,990,000
1913	16.5	33,618,000	623,561,000

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for the Spring wheat compare as follows with the estimates of the preceding month and of the same month last year:

	Aug. 1, 1924.	July 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1923.
Condition	79.7	81.3	89.6
Acreage	16,920,000	16,920,000	18,503,000
Crop (bush.)	225,000,000	197,000,000	225,000,000

In the following table comparisons for a longer series of years are given, the figures of acreage and yield for years prior to 1924 being those of the actual harvest:

	Condition.	Acreage.	Crop, bushels.
1924	79.7	16,920,000	225,000,000
1923	89.6	18,788,000	213,401,000
1922	80.4	20,763,000	230,720,000
1921	86.6	20,282,000	214,589,000
1920	73.4	21,127,000	222,430,000
1919	83.9	25,200,000	297,662,000
1918	79.8	22,051,000	366,538,000
1917	68.7	17,832,000	223,754,000
1916	63.4	17,607,000	158,765,000
1915	83.4	19,161,000	351,354,000
1914	75.5	17,653,000	206,027,000
1913	74.1	18,485,000	239,612,000

Adding together the estimates of Spring and Winter wheat, the total acreage and indicated yield of wheat compare as follows with the estimates of the preceding month, and with the same month last year:

	Aug. 1, 1924.	July 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1923.
Acreage	53,818,000	53,818,000	58,253,000
Crop, bush.	814,000,000	740,000,000	793,000,000

The current estimate on acreage and yield for the total wheat crop of 1924 compares as follows with the actual harvest figures in a series of preceding years:

	Acreage.	Crop, bushels.
1924	53,818,000	814,000,000
1923	58,306,000	785,741,000
1922	62,317,000	867,596,000
1921	63,696,000	844,905,000
1920	61,143,000	833,027,000
1919	76,684,000	1,058,339,000
1918	59,161,000	921,436,000
1917	55,468,000	835,655,000
1916	52,316,000	638,318,000
1915	60,469,000	1,025,301,000
1914	55,541,000	891,017,000
1913	56,184,000	763,380,000

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for the corn crop, as estimated yesterday by the Government, compare as follows with the estimates of the preceding month and of the same month last year:

	Aug. 1, 1924.	July 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1923.
Condition	70.7	72.6	84.0
Acreage	105,604,000	105,604,000	103,112,000
Indicated yield, crop bushels—	2,576,000,000	2,515,000,000	2,962,000,000

In the following table comparisons for a longer series of years are given, the figures of acreage and yield for years prior to 1924 being those of the actual harvest:

	Condition.	Acreage.	Harvest, bushels.
1924	70.7	105,604,000	2,576,000,000
1923	84.0	104,158,000	3,046,000,000
1922	85.6	102,846,000	2,906,020,000
1921	84.3	103,740,000	3,065,566,000
1920	86.7	101,699,000	3,206,584,000
1919	81.7	97,170,000	2,516,818,000
1918	78.6	104,467,000	2,582,814,000
1917	78.9	118,730,000	3,065,233,000
1916	75.2	105,954,000	2,582,927,000
1915	79.5	106,321,000	2,994,715,000
1914	74.8	103,435,000	2,672,804,000
1913	75.8	105,820,000	2,446,988,000
1912	80.0	107,095,000	3,124,746,000

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for the oats crop, an estimated yesterday by the Government, compare as follows with the estimates of the preceding month and of the same month last year:

	Aug. 1, 1924.	July 1, 1924.	Aug. 1, 1923.
Condition	88.2	86.9	81.9
Acreage	41,625,000	41,625,000	.....
Indicated yield, crop bushels—	1,439,000,000	1,356,000,000	1,316,000,000

UTILITY REVENUE SHOWS GAIN IN JUNE

American Telephone and Telegraph Reports $5,927,944—West Penn Power Earnings.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company, in its report to the Interstate Commerce Commission shows operating revenue for June of $5,927,944, an increase of $27,829 over the same month last year, while operating income was $2,309,204, a decrease of $65,236.

For the six months ended June 30 operating revenues totaled $36,766,303, an increase of $923,424 over the same period of last year, and operating income of $15,311,764, a decrease of $490,224.

The West Penn Power Company and subsidiaries yesterday reported for the year ended June 30 net earnings after depreciation of $3,225,770, or more than three times the preferred dividend requirements, which amount to $889,539. The balance of $2,336,231 is equal to $16.56 a share on the 141,000 shares of common, all of which is owned by the West Penn Company and its subsidiary, the West Penn Railways Company. All are units in the American Water Works and Electric system.

The West Penn Power Company has not but an additional issue of $2,063,000 of new preferred stock, the proceeds from which will be used to reimburse the company for expenditures of $2,063,000 in redeeming the five-year 6 per cent. convertible debentures due Dec. 1, which were called on Aug. 1.

UTAH COPPER PROFIT.

Quarterly Figures $1,956,008, Against $2,553,633.

The Utah Copper Company for the quarter ended June 30, 1924, reports operating profit of $1,956,008, against $2,553,633 in the same period last year, and net income of $2,835,579 available for dividends, after crediting other income and allowing for depreciation reserves, against net income of $3,356,988 reported in the same quarter last year. The net income for the June quarter was equal to $1.43 a share earned on the capital stock before reserves for depletion, against $1.31 a share earned in the first quarter of the year.

For the half year ended June 30, 1924, the company reports net income of $4,467,623, equal to $2.75 a share earned on the capital stock, before reserves for depletion, but after all other deductions. This company reported $5,506,099 available for dividends in the first half of last year.

BROOKLYN BANKS MERGE.

Lincoln Savings Absorbs the Sumner Institution.

The Boards of Trustees have arranged for the merger of the Sumner Savings Bank at 12 Graham Avenue, Brooklyn, into the Lincoln Savings Bank at Broadway and Bocrum Street, Brooklyn. Arthur S. Somers, head of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, is President of the Sumner Savings Bank and will become a trustee of the Lincoln Savings Bank. Charles Froeb is President of the Lincoln Savings Bank.

One reason for the merger, and one which reflects the disparity of interest rates paid to depositors by different savings banks, was that the Lincoln Savings Bank is paying interest of 4½ per cent. per annum on deposits, while the Sumner Bank has been paying 4 per cent.

The former office of the Sumner Savings Bank will be operated as a branch of the Lincoln Savings Bank.

FARM LOAN OF $60,000,000.

Government Agencies Will Supply Funds to Move Crops.

The farm loan agencies of the United States Government will float a loan for $60,000,000 in the American investment market next month in anticipation of farmers' needs in moving their crops, it was reported yesterday in the financial district. The interest rate on such a loan and the subsequent advancing of funds to farmers by the borrowing agencies will be at or near the lowest points in the history of farm loan aid, it is believed.

Refunding operations for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company were said yesterday to be in early prospect. In railroad and banking circles reports were current that another block of $35,000,000 of Baltimore & Ohio bonds would be offered publicly this month at prices to yield around 5 per cent.

COPPER EARNINGS DROP.

Nevada Consolidated's Income 18 Cents Per Share in June Quarter.

The Nevada Consolidated Copper Company reports operating profit of $929,257 in the second quarter, against $510,552 in the same period last year. The company reported a $355,921 surplus before depletion reserves. This was equal to 18 cents a share earned on the stock of $5 a share par value. In the first quarter the company reported earnings equal to 20 cents a share. Forty-eight cents a share was earned in the June quarter last year.

For the first half of this year the company reports surplus income of $768,852, after depreciation reserves, but before depletion reserves. This equals 38 cents a share earned, against 78 cents before depletion and depreciation reserves a year ago.

P. R. R. INCREASES MOTORS.

Daily Service Now in Effect on 1,412 Miles of System.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is operating twenty motor truck units, 40 motor trucks, approximately twice the number in service several months ago, it was reported yesterday. The mileage on which daily motor truck service is now in effect totals 1,412, compared with 602 early last Spring.

According to information given out yesterday the State of New Jersey is completely motorized, so far as the hauling of less than car load lot freight is concerned. New units are being planned and put into operation on other divisions as rapidly as preliminary surveys can be completed, R. S. Hurd, special agent in charge of motor truck operation, said.

Public Service Corporation Report.

The Public Service Corporation earned $3,940,000 in the first six months of this year, according to a report by officials of the corporation at Newark yesterday. This does not include taxes and the full year's dividend. The Public Service Gas and Electric Company reported a net income of $4,116,239, which is $610,666 more than the income for the same period in 1923.

LOW MARK IN STEEL INGOT PRODUCTION

Average for July Smallest Reported for Any Month Since December, 1921.

PIG IRON ALSO SLUMPS

Total for the First Half of This Year Far Below Same Period in 1923.

Production of steel ingots in the United States in July aggregated 1,869,416 tons, or an average of 71,901 tons for the twenty-six working days of the month, according to a compilation by H. H. Cook, Assistant Secretary of the American Iron and Steel Institute. The daily average production for July was the smallest reported for any month since December, 1921, when the steel trade was beginning to show signs of recovery from the depression which followed the boom year of 1920. The low point of production reached then was an average daily output of 36,700 tons reported in July of 1921.

The following table shows the monthly production of all companies based upon the returns filed with the institute, the number of working days and the daily average production for a series of months as follows:

	Production tons.	Working days.	Daily Aver. Output tons.
1924.			
July	1,869,416	26	71,901
June	2,056,468	25	82,259
May	2,426,261	27	97,345
April	3,333,535	26	128,213
March	4,187,942	26	161,075
February	3,808,185	25	152,327
January	3,633,530	27	134,579
1923.			
December	2,868,206	25	114,731
November	3,134,321	26	120,551
October	3,577,091	27	132,484
September	3,356,776	25	134,271
August	3,695,788	27	136,881
July	3,931,458	25	141,252
June	4,167,256	26	144,494
May	4,216,355	27	156,161

The American Iron & Steel Institute also made public yesterday its compilation of pig iron production in the United States during the first half of 1924, as compared with the same period last year. The compilation follows:

States.	1st Half of 1923.	2d Half of 1923.	1st Half of 1924.
Mass. and Conn.	1,309	.....	.....
N. Y. and N. J.	1,489,701	1,462,100	1,212,376
Pennsylvania	7,794,398	7,010,224	6,147,042
Md. and Vir.	446,797	359,683	345,470
Alabama	1,460,813	1,336,377	1,392,340
Ga., Texas, W. Va., Ky. and Mississippi	355,294	347,160	361,903
Tennessee	142,879	108,108	65,476
Ohio	4,978,327	4,360,633	4,138,401
Illinois	1,899,231	1,926,832	1,516,963
Ind. and Mich.	1,825,759	1,987,366	1,862,202
Wis. and Minn.	396,958	327,759	235,353
Mo., Iowa, Col., Utah and Washington	225,009	96,427	240,360
Total	21,018,475	19,344,671	17,514,485

NEW COMMITTEE FORMED.

Will Seek to Protect Stockholders of Commonwealth Finance Corp.

Announcement was made yesterday of the formation of a new Protective Committee to look after the interests of the stockholders of the Commonwealth Finance Corporation, now in receivership.

The committee consists of A. C. Hindman of the National Surety Company, Horace A. Davis, Empire Trust Company; Bernard B. Badgley, Prince & Whitely; Harry B. Blessing, Blessing Varnish Works, Jersey City; H. S. Harding, Citizens' National Bank of Tunkhannock, Pa.; David S. Levy, New York Mortgage Company; Thomas A. Poole, real estate operator, Washington, D. C., and Henry F. Whitney, Empire Trust Company.

Stockholders are asked to deposit their stock with the Empire Trust Company as depositary.

Middle West Utilities Issue Sold.

The issue of 10,000 shares of Middle West Utilities Company 7 per cent. prior lien stock offered by Pynchon & Co. has been oversubscribed.

TO INCREASE ITS OIL STOCK.

Phillips Petroleum Co. to Offer 370,133 No Par Value Shares.

As a result of action taken by the Directors of the Phillips Petroleum Company 370,133 shares of the no par value capital stock of the company will be offered to stockholders on the basis of $32 a share. The issue has been underwritten by Blair & Co., Inc. After the sale the company will have 1,850,666 shares of no par value capital stock outstanding.

The proceeds of the issue, it was said, would reimburse the company's treasury for capital expenditures heretofore made and to pay off current indebtedness due to development of properties.

It was further announced that after giving effect to the new financing the company's balance sheet as of June 30, would show approximately $20,300,000 of current assets, and current liabilities of $968,000, or a ratio of better than 20 to 1. The company's earnings for the first six months of 1924, after interest and other charges, were $6,186,951, equal to $3.34 a share, including the additional stock about to be sold.

RESERVE BANK POSITION.

Comparison of the Week's Items With Those of Preceding Periods.

In yesterday's Federal Reserve system statement bills discounted, secured by Government collateral, also those secured by other collateral, showed a new low level for 1924 to date. Note circulation also declined again and now stands at its lowest figure for the year and since the middle of 1918.

Following is the comparison of the highest and lowest figure of the Reserve system in 1924 to date, and in the previous full years. Figures are in thousands of dollars:

Total Gold Holdings.

	High.		Low.	
1924	$3,167,527	July 23	$3,063,886	Jan. 2
1923	3,139,257	June 13	3,049,451	Jan. 3
1922	3,089,980	Oct. 11	2,870,289	Jan. 4
1921	2,570,044	Dec. 31	2,060,282	Jan. 7
1920	2,059,388	Dec. 30	1,924,561	Mar. 19
1919	2,201,804	June 6	2,068,788	Aug. 22
1918	2,090,274	Dec. 27	1,687,726	Jan. 4
1917	1,911,133	Dec. 28	742,962	Jan. 5
1916	782,236	Dec. 29	484,680	May 5
1915	542,413	Dec. 30	251,306	Jan. 29

Rediscounts.

	High, 1924.		Low, 1924.	
Govt. col.	$422,704	Jan. 18	$76,796	Aug. 6
Other col.	375,119	Jan. 12	194,842	Aug. 6
			Low, 1923.	
Govt. col.	477,053	July 4	231,996	Jan. 10
Other col.	481,053	Oct. 5	219,790	Jan. 31
	High, 1922.		Low, 1922.	
Govt. col.	477,656	Jan. 4	115,238	July 28
Other col.	635,111	Jan. 4	257,045	Aug. 16
	High, 1921.		Low, 1921.	
Govt. col.	1,104,501	Jan. 7	431,891	Nov. 16
Other col.	502,813	Jan. 7	692,640	Dec. 28
	High, 1920.		Low, 1920.	
Govt. col.	1,572,980	Feb. 27	1,141,036	Dec. 30
Other col.	1,186,118	Dec. 3	716,465	Jan. 30
	High, 1919.		Low, 1919.	
Govt. col.	1,863,476	May 16	1,414,850	Dec. 19
Other col.	684,514	Dec. 26	172,568	May 9

Reserve Note Circulation.

	High.		Low.	
1924	$2,249,250	Jan. 2	$2,158,014	Aug. 6
1923	2,411,535	Jan. 5	2,287,729	Aug. 4
1922	2,464,121	Dec. 27	2,122,010	June 14
1921	3,270,023	Jan. 7	2,886,006	Nov. 30
1920	3,404,931	Dec. 22	2,850,944	Jan. 30
1919	3,057,646	Dec. 26	2,450,720	Jan. 31
1918	2,685,244	Dec. 28	1,234,934	Jan. 30
1917	1,246,438	Dec. 28	259,766	Jan. 26
1916	275,352	Dec. 29	152,244	June 30
1915	189,026	Dec. 30	14,500	Jan. 29

Ratio of Reserve.

	High.		Low.	
1924	85.7	May 21	73.8	Jan. 2
1923	78.2	July 25	71.3	Jan. 6
1922	80.4	Aug. 9	71.1	Jan. 3
1921	73.1	Dec. 7	46.4	Jan. 7
1920	49.8	Dec. 17	40.5	May 14
1919	51.1	Feb. 7	42.5	Dec. 26
1918	62.9	Feb. 8	47.9	Dec. 6
1917	86.2	Mar. 30	60.8	Dec. 29

The reserve percentages of the New York Reserve Bank compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1924	91.5	May 21	73.8	Jan. 2
1923	87.4	June 20	70.5	Jan. 6
1922	89.6	Jan. 25	79.3	Jan. 4
1921	84.1	Sep. 21	36.5	Feb. 4
1920	42.3	Sep. 24	35.8	Feb. 20
1919	52.9	June 30	38.8	Dec. 26
1918	66.4	Aug. 2	41.7	Dec. 27

Predicts New Low Money Rates.

According to Moody's Weekly Review of Financial Conditions, issued yesterday, "there is no probability of more than a moderate hardening of money rates this Autumn, and during the first half of next year rates ought to fall to new levels. Even trade revival temporarily depresses interest rates by increasing the aggregate of profits available for lending, and by increasing the rapidity with which capital circulates."

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 7.—Thirty-five new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $647,500 were chartered today. They include:

403 West 46th Street Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; I. Phillips, J. V. Johnson, A. S. Burger. (Attorney, P. E. Jackson, 302 Broadway.)

Gold-Allen Co., Manhattan, $20,000; roofing, S. Gold, M. M. Lewis, H. C. Rosenberg. (Attorneys, Albany Service Co., Albany.)

Rebels Reality Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; B. Winthell, H. Berlin. (Attorney, B. Ginsburg, 136 Nassau St.)

Sealed Brand Beans, Rochester, $50,000; H. Doty, W. C. Coward, O. C. Curtis. (Attorney, S. T. Church, Albion.)

Askowitz Bros., Manhattan, cabinet making, $20,000; H. M. and G. M. Sachs. (Attorney, A. N. Johnson, 122 24 Av.)

Felt & Co., Queens, boy's clothing, 99 shares common stock, no par value; B. Fain, O. Gressman; L. Lurie. (Attorneys, Dawson, McKeller & Dawson, 26 West 44th St.)

Coll-Iodine laboratories, Manhattan, 200 shares common stock, no par value; W. L. Bryant, G. Petts, A. Maguire. (Attorneys, Williamson & Bayles, 115 Broadway.)

Hessep's, Manhattan, hair dressing, $25,000; J. Ebert, C. W. Kuhnt, J. Mueller. (Attorneys, McKercher & Link, 40 Rector St.)

Beverly Bilders, Brooklyn, checkers, games, &c., $5,000; D. Jacobs, B. Jacobs, Fritz Semmerman. (Attorney, A. H. Rush, 13 Park Row.)

Thirty-nine East Fourth Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, 150 shares common stock, no par value; R. W. Rheer, S. V. Opler. (Attorney, D. Weinstein, 366 Broadway.)

Ahrend Letters, Manhattan, letter writing, 5,000 shares preferred stock, $10 each; 5,000 common, no par value; L. Engelberg, S. Waxman. (Attorney, L. E. Felix, 217 Broadway.)

Davenport Manor, Manhattan, realty, 100 shares common stock, no par value; J. H. Miller, P. Forrest. (Attorney, C. H. Bellows, 50 Church St.)

Vernon Realty Co., Manhattan, $16,000; M. Caputo, E. and J. Weinhandler. (Attorney, C. Raskin, 233 Broadway.)

Krome-O-Kraft, Friendship, toys and novelties, $5,000; C. R. Gardner, W. J. Brannen, L. Smith. (Attorney, L. Fassett, Wellsville.)

Dustock Realty Corp., Bronxville, $6,000; A. A. and E. S. Comstock, H. C. Goebel. (Attorney, A. J. Appell, 36 West 44th St.)

Beacon Pictures, Manhattan, $20,000; E. Silton, R. Belsky, W. C. Cabanne. (Attorney, A. S. Friends, 36 West 44th St.)

Ginsette Safety Blade Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Balaiar, A. Sekuler. (Attorney, S. Stern, 5 Beekman St.)

Marjorie Jane, Manhattan, restaurant, $10,000; M. A. and C. C. McEwan, F. J. Hughes. (Attorney, A. B. Albert, 305 Broadway.)

Broadway Lighting Fixture Co., Brooklyn, electric fixtures, $10,000; H. Schaffetz, L. Busker, A. E. Eisenberg. (Attorney, A. M. Chanow, 51 Chambers St.)

409-411 East 160th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, $25,000; J. E. Davidson, S. Sommes, R. Kosefsky. (Attorneys, Davidson & Davidson, 49 Wall St.)

Argo Engineering Corp., Manhattan, combustion engineers, $25,000; J. J. McCann, F. J. McManamy, L. Hanan. (Attorneys, Macklin, Brown & Van Wyck, 17 Battery Place.)

Cones Holding Corp., Buffalo, merchandise and realty, 500 shares common stock, no par value; W. J. and W. J. Conners Jr., E. L. Falk. (Attorneys, Falk, Phillips & Scanlan, 16 Buffalo St.)

Commuters' Overshoe Corp., Manhattan, merchandise; 200 shares common stock, no par value; J. Clerget, S. Hummel. (Attorney, S. Kobin, 489 5th Av.)

William E. White, Manhattan, sporting goods, $50,000; W. E. White, W. C. Feertner. (Attorney, S. D. Jones, 120 Broadway.)

Charles W. Lee & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $100,000; C. W. Lee, F. J. H. O'Rorke, A. C. Merrill. (Attorneys, Wingate & Cullen, 20 Nassau St.)

Tupper Lake Transportation Corp., Tupper Lake, operate buses, $15,000; T. E. and N. E. Bruce, N. J. Delancott. (Attorney, R. Hastings, Tupper Lake.)

Haskins-Todd Corp., Manhattan, presswoom supplies, $20,000; J. F. Haskins, J. J. Todd. (Attorney, F. Baer, 139 Liberty St.)

State Coffee Pot, Manhattan, restaurant, $10,000; C. Faletico, J. Barbarusis, M. R. Matteo. (Attorneys, Lockhart & Matteo, 51 Chambers St.)

Sexton & Associates, Manhattan, stocks and bonds, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; G. L. Sexton, C. A. Oberle, F. J. Galvin. (Attorneys, Reilly & Robbins, Gotham National Bank Building.)

Globe Chemical Co., Manhattan, 250 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; J. V. Paprocki, F. W. Butehorn, F. C. Taylor. (Attorney, F. J. Knorr, Albany.)

Ellbee Corp., Manhattan, acquire patents, 100 shares common stock, no par value; G. F. Daugherty, S. Sherman, C. S. Loeb. (Attorneys, Engelhard, Pollak, Pilcher & Stern, 111 Broadway.)

Red Star Steam Laundry, Brooklyn, $8,000; S. Cooper, R. Buckler, S. Kovler. (Attorneys, Coller & Coller, 277 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Blumenkranz & Zuckler Sewing Machine Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Gilroy Air Lock Co., Buffalo, 500 shares, $100 each, to 2,500, of which 500 are preferred, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value.

Liberty Mirror Works, Brooklyn, $3,000 to $12,000.

Official Finance Corp., Schenectady, $200,000 to $250,000.

Joseph A. Hendel, Queens, $10,000 to $35,000.

DESIGNATION.

Sand Port Corp., Del.; securities, 500 shares common stock, no par value; rep., Secretary of State, Albany.

NAME CHANGES.

Ka-Sa-Ga Co., Manhattan, to Hertig Mfg. Co.

R. C. Carmien Corp., Brooklyn, to Hoffman-Sprague Corp.

Ferguson-Remington, Buffalo, to Ferguson-Lyth.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Aug. 7.—Charters filed today:

California Citrus Packing Co., Dover, chemical laboratories, $1,250,000. (United States Corp. Co.)

Continental Petroleum & Gas Co., New York, drilling, $1,000,000. (Registrar & Transfer Co.)

Washington Building Corp., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Oakwood Co., Wilmington, stocks, bonds, $1,000,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Crescent Brick Co., Wilmington, manufacture, $900,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Pan-American Fruit Products Co., Wilmington, $675,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Mexico-American Realty Corp., Wilmington, stocks, bonds, $650,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Marion County Coal & Iron Corp., Wilmington, acquire lands, $500,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Mid City Securities Corp., Dover, stocks, bonds, $430,000. (United States Corp. Co.)

Valley Auto Co., Wilmington, $250,000. (Corp. Trust Co. of America.)

Canyon Royalty Corp., New York, oil lands, $290,000 (U. S. Corp. Co.)

Marit Sales, Philadelphia, manufacture furniture, mill supplies, $150,000 (U. S. Corp. Co.).

International Envelope Corp., Dover, manufacture, $100,000 (U. S. Corp. Co.).

Yatch Corp., New York, stocks, bonds, $80,000 (Corp. Trust Co. of America).

Foundation Holding Co., Wilmington, real estate, $50,000 (Corp. Service Co.).

Blue Bird Cab Baggage Co., Wilmington, $80,000 (Corp. Service Co.).

Davis Lands, Wilmington, real estate, $30,000 (Delaware Corp. Co.).

Elizabeth Fullmer's Essence of Youth Manufacturing Co., Wilmington, schools in beauty culture, $25,000 (Corp. Trust Co.).

Pittsburgh Advertising & Publishing Co., $10,000; J. M. Quinn, Frederick Siffret, Mary M. Seifret, Pittsburgh (Colonial Charter Co.).

E. F. Rotzel Co., Wilmington, manufacture auto parts, $10,000 (Corp. Trust Co. of America).

Kooler Co., Wilmington, manufacture soft drinks, $2,000 (Corp. Trust Co. of America).

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Chicago Motor Coach Corp., to the Omnibus Corp., $6,750,000 to $10,000,000.

GOLD OF RESERVES $29,200,000 LESS

Government Paper Holdings Carry Earning Assets Above Those of Week Ago.

DISCOUNTS OFF $20,000,000

Open Market Acceptances Also Show Drop and Note Circulation Declines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The consolidated statement of condition of the Federal Reserve Banks on Aug. 6, made public by the Federal Reserve Board, shows a net increase of $7,600,000 in total earning assets, holdings of Government securities having increased by $30,200,000, while those of discounted bills declined by $20,300,000 and of acceptances purchased in open market by $2,300,000.

Federal Reserve note circulation decreased by $5,600,000, cash reserves by $20,900,000 and deposit liabilities by $5,100,000.

All Federal Reserve Banks report smaller holdings of discounted bills, except Boston and Dallas, which show increases of $1,300,000 and $1,500,000, respectively. The New York Reserve Bank shows a decline of $7,400,000 in its holdings; Richmond of $5,100,000 and Philadelphia of $3,100,000. Holdings of paper secured by Government obligations decreased by $13,300,000, to $72,600,000. Of the latter amount, $65,500,000 was secured by Liberty and other United States bonds, $11,600,000 by Treasury notes and $1,800,000 by certificates of indebtedness.

The net increase of $30,200,000 in net Government security holdings includes increases of $24,700,000 in Treasury notes and of $6,200,000 in certificates of indebtedness, partly offset by a reduction of $700,000 in holdings of United States bonds.

The Philadelphia Reserve Bank reports a decline of $3,700,000 in its Federal Reserve note circulation; New York of $3,100,000, Chicago of $2,300,000 and Cleveland of $1,700,000, while the San Francisco bank shows an increase of $3,700,000 and Boston of $1,300,000. The remaining banks report relatively small changes.

Gold reserves declined by $20,200,000 during the week, reserves other than gold by $1,800,000 and non-reserve cash by $2,200,000.

A survey of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of the Reserve banks during the week and the year ended Aug. 6 follows:

	Week.	Year.
Total reserves	— 20,900,000	+ 58,900,000
Gold reserves	— 29,200,000	+ 13,100,000
Total earning assets	+ 7,600,000	—258,200,000
Discounted bills, total	— 20,300,000	—549,500,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	— 13,300,000	—318,400,000
Other bills discounted	— 7,000,000	—231,100,000
Bills bought in open market	— 2,300,000	—155,300,000
U. S. Govt. securities, total	+ 30,200,000	+445,300,000
Bonds	— 700,000	+ 4,800,000
Treasury notes	+ 24,700,000	+326,800,000
Certificates of indebtedness	+ 6,200,000	+104,200,000
Federal Reserve notes in circulation	— 5,600,000	—68,200,000
Total deposits	— 5,100,000	+254,900,000
Members' reserve deposits	+ 5,800,000	+232,700,000
Government deposits	— 10,300,000	+ 13,100,000
Other deposits	— 100,000	+ 9,100,000

+ Increase. — Decrease.

FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CONDITIONS AT CLOSE OF BU

LIVERPOOL BARS COTTON FUTURES

English Interests Oppose Standards of Our Department of Agriculture.

NO IMMEDIATE EFFECT

Adjustment Expected by July, 1925, When British Ruling Will Have Expired.

The Liverpool Cotton Association has notified the New York Cotton Exchange that "until further notice there will be no trading in contracts for future delivery of American cotton beyond July, 1925," Edward E. Bartlett Jr., President of the Exchange, announced yesterday. The notification was contained in a letter to the local exchange from A. C. Nickson, Secretary of the Liverpool organization.

According to Mr. Bartlett the action "is a matter entirely of dissatisfaction by English cotton interests with the United States Department of Agriculture standards upon which all trading in spot cotton markets in America, including the New York Cotton Exchange, is based. The question in no particular has to do with any dissatisfaction with the methods of hedging on the New York Cotton Exchange.

"It will have no effect upon any of the futures markets during the next twelve months by which time the whole matter will be adjusted to the satisfaction of all the interested parties.

"The announcement from Liverpool was received without the slightest effect upon the volume of trading or the course of prices on the New York Cotton Exchange."

Mr. Bartlett explained that for some time there had been dissatisfaction in England in connection with the Universal Cotton Standards which were agreed upon more than a year ago by the principal foreign cotton interests, officials of the United States Department of Agriculture and representatives of the American cotton industry.

He said that representatives of Liverpool, Manchester and Bremen cotton associations met in Washington several weeks ago and began working with American officials preparing "key sets" of the standards for European cotton exchanges. One of the "key sets" will be placed in a safe depository, probably vaults of the Bank of England, one set in each of the ten designated American spot markets, and the New York Cotton Exchange, and one set with each of the American arbitration committees.

Mr. Bartlett cabled to the Liverpool Cotton Association last night, asking for further particulars in regard to the action of the association.

Government Received Notice.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Notice was received by the Department of Agriculture some weeks ago of the withdrawal of the Liverpool Cotton Association from the international agreement entered into a year ago. While the Liverpool association, by terms of the agreement, could have withdrawn on six months' notice, the organization elected to withdraw July 31, 1925.

CRUDE OIL OUTPUT STILL DECREASING

Daily Average in All Fields of the Country Last Week 2,005,100 Barrels.

Production of crude oil in the United States averaged 2,005,100 barrels a day last week, the American Petroleum Institute announced yesterday. This is a reduction of 1,500 barrels from the revised estimate of the previous week, which was changed to include pools not previously reported. Increases were reported in Oklahoma, California, Wyoming, Montana, Colorado, Kansas and the Gulf Coast. These were offset by declines reported in Arkansas and North and Central Texas.

The detailed average daily production, as compared with last year, follows:

Daily Average Production.

(Figures in barrels.)

	1924		1923
	Aug. 2	July 26	Aug. 4
Oklahoma	487,850	485,150	474,450
Kansas	81,000	79,750	*82,350
North Texas	74,600	76,850	74,000
Central Texas	176,300	*179,600	195,300
North Louisiana	55,250	56,300	62,350
Arkansas	144,300	149,100	123,200
Gulf Coast	124,250	123,400	108,750
Eastern	107,500	107,600	113,500
Wyoming, Montana, Colorado	185,200	*184,500	183,000
California	628,800	634,200	651,000
Total	2,005,100	*2,006,600	2,240,900

*Revised account inclusion of pools not previously reported.

Receipts of California crude oil at Atlantic and Gulf ports aggregated 802,000 barrels last week, against 862,000 in the previous week. The movement of oil from California to the East is slowing down from the high levels reported early this year. Total receipts of such oil were 2,891,000 barrels in July, against 3,832,000 barrels in June.

Imports of foreign crude oils last week were 1,097,000 barrels, against 1,426,000 the week before. Imports for July were 7,360,000 barrels, against 7,841,000 for June.

Oil circles heard yesterday that salt water had invaded the new oil field in Colorado, where the Texas Company and the Transcontinental Oil Company brought in a test well opening up new territory. According to information obtained yesterday, the joint well in the Moffat Dome is showing a considerable amount of water. Developments in the field are keenly awaited in responsible oil trade circles, as the opening of this section was looked upon as the start of a new boom, only a short time ago.

FARMS TO BUY CARS AGAIN.

Prospects in Rural Regions Cheer Up Auto Manufacturers.

Prospective farm buying is one of the brightest signs in the automobile industry, according to Automotive Industries. Some improvement in retail demand is apparent, according to this publication. It says:

"Automobile producers are entering August with somewhat increased manufacturing programs, but with little likelihood at the outset that the 345,303 production figure of a year ago will be reached. The movement forward in operating schedules will continue to hinge on retail demand, which has shown some improvement and the probability of more active purchasing in September.

"Manufacturers believe that the farmer from now on will be a more important element in sales, due to higher prices for his products and the more cheerful feeling he entertains as a result. His appearance in the market as an appreciable buying factor will be reflected strongly in increased schedules in passenger car and truck producing plants. Already he has shown signs of entering the market for tractors."

Mid-Continent Oils Week.

Special to The New York Times.

TULSA, Okla., Aug. 7.—Mid-Continent refineries, 141 reporting, ran for the week ending Aug. 2 1,645,000 barrels of crude oil, a decrease of 3.1 per cent. compared with the previous week. Gasoline production was 27,504,000 gallons, a decrease of 4.4 per cent. Gasoline shipments were 24,688,000 gallons, an increase of 5.8 per cent. Gasoline stocks are 118,739,000 gallons, a decrease of 1.7 per cent.

Westinghouse at 75% of Capacity.

Plants of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company are operating as a whole at about 75 per cent. of capacity, according to Mr. Stoddard, president. Business from Japan this year will approximate $6,000,000, he

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	33⅛	33⅞
Adirondack Power & Light pf.	96	97½
Alabama Traction, Lt. & Power	46	47½
American Gas & Electric	75⅛	75⅞
American Gas & Electric pf.	45	46
American Light & Traction	129	130
American Light & Traction pf.	32	33
American Power & Light	325	327
American Power & Light pf.	90	92
American Public Utilities	78	80
Appalachian Power	70	75
Appalachian Power pf.	87	89
Arkansas Light & Power	53	..
Arkansas Light & Power pf.	81	83½
Carolina Light & Power	141	144
Cities Service	144	146
Cities Service pf.	76⅛	77⅛
Cities Service pf. B	78	79
Cities Service bankers' shares	14⅝	14⅞
Colorado Power	34	38
Colorado Power pf.	93½	94½
Columbus Ry., Power & Light	115	..
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf.	130	..
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf.	97	..
Commonwealth Power Corp.	83½	84½
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf.	79½	80½
Continental Gas & Electric	38	40
Continental Gas & E. partic.	77	82
Continental Gas & E. prior.	85½	90
Cont. Gas & Elec. Pr. pf., w. war	9	7
Consumers' Power 6% pf.	90	93
Eastern Texas Electric, stk.	68	70
Eastern Texas Electric pf.	97	..
Electric Railway Securities	13⅛	14⅛
Electric Bond & Share	101	102
El Paso Electric, new stock	66	68
Empire Gas & Fuel	87	91
Federal Utilities	10	..
Federal Utilities pf.	75	..
General Gas & Electric	5½	5⅝
General Gas & Elec. conv. pf. A	60	64
General Gas & Electric pf. A	101	104
General Gas & Electric pf. B	117	..
Galveston-Houston Electric	38	41
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	71	74
Illinois Power & Light pf.	93	95
Kentucky Securities Corp.	70	75
Kentucky Securities Corp. pf.	79	82
Lehigh Power Securities	73	75
Mich. Elec. pf. A	5	8
Mississippi River Power	29	31
Mississippi River Power pf.	87	89
Mountain States Power	35	37
Mountain States Power pf.	87	..
National Power & Light	128	131½
National Power & Light pf.	90	92
North Carolina Pub. Ser. pf.	90	91
Northern Ohio Electric	11½	13½
Northern Ohio Electric pf.	78½	80
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	52	56
Northern Ontario Lt. & Pow. pf.	70	72
Northern States Power	100	103
Northern States Power pf.	94	96
Northern Texas Electric	61	..
Northern Texas Electric pf.	70	73
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf.	90	..
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	90½	91½
Portland Ry., Lt. & P.	37	38
Portland Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	74	76
Power Securities Corp.	9	13
Power Sec. Corp. pf.	35	38
Puget Sound Power & Light	60	62
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 5% pf.	79	83
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 7% pf.	100½	104½
Republic Railway & Light	38½	39½
Republic Railway & Light 6% pf.	66	67½
Sierra Pacific Electric	17	19
Southern California Edison	98	99
Southern Cal. Edison 7% pf.	103	105
Southern Cal. Edison 8% pf.	118	..
So. Power & Light	24	..
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	49	50
Tampa Electric Co.	155	..
Tenn. Electric Power	57	57⅝
Tenn Electric Power 1st 6% pf.	79	81
Tenn. Electric Power 2d 6% pf.	63	65½
Tenn. Electric Power 7% pf.	92½	94
United Am. Eng. bankers' shares	15⅛	15⅝
United Gas & Electric	32	34
United Gas & Electric pf.	77	79
Vermont Hydro-Electric pf.	..	94
Western Power	29½	30½
Western Power 7% pf.	79½	80½
West Va. Lt., Heat & Power pf.	94½	96½
West. Penn. Power 7% pf.	102	104

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

Security.	Rate.	Issue.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (rescission)		1846	64	66
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., *1945	79⅝	80⅝
Belg. Restoration	5	1919	43	44
Belg. Prem.	7	1920	41	42
Bolivia	6	*1940	78½	80
Brazil	4½	1883	42	44
Brazil	4	1889	38	40
Brazil	5	1910	87½	88½
Brazil	5	1903	46	48
Brit. Exchequer	5½	*1923	87⅝	88⅝
British Fund	4	Mar., 1919	76⅝	78⅝
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	*1923-47	87⅝	88⅝
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	Oct., *1927	93⅝	95⅝
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	*1929	91⅝	93⅝
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	80⅝	82⅝
Canada	5	1937	102⅝	103⅝
Canada	5½	Nov., *1933	104⅝	105⅝
Cent. Pac. R. R. (Eur. iss.)	4	*1946	70	70⅝
Chi., Mil. & St. P. (Eur. iss.)	4		72⅝	73⅝
Chile	1st 5s	1911	77	79
City of Pelotas	5	1911	52	56
Colombia	6	1913	67	70
Costa Rica	5	1911	64	66
Cuba	4	*1929	99	100
French Gov. Vic.	5	Jan., 1931	37	39
French Loan	4	1917	31	33
French Loan	5	1920	45⅝	47⅝
French Loan	6	1920	45⅝	47⅝
Italian War Loan	5		43⅝	45⅝
Paris-Orleans Ry.	6	*1956	44	47⅝
Midi R.	6	*1960	44	47⅝
Russian rentes	4	1894	7⅝	8⅝
Uruguay	5	1919	67	69

*Maturity date.

CANADIAN SECURITIES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Alberta	5s	1926	100⅝	101⅝
Alberta	5s	1943	95⅝	100
Alberta	5½s	1928	101⅝	102⅝
Alberta	5½s	1947	103⅝	104⅝
British Columbia	4½s	1926	100	100⅝
British Columbia	5s	1925	100⅝	100⅝
British Columbia	5s	1948	98⅝	100
British Columbia	6s	1924	102	102⅝
Calgary	5s	1933	94	96
Edmonton	5½s	1947	97	99
Manitoba	5s	1928	100⅝	101⅝
Manitoba	6s	1946	108⅝	110
Montreal	5s	1954-68	98	100⅝
New Brunswick	5s	1931	104	105⅝
Nova Scotia	5s	1925	101	101⅝
Nova Scotia	6s	1930	104	105⅝
Ontario	5s	1926	100⅝	101⅝
Ontario	5s	1942	100	101⅝
Ontario	5½s	1937	103⅝	104⅝
Ontario	6s	1943	108⅝	110⅝
Quebec	5s	1926	100⅝	101⅝
Saskatchewan	5s	1943	98⅝	100
Saskatchewan	6s	1927	102⅝	103⅝
Toronto	5s	1927	98⅝	100
Winnipeg	5s	1943	98⅝	100

GUARANTEED STOCKS.

Company.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Alb. & Susquehanna R. R.	11	192	196
Atlanta & Char. Air Line	5	169	172
Canadian Southern R. R.	3	54	56
Cleve. & Pitts. R. R.	7	69⅝	70⅝
Erie & Kalamazoo	*5½	77	80
Ft. Wayne & Jack. pf.	5½	103	105
Georgia R. R. & Bank	10	190	198
Gold & Stock Telegraph	6	106	111
Lackawanna R. R. of N. J.	4	79	80½
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	3	59	60
Morris & Essex R. R.	7½	77½	79
Mobile & Birmingham pf.	4	44	48
N. Y., Pa. & N. R. R.	5	99	101
Northern R. R. of N. J.	5	58	61
Oswego & Syracuse	5	85	87
Pitts., Boston & L. E.	4	29	30
Do pf.	4	58	60
R., Fl. W. & Chicago	7	138½	140½
Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R.	7	113½	115
United N. J. R. R. & Can.	10	199	201
Utica, Ched. & Susq.	5	114	117
Valley R. R.	8	97	100
Warren R. R.	7	68	69

*Dividend subject to Federal income tax.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	320	322	Fifth Nat.	245	255
Am Exch	315	318	First	1835	1845
Am Union	160	..	Garfield	300	305
Bank of U S	190	196	Gotham	122	132
Bowery	500	..	Greenwich	375	400
Bryant Park	165	..	Harriman	350	..
Bway Cent.	140	..	Hanover	1000	..
Bronx Boro	350	..	Manhat Co.	160	165
Bronx Nat.	150	..	Mech & M.	368	375
Butch & D.	135	..	Mutual	390	415
Capitol Nat.	170	175	Nat Amer.	133	145
Cent Merc.	146	173	New Neth.	150	160
Chase	350	354	Pacific	300	..
Chat & Phen	215	218	Penn Exch.	105	..
Chelsea Ex.	150	160	Park	445	450
Chemical	562	568	Public	385	395
City	330	335	Port Morris	182	..
Coal & Iron	330	..	Queensboro N.	168	175
Colonial	400	..	Seaboard	410	430
Commerce	234	239	Seventh Av.	95	..
Com'wealth	245	..	Standard	260	275
Continental	140	..	State	370	..
Corn Exch.	442	446	23d Ward	180	..
Cosmopolitan	115	125	Trade Bank	145	..
East River	200	..	Wash Hts.	205	..
Fifth Av.	1150	..	Yorkville	1200	..

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	100	..	M'facturers	393	400
Am Surety	103	108	Metropolitan	340	350
Bankers & T.	350	..	Mtg Bond	112	120
Bk-Bro Sec.	360	365	Mut T of W.	126	..
Bond & Mtg.	418	428	Nat Surety	155	160
Brooklyn	245	..	New York	323	328
Cent Union	580	605	N Y Tit & Mtg.	237	244
Equity	320	360	People's	425	..
Equitable	325	330	Realty Assoc.	140	150
Farm L & T.	700	715	Do 1st pf.	80	88
Fid. Inti.	94	..	Do 2d pf.	70	75
Fulton	290	..	Title Guar.	407	413
Guaranty	270	275	Unit States	1490	1510
Hudson	240	..	U S Title G.	180	..
Irving-Chel.	225	230	U S Mtg.	310	..
Kings Co.	1000	..	Westchester	124	..
Lawyers Mtg.	168	175	West T & T.	250	260
Lawyers T.	302	307			

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Am Alliance	265	275	Great Amer.	135	..
Carolina	30	34	Hanover	117	127
City N Y	217	222	Home	332	338
Commercial	94	98	Nat Lib.	206	..
Fid-Phenix	185	194	Niagara	153	160
Fid-Cas	80	..	Pat Fire Ba.	132	..
Franklin	241	247	Stuyvesant	135	140
Globe & R.	240	250	Union Fire	180	..
Globe & E.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quotations are in percentages basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1925	5	4.50	4.60
Do	1926	5½	5.00	4.85
B. & O.	1925	4½	4.60	4.70
Do	1925	5	4.90	4.80
Bethlehem St.	1925	5	4.50	4.65
Roc. & Albany	1924-31	4½	5.00	4.75
Brit. R. & P.	1925-26	4½&6	4.75	4.60
Canadian Nor.	1924-26	4	4.20	4.00
Can. Pacific	1924-26	4½&6	5.00	4.75
C. R. R. of N.J.	1925-32	6	4.87	4.80
Do	1925-32	7	5.25	5.00
Cent. of Ga. Ry.	1925-34	5	5.25	4.87
Ches. & Ohio	1925-30	6	4.60	4.75
Do	1926-27	5½&6	5.10	4.90
Do	1925-35	6	5.25	5.10
Chi. & Alton	1924-32	7	5.75	5.40
Chi., Bur. & Q.	1925-32	6	5.25	5.05
Chi., M. & St.P.	1924-29	5½	5.50	5.40
Do	1925-34	6	5.60	5.35
Chi. & North'w.	1925-35	6	5.30	5.05
Do	1925-35	5	5.10	4.90
C., St. L. & Pac.	1924-29	4½	5.15	4.90
Do	1925-34	6	5.60	5.30
C. St. P., M. & O.	1925-31	7	5.50	5.40
C., C., C. & St. L.	1925-29	5	5.00	4.75
Do	1925-34	6	5.35	5.00
Col. & South.	1925-34	6	5.50	5.20
Del. & Hudson	1925-34	6	5.25	5.00
Erie R. R.	1924-31	4½&5	5.25	5.00
Do	1924-34	6	5.40	5.15
Pit. Grow. Ex.	1924-32	5½%	5.50	4.50
Gt. North'n Ry.	1924-34	5	5.00	4.75
Do	1925-34	6	5.25	5.00
Hocking Valley	1925-34	5	5.15	5.00
Do	1925-35	6	5.60	4.70
Illinois Central	1924-34	5	5.40	5.10
Do	1925-35	4½&5.7	4.90	4.75
Do	1925-35	6	5.25	5.00
Kan. City So.	1925-34	5½	5.50	5.05
Do	1925-34	6	5.50	5.30
Long Island	1924-34	4½	4.45	5.15
Louis. & Nash.	1924-34	4½&5	4.95	4.75
Do	1925-34	6	5.25	5.00
Do	1925-34	5½	5.35	4.85
Michigan Cent.	1924-32	5½	5.05	4.85
Do	1925-34	6	5.25	5.00
M., St.P. & SSM.	1924-32	4½&5	5.20	4.85
Do	1925-34	6	5.50	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1925-34	4½&7	5.40	5.00
Missouri Pac.	1925-34	5	5.25	5.25
Do	1924-34	6	5.40	5.15
N. Y. Central	1924-34	5½&6	4.90	4.70
Do	1925-34	6	5.25	5.00
Do	1925-35	7	5.25	4.85
N.Y., C. & St. L.	1924-34	4½&5	5.05	4.75
N.Y., N.H. & H.	1924-34	4½&5	5.30	5.10
Do	1924-34	6	5.60	5.40
Norfolk & W.	1925-34	4½	4.80	4.60
Northern Pac.	1925-33	4½&7	5.00	4.85
Pac. Fr. Exp.	1925-35	7	5.05	4.85
Penn. R. R.	1925-35	6	4.80	4.70
Do	1925-35	5	4.90	4.75
Pere Marquette	1924-34	5	5.00	4.85
Pitts. & L. E.	1924-34	4½	5.50	5.35
Reading Co.	1925-35	4½&5.5	5.15	4.90
Seaboard A. L.	1924-34	5½&6	5.60	5.25
Southern Pac.	1924-34	4½&5	4.90	4.70
Do	1924-34	6	5.20	5.00
Do	1925-35	7	5.20	5.00
Southern Ry.	1924-34	4½&5	5.05	4.75
Do	1924-34	6	5.10	4.80
Do	1925-35	5	5.60	5.25
St. L. Southw.	1924-34	5½	5.60	5.10
Union Pacific	1925-34	4	4.65	4.30
Do	1925-35	7	4.85	4.75
Virginian Ry.	1925-35	6	5.00	4.85
Do	1924-34	6	5.60	5.35
Wabash R. R.	1925-34	6	5.50	5.25
Western Md.	1924-34	5	5.35	5.10
Do	1925-35	5½	5.70	5.25
Western Pac.	1924-34	5½	5.35	5.10
Wheel. & L. E.	1925-34	5	5.37	5.10
Do	1925-35	5½	5.70	5.50

The above quotations are for average maturities only.

JOINT STOCK LAND BANK BONDS.

Bank of Issue.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.
Chicago of Chicago, Ill.	4½	1943-53	100⅝	101
Chicago of Chicago, Ill.	5	1943-53	99⅝	100⅝
First of Montgomery, Ala.	5	1954-64	99⅝	101
Wichita, Kan.	5	1954-64	99⅝	101⅝
Kansas City of Kansas City, Mo.	5	1953-63	100	101⅝
Denver, Col.	5	1954-64	99⅝	101
Bankers of Milwaukee, Wis.	5	1930-34	99⅝	100⅝
Bankers of Milwaukee, Wis.	5	1923-33	100⅝	101⅝
Virginian of Charleston, W. Va.	5	1953-63	99⅝	101
Sioux City, Iowa	5	1930-34	99⅝	100⅝
Lincoln of Lincoln, Neb.	5	1931-51	99⅝	101⅝
Lincoln of Lincoln, Neb.	5	1934-38	99½	101⅝
Fremont, Neb.	5	1953-63	99⅝	101
First Texas of Houston, Texas	5	1943-53	99⅝	100
First Texas of Houston, Texas	5	1929-34	98	100
First Carolines	5	1952-62	99⅝	100⅝
Pacific Coast, Los Angeles	5	1953-63	99⅝	101⅝
California of San Francisco, Cal.	5	1934-54	99⅝	101
California of San Francisco, Cal.	5½	1951-61	101	103
Dallas of Dallas, Texas	5	1952-62	99⅝	101⅝
Dallas of Dallas, Texas	5½	1951-61	101	103
Southern Minn. of Redwood Falls	5	1952-62	100	101⅝
Monticello, Ill.	5	1939-34	99⅝	100⅝
First of Fort Wayne, Ind.	5	1929-34	100	101⅝
First of Fort Wayne, Ind.	5	1952-62	100	101⅝
Lexington, Ky.	5	1953-63	100⅝	101⅝
New York and New Jersey	5	1953-63	100	101⅝
New York and Pennsylvania	5	1953-63	100	101⅝

Interest payable semi-annually.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Lt. 6s, 1950	102	103
American Gas & Elec. 6s, 2014	96	97
American Power & Light 6s	93⅝	94⅝
Appalachian Power 1st 5s, 1941	93⅝	94⅝
Arkansas L. & Power 6s, 1945	98⅝	100
Cities Service debenture A	123	..
Cities Service debenture C	98⅝	..
Cities Service debenture D	89½	97⅝
Colorado Power 1st 5s, 1953	91	92
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 6s, 1947	103	..
Connecticut Power 5s, 1963	95	96
East Texas Electric 6s, 1943	99½	..
El Paso Electric 5s, 1949	96	97
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	54	..
General Gas & Electric 7s, 1935	97	101
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1953	93⅝	103⅝
Lehigh Power 6s, 1927	100½	101½
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	96	97
Mississippi River Power 7s, 1935	102	103
National Power & Light 7s	77	80
Newp't News & H. Ry., G.&E. 6s	77	80
No. Car. Pub. Ser. 5s, 1934	87½	91
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	92	95
Puget Sound P. & L. 5½s, 1941	102	100
Savannah El. & P. 7s, 1941	104⅝	..
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	96	..
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1935	91	95⅝
Tampa Electric 5s, 1952	78	..
Western States Gas & Electric 5s	63	..

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Asked.	Bid.
4½s, December, 1971	106⅝	107⅝	106⅝
4½s, July, 1967	106½	107	106⅝
4½s, June, 1965	106½	106⅝	106⅝
4½s, March, 1963	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝
4½s, May, 1957	105	105⅝	106
4½s, November, 1957	106	106⅝	106
4½s, June, 1934	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
4½s, April, 1972	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
4½s, April, 1962	102	102⅝	102
4½s, March, 1963	102	102⅝	102
4½s, September, 1960	102	102⅝	102
4½s, March, 1960-30	101	101⅝	101
4s, May, 1959	99⅝	99	99⅝
4s, May, 1958	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
4s, November, 1956	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3½s, November, 1962	89⅝	90⅝	89⅝
3½s, November, 1961	89⅝	90⅝	89⅝
3½s, May, 1954	89⅝	90⅝	89⅝

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1948	4.15	4.05	4.15
4½s, 1924-1930	4.05	..	4.05
4½s, 1925-1951	4.05	..	4.05

NEW YORK STATE BONDS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Asked.	Bid.
4½s, January, 1964	113⅝	114	112⅝
4½s, September, 1965	112⅝	114	112⅝
4½s, March, 1965	108	..	108
4½s, January, 1965	108	..	108
4½s, January, 1948	106	..	106
4s, 1960-67	105⅝	106	105⅝
4s, 1958-67	102⅝	103	103⅝
4s, January, 1942-43	102	103	102

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3s, Jan. and March, '25-'30	2.50	2.50	2.96
3s, Jan. and March, '31-'40	2.95	2.95	3.05
3s, Jan. and March, '41-'70	3.05	3.05	3.05

UNITED STATES INSULAR AND TERRITORIAL BONDS.

	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.
Territory of Hawaii	4	May, 1946-58	96	97
Territory of Hawaii	4½	Apr., 1954-44	101	103
Philippine Gov't	4½	July, 1952	100	101
Philippine Gov't	4	Feb., 1934	100	101
Philippine Gov't	4½	Aug., 1941	104⅝	105⅝
Porto Rico	4	Jan., 1942-52	96⅝	97⅝

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday. Bid.	Ask.
Copper, elec.	12.25	..	12.25	..
Tin, std. spot	41.00⅝	..	41.50	..
Lead, N.Y. spot	7.00	..	7.00	..
Zinc, N.Y. spot	6.85	..	6.80	..
Antimony	6.87½	6.12½	6.87½	6.12½
Quicksilver	93.00	..	92.00	..
Aluminum	26.26	28.00	26.26	28.00
Iron, Sp. sil.	22.22	22.72	22.22	22.72

London quotations were:

	Yesterday.		Wednesday.	
	£	s.	£	s.
Copper, spot	62	17	63	5
Copper, futures	63	17	63	5
Tin, spot	268	0	269	10
Tin, futures	264	0	262	10
Spelter, spot	32	15	32	10
Spelter, futures	32	7	32	10
Lead, spot	33	5	33	15
Lead, futures	33	12	33	17

FEDERAL LAND

American Super Power
COMMON
Atlantic & Birmingham
1ST 5S
Atl. B'gham & Atl.
INC. 5S
N. Y. Railways, Inc.
5S & PFD. STOCK W. I.
Kansas City Railways
ALL ISSUES
Mercantile Stores
Richmond Radiator
COMMON
So. Cities Utilities
COMMON
Western Maryland
1ST PFD.
Wm. C. Orton & Co.
54 Wall St., N.Y. Tel Hanover 9690-9697

Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.
Manufacturers of Locks, Builders Hardware, etc.
Circular sent upon request
Stone, Prosser & Doty
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
52 William Street New York
Telephone Hanover 9728

Amer. Typefounders Co.
Borden Co. Com. & Pfd.
Buoyrus Co. Com. & Pfd.
Foundation Co. Pfd.
Hall Switch & Signal
Piedmont & North. Ry. Co.
Wickwire Spencer Steel Pfd.
KIELY & HORTON
40 Wall St. New York.
PHONES: JOHN 4260-4261

Yale & Towne
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Kearns & Williams
61 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Whitehall 3750
Private telephones to Hartford and Boston

Babcock & Wilcox
Anchor Insurance Preferred
Lake Shore Electric 6s, 1933
Gen. Gas & Electric 5s, 1932
N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. 5s, '32
Port of Havana Dock 5s, '41
Taylor & White
66 Broadway, N.Y. Tel. Whitehall 8560

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Cyanamid
Bucyrus Company
Electrical Util. Com.
J.K.Rice,Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Central Mercantile Bank
HOIT, ROSE & TROSTER
2 Rector Street Whitehall 1620
Adams Express 4s, 1947
International Salt 5s, 1951
N. J. Steamboat 5s, 1921
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1885 Tel. Dy Or 1320
WIRE CONNECTIONS
BOSTON-PROVIDENCE-PHILA-PITTSBURGH-CLEVELAND

RAIN BRINGS BREAK IN COTTON PRICES

Texas's Share of the Moisture, However, Is Slight, and the News Starts a Rally.

CROP REPORT DUE TODAY

Average Guess of 68 Members of the Exchange Is for a Condition Estimate of 68.1.

The most extensive rainfall that has occurred in the cotton belt in a month brought a sharp break in prices yesterday. But when official details showed only two stations in Texas had from an inch to two inches though fifteen points reported precipitation of less than an inch, aggressive professional buying started a recovery of over half a cent and left final quotations 14 to 22 points lower than Wednesday. The average guess of sixty-eight members of the Exchange on today's Government report was 68.1, compared with 68.5 in the last Bureau report of July 21. A large volume of business was transacted, lowest records being made soon after the opening.

State weather details reflected rainfall of an inch to over two inches at twelve stations in the belt, while fifty-six stations reported moisture ranging from a trace to nearly an inch. Arkansas seemed to be the centre, with either rains or showers reaching out in all directions from that region.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
October	27.80	28.18	27.52	28.06-.10	28.20
December	27.10	27.85	26.94	27.40-.43	27.58
January	26.90	27.43	26.85	27.32	27.41
March	27.10	27.66	27.06	27.47-.51	27.49
May	27.28	27.65	27.15	27.62-.68	27.63

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 15 points down, 31.10c. for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29.85c. unchanged; New Orleans, 28.25c, 9 points down; Savannah, 28.85c, 15 points down; Augusta, 29.13c, 12 points down; Memphis, 29.00c, unchanged; Houston, 29.65c, 10 points down; Little Rock, 29.00c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	1,865	9,864	5,056
Exports	.....	41,000	4,916
Exports, season	17,185	5,800,646	44,729
New York stocks	74,592	83,777	23,402
Ports stocks	220,660	247,491	171,943
New York arrivals	1,219	3,238	3,977

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton good inquiry, 43 points decline, 17.27d for middling. Sales, 6,000, of which American, 3,000. Imports, 3,000 bales. Futures opened weak, 34 to 52 points decline; closed barely steady, 56 to 59 points decline. Prices: Oct. 15.85d, Dec. 15.52d, Jan. 15.52d, March 15.45d.

Manchester: Yarns easier. Cloths good inquiry.

DISPUTE OVER ESTATE.

Widow of William J. Brennan Seeks Property From Relatives.

Mrs. Mary J. Brennan, widow of William J. Brennan, pugilist, who was killed July 15 last, obtained an order from Surrogate Foley yesterday requiring the pugilist's sister, Mrs. Shirley Sherwan, and her brother, Sidney Shanks, to show cause why they should not surrender certain property belonging to Brennan's estate.

Mrs. Brennan, who is administratrix of her husband's estate, asserts that on the day following her husband's death, her sister-in-law and brother-in-law took papers and valuables belonging to her husband from their apartment at 551 West 171st Street.

Approve Capital Stock Reduction.

Stockholders of Wells, Fargo & Co. have approved the proposition to reduce capital stock from $12,000,000 to $240,000 by reducing the par value of the stock from $50 to $1 a share, and to distribute the sum of $5 in cash and two-fifths of a share of American Railway Express Company stock, now held by the company, for each share of Wells Fargo & Co. stock. The last distribution of assets of Wells Fargo & Co. was in February, 1923, when the capital stock was reduced from $100 to $50 par value, the reduction being effected by payment in cash out of capital assets of $50 a share.

Mexican Seaboard Oil Report.

The Mexican Seaboard Oil Company, for the quarter ended June 30, reports gross sales of $2,677,282, against $1,295,760 in the corresponding period last year, and net profit of $1,096,416, after expenses, but before providing for depletion and tax reserves. In the same quarter last year the company reported a deficit of $21,355 after the same deductions.

Georgia Railway & Power Issue.

The Georgia Railway and Power Company, it was reported yesterday, will authorize a charter amendment for the issue of $2,500,000 first preferred stock, the proceeds to be put into 1924 development work. Completion of the Terrora developments and other hydro-electric construction will be taken care of with the issue.

Druggist Syndicate Report.

The American Druggist Syndicate and subsidiaries reported yesterday an operating profit of $83,898 for the first six months of this year, against a loss of $38,841 in the same period of 1923.

McCrory Sales Keep Climbing.

The McCrory Stores Corporation reports gross sales of $1,898,978 in July, against $1,618,535 a year ago. Gross sales for seven months were $12,624,955, against $10,091,637 last year.

Refined Sugar Down 15 Points.

The American Sugar Refining Company yesterday announced a reduction of 15 points in the price of refined sugar to 6.60 cents a pound.

Directors of 2 Roads to Meet.

Directors of the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific meet on Aug. 14 for dividend action.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Seaboard National Bank has been appointed trustee under agreement of July 1, covering $3,000,000 five year 5½ per cent. sinking fund gold notes of the White Eagle Oil & Refining Company.

Wallace L. Conner, for many years Secretary of the Summer Savings Bank, has become associated with the Manufacturers Trust Company as an Assistant Secretary and will be at the 774 Broadway, Brooklyn, office.

Paul S. Bassett of the bond department of the City Bank Trust Company, Syracuse, has become associated with Frederick Peirce & Co. of New York and Philadelphia as representative in Syracuse and vicinity.

The Empire Trust Company has been appointed paying agent for the interest on the 7 per cent. waterworks bonds of the City of Lake Alfred, Fla.

Clements J. S. Hallett, formerly associated with Frederick H. Hatch & Co., is now connected with Henry D. Lindsley & Co. in charge of their Canadian bond department.

George H. Rock has become associated with A. D. Feitelberg & Co.

Lynch, Williams & Thompson are distributing a weekly bulletin on stocks of New York and Brooklyn banks and trust companies, insurance companies, title and mortgage companies, Standard oils and a selected list of industrials and public utilities.

Greer, Crane & Welsh announce that Norman F. Patton, formerly with the National City Company, is now associated with them.

Live Stock Prices at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Best hogs sold up to $10.35, but the market was decidedly irregular and was quoted 25 cents higher to 15 cents lower on various kinds. A improved shipping demand made the finish at about the best prices. Average for the day was $9.60. Lambs were generally steady. Beef cattle were in better demand and slightly firmer.

Telautograph Corporation Report.

The Telautograph Corporation reports gross income of $259,151 and net profit of $46,338 for the six months ended June 30. The net profits were equal to $6.71 a share earned on the $750,000 of preferred stock outstanding. The company announced that in the future it would issue earnings statements quarterly.

Kress & Co. Show Sales Increase.

Sales of $3,098,880 for July, an increase of $546,771 over July, 1923, was reported yesterday by S. H. Kress & Co. For the first seven months of this year the sales were $19,736,727, an increase of $2,896,928 over the corresponding period last year.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUG. 7, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adir Pr&Lt.	32	32	32
100	AlPkrs pr pf	89	89	89
200	Am Cot Pak cum pf	97	97	97
410	Am L&T. C.	130	128	128
95	Am P & L.	333	330	333
100	Am Strs n.	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
10	Ark L&P pf	90¾	90¾	90¾
300	Atl Fruit & Sugar, w i	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,900	BkynCityRR	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
190	Burr Adding Mach, new	55	55	55
300	Car Lt & Pr	51c	51c	51c
100	Chattert'nAd	12	12	12
100	Do pf	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
400	ChiNipple,A, new	36	36	36
100	Childs, new	36½	36½	36½
100	Clevel'dMtrs	21½	21½	21½
100	Cunwith Pwr	93¾	93½	93½
20	Do pf	79	79	79
50	D,L&W Coal	108½	108	108½
2,800	DubilierC&R	46	44½	44½
100	Du P Mtrs.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
500	Durant Mtrs	19½	18⅞	19
10	E Penn Elec	39	39	39
10	Elec B&Sp	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
100	Elec Ry Sup	14	14	14
600	Film Insp M	4	3¾	4
80	Founds. pf	95	95½	95½
2,700	Gen Motors, new, w i	59⅝	59⅛	59⅛
170	Gillette S R.	291	290	291
100	Ginter	27½	27½	27½
200	GlenAldCoal	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞
300	G'dyrTAR	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
700	Haseltine	25	24⅞	25
400	Heyden Ch.	1	1⅛	1⅛
100	Hud & Man	21	21	21
500	Hudson, pf	89	88⅞	89
100	IntercontRub	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,100	Kay Solother	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,600	Lehigh P. S.	77	75	75½
23,200	Leh Val Coal cfts. new	41	39⅝	40⅝
100	Membl Iron	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
20	MidWUtil pf	96	96	96
600	Midvale	23⅝	23½	23⅝
50	Nat Tea, n.	222	220½	220½
80	N Y Tel, pf.	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞
19	Parke Davis	78½	78½	78½
2,500	Radio Corp.	5⅝	5½	5½
7,900	Do pf	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
400	Do new, Cl A, w i	38	36½	38
700	Do pf, w i	43	42⅞	43⅞
200	Rheum G pf	47	46⅞	46⅞
2,400	Rova, Radio S T C	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛
5,300	Silica Gel v t cfts. new	22½	18½	19½
20	So Cal Ed	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
30	Do pf	91	91	91
7,000	SouthernCAl	5c	5c	5c
100	Stand Mtrs	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
800	Std Pub, A	25½	25½	25½
100	Stuts Motor	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
200	Tenn El Pr	86	86	86
350	Do 2d pf	105¼	105¼	105¼
500	Thomson Radio v t c	16⅝	16½	16½
100	Tob P Exp	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Union C & C	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
500	Un G&E,new	33½	32⅝	33½
800	UnRstCndy, Cl A	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
700	UnStoMach	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
400	Ward, Bak, A	96½	96½	96½
1,600	Do Cl B	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
10	Wahl Co	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
100	WarMalCast	21	21	21
700	Ware Radio	20	19⅝	19
20	West Power	29	29	29
100	YelTaxi, NY	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Anglo-Am	15¼	15¼	15¼
200	Atl Lobos	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
10	Buckeye P L	61	61	61
100	Humble Oil	36	36	36
80	Imper Oil tr Can,coupon	105	105	105
20	Indiana P L	90½	90½	90½
4,300	Int'l Pet	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛
20	MagnoliaPet	138	135½	138
100	Nat Transit	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
10	N Y Transit	94	94	94
200	Ohio Oil	59½	59½	59½
800	Penn-M Fuel	35⅝	34½	34½
800	Prairie O&G	215	211½	211½
270	Prairie P L	107	106⅝	107
20	South Penn	135	135	135
4,300	S O of Ind	58⅝	58	58
1,100	S O of Kan	40⅛	38½	39
200	S O of Ky	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞
1,400	S O of N Y	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
10	Swan&Finch	48	48	48
2,000	Vacuum Oil	64	63⅝	63⅝

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	Carib Synd	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
70	Cities Serv	144½	144	144
200	Do pf	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞
100	Do pf B	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
200	Do bkrs sh	14⅝	14½	14½
1,000	Do scrip	83	83	83
1,000	Do C scrip	70	70	70
800	Creole Synd	7⅛	7	7
100	Derby O & R	3	3	3
100	Gulf of Mex	59½	59½	59½
100	Kirby Pet	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
3,800	Lago Pet	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
5,000	LancsCrNoy	2c	2c	2c
400	LivStonPet	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
5,000	Mexico	21c	19c	19c
200	Mtn & Gulf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	Mtn Prods	18½	18½	18½
21,900	Mutual v t c	11⅝	11	11⅛
2,000	Ohio Ranger	8c	8c	8c
200	Omar O & G	55c	55c	55c
5,000	Penn Beaver	45c	40c	45c
1,600	Pennok	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝
300	Pierce Pet	7	7	7
4,600	Red Bank	58	52	52
3,000	RoyalCanada sub shares	6⅝	6	6⅛
200	Turman Oil	2	2	2
200	Un O of Cal Cl D, w i	132	132	132

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	Cor Silver	.16	.14	.16
500	Cres con, G	2½	2½	2½
200	Or King Con	1⅛	1	1⅛
200	Del Esper	.54	.53	.54
1,000	Di Goldfield	.17	.17	.17
E B (recor)				
3,000	Eus-Crossus	.07	.07	.07
1,000	Gold Deep	.03	.03	.03
2,000	Gold Flor	.13	.13	.13
7,900	Hard Shell	.03	.02	.02
15,000	Harmill Div	.25	.23	.23
100	Hecla	6	6	6
1,000	Hilit-New	.03	.03	.03
400	Howe Sd	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
13,000	Indep Lead	.11	.11	.11
700	Jer Y D Co	.26	.25	.25
8,600	Jib Cons	.75	.74	.74
1,900	Kay Cop	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Lone S Com	.08	.08	.08
1,000	Lorr Cons	.16	.16	.16
2,000	Lorr Sel S.	.40	.40	.40
2,000	McN C D C	.01	.01	.01
1,000	McN M & M	.01	.01	.01
1,000	Nev Hills	.38	.35	.35
100	New Corne's	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
80	N J Zinc	155	154	154
1,000	N Y Porcu	.19	.19	.19
100	Nipissing	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
1,500	Ohio Cop	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,600	Plym L	.68	.66	.67
500	Prem Gold	2½	2	2
6,000	RedWarrior	.62	.58	.60
500	Rocky Mtn.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,300	Do pf	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
500	S A Gd & Pt	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
10,000	Spear H Gd	.08	.07	.08
200	Tonopah Bel	.84	.82	.82
300	Tonop Ext	2½	2½	2½
300	Tonop Min	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
2,000	U S Cont n	.18	.17	.17
200	Walker n	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
400	Wenden Cop	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	W End Ext	.12	.12	.12
5,000	White G M	.04	.04	.04

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4	Al P p t 5s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
1	Al C Am 7s	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
9	Am G & E 5s	95	94⅞	94⅞
1	Am Rolld 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1	Anacon 6s	103¼	103¼	103¼
2	Anglo-AOil 7½s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
6	Asso Hd 6½s	79	79	79
21	At G&W I col tr 5s	54	53⅝	53⅝
12	Beaverbd 6s	79⅝	79	79⅝
2	Beav P 7½s	100	100	100
7	Can NRy 7s	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
3	Cities S 7s	97	97	97
2	Chile C 6s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1	Con G E L & P Balt 5½s	101¼	101¼	101¼
5	Do SD6½s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
1	Con P & L 6½s Ser A	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
8	Con Text 8s	80	79⅝	80
1	Cuban T Co 1st inkt mtg g 5s	106¼	106¼	106¼
8	Cud P G 5½s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
8	Deere & Co 7½s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
3	Detroit City G C el A 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103
14	Det Ed 5s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
6	Dunlop T & R, Am SrA7s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
9	Fed Sug 6s	100¼	100	100
1	Fisher B 6s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
53	Do 6s	102¼	102⅛	102⅛
1	Robt Gair Co 1st mtg 7s	99	99	99
4	Galena S O 7s	105¾	105¼	105¼
6	Gen Pet 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1	Gd Trunk 6½s	108	108	108
5	Gulf O of Penn 5s	97	96⅞	96⅞
22	Internat Match 6½s	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛
2	Kan City Term 4½s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
13	Ken Cop 7s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
4	Leh Pwr Secur 6s	101	101	101
4	Leh Val Harb Term 5s	101	100⅝	101
38	Lehigh Val 5s, 2003, w i	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
8	Libby 7s	100	100	100
12	Mo Pacific 5s, '27, w i	100	99⅞	100
15	Nat Leath 8s	99	99	99
18	NewOrleansServ Ser A 5s, '52	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
15	NorthStatesPwr 6½s, '23	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
2	Ohio Power 5s, '52, Ser B	88	88	88
1	Penn P & L 5s, '52, Ser B	92½	92½	92½
10	Phil 2d 5½s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
21	Pub Serv of N J 6s, '44, w i	96⅝	96	96⅝
52	Do gold7s, '41	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
12	Pure Oil 6½s, Ser A, '33	95⅝	95	95⅝
10	Solvay 6s, '34	101	100⅝	101
5	ShawsheenMills 10-yr 7s, '31	104	104	104
14	Std Gas & Elec 6½s, '54	96⅝	96	96⅝
5	S O N Y 7s, '26	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
1	Do 7s, '27	106	106	106
9	Do 7s, '29	106¼	106¼	106¼
1	Do 7s, '31	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
5	Sum Oil 7s, '31	103	103	103
21	Swift 5s, '32	95	94⅝	94⅝
12	TexOil Pr 8s, '31	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
10	Un Elec L & P of Ill 5½s, '54	98	97⅞	98
5	Un Ry Rev 7½s, '56	106⅛	107⅞	107⅞
1	Vac Oil 7s, '33	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
13	Virginian Ry 5s, Ser A, '62	95⅞	95½	95⅞
2	Webster Mills 6½s, '33	103	103	103

FOREIGN BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Gt Con ElecPwr, Ltd,DaidoDenryokuKabushiki Kaisha Ser A 7s, '44, w i	91⅝	91½	91⅝
26	King of Norway 6s, '44, w i	97⅞	97½	97⅞
8	King of Neth 6s, Ser B, '72	98⅝	98½	98⅝
47	Russian 6½s	22	21½	20
21	Do 5½s, '21, ctfs	21	19½	19½
32	Do 5½s, '21	20½	19⅝	20½
155	Do 6½s, '19, ctfs	20½	19	19½
3	Swiss 5½s, '29	101	100⅝	100⅝
5	Do 5s, '26	100½	100½	100½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
160	All C & D	77⅛	77⅛	77⅛
370	Allis-Chalm.	55⅝	53⅝	55⅝
70	Am A G	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
80	Am A C pf	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
2,920	Am Can	129⅝	124⅝	125⅛
160	Am Chain	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
90	Am Ice	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
310	Am Inter	25⅝	25	25
170	Am Linseed	20	20	20
50	Am Loco	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
280	Am Radiat	112⅝	112	112⅝
295	Am Sugar R.	48⅝	48⅛	48⅛
80	Am S Tob.	8	8	8
202	Am T & T.	125¼	124⅝	125¼
160	Am Tob	155⅝	155⅝	155⅝
100	Am Tob B.	149⅝	149⅝	149⅝
285	Am Woolen	75	74	74
580	Anac Cop	36⅝	36	36
40	At T & S F.	104¼	104¼	104¼
150	At Bir & At	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
400	Atl G & W I	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
960	Atl Refin	56⅝	55⅝	56
970	Bald Loco	120⅝	119⅛	119⅝
590	Balt & Ohio	62⅝	62⅛	62⅛
150	Barns Cor A	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
50	Beechn Corp	51⅝	51⅛	51⅛
812	Beth Steel	44	43⅝	43⅝
155	Booth Fish.	5	5	5
810	Bklyn M Tr	26⅝	25⅝	25⅝
210	Burns Bros.	107⅝	107⅛	107⅛
100	Burns Bros B.	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
170	Butte & S.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
130	Butterick C.	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛
70	Cal Packing	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
220	Cal Pet	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
90	Cent L pf	49	49	49
310	Cer de P	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛
145	Chandler Mot.	49⅝	48⅝	48⅝
180	Ches & Ohio	91⅛	90⅝	91⅛
190	Chi M & St P	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
525	Chi Mail Pkt	3	2⅝	2⅝
380	Chi & NtWw.	42⅝	42	42
170	Chi R I & P	33⅝	33	33
90	Chi & E I.	39	38	38
220	Chile Copper	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
170	Cluett Pea.	60	60	60
70	Coca-Cola	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛
740	Col F & I.	63⅝	63⅛	63⅝
130	Column Car	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
80	Col G & E.	40⅝	40⅛	40⅛
185	Con Gas	70⅛	69⅝	70⅛
400	Con Textile.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛
70	Cont'l Can	57⅛	57	57⅛
200	CorProdRef	33	33	33
900	Cosden Co	28	27⅛	27⅝
100	Cuban Dist.	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝
530	Cuban-A Sug	31	30⅝	30⅝
190	Cuba C S pf	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝
840	Cuyamel Frt	54⅝	52⅝	53⅛
120	Daniel Boone Mills	13⅝	12½	12½
5,430	Davison Ch.	57⅝	52⅝	54½
290	D, L & W.	137⅛	132⅝	137⅛
810	Du P de Ne.	130⅝	130⅛	130⅛
100	Douglas Pec	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
80	Eaton Axle	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
171	Endic't-John	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
290	Erie	34	32⅝	34
650	Famous Play	85⅝	82⅝	83
520	Fed M&S pf.	48⅛	47⅝	48
80	Fisk Rubber	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
10	Fleischmann	69⅝	69⅛	69⅝
75	Freeptl Tex.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
80	Gen Pet	43⅛	42½	42½
75	Gen Asphalt	48	42⅝	42⅝
35	Gen Cigar	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝
970	Gen Elec	279⅝	276½	277⅛
180	Do Special	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
626	Gen Motors	15⅛	15	15⅛
190	Gt North pf	65⅝	64⅝	65⅝
180	Gulf St Steel	74	72	73⅝
70	Gold Dust	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
170	Interboro RT	20⅝	20	20
80	Int Cental	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
30	Inland Steel	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
60	Inspira Cop.	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
130	Int'l Combus	26	25⅝	26
150	Int'l Harv.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
810	Int'l Nickel	18	17⅝	17⅝
160	Int'l Paper	53⅝	52⅝	52⅝
50	InvincibleOil	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
100	Ind Oil & G.	7½	7½	7½
100	Jones Bros T	22⅝	22	22⅝
50	Kayser & Co	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
70	Kan City So	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
250	KellySprfldT	15	15	15
270	Kennec'tCop	46⅝	45⅝	45⅝
70	Kresge (S S.	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝
100	Lehigh Val.	50	50	50
150	Loose-WiRoc	64½	64⅝	64½
170	Lvlle & N.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
590	Mack Truck	95⅝	94⅝	94⅝
80	Magma Cop	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
800	Mallinson	34⅝	33⅝	34⅛
150	MathiesnAlk	39⅝	38⅝	38⅝
100	Man (M G)	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
180	MarlandOil	32	31⅝	31⅝
225	Maxwell A	51⅝	51	51⅛
150	Mid States Oil	1½	1½	1½
170	Mina & St L	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
50	Mo,Kan&Tex	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
50	Mo Pacific	18	18	18
310	Mo Pac pf	48	47⅝	47⅝
160	Moon Mtrs.	22	22	22
60	Mother L Cp

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Debenture Corporation Buys Four Buildings on Lower Broadway,

ARE VALUED AT $2,000,000

Long-Term Fulton Street Lease on Building, With Option to Purchase.

Downtown business properties were a strong feature of yesterday's realty market. In the old wholesale dry goods district the four eleven-story store and loft buildings at 530-538 Broadway and 55 Spring Street, composing the northeast corner of those thoroughfares, have been sold by the Prudential Debenture Corporation, composed of George Albert Moulton and Samuel Bogarsky, to the Ed-Jac Realty Corporation, with Jacob Stein, President, and Edward J. Gould, Treasurer.

The property is valued at around $2,000,000 and was bought by the sellers in July of last year from Joseph Lesser and associates.

It fronts 101 feet on Broadway and 125 feet on Spring Street. The property was scheduled to be sold in foreclosure proceedings on Monday last and the sale was adjourned until next Tuesday.

Big Fulton Street Lease.

Charles F. Noyes Company has concluded negotiations whereby Elias A. Cohen, President of the Broadway-John Street Corporation, has acquired from Herbert D. Robbins, executor of the estate of Matilda L. Robbins, 91-97 Fulton Street through to 74-84 Ann Street, five and six story buildings on a plot 100 by 120 and located fifty feet east of William Street.

Included in the deal also is the seven-story building at 79 Ann Street, opposite. The property was leased for twenty-one years with an option of twenty-one years more, but carries the right of purchase. The lease is on a net rental basis. McKesson & Robbins have been tenants in all or a portion of the property for the past ninety-one years, and the arrangements with Mr. Cohen are such that they can retain possession for several years. Mr. Cohen has made no plans for the development of the parcel just acquired.

Mercer and Green Street Lofts Sold.

Harry Caplin sold to Ida Lebenthal 272 Mercer Street, nine-story lofts and stores, 29.8 by 71 by 28 by 71, and to Loulena Holding Company 149 Spring Street, eight-story lofts and stores, 25 by 100.

The five-story business building, 143 Greene Street, 25 by 150, adjoining the corner of West Houston Street, has been sold by the Shamro Realty Corporation to the newly former Rogin Realty Corporation, headed by Frank Gindoff.

West Twenty-eighth Street Title.

Miller & Bernstein have taken title, in the name of the Milbern Realty Company, to the two five-story altered buildings at 9 and 11 West Twenty-eighth Street, recently reported sold.

The price paid was $150,000. The Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank has made a loan of $115,000 on the property for three years at 6½ per cent.

NEW APARTMENT

To Be Erected on West End Avenue by A. A. Campagna.

Armino A. Campagna, operator and builder, will replace a group of dwellings at the southwest corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street with a fifteen-story apartment which will represent an estimated investment of $1,500,000. It will contain suites of three and four rooms.

The various parcels were purchased as follows: 694 West End Avenue from the estate of William S. Champ; 696 from E. Sarasohn, who is the controller of the Jewish Daily News; 698 from Dr. Nelson S. Irwin; 272 and 276 from Joseph Pastryk, and 274 from Anthony Campagna and V. Cerebone. The whole plot measures about seventy-four feet on West End Avenue and 100 feet on Ninety-fourth Street. F. V. Calder & Co. were the brokers.

OPERATORS BUY IN HARLEM.

Purchase 120th Street Flat From Daughter of the Builder.

Murray Maran and Samuel Stain, operators, have purchased the seven-story apartment house at 42 West 120th Street. It was built by James Everard in 1896 and was sold by his daughter, Olga J. Hilliard. The rents are $20,000 and the property was held at $130,000. This is the first sale in twenty-six years.

Edward Kamak was the broker. The purchasers were represented by Gold & Maran, and the sellers by Alcott, Alcott & Glass.

Loan for Bronx Buildings.

The Standard National Corporation, Richard M. Lederer, President, has made a building loan of $92,000, through Jacob & Emil Leitner, Inc., to the Dangold Realty Corporation for the construction of eight two-family dwellings on lots 25 by 100 feet each on the block front on the north side of Seneca Avenue, from Hyde Street to Bryant Avenue, by Seeling & Finkelstein.

$500,000 Greenpoint Theatre Deal.

The Meserole Theatre on Manhattan Avenue, running through to Lorimer Street, in Greenpoint, has been sold by the Meserole Exhibition Company, Inc., 501 Brill, President, to a syndicate headed by William Small of Brooklyn for approximately $500,000. Miller & Wessel represented the seller, and Levy, Gutman & Goldberg the buyer.

Sells Tract Granted by King.

William J. Yates has sold for the Baroness de Graffenried a tract of about sixteen acres in the Croton Lake district and a commanding extensive view of the lake region and the Hudson River. It has been held by the family of the seller since the original grant of King George III.

Long Beach Auction Today.

Four hundred lots, houses, bungalows and apartment houses will be sold at auction today at Long Beach by William Kennelly, Inc. The sale will be held in a large tent at National Boulevard and Park Avenue, beginning at 2 o'clock.

New Dyckman Apartment.

Plans for a five-story apartment house to cost $150,000 were filed by W. I. Hohauser, architect, to be built on the northeast corner of Cooper and 207th Streets by the L. H. G. Holding and Construction Company, 3,139 Broadway.

West Sixteenth Street Sale.

The two five-story flats at 147 and 149 West Sixteenth Street, on a plot 44 by 100, have been purchased by Judge Edward Swann from Ennis & Sinnott. The broker was J. Irving Walsh.

Results at Auction.

At 44 Vesey St.

By Joseph P. Day.

[illegible]

SUBURBAN MARKET.

Buyers in Pelham Section—Long Island Activity.

Burke Stone, Inc., sold for Gustave Wanek his residence at 15 Witherbee Avenue, Pelham Manor, to Mrs. Oscar Wilmadar.

Prince & Ripley sold dwellings at Pelham Manor for Miles Breese, at 24 Highbrook Avenue, Pelhamwood, to E. Harold Fischer; for Lillian A. Wohlgemuth, at 311 Corlies Avenue, Pelham Heights, to Alice Gibson, and for Kenneth L. Peck, at 520 Pelhamdale Avenue, to Mary E. Nolan.

The Nordica Realty Corporation, Philip L. Bereano, President, purchased from the Nolan Realty Corporation nine one-family houses at Long Beach, each on a plot 40 by 100 feet. Five houses are on Westchester Street, three on Market Street and one on Hudson Street. The brokers were Pierre & Golden.

The Malba Estates Corporation, Champ & Dasey, sales directors, sold to Dr. Edward S. Smith the residence on Centre Drive at Malba-on-the-Sound.

George Serper & Co., Inc., sold houses in Astoria, near Sixth and Potter Avenues, to Alfred Variale, Albert Howell and Magdalena Cornowsky.

FORTY-FIRST STREET DEAL.

Chemists Acquire Old Home of the National Navy Club.

Burroughs, Wellcome & Co., chemists, who recently completed the office building at 9-11 East Forty-first Street, have acquired from Frank C. Titus the adjoining property at 11-13, the old home of the National Navy Club of New York.

The property was bought by Mr. Titus in May, 1923, for $291,500. It covers a plot 44 by 98.9 feet.

The new owners now control a frontage of eighty-eight feet adjoining the Rogers, Peet & Co. building at Fifth Avenue and Forty-first Street. The National Navy Club bought 93-95 Park Avenue for its new home.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

The four-story dwelling at 33 West Ninety-fourth Street has been sold by Leroy Coventry for Louise Tompkins. The same broker recently sold the house at 31, adjoining.

Ernest T. Bower has sold for Margaret Gaylor to the Ethell Holding Corporation the three-story dwelling at 142 West 127th Street, on plot 15 by 100.

The four-story dwelling at 37 West 130th Street, on plot 20 by 100 feet, has been sold by Jerome H. Frank to F. Henry.

Buys Eight West Side Houses.

The eight four-story dwellings at 107 and 121 West Ninety-third Street have been purchased by the No. 249 West Forty-ninth Street Corporation, with Frances B. Robert, Gladys Keating and Emily M. Roemer as Directors, from Dorothea H. and Alfred H. Simmons. The site fronts 133.1 feet with a depth of 100.8 feet and adjoins the northwest corner of Columbus Avenue.

Staten Island Deals.

James S. Graham has sold a plot 65 by 115 on the southwest corner of Hart and Forrest Avenues, New Brighton, to Albert G. Oxley.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold two lots at Elting Park, Elltingville, to Thomas Cirick of Tottenville.

TENEMENT INVESTMENTS.

Big Third Avenue Corner Sale—Lexington Avenue Deal.

The six basement building at 1,456-1,466 Third Avenue and 168-74 East Eighty-third Street, being the southwest corner of those thoroughfares, have been sold by Alexander Herman and others as trustees to the recently formed 180 West Thirty-fourth Street Company (Philip Meyrowitz). The frontage is 127.9 feet on the avenue and 140.6 feet on the street, with an irregular rear line. The property was sold for a stated consideration of $325,000.

The five-story tenement with stores at 429 East Eighty-eighth Street, lot 25 by 100, has been sold for the Cohen estate by Andresen & Bremer and O. D. & H. V. Dike. Harry Hurwitz represented the sellers as broker.

Frederick J. Fuerbach, Inc., sold for William A. Fuerbach the five-story tenement at 1,501 Second Avenue, 42 by 95, with the tenement at 530 East Eighty-fourth Street, 25 by 100, to Sebastian Pontillo and resold; for Louis Ortner the tenement at 1,322 Avenue A.

Isidor H. Kempner & Sons have sold the four-story tenement with stores at 623 Second Avenue to Charles Falco. The lot is 20.5 by 70 feet.

The Carmore Realty Company has sold to the Wilsain Holding Corporation the five-story tenement at the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and 118th Street on plot 100 by 59, known as 1,597-1,905 Lexington Avenue.

BUYS WESTBURY ESTATE.

Mrs. Charles Fisk Sells Country Home She Never Occupied.

Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., sold for Mrs. Charles W. Fisk her country place at Old-Westbury, consisting of six acres with a modern frame residence of the Long Island farmhouse type. The purchaser was Theodore P. Grosvenor of Providence, R. I.

Mrs. Fisk acquired the property about a year ago from Clinton M. Hall, but never occupied it owing to the sudden death of her husband, who was killed while hunting with the Meadow Brook fox hounds.

Bronx Property Demand.

Shaw & Sanford sold for the Fein & Barth Construction Company a two and a half story dwelling at 1,800 Undercliff Avenue.

The Rev. Max Doctor and the Rev. Dr. Leo Joachim purchased the house at 1,169 Jackson Avenue from the Congregation Kehillath Israel, which is about to move into a larger building. The seller was represented by Max Monfried, and the purchasers by Mortimer W. Solomon.

Caminiti Brothers & Co. sold for Daniel Houlihan & Sons to an investing client of Sam Granits the flat at 272 East 199th. It was held at $65,000.

Commercial Leases.

Cross & Brown Company have leased the building at 604 Eleventh Avenue to the New York Storage Battery Company for the United Line Service Corporation.

Butler & Baldwin have leased the parlor floor store at 28 West Forty-ninth Street to Silverman and Kraines, modistes.

The store at 128 Dyckman Street has been rented to L. Oppenheimer. Charles M. Stone was the broker.

Henry Brady leased for Henry Henry, trustee of the estate of John Heller, the store and basement at 370 Eighth Avenue to Dominick Croci and others.

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Attractive location, easily accessible; beautiful view of Hudson and Palisades—near Jesuit tract, side of aqueduct right of way; seven rooms and bath (tiled); a most substantial house—reconstruction just completed—new plumbing and heating; reliable contractors; woodwork and plastering done day's work; hardwood floors, open fireplaces, electric lights; cheerful garden surrounding house; location Yonkers, Glenwood Station, 98 Grove Street, Yonkers.
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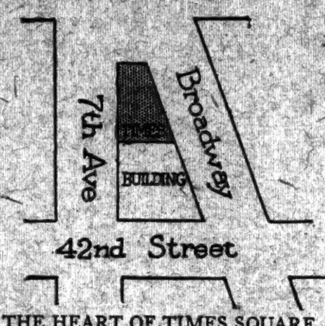

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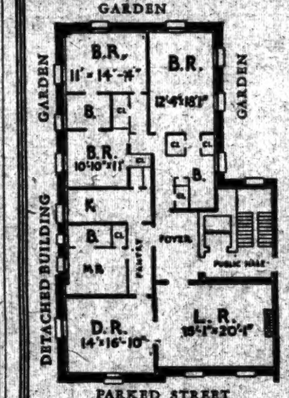

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One and two family homes of distinction at very reasonable prices; terms to suit. Inquire Fanning.

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PELHAM—Six large beautiful rooms, latest improvements; garage; rent $125. University 7993.

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SCARSDALE—GREENACRES.
Stucco house, living room 32 feet long, 4 master bedrooms, 3 tiled baths with showers, 2 maids' rooms and bath, 3 fireplaces, 2-car garage, beautifully landscaped; property overlooks River and parkway; very near station, schools and clubs; $45,000; terms; will consider renting furnished or unfurnished. Owner, P. O. Box 322, Scarsdale. Tels. Scarsdale 587 or White Plains 3004.

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House of 10 rooms and 4 baths, 2-car garage; beautiful shade trees and shrubbery; very near station, schools and clubs; $400; will consider renting furnished.
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SCARSDALE—Distinctive seven-room house, three baths, breakfast nook, garage; finest construction; ideal design; $16,500. Box 928, Scarsdale.

WHITE PLAINS.
Why take a chance in buying?
There is no guesswork about this place; the section is the best and is completely developed with beautiful residences occupied by the sort of neighbors you want; street improvements are in and paid for; fieldstone and shingle Colonial house is not only distinctive and artistic but thoroughly well constructed; there are 8 rooms, sun room, breakfast nook, open porch, centre hall, 2 baths (3 tiled with showers); space for another room if required; all modern appointments; built-in fireproof garage; ½-acre plot, with over 200-foot frontage; well landscaped; the price is interesting and terms convenient.
R. FRANKLIN HULL,
17 Orawaupum St., White Plains. Tel. 2660-J.

WHITE PLAINS.
BEST BUY IN BEST SECTION.
Twelve-room residence, one-half acre land; more land if wanted; would cost $60,000 to build today; can be bought for $30,000 by quick action.
WARD CARPENTER & CO., INC.,
16 Grand St., White Plains. Tel. 2442.

A BRICK HOUSE AND OAK TREES.
We are offering for immediate occupancy at White Plains in a desirable residential section a pre-war built brick house containing foyer hall, living room, dining room, library, butler's pantry and kitchen, 4 main bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and 2 extra lavatories; steam heat, electricity and gas; hardwood floors throughout; laundry in basement; good cellar; 2-car garage; plot 100x125; large oak and maple trees. We have inspected this property and believe it to be a good value at the price we are authorized to sell, $23,000; liberal terms can be arranged. Apply to owner's agent,
THOMPSON, THOMPSON & PALESTRANT,
Opposite Station, White Plains. Tel. 3300.

AT RYE, N. Y.
Replica of Revolutionary days portrayed in this beautiful Colonial country home of ten rooms, four baths, two-story living room; old English finish, with distinctive appointments and conveniences; charmingly set on landscaped grounds adjoining large estates; two-car attached garage; conservatory; chicken house, &c.; price $30,000. Room 1313, 101 Park Av., New York. Telephone Vanderbilt 8288 or Rye 1040.

FOR SALE—Dream house of stone, 55 miles from New York, up the Albany Post Road, quarter mile from State road, up mountainside; seven rooms, tiled bath, electric light, hot and cold running water, hot water heat, stone fireplace, wonderful mountain view; three acres; beautiful city home in the woods; two hours by auto; cost $17,300, will sell at cost. Phone Yonkers 1811, between 11 and 1, on Monday, Wednesday or Friday.

RENT OR SALE AT MOUNT VERNON.
Choicest section, attractive Colonial home, beautifully decorated; large plot; 9 large rooms, 3 baths; garage; owner will sell on easy terms or rent for 3 years at $250 monthly or with cancellation clause at $225. Owner, Room 1313, 28 West 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 0789.

WHERE SHALL I LIVE?—Our booklet, "Suburban Westchester," will help you to decide on a location for your home. Send 10 cents in stamps to Prince & Ripley, 342 Madison Av.

SEND for free descriptive list, "Westchester Homes Incomparable"; $13,000 upward. White Realty Co., 87 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

DOCTOR'S residence in Mount Vernon, 22 rooms; handy to depot; wonderful field for a physician, who can use same for sanitarium. F. A. Birch, Kelleg 6214.

$20,000—ATTRACTIVE, new Colonial, 11 rooms, 3 baths, front hall, hardwood floors, 9 rooms,

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

$12,000 CASH BUYS
3-story corner West 125th-Lexington; no steam; one mortgage; attractive terms.
A. EDMISTON, 30 EAST 42d.

HAVE many good buys in apartments and tenements. Investors write for particulars giving cash and location desired. G. F. Timm, 86 Broad St., N. Y.

THREE 5-story new-law; hot water; rent $33,000; cash $20,000; take best second mortgages; excellent terms. Meltzer, 507 5th Av. Murray Hill 4520.

8 2-STORY 42-FOOTERS, West 90's; average $12; rent $32,300; price $215,000; cash $57,000; over 10 years second mortgages. Fowler, 2,130 Hughes Av.

42-YEAR leasehold to be sold in Yorkville section; $7,000 net profit a year. H. Bernstein, Inc., 25 East 14th St. Univers city 0109.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

JAMAICA—Corner offices for professional men; also 6-room apartment adjoining. McNulty & Wittel, 400 Hillside Av. Jamaica 0006.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

HAVE clients for tenement houses, price not to exceed $50,000; Bronx preferred. Send full particulars to P. Tummillali, 199 Bowery, New York.

OWNERS, send me particulars of your apartments and tenements for sale; have many buyers. C. J. Timm, 86 Broad St.

WILL sell your property; clients waiting. Market, 238 West 42d. Chickering 1284.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

42D, 346-42 WEST (near 8th Av.)—50x100, four-story building, price $250,000; income $25,000 year. HUGHES & HUGHES, Premises. Longacre 9270.

SPRING ST., 157 (corner West Broadway)—Loft building for sale; wonderful opportunity for an investor; owner out of town. For particulars apply J. Lacov, 1,111 Avenue J, Brooklyn. Midwood 7706.

FACTORIES ANY SIZE ANYWHERE. GAILLARD REALTY CO., FACTORY BROKERS, 100 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 5982.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
6,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SPACE; immediate occupancy or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
BRIDGE PLAZA. ASTORIA 0728.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
1 AND 2-STORY FACTORY BUILDINGS. LOFTS, 2,500 TO 100,000 SQ. FT.
ALLAN FOX COMPANY, INC.,
816 BRIDGE PLAZA SO., ASTORIA 0901.

THREE-STORY and basement brick, 12,000 square feet; large elevator, heating plant; centrally located on prominent thoroughfare; price $35,000; terms. Baffa & Dixon, 179 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Triangle 8630.

BUILDING for laundry or wet wash; 12,000 sq. ft., one and two story brick building; well located; high pressure boiler and driveway. Fisher for Factories, 160 Remsen St. Main 7266.

BRICK factory, 2-story, 20x95; unrestricted; concrete floor; steam heat; electric; 2-32 Greenpoint Av. Walter S. Beaver, 13 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Other Sections For Sale or Rent.

FACTORY FOR SALE—Three-story brick, 80x110, on the Boston Post Road; labor condition excellent. For particulars write or call D. F. Webber, Milford, Conn.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

1ST AV. (corner 28th St.)—Loft, ground floor; basement; each office, 1,600 sq. ft.; light, heat, power, elevator, sprinkler; live steam; immediate possession. Apply owner on premises. Tel. Lexington 8800.

6TH AV., 365—20x100, all improvements; immediate possession. Madison Square 8338.

16TH ST., 132-137 EAST.
24 lofts, 70x22; two elevators.
100 per cent. sprinkler; moderate rental.
Owners, 17 Battery Place.
48 WEST 24TH ST., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

26TH, 30 WEST—Light loft, office and showroom, 75x100, to sublease to Feb. 1, 1925. Christopher Co., 131 West 26th St. Lackawanna 8141.

29TH ST., 515 WEST—Lofts to lease, 50x100. Phone Owner, Chickering 5010.

49TH, 132 WEST—Floor in garage; 25x100; rent reasonable. Bryant 1192.

53D ST., 127-129 WEST—New fireproof loft, elevator; fine light; large elevators. Corrian, 1740 Circle.

417-19 EAST 76TH ST., 2 LOFTS, 50x80. Elevator; lease one or both to responsible party. Babor, Room 1807, Grand Central Terminal. Murray Hill 5168.

MADISON AV., 799 (2d floor)—25x90, $300 month. Open for inspection.

PART OF A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT SHOW ROOM FOR RENT; ADMIRABLY SUITABLE FOR A HIGH-CLASS LINE, SELLING TO THE TRADE GOODS OR LINEN, WARE OR ART GOODS DEPARTMENTS. APPLY R. C. BROWN, 23 EAST 22D ST.

DESIRABLE lofts. Owner, 2375 Bryant. 126 Bleecker St.; also store, 25x100. 242 West 26th (200 pounds), 50x64. 243 W. 26th (fireproof semi-bas'), 64x100.

CHOICE LOFTS, MONAHAN BUILDING, 216-222 West 18th St. Chelsea 8191.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

15,000 SQ. FT. sprinklered loft; 100% light; convenient location; 50c. per sq. ft. with service. Fisher for Factories, 160 Remsen St. Main 7266.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

42D, 49 WEST—Store, basement; elevator; steam, electricity; immediate. Owner, Butterfield 2844.

19TH, 3 WEST—TO SUBLET, STORE 25x50, AND BASEMENT. STEP WEST OF 5TH AV.; VERY DESIRABLE LOCATION; REASONABLE RENT.

8TH, 100 WEST—Ideal location for millinery, gowns, perfumery, art goods or anything suitable for high-class trade; reasonable rent. Care Venetian Shop.

111TH ST. 57 WEST (corner Lenox Av.; subway station)—Store; busy location.

116TH ST., 439 WEST (corner Amsterdam)—Suitable drug store.

MADISON AV., 1,046 (24 floor corner)—Suitable for dentist, tailor, ladies' furnishing; elevator house; rental $1,800.

MADISON AV., 1,046 (corner building)—Size 7x25; immediate possession; rent $1,800.

MADISON AV., 117—Space to rent for interior decorator or beauty parlor.

Other Sections For Rent.

A WONDERFUL opportunity for delicatessen business in Bernardsville; the competition rent store and rooms reasonable. Inquire L. J. Fried, 830 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 2246.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 355-359.
NORTHEAST CORNER 33D ST.
ATTRACTIVE OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS.
Apply to Superintendent on premises or WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

5TH AV., 111 (Room 715)—Light, airy office; reasonable rental; will sublet part or all; completely furnished if desired; telephone service.

5TH AV., 364 (corner 29th)—3 large rooms, suitable offices or studio apartment; immediate possession. Madison Square 8338.

5TH AV., 368, at 35th St.—Three windows on Av.; bright, desirable; immediate possession. Fitzroy 5649, Room 1004.

28TH ST., 37-39 EAST.

Between 4th and Madison Avs.

ONE MONTH'S RENT FREE on Summer leases.

Offices right at subway station.

Rent $40 monthly upward.

Superintendent on premises.

6TH, 29 WEST—165 square feet; light and airy; renovated. Levy & Co.

6TH, 131 WEST (Broadway corner)—Furnished offices; sacrifice rentals. Apply first floor.

42D, 40 WEST—Two private offices and reception room; plaster partitions; best light; $1,500. Inquire room 1614, Aeolian Bldg.

43D, 25 WEST (AEOLIAN HALL)
Beautifully furnished, two private offices and reception room; low rental. Bachmeister, Bachmeister, 17 East 45th. Murray Hill 2816.

43D, 51 EAST—Private office, desk room, exceptional service. Suite 800.

5TH, 245 WEST (Romax Building)—Office with partition, furnished, $60 month.

5TH ST., 245 WEST (Romax Bldg., near Broadway)—Office with partition, $32 mo.

BROADWAY or 5th Av., address—Most tastefully furnished offices and desk service to city; mahogany desks, $10 up; and private rooms, $4; stenographers, bulletin and phone listing. Shaw, 225 Broadway, 181 5th Av.

BROADWAY, 1,819 (Gotham Bank Building)—Light, airy, private office, fully furnished or unfurnished; service. Room 1512.

BROADWAY, 2 (Produce Exchange Bldg.)—To sublet, 300-ft. outside office. Phone Bowling Green 4094.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

BROADWAY, 1,265—Top floor, about 1,000 square feet; $125 monthly. E. Brunel.

BROADWAY, 799, AT 13TH ST.
Offices and show rooms, $30 up.

GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL BUILDING
Most important, desirable office space. Inquire Room 5095.

TIMES BUILDING, 1107—Light, elegantly furnished office, mahogany, well appointed; immediate possession.

WONDERFUL LIGHT
DOWNTOWN (corner office) DOWNTOWN.
6 Large Windows—600 Square Feet.
$1,800 per year.
Masters Office Building. Best Service. Near Subway Tubes; B'way all Subways. A. H. MATTHEWS & CO., 14 Maiden Lane. Rector 4677 or Cortlandt 0818.

OFFICE—3 Columbus Circle, southeast corner Broadway, overlooking Central Park; 450 square feet; $1,200. Inquire Superintendent.

OFFICES.
$20 month and up.
230 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

PART of light showroom for rent for high-class line; small leather goods preferred. Apply 1 West 34th St., Ajax Trunk & Sample Case Co.

OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS.
BEST MIDTOWN LOCATIONS.
WILCKENS, 1 WEST 34TH. PITZROY 0880.

FURNISHED or unfurnished offices, uptown, centrally located. Ditts & Smith, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle. Columbus 8568.

$35 MONTHLY, private furnished, fully equipped office, telephones. 253 5th Av. Franklin.

DESK, $15; mail, telephone privileges, $5; furnished office, $30. Duane, 206 B'way.

OFFICES—Desk room, mailing privileges, telephone. Benson Co., 148 West 46th St.

PRIVATE FURNISHED OFFICES, 25 UP. Telephones. 246 5th Av., 1st floor.

LIGHTEST, low-priced office downtown; 400-800 ft.; $50 up. Hubbard, 177 William.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 306-311, SUITE 306.
Desk privileges, with mail, phone and office service, $3 monthly; private office and consultation room privileges, with full service, $5; mail privileges, $1.

5TH AV., 500 (43d)—Suite 416; mail, phone, complete office service; $3 month.

5TH AV., 263 (29th)—Private desk, $15; full office, $30; telephones. Franklin.

25 WEST 44TH ST. (off 5th Av.)—Desirable desk space; mail and telephone service. Apply Room 1011.

BROADWAY, 160—Desk room in beautifully furnished office; can arrange for other conveniences. Room 1211.

BROADWAY, 220 (St. Paul Building)—Desk room, phone; rent $20. Seide, Room 612.

GOTHAM NATIONAL BUILDING—Furnished offices at Rest of New York, individual telephone, secretary; all at less cost than ordinary offices. 1,510 Broadway at Columbus Circle.

PARK ROW, 15 (Park Row Bldg.)—Desk space; light, airy. Room 405.

TIMES SQUARE—1,487 Broadway, Room 812; Bryant 7643; service optional.

KNICKERBOCKER Building, 638—Desk room; all conveniences; immediate possession; reasonable.

DESK privilege, full service, $5 monthly; private office, $15; mail privilege, $2. Mail and phone listings. Koch, 52 East 34th.

DESK, $15; office, furnished, $25; mail, $3. Nelles, 125 Church, corner Warren.

DESK ROOM or mail privilege; ideal location. See us, Suite 339, 30 Church St.

DESK, $15, furnished office, $35 including service; mail $3. Kerfut, 320 Broadway.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale or Rent.

47TH ST. (between 5th and 6th Avs.).
Large front room, 20x30, $40.
Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

47TH ST—17 WEST.
Front basement, $150.
Miss Lewis on premises.

BROOKLYN—Three-story and basement brick house equipped as electro-hydrotherapeutic institute; excellent opportunity; doctor or chiropractor. Dr. C. C. della Motta, 70 South 10th St.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

DRESS DEPARTMENT—Live wire with wonderful connections wants to open a dress department in some live millinery store in good retail section; give necessary details. M 70 Times.

50 OR 4 ROOM apartment, between 42d and 57th St., near 5th Av. or on 5th Av., for studio; must have space for display. Irving Studio, 2,568 Broadway.

WANTED—Three-room offices, nicely furnished, downtown financial district, with telephone. Whitehall 6008, Mr. Plank.

ACCOUNTANT desires office privileges in exchange for services; law office preferred. Phone mornings, Endicott 3445.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

49TH, 26 EAST—Charming, light, airy apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; one month or two; $90. Telephone Superintendent.

60TH, 19 EAST—Attractively furnished 3-room, bath apartment; monthly lease; $175.

57TH, at Park Av.—Three rooms, luxuriously furnished; long or short term. Call Rhinelander 8307.

59TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (at Central Park; Hotel Netherland)—Sublet by week or to Oct. 1 at very reasonable rates, suite of parlor, bedroom and bath. Inquire room clerk.

60TH, 30 EAST (Apt. 6A)—Sunlit three room apartment, two bedrooms, two baths, one living room, until Oct. 1; rate, $200 month. Regent 8400.

60TH ST., 14 EAST—Single, double; two rooms, bath; $75 week, month, year; special rates. San Jacinto Hotel.

69TH ST., 35 EAST—Two rooms and bath; Summer rates. Apply janitor.

81ST, 3 EAST—Unusual opportunity to secure most attractively furnished apartment, one, two, rooms, kitchenette; elevator, maid service; references.

82D ST. (cor. Madison Av.) Hotel Bilco)—1-2-3 room suites; 1-2 baths; exceptional service; restaurant; low Summer rates.

MADISON AV., 780 (16D)—Two rooms, bath. Eastman to October.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH ST. 27 WEST—Entire floor, two rooms and bath, $110 until Oct. 1. Call Caledonia 6259 for appointment.

81ST, 4 WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—BEAUTIFUL SUITES; PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; SUMMER RATES: $40 AND $45 PER WEEK. SEE MANAGER.

90TH, 40 WEST—Attractive studios and apartments, private baths; kitchenette, piano, $7.50.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and baths, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $30 weekly. Longacre 3560.

47TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AV.
ROOMS AND BATH; $90.
MISS LEWIS, 17 WEST 47TH ST.

49TH ST., 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, automatic elevator, private telephone. Lisette.

51ST, 216 WEST (corner Broadway)—3 rooms and bath, nicely furnished; private phone. Apt. 8.

51ST, 23 WEST—Exceptional apartment; piano, victrola. See Mr. Fayne.

53D ST., 223 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY) — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE. NEWLY FURNISHED; SUITE SEVEN ROOMS, BATH, $70 UP; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST., BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND) — PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; FROM $35 PER WEEK.

54TH, 24 WEST—Airy, cool apartment, one room, kitchenette; attractively furnished; $75.

55TH, CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $80 UPWARD; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH ST., 18 WEST—Handsome furnished one, two and three room apartments; piano; victrola; elevator service; reasonable.

57TH, 14 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano. Elberson, or Superintendent.

58TH ST., AND 7TH AV.—To sublet, two rooms and bath; very reasonable; hotel service. Phone Circle 2154.

59TH, 236 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

59TH, 55 WEST—Modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; maid, valet service; 3 and 2 rooms and bath; $35 weekly upward; reference.

59TH ST., 116 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—TO SUBLET, BY THE WEEK OR TO OCT. 1, DESIRABLE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; $45 WEEK.

59TH, 315 WEST—Beautiful 3-room apartment until October (baby grand). Solomon.

59TH, 33 WEST—Sublet, overlooking Park, one and three room apartments; apartments; special rates, one month or year.

59TH, 155 WEST—Subway, 2 and 3 light rooms, bath, $28 weekly; janitor.

59TH, 305 WEST—1 and 2 room apartments, bath and kitchenette; $8 upward.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

71ST ST., 167 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms and bath; new Building, unusual location; $100 month. Endicott 3747.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suite, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by week, month or year; from $28 week or $100 month up. Endicott 1000.

72D, 119 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE 2 ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT. WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 135 WEST—Houghton Company will recommend only inspected apartments. Endicott 0276.

85TH ST., 236 WEST—2 and 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; beautifully furnished and newly decorated.

76TH ST., 22 WEST—Beautiful large room, kitchen, bath, elegant home; references.

76TH, (244 West End)—Elegantly furnished 2-room apartment; piano, victrola; housekeeping.

79TH, 127 WEST — Physician's apartment, furnished, unfurnished; exceptional value; 4 rooms, bath, 2 lavatories; suitable for office, living; private street entrance. Superintendent. Endicott 9052.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $28 WEEK, OR $120 PER MONTH.

82D—Four rooms, two bedrooms, elevator, magnificent, immediately, year, $140. Endicott 1277.

84TH, 153 WEST—Modern 3-room furnished housekeeping apartment; cool, clean, attractive; complete; telephone; $70 monthly; wonderful bargain.

86TH, 21 WEST—Unusual floor, kitchenette, phone, maid service; long, short lease.

87TH, 235 WEST (Riverside)—Parlor suites, 1-2 rooms, kitchen; $60-$90.

90S (near Riverside)—Beautiful 5-room elevator apartment; piano; $125. Endicott 6540.

90S—Magnificent eight-room, front, elevator apartment; twin beds; bargain. Endicott 0276.

92D, 306 WEST—Beautiful 1, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, elevator; maid service.

97TH, 308 WEST—Four, six rooms, attractively furnished, redecorated; $100-$140. Tribelhorn.

98TH, 305 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS)
Delightfully situated, modern, clean apartment hotel.
3 rooms, large kitchenette, $30 weekly.
4 rooms, real kitchen, $35 weekly.
ALSO SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES.
Rates include full hotel service, maid, linen, laundry, electricity, kitchen utensils, &c.

100S—Four rooms, two bedrooms, elevator, tastefully furnished; immediately; $75. Endicott 1277.

100TH, 251 WEST—Two and five rooms, kitchen; $21-$35 weekly. MacKenzie.

109TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $60 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av.; any 1647, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.)
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, by month up.
High-class elevator apartment house.
References essential. Phone Academy 0613, 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Open Sunday.

112TH, 507 WEST—Three rooms, furnished, immaculate, real kitchen, electricity, phone. Greene.

113TH, 546 WEST—High-class apartments, two-three rooms, bath, electricity; maid.

118TH (Columbia University)—Unusually attractive, spacious, 5-room apartment; references. Schuyler 2171.

135TH (near Riverside)—Beautiful three-room apartment, real kitchen; $80. Endicott 6540.

139TH, 112 WEST—3 rooms, furnished, or lady will share apartment with lady. Billings 2813.

COLUMBUS AV. (410 WEST 110TH ST.)
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, $18 weekly up.
High-class elevator apartment house.
References essential. Phone Academy 0613, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 564—Gentleman will share apartment with gentleman. 2 2016 Times Annex.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 3 (724)—Delightful large, one-two rooms, kitchenette, bath; service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315—Four rooms, bath, grand piano; exclusive yard use; $140.

LADY desires to let exquisitely furnished apartment overlooking Central Park, near Plaza; six months or year; large drawing room, dining room, bedroom, bath, kitchen; $300 monthly; shown by appointment; references essential. M 572 Times.

CHOICE APARTMENTS, 1 to 10 rooms, in best located and attractive buildings. Apply to Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 100th St. Telephone Academy 1600.

APARTMENTS OF THE BETTER CLASS at reasonable rentals.
Ditts & Smith, Inc., 5 Col. Circle. Col. 3368.

LADY will share apartment with lady or couple; $8-$10 weekly. Telephone Audubon 8381, Apt. 11.

BACHELOR will share apartment gentleman; ideal home; piano, electricity, elevator. Chelsea 8566.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary—Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d. Endicott 9836.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.—Furnished, unfurnished apartments, 176 West 72d. Endicott 1277.

EXQUISITE room in apartment, kitchen privileges; business girl preferred; $10. W. 852 Times.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS—Parlor, bedroom and bath, well furnished, with first-class hotel conveniences; will sublet until Sept. 1; only $25 per week. Inquire from clerk Hotel St. George, Brooklyn, Clark and Henry Sts.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH, 108 EAST (subway station)—1 and 3 rooms, bath, elevator apartments; kitchenette; newly decorated; $60 upwards; possession.

22D ST., 139 EAST.
Three and six rooms in high-class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. See Superintendent on premises.

30TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $1,800, $2,500; also bungalow on roof, 6 rooms, two baths, roof garden, $4,000.

40TH, 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New, fireproof building; three and four large, light rooms; two elevators; sight and ball service; serve-yourself doctors' apartments; also studio apartment.

45TH, 210 EAST—Two rooms, bath, shower, kitchenette arrangement, $65; references; owner on premises. Phone Murray Hill 8615.

63D ST., 166 EAST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; furnished or unfurnished; possession October 1. Apply premises. Rhinelander 12403 or Butler-Baldwin, Vanderbilt 5615.

71ST, 416 EAST—Five rooms, electricity, bath, hot water; adults; $50.

83D ST., 131 EAST—Unfurnished modern apartment; new building; near Park Av.; five rooms, living room, 18 feet 1 inches by 14 feet 8 inches; southern exposure; convenient transportation; $175 month. Call between 2 P. M. and 6. Crosby.

LEXINGTON AV., 173,
Corner 21st St.
Six rooms and bath.
Elevator; electricity.
All modern conveniences;
Annual rental $1,850.

MADISON AV., 1,046 (corner)—Four rooms, bath, studio, suitable for dentist, dancing, &c.; rental $1,500.

MADISON AV., 1,046 (corner)—Two, three, five rooms, beautifully decorated; elevator house; rentals $1,000 to $2,100.

PARK AV., 1,075 (southeast corner of 85th St.)—4 rooms and 3 baths; rent $3,200; very attractive; possession October or November 1st; term, 4 years. Apply to William Byrd, 59 Wall St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

9TH ST., 16 WEST—Attractive, large living room, open fireplace, foyer, bedroom, kitchen, bath; sacrifice. Superintendent 9079, Apt. 8B.

9TH, 36 WEST—ATTRACTIVE 3 ROOMS, BATH; SACRIFICE. STUYVESANT 9079, APT. 6B.

10TH, 19 WEST—3 rooms, bath and large kitchenettes; modern; living rooms very large; open fireplaces.

19TH ST., 301-317 WEST.
High-class four-room garden apartments in new building; all improvements;
$138 AND $90.
ALSO TWO DOCTORS' OFFICES, $60.
21D ST., 301-305 WEST.
Up-to-date four-room apartments in new building; all improvements;
$90 TO $100.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
191 9TH AV. CHELSEA 8368.

40TH, 126 WEST—Beautiful six-room apartment and bath, $110 per month. Inquire doorman, 122 West 40th St.

50TH, 17 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open fireplace; artistic; $1,800; possession.

51ST, 346 WEST—Attractive 5 rooms, bath, near Capitol Theatre; $1,500 year.

54TH ST., 19 WEST.
Every convenience and comfort a man desires has been provided in the delightful suites of two, rooms and baths. Superintendent on premises, or WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone John 5700.

56TH, 20 WEST—Studio apartment; 2 attractive rooms and bath; reasonable rent. Apply R. Weinstein.

60TH, 206 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—Very desirable three-room apartment in refined residential hotel; rent reasonable.

67TH ST., 301 WEST—Beautiful 3-corner and 2-room apartments, bath and miniature kitchen; light; southern exposure; elevator building; $75-up. Columbus 7400.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

67TH ST., 208 WEST (CORNER 7TH AV.).
THE OSBORNE.
Newly modernized apartments of 2, 3, 4 OR 4 ROOMS AND BATH.
Kitchens, kitchenettes, dining bays.
Rents $1,500 to $3,000.
Also at concessions, one apartment each of 2 ROOMS AND 4 BATHS.
12 LARGE ROOMS AND 3 BATHS.
Apartments have high ceilings, foyers, large closets; telephones immediate or later possession, with liberal allowance to Oct. 1.
Rentals office on premises. Circle 9420.

68TH ST., WEST, 125-127 (The Milano)—Unusual apartments of 7 spacious sunny rooms; the rentals are $1,800, $2,800; ownership management; immediate or Oct. 1 possession.

69TH, 158 WEST (Broadway)—Five attractive light rooms, electricity; modern improvements; 468.

69TH ST., 231 WEST—FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS, BATH; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; $80 TO $100.

70TH, 209 WEST—Unusual 2 rooms, bath; spacious closets; high-class house.

71D ST., 53 WEST (corner)—1-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator apartments; reasonable rent.

71ST ST., 55 WEST (corner)—Two and three rooms (studios), bath, kitchenette, elevator apartment; reasonable rent.

74TH, 54 WEST—Apartments, 2 to 4 rooms; rent $720 to $1,500.

74TH ST., 205 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful 3-room apartment; fine light up; unusually light; $125 per month. Endicott 8110.

75TH, 24 WEST—One and two-room apartments, bath, kitchenette. Inquire Supt.

81ST ST., 39 WEST—BEAUTIFUL MODERN SUITE OF 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $180.

82D, 111 WEST—Eight large, all light rooms and bath; immediate possession.

83D, 58 WEST—Apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, $100. Elberson or Superintendent.

84TH (Riverside)—Beautiful 7 rooms, 2 baths; elevator; immediate possession. Endicott 4004.

86TH ST., 12 WEST—Six rooms, second floor; light on three sides; all improvements; moderate rent; excellent neighborhood. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

87TH, 250 WEST—New fourteen-story, two, three and four room kitchen and kitchenette apartments; $1,200 to $2,200 yearly.

88TH ST., 350 WEST.
DESIRABLE MODERN SMALL SUITES, WITH SERVICE, $100 UP.

92D, 4 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, seven rooms; $2,000.

93D, ST., 4 WEST (at Central Park) — 8 large rooms, elevator building; $175 up. Endicott 8747.

96TH ST., 210 WEST (COR. BROADWAY) —NEW, UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL SUITES, 2 ROOMS, BATH.

97TH ST., 9 WEST—Three beautiful modern rooms, real kitchen, $85; immediate possession. Inquire Supt.

98TH ST., 240 WEST—Will sublet choice six-room apartment for $2,700; possession September; renting for $3,000. Inquire Lambert or Superintendent.

99TH, 300 WEST—Four rooms, bath, all improvements; high-class elevator apartment.

104TH, 5 WEST—Elevator apartments, all improvements, 4-6 rooms, $75-$125.

107TH, 216-220-230 West (near Broadway)—Five, six, seven and nine rooms, all in-5, 6, 7 and 12 rooms, all improvements, in high-class elevator apartment; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises. Tel. Bingham 3366.

107TH, 12 WEST—6 rooms, decorated; all improvements.

108TH, 235 WEST—Elevator apartment, 4-5 rooms; light; improvements; $100 up.

110TH ST., 521 WEST—Fireproof 3, 4, 5, 7 rooms, 2 baths, ample closets; $1,400-$2,700. Resident owner.

111TH, 57 WEST (corner)—six and seven rooms, elevator; rent $100. Superintendent.

111TH, 501 WEST—6 rooms, front; elevator apartment; $100. Inquire Superintendent.

112TH ST., 583 WEST—Six rooms, two baths, high-class apartment, fireproof building; all latest improvements; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

113TH ST., 142 WEST (near 7th Av.)—3 rooms, bath, electric light, steam heat; $65 per month. Apply on premises.

114TH, 251 WEST (corner Morningside Av.)—Elegant 8-room apartments to let.

118TH ST., 401 WEST (corner Morningside Drive)—Four and six rooms; high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rents. Apply on premises or owner. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

119TH ST., 420 WEST (near Morningside Drive)—Two and three rooms and kitchenette and five rooms; high-class elevator apartments; all improvements; moderate rents. Apply on premises or owner. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

122D ST., 515 WEST.
4, 5, 6 room elevator apartments; very desirable; immediate possession; $65 up. Supt.

125TH, 4 WEST—Three, four, five rooms, hot water supply; rent $40-$50. Apply ERICKSON, 458 West 125th St.

136TH ST., 522 WEST (near Broadway)—Five and six rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rent. Apply on premises or owner, Bowling Green 6094.

139TH ST., 602 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Six rooms; high-class elevator apartment; all improvements; moderate rent. Apply on premises or owner. Phone Bowling Green 6094.

139TH ST., 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Seven beautiful modern rooms, elevator; $135. Inquire Supt.

146TH, 610 WEST—Floor, Christian owner's residence, near Riverside; furnished, unfurnished; light rooms; quiet couple; permanent; references. Olmsted.

146TH, 457 WEST (Broadway)—Six rooms, electricity; high class walk-up. Janitor.

160TH, 601 WEST—5-6-7-8 large rooms, large foyer, 2 baths; modern 10-story elevator apartment, facing Broadway. Superintendent.

163D ST., 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—Choice elevator apartment, choice 4 rooms, $85.

172D, 735 WEST; 738 West 173d St.—Three, four and five room apartments, two blocks west of Broadway, overlooking Hudson River; rent reasonable. Apply on premises or in office, 135 Haven Av.

177TH ST., 835 WEST—4 AND 5 ROOMS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; 100 TO $75.

187TH, WEST (northwest corner Amsterdam Av.)—New 5-story building, leasing 2-3-4-5 rooms; all improvements. Apply premises.

191ST, 601 WEST—Three, four, five, six rooms; corner; elevator; at subway station. Apply Supt. or Warren & Stillin, 29 Park Row.

BROADWAY, 4,848 (Academy St.)—New building, 3-4 rooms, $60-$80; concessions; immediate possession. Supt., or Vanderbilt 1400.

BROADWAY, 3,147 (154th)—5 rooms, decorated; all improvements.

CLAREMONT AV., 150—Columbia University; modern elevator apartment, living room, bedroom, kitchen; immediate possession. Apply on premises.

CLAREMONT AV., 150—5, 6, 7 rooms, all improvements; convenient transit facilities.

EDGECOMBE AV., 556—Sublet, unfurnished four-room apartment; lease expires October, 1925; possession Sept. 1; all large outside rooms; fireproof building. Apartment 8E.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., southwest corner 176th St.; high-class elevator, 2-4-5-6 rooms; just completed; now ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

MANHATTAN AV. (Corner 116th)—Elevator apartment, five rooms; conveniently located.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 360 (corner 145th St.)—4 large rooms, southern exposure; plenty of closets; in new elevator apartment house; rent $1,800. Call Endicott 4004 or premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 210 (north corner 90th St.)—Most attractive apartment on Drive; 7, 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths; all outside rooms.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 402—Choice elevator apartments, 8 rooms, kitchenette and bath.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610—Elevator apartment, 8 rooms; $110; references required.

WEST END AV., 301-303 (corner 70th St.)—4 and 8 rooms; high-class elevator apartments; moderate rental; inquire Superintendent or Wilkins St. Freedman. Whitehall 7540.

WEST END AV., 375—To sublet from Oct. 1, year to run, four-room apartment; south, east and west exposure. Inquire Superintendent or phone Riverside 1071.

WEST END AV. AND 70TH ST. (The Colfinson)—2 five-room apartment, 4th floor, $110 per month; elevator service; to lease Oct. 1.

WEST END AV., 346-6-8-7-room apts., 2 baths. Supt. or Bryant 6718.

APARTMENTS OF THE BETTER CLASS at reasonable rentals.
Ditts & Smith, Inc., 5 Col. Circle. Col. 3368.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

176TH, 829 EAST, Marquetry Hall (Mount Hope section), 4, 5 rooms; convenient to Concourse, stores and subway. Supt. or Murray Hill 6410.

CONCOURSE PLAZA,
1618ST ST.-GRAND CONCOURSE.
High-class 2-3-4 rooms.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
Unfur. and furnished; also transient rooms.
FOR INFORMATION CALL JEROME 4700.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (171st St.)—Three, four, five rooms; reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

KELLY ST., 757 (corner Longwood Av.)—7-room apartment, ground floor, all improvements; suitable for doctor or dentist. Inquire Superintendent.

MORRIS AV., 1,011 (170th)—2-3 rooms, facing street; fireproof, elevator apartments.

SHARON ST., 1,072—4 rooms, modern conveniences; all improvements; rental $40. Call Intervale 3484.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

84TH ST., 419—6 rooms and bath; also garage; near subway.

Unfurnished—Staten Island.

DOUGAN HILLS, S. I. (27 Cortlandt Av.)—Second floor, modern apartment, 4 large rooms; good commutation; $65.

ST. GEORGE—4 and 5 rooms. Inquire 26 Stuyvesant Place; 4 min. from St. George ferry. Alex. Kerogan.

Unfurnished—Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—Elevator apartments, five rooms or five rooms and sun parlor; large and light; typical of the beautiful garden apartment homes that have made this community famous; 5 minutes from which to live; $150 monthly. The Queensboro Corporation, Renting Department, Phone Havemeyer 2300.

KEW GARDENS.
New three, four, five room all outside

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 4 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with sets, blueprints, matting or drawings.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Business Opportunities.

TOMORROW, SATURDAY, 1 P.M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisement to daily edition must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines.	Agate line of 6 words.
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	35c
Lost and Found	35c
Real Estate, &c.	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	40c
For Sale	35c
Automobile Exchange	35c
Agents Wanted	35c
Mortgage Loans	70c
Employment Agencies	90c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word.
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buy	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, law college, desires connection reputable concern; adaptable any line; executive experience obtained in own business; extensive road knowledge; speaks Italian. C 80 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college graduate, with technical, executive experience, desires opening with corporation where future is to be obtained by hard work; reasons understandable for desiring change. K 571 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires connection in industrial line; capable, energetic, practical experience; thoroughly familiar with modern factory methods; seeks connection with future in N. Y. district. A 706 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, NOW EMPLOYED, COMMERCIAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY TRAINING, SEEKS POSITION PROMISING FUTURE; ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN. BERCHEM, 322 WEST 42D.

YOUNG MAN, with working complex, efficient, honest, responsible, desires position where these qualities can be exerted. K 576 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, eleven years' varied business experience, wishes responsible connection with opportunities. C 30 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, 9 years' experience cotton converting line, desires connections with progressive house. A 709 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 9 years' business experience, desires connections. A 710 Times Downtown.

FRENCH COUPLE, speaking French only, wish position as housekeeper or janitor; husband plumber. Apply Elatteau, 141 West 53d St.

WORK wanted by clean-cut Frenchman, 32, married; no canvassing, best references. Batelle, Box 28, 1,508 2d Av.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSERS (hand) experienced piece work; $2 thousand. Apply Miss Moore, McCall Co., 2d floor, 230 West 37th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, experienced. Call after 11. Columbia Furniture Co., 105 5th Av.

BILLING CLERK, accurate at figuring, able to typewrite; apply 9 A. M. Radio Panel Parts Corporation, 61 Warren St.

BILLING CLERK, experienced; good at figures. Frank M. Katz & Co., 22 West 23d.

BOOKKEEPER.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,

FULTON AND BRIDGE STS.,

BROOKLYN.

Have an opening for an experienced Burroughs bookkeeping machine operator. Apply to Superintendent's office on balcony.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT with executive ability; only high experience; only those with best references need apply; business closed Saturday and Sunday. Room 1601, 505 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, executive ability; well experienced; best references required; business closed Saturdays, Sundays. Room 1601, 505 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable taking entire charge, substituting two weeks, $25 per. United Hosiery, 234 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, office assistant, typewriting; reference required. W 10 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, unemployed; also married operators, temporarily. 5170 Cortlandt. Room 330, 30 Church St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC.

REQUIRE SEVERAL DICTAPHONE OPERATORS. APPLY ANYTIME DURING DAY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, FIRST BALCONY, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, NEW WEST BUILDING.

EXECUTIVE—COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, AGE 25 TO 35, FOR EXECUTIVE POSITION; MUST KNOW BOOKKEEPING; NEAT APPEARANCE AND PLEASANT PERSONALITY ESSENTIAL; COLLEGE TRAINING PREFERABLE; EXCEPTIONAL OPENING WITH SATISFACTORY STARTING SALARY, AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; WRITE, STATING QUALIFICATIONS. W 593 TIMES.

FITTER wanted for high-class specialty shop; experienced only; state salary, experience and religion. M 31 Times.

FORELADY to take full charge trimming room for hat manufacturer for tailored and semi-trimmed hats; only those having experience need apply; state salary and experience. H. A. Eames Co., Inc., 12th and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

GIRL, white, for housework and assist with 6-year child; call before 10. Bradhurst 9069. Malscoff, 725 Riverside Drive.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, to care for baby and home of business couple. Write references, salary, &c., Sherline, 4 West 31st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman with hospital experience; apply at once. Rockaway Beach Hospital.

HOUSEWORKER, general, young Scandinavian preferred, need not speak English; family of three; beach for Summer, then city; good home for nice girl. Telephone Fitzroy 0707, or call at Room 504, 7 West 34th St., 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. F. W. Lewis.

HOUSEWORKER, white, small family; must be thoroughly competent, good cook. 22 Abingdon Road, Kew Gardens, Virginia 0008.

HOUSEWORKER, cook, competent German, assist with child. Apply mornings at 125 East 72d. Apt. 2C.

LEGAL STENOGRAPHER, experienced, of good appearance, in congenial uptown law office; state age, qualifications, salary expected. M 80 Times.

MODELS, STOUT.

SIZE 41 AND 42½ BUST.

TO TRY ON COATS.

MUST BE EXPERIENCED.

HALLE, BAER & BROWN,

1,353 BROADWAY.

MODELS, size 16, experienced; dress house. J. S. Becker, 500 7th Av.

NURSES, registered, for general day duty, $90, and night duty, $100, with maintenance; modern 100-bed hospital; pleasant conditions for work and living. Phone or write Directress of Nurses, Nassau Hospital, Mineola, L. I.

NURSES, undergraduates, for day and night duty. Call Brownsville and East New York Hospital, Rockaway Parkway and Avenue A, Brooklyn.

NURSES, graduate, registered, night relief and general operating room duty; pleasant surroundings. Call Port Chester 1200.

NURSE, graduate, night supervisor; $65 per month, with maintenance. Tarrytown Hospital, Tarrytown, N. Y.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, bookkeeping and typewriting required; references required; Christian firm. D. K. Beyermanjian, 114 East 28th.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary, age 16; extra, $3 day. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SECRETARY—LARGE FINANCIAL HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF WELL-EDUCATED YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY TO EXECUTIVE; GIVE IN FIRST LETTER PARTICULARS OF AGE, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE. W 595 TIMES.

STATISTICAL typist-stenographer for general office of large uptown automobile concern; state experience. W 568 Times.

STATISTician wanted for a financial publication; only those who have had some experience in the statistical department of a bond house; must understand bond terms; state age, experience, salary. X 2000 Times Annex.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER — LARGE FINANCIAL HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF WELL-EDUCATED YOUNG LADY AS STENOGRAPHER; SALARY $130 PER MONTH. GIVE IN FIRST LETTER PARTICULARS OF AGE, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE. W 596 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST—A vacancy exists in an old-established business house for a competent and efficient stenographer and typist, with a knowledge of Spanish or other foreign language preferred. Apply, in own handwriting, stating experience, salary, age and religion. T 476 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young lady, about 18-20 years of age, with some experience, will find excellent opportunity to connect with large organization; must be high school graduate; give age, experience, education and salary desired; include telephone number. Z 2021 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Permanent situation open in Brooklyn for competent, well-educated stenographer and typist; address, giving full particulars of experience, education and salary expected. B B 47 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist — Prominent commercial house desires services experienced, capable, refined young lady; Noiseless or L. C. Smith operator preferable; state full particulars, including age, salary expected. B. B., 113 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish and English, with billing, general expert experience; must be good at figures; for progressive firm; state age, religion, past experience, salary, nationality, telephone. Box 459, 225 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER and typist in English who can read Yiddish newspapers well; additional knowledge of the Hebrew language preferred; free Saturdays, Sundays, legal and Jewish holidays; $25 weekly. Room 1806, 114 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER,

high school education, experienced in commercial work; good grammarian and speller; permanent position; state age, experience and salary expected. Room 20, P. O. Box 1, Station O.

STENOGRAPHER—Large American manufacturing house desires stenographer; good opportunity; permanent position, with advancement. Address, stating full particulars, V 939 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER

AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

ONLY EXPERIENCED APPLY.

HARRY KITZINGER & CO.,

1,353 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER—Nationally known firm desires services of A1 stenographer, extremely rapid accurate; steady position; $30; reply, giving full particulars, phone number. N 287 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced; mechanical equipment manufacturer; position permanent; in replying state experience, &c., in detail; salary $30. 50 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with executive ability, for heating and ventilating contractor's office; prefer party with experience in similar line; state experience and salary desired. W 590 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Must be good shorthand and typist; one with initiative and ability to get things done. See Mr. Farnell, Boyce & Vander Co., 316 Queens Boulevard, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and bookkeeper; speed and accuracy essential; conscientious worker for permanent position; state religion, age, experience, salary. A 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced; mechanical equipment manufacturer; position permanent; in replying state experience, &c., in detail; salary $30. 50 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with executive ability, for heating and ventilating contractor's office; prefer party with experience in similar line; state experience and salary desired. W 590 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Must be good shorthand and typist; one with initiative and ability to get things done. See Mr. Farnell, Boyce & Vander Co., 316 Queens Boulevard, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and bookkeeper; speed and accuracy essential; conscientious worker for permanent position; state religion, age, experience, salary. A 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST; must have at least 3 years' experience. Call Fried Eisenman Radio Corp., Sperry Building, Manhattan Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER—Permanent position; $18 $18 per week; advertising department, large mercantile house. Write Box 494, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER-general office assistant, having executive ability; permanent position in my office; $30 weekly; advancement. Doherty's, 801 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, with thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; experienced. Call Eastern Glass Co., 1334 St. and 12th Av., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, competent young lady; good appearance; apply in person. Fountine, 570 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent. Call Cloak and Suit Association, 285 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, with high school education; must be bright and apt and neat in appearance. Z 2020 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young lady, with real estate office experience preferred. Goodwin & Goodwin, 290 Lenox Av. (125d St.)

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate girl, willing to start at $20; good chances advancement; good hours. W 323 Times.

STENOGRAPHER can have use of office and machine for taking messages; good opportunity. Room 201, 217 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, for permanent position; state age, experience and salary desired. W 933 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in steamship office; must have experience; high school graduate preferred. W 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English. Apply by letter, stating age, experience and salary expected. W 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, in Christian advertising agency, uptown; experienced; $22. Call Raymond Puget, Room 500, 2 West 45th.

STENOGRAPHER, billing and switchboard; steady position; $20 start. Freud-Mugford Co., 873 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Neat lady for medical office; opportunity learn nursing. W 581 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, neat appearing, intelligent, experienced; permanent position. Call Phillips & Jaffe & Jaffe, 1,170 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typist, experienced on plug board, $18. 346 5th Av. Franklin.

TYPIST,

for filling in, addressing, filing and other detail work; this is very complex and requires girl who has initiative and is able to use discretion in writing a great variety of form letters; do not apply unless you will like this work and be able to handle it neatly, rapidly and accurately; state experience and salary desired. W 939 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Excellent opportunity for bright beginner; knowledge of stenography preferred. Apply by letter, giving age, education and religion. W 940 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced on Remington-Wahl billing machine; good opportunity for right party. Call Weisbecker, 268 West 125th.

TYPIST, beginner, for general office work in publisher's office; must be neat, accurate and dependable. W 599 Times.

WOMAN, 25-40, energetic, pleasing personality, for executive work in large corporation; college education or equivalent; person seeking ordinary office routine need not apply. C. H., 355 Times.

YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED, TO OPERATE ELLIOTT-FISHER BILLING MACHINE IN OFFICE OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. ROSE BROS., 708 BROADWAY.

YOUNG WOMEN.

TALL, REFINED, FOR ASSISTANT HEAD WAITRESSES; PART TIME ADVANCEMENT; PERMANENT; NO SUNDAY.

SCHRAFFT'S, 56 WEST 23D.

NECKWEAR, MEN'S.

EXPERIENCED SLIPSTITCHERS ON MEN'S FINE NECKWEAR.

JAS. B. KEISER, INC.,

395 4TH AV.

ATTRACTIVE young woman to pose for corset demonstration; slender figure; not over 5 feet 4 inches. Apply Friday morning, Room 507, Putnam Building, Times Square.

SAMPLE girl wanted by lace house. Apply Stern, 37 5th Av.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 7 West 42d St. Secretary to executive financial institution, publicity exper. helpful not essential, $50; secretaries, 42d St., temporary, remainder of Summer, $35; secty., Grand Cent. Terminal Bldg., Aug. 18-20, $30; typist, downtown, $25; dictaphone, $25; many other openings.

SASSE AGENCY, 110 NASSAU ST. Stenographers $20-$30; Typists $18-$25; Burroughs Bookkeepers $20; Bookkeeper-Stenographer $30; Dictaphone Oper. $25; Comptometers $25; Elliott-Fisher $25; several others; call early.

BROOME AGENCY, 15 Broad St. Head file clerk, insurance office.....$26
Stenographer, advertising office.....$30
Typists (3), downtown insurance office..$18

PLACEMENT COMPANY, 15 EAST 40TH. Secty-Steno., uptown.....$30-$35
Assistant to executive, little typing, personnel.....$22

YAGER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 15 East 40th St. Suite 201.
Mrs. Cochran, Female Placement Mgr.
Stenographers, $18-$25; typists, clerks, &c.

PERSONNEL PLACEMENT, 17 West 42d. Steno., small office, $30; stenos, $20-$30; comptometer, $25; Burroughs bookkeeper, $30; Powers Key Punch, $30.

ARCADE AGENCY, 50 BROADWAY. Steno., temp., perm., law, banking, com'l, $25-$28; typists, $1,000, lunches; comptometer, $25.

MAY E. DUFFY,

1,400 BROADWAY.

MANY DESIRABLE POSITIONS.

H. & J. EXCHANGE, 14 BROADWAY. Until September one fee for temporary positions is only 5 per cent.

STENOGRAPHERS, experienced; call 9-1; registration free. Supreme Agency, 28 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, uptown office, $25. Gogin Agency, 29 Park Row.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

SURETY EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 154 NASSAU ST., 18TH FLOOR.

Stenographers—Sect. legal.....$35
Span. & Amer. A French..$30
H. S., beginners.....$20
and many other openings for best types, with responsible firms; attractive hours.

Typists—With switchboard exp.....$22
Brooklyn concern, bonus.....$22
Beginners.....$18
and many other openings up and downtown.

Misc.—College grads., math.....$25
Librarian exp., Span. Fr.....$25
Adjuster dept., st. exp.....$20
We also have positions for Elliott-Fisher, comptometer, Burroughs bookkeepers, file clerks, &c.

CONSOLIDATED AGENCIES,

165 Broadway, Room 1512.

STENOGRAPHER, good appearance, legal exp., high-class office, d.t.....$35
TYPIST, for exceptional high-grade office on 5th Av. hrs. 9-5, rapid advancement, bright girl.....$22
STENOGRAPHER, small downtown sales office, very desirable.....$20
COMPTOMETER OPRS. (2)—These positions are with unusual good concerns, downtown and up; will advance.....$25
STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping, exclusive 5th Av. shop.....$25
NO REGISTRATION FEES CHARGED.
CONSOLIDATED AGENCIES.

UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUR., INC., 70 WALL STREET.

Elliott-Fisher Bookkeeper, $26; Bill Clerk, brokerage experience, $22; Comptometer, insurance experience, $25; File Clerks, banks, $18-$23; Stenographers, $20-$25; Typists, $16-$20; Burroughs-Ellis Machine Operators, uptown, downtown, Brooklyn, $20-$25; Addressograph Operator, $25.

REID COMMERCIAL, 200 Broadway.
SECY., temp. (6 weeks).....$35
STENOS, one to five years' exp.....$20-$16
STENO, German-English dictation.....$30
TYPISTS (50).....$25-$15
B'board, $24; comp., $25; dictaphone, $25.
CLERKS, H. S. or some college.....$25-$15
CLERKS, filing, general invoice.....$22-$15

LORING PRATT AGENCY, 132 Nassau. Free Registration.
STENOGRAPHERS (many positions).$25-$35
TYPISTS.....$18-$20
FILE GIRLS.....$15

Instruction.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING IN ONE MONTH guaranteed; supple over 17 by Prof. Miller, who taught at Columbia Univ. 5 years. Open all year. Rooms fan cooled. MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND, 1,493 Broadway at 44 St. Phone Bryant 7180.

DESIGNING, dressmaking, pattern-cutting, millinery thoroughly taught; individual instruction; school open all Summer; established 1876; visitors welcome; phone Longacre 7232. McDowell School, 58 West 40th St., New York City.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANTS, 2 capable seniors with stock brokerage experience, for Newark certified firm. Phone Mulberry 6300 for appointment.

ACCOUNTANT, senior; state age, experience, salary; opportunity to advance. M. 576 Times.

ADJUSTER, investigator, single man, as investigator and adjuster of casualty insurance claims in Buffalo; state age, qualifications and salary. A 691 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS for commercial publication; commission and drawing to producers. Room 323, 245 West 47th St.

ARTIST wanted, young man experienced in architectual drawing, to learn interior decorating; $15 to start. Eastman Studios, 127 West 47th.

BOOKKEEPER and credit man for installment furniture store; must be experienced and best references required. Reply by mail only, Abrams Bros., 27 Main St., Flushing, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER, with infants' wear firm; knowledge of stenography essential; state age, salary, experience; must be industrious and willing to work. Z 489 Times.

BOY in office downtown fire insurance company; some high school education; state age, religion, education and salary expected. W 928 Times Downtown.

BOY, grammer school graduate, for general office duty in the drafting department; opportunity to become draftsman; salary to start $12. W 13 Times.

BOY with good reference, to make himself generally useful in dress house. Al Franklin, 213 West 35th.

BOY, by importing color house; good hours; good chances advancement; salary to start $12. W 632 Times.

BUYER—House furnishings for a Southern store; recent experience in this line absolutely essential; excellent opportunity for a live, up-to-date man. Call E. F. Slater, Pennsylvania 1700 between 3 and 4 for an appointment.

CLAIM CLERK assistant who has some knowledge of routine of credit department; answer in own handwriting, giving education, age, salary expected and when born and salary expected. T 465 Times.

CLERK, able to use typewriter, with knowledge of construction material preferred; salary to start $100 monthly and lunches. Apply Hotel Ashton, 55d and Madison Av., 10 A. M. Mr. Fasig.

CLERK, steady position; state experience, salary expected; apply by letter only. H. C. Derby Co., 800 1st Av.

CLOTH MAN—Experienced man for piece goods department, cloak and suit concern; apply, stating experience, references and salary. Box 467, 228 West 42d.

CREDIT CLOTHING CHAIN.

Want a high-class man with experience as manager of branch store in Middle West. Address "Chain, Box 106, Station F, Manhattan.

CUTTER wanted on ladies' muslin night gowns. Apply to Theo. Goers, Carlstadt, N. J.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR, white, over 30 years; night duty, high-class apartment house; must understand switchboard; salary $65 month; bring references 9 A. M. Huberth and Huberth, 1 Columbus Circle.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR, white, over 25 years; 57th St. loft building; salary $75 month; bring references; 3 P. M. Huberth & Huberth, 1 Columbus Circle.

ESTIMATOR wanted in general contractor's office; only high-class, steady man of proved ability and thorough knowledge of present costs and conditions will be considered; state age, experience and salary required. M 574 Times.

FILE CLERK, boy about 16, in office of commission house; call all day. Mill Factors Corporation, 354 4th Av.

FOREMAN, experienced, for ladies' pile fabric and fur effect coats. Call Rosen Bros., 21 West 20th St.

HOTEL ROOM CLERK—Must be thoroughly experienced in Summer resort work; state age, references, qualifications and phone number. Hotel Clifton, Patchogue, L. I. Phone 3788N.

LEDGER CLERK for Liability Accounting Department of large insurance agency; experience not necessary; state particulars and salary desired. V 948 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK, single, wholesale hardware, experienced only; $30 to start. William L. Blumberg Co., Inc., 31 Warren St.

MAN wanted in apartment renting and management department; only those thoroughly experienced and of recognized good standing need apply; permanent position. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 21 East 40th St.

MAN, experienced, who understands the employing of high-grade solicitors; salary $30 per week; bond and references required. W 664 Times.

MAN wanted for large mercantile house, with experience, to take charge of shipping room; write, giving full particulars. T 478 Times.

MANAGER for Jewish educational institution; must be capable man, live wire and possess executive ability; can command good salary; preference given to one experienced in similar institution; write, giving references and experience. V 945 Times Downtown.

MEN employed in large offices below Chambers St.; can add materially to their income by acting as representative of a well-known downtown bank to solicit savings accounts; commission basis. W 16 Times.

OFFICE BOY, by radio manufacturer; must be neat in appearance, industrious and accurate at figures. Apply F. A. D. Andrea, 1,561 Jerome Av., Bronx.

OFFICE BOY, bright and intelligent, for high-class organization; good prospects. Apply 8th floor, 171 Madison Av.

PACKERS—Experienced cloak and suit packers. Halle, Baer & Brown, 1,353 Broadway.

PORTER, paper warehouse. Apply 16 Beekman St.

PROOFREADER, experienced, for book work; accurate and fast. M 108 Times.

RADIO MAN, thoroughly experienced, to take charge apparatus, test and repair department; must state age, experience, education, salary and references. A 701 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, furniture, with instalment experience; must furnish references; good salary, steady work. New Jersey Furniture Co., 236 Newark Av., Jersey City.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, in large plumbing and heating supply house; wonderful opportunity; write, stating qualifications. Box 79, 2,119 3d Av.

MALE HELP WANTED.

SOLICITORS—A bank requires the services of experienced savings account solicitors; salary and commission; bond and references required. W 561 Times.

SOLICITOR, experienced, reputable collection service, with following wholesale trades. M 89 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish and English, with billing, general export experience; must be good at figures, for progressive firm; state age, religion, past experience, salary, nationality, telephone. Box 459, 225 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, mechanical equipment manufacturer; position permanent; in replying state experience, &c., in detail; salary $30. B 40 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, must be rapid, conscientious and hard worker; good position to right man; moderate salary commence. C. F. 304 Times.

STENOGRAPHER to assist credit man; must have initiative, rapid dictation and typing, hard worker; salary $25. W 19 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-Spanish, English; apply by letter stating age, experience and salary expected. W 2 Times.

STOCK CLERK, young man, between 18 and 25 years of age, with experience in the clothing industry. Call Metropolitan, 702 Broadway.

WINDOW DEMONSTRATOR wanted to travel New York State; also one for city; reference required as to character and ability; permanent position to right party. Razor Products Corp., N. West Street, York, Pa.

YOUNG MAN

for permanent position as assistant salesman in large printing house; must have pleasing personality and be willing to work hard to fit himself for position; selling experience is not essential, as we will train the man we select; salary and commission to man with qualifications, age 18-31; references essential; apply by letter only. C. E. Nissen, 29-37 Sullivan St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, EXPERIENCED, TO OPERATE ELLIOTT-FISHER BILLING MACHINE IN OFFICE OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. ROSE BROS., 708 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN with at least 2 years' experience in accounting procedure; preferably inventory work; state age, previous experience, education and salary. Z 2011 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, to manage credit clothing store 175 miles from New York City; good salary; splendid opportunity to right party. Apply Family Garment Stores, 1,115 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 20, as experienced order clerk in stock broker's office; state age, experience and salary. W 922 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, as experienced blotter clerk in stock broker's office; state age, experience and salary. W 923 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced typist and stock clerk; splendid opportunity. Franklin Metal Weather Strip Co., 314 East 38th St.

DOWNTOWN bank requires the services of several men for the work, plus national advertising and a one-minute demonstration, makes $200 ONE CALL SALES; large commissions paid in advance easily bring you $25 daily or more; experience unnecessary. Write or call promptly at 10 A. M. or 2 P. M.

Suite 610, 152 West 42d St.

SALESMEN.

International manufacturers of an electrical device has openings for several good men in Brooklyn, New Rochelle and New Jersey territories; opportunity for advancement to those who qualify; we can offer a good income on advanced commission basis; special offer to men with car. Apply 9 East 40th St., suite 705, 2:30 P. M. sharp; no other time.

SALESMEN, can you sell real estate to interested parties who have answered our advertisement? Average commission $112; sales help freely given; positions permanent; many of our salesmen have made six to seven hundred dollars per week in commissions. Call between 2 and 5. Suite 1303, 250 Madison Av.

SALESMAN—One now selling drug stores Greater New York, to handle side line imported perfume novelties; commission basis; excellent prospects. Write fully. Y 2222 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted to sell artificial flowers to department stores and window trimmers; good opening for active man to go on the road; salary and commission. 121 Lexington Av.

SALESMEN for an embroidery shop; must be acquainted with dress houses; good opportunity for the right men; salary and commission. J. Cimilluca & Son, 131 West 21st.

SALESMEN to sell ginger extract to grocers, druggists and bottlers; experienced men only for all territories; commission basis. V 947 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to take care of established trade and sell fruits, syrups and malted milk; good salary. Eskay Beverage Co., 221 East 84th St.

SALESMAN to handle as sideline a few men's and ladies' novelty neckwear in the country, making a line of popular-priced children's wash dresses, catering to the jobbing trade only, is open to be represented in the Middle West and South; only those who are now employed in such capacity need apply; a good proposition awaits the right party; commission. W 925 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

Have you ever sold engine room supplies or have had any experience around an engine room? Most of our men are earning on commission over $100 weekly selling boiler compound, packing, oil, waste, cleaning compounds, paints, &c. Liberal advances after value is established. Apply mornings. Metropolitan Refining Co., 253 Broadway.

SALESMEN—CREW MANAGERS.

A new and unusual golf game that we are selling to homes, resorts, clubs and stores; constantly increasing business demands additional representatives with real selling ability; large commissions; exclusive territory; repeat business. Call 9:30-11 A. M., 1:30-3 P. M. Sales Manager, Easton's Trolley Golf Co., 54 Franklin St., or telephone Franklin 2001.

SALESMEN, experienced, calling on paint and hardware trade to represent one of the oldest and most reliable lines on the market; can also use a couple side-line men; commission basis. Phone Columbus 6298, or write National Sales Co., 1,834 Broadway, for appointment. M 91 Times.

MEN to sell ornamental shade and fruit trees; every new home wants them; makes sales easy; inexperienced men trained in the field; full commissions paid weekly. Call between 10-2, Room 603, 112 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 5521.

SALESMAN

with car for metropolitan district to sell nationally advertised white products; commission basis. Will drawing account. Apply Friday and Saturday, R. M. Hollingshead Co., 87 25th St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN, AUTOMOBILE—We need two wide-awake salesmen to represent one of America's leading automobiles; drawing account against commission; experience preferable; state qualifications briefly. Box 16, 571 East 163d St.

SALESMEN, selling grocery trade in New York State, New England, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia, to handle macaroni as a side line on a commission basis; both package and bulk. Z 2083 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, experienced in selling house wiring and fixtured on deferred payments; good opportunity for producer to connect with firm of repute; commission basis. Apply Selko Electric Co., 1,084 Bedford Av., B'klyn.

SALESMAN—One of the largest steel tank companies with New York office has opportunity for a salesman in metropolitan district on commission basis; write in full, giving experience and references. W 516 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to represent old-established full-fashioned hosiery mill; one familiar with the jobbing trade; state salary, experience and present employer; all replies confidential. Z 2014 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for popular-priced sweater house to cover New York and New England States; established trade; must be an able man with following; salary against commission. Z 2009 Times Annex.

SALESMAN TO CALL ON JOBBERS.

We handle electric bread toasters, electric heating pads, violet rays, first aid kits; want hustler; commission basis. H. Eberman, 198 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMEN, experienced preferred, selling high-grade boys' knee pants in city and surrounding towns; only hustlers need apply; salary and commission. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Paramount Clothing Co., 7 West 8d.

SALESMEN—I can use 4 good men who wish to earn from $75-$100 a week selling typewriters in New York City; salary and commission paid while learning. Call 11 A. M., Mr. Milstrey, 316 Broadway.

SALESMEN, college students preferred, earn $1,000-$3,000 commissions annually selling all forms insurance; part or full time; have best available propositions; everybody a prospect. F 856 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with large department store following for Middle West to carry high-class line of celluloid hair ornaments and novelties; state age, experience, &c.; salary and commission. W 571 Times.

SALESMAN, shoe polish; ambitious, energetic man, with following; salary and commission; give qualifications and references; good opportunity for right man; prominent. W 929 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Right opportunity for man with hotel and restaurant experience in large wholesale fish market; drawing account against commissions. Box 418, 252 Columbus Av.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

Largely increased business enables famous Grape Products Company, established over 45 years, and highly rated in Dun's and Bradstreet's, to consider applications from a few salesmen.

Our vineyards and plant at Hammondsport and Rheims, N. Y., are running at full capacity to keep orders filled.

COMMISSIONS PAID DAILY.

Inexperienced men are making from $30 to $60 daily.

We are producers and shippers of genuine grape products from our own vineyards at Hammondsport and Rheims, N. Y., the largest of the kind in America.

Out-of-town men write, giving full particulars.

THE TAYLOR COMPANY,

152 West 42d St.

Suites 1117 and 1118.

SALESMEN, JUNIOR.

NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CORPORATION.

We require a number of young men for our New York, New Jersey and Brooklyn stores; men selected will be trained in modern merchandising and our methods; must be satisfied with $25 to $50 weekly during training period on advance commission basis.

Also interested in experienced salesmen with executive training or executive ability; salary and bonus basis.

Our Mr. Hammond U. Mann, Director of Personnel, will interview all applicants who pass our preliminary requirements.

For application and information call at Employment Office, 10 A. M. or 2:30 P. M.; no other time.

ROOM 406, NATIONAL ASSOC. BLDG.

28 WEST 44TH ST.

SALESMEN.

Two orders a day, working on direct leads, will net you $225 in commissions for a week of 5 days.

We furnish all the leads you can use.

Our men are introducing the Crane Classics. This is the first time the complete writings of Dr. Frank Crane have ever been offered in book form.

WILLIAM J. MOSHER,

50 WEST 47TH ST.

SALESMEN, DISTRIBUTERS, CREW MANAGERS, AGENTS.

Full time or part time. Your own City, out of town, everywhere.

Universal demand in every section for RADIO PACK, plus national advertising and a one-minute demonstration, makes 20,000 ONE CALL SALES; large commissions paid in advance easily bring you $25 daily or more; experience unnecessary. Write or call promptly at 10 A. M. or 2 P. M.

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MEN to sell ornamental

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Pressure was relatively high Thursday night over the East Gulf States and Florida and off the North Pacific Coast, and it was low over practically all other regions with centres of minimum pressure over Ontario, Eastern Quebec and Colorado. Local thunder showers have occurred within the last twenty-four hours in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Great Central Valleys, portions of the Lake region and Northern Texas.

The heat wave was broken during Thursday in the upper Ohio Valley, the lower Lake region and in the Atlantic states from North Carolina northward. The weather became cooler also in the Canadian Northwest, while somewhat higher temperature prevailed in the central and southern plains States and Eastern Colorado.

The weather will be generally fair Friday in the Washington forecast district, except for scattered thunder showers in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and probably Tennessee, but the weather will again become unsettled during Saturday and local showers are probable Saturday or Saturday night almost generally east of the Mississippi River. The temperature will be slightly higher Friday in Tennessee, the Upper Ohio Valley, the lower lake region and Northern New York. Otherwise the temperature will not change materially in the Washington forecast district during the next two days.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Stations.	Temperature High.	Low.	Barom eter.	Rain fall.	Weather.
Abilene	98	72	29.83	.06	Clear
Albany	94	72	29.98	.02	Pt. cldy
Atlanta	90	70	30.02	1.54	Rain
Atlantic City	82	74	29.78		Cloudy
Baltimore	96	76	29.80	.02	Rain
Bismarck	80	63	29.76		Clear
Boston	98	74	29.74	.54	Cloudy
Buffalo	72	66	29.92	.60	Clear
Charleston	92	76	29.96		Clear
Chicago	80	66	29.90		Clear
Cincinnati	88	70	29.92	.04	Clear
Cleveland	76	68	29.88	.43	Clear
Denver	92	66	29.66		Clear
Detroit	80	66	29.88	.02	Clear
Galveston	88	82	30.00		Clear
Helena	82	50	29.80		Clear
Indianapolis	88	68	29.90		Clear
Jacksonville	94	78	30.00		Clear
Kansas City	90	70	29.84		Clear
Los Angeles	82	60	29.90		Clear
Milwaukee	76	63	29.96		Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	82	56	29.88		Pt. Cldy
New Orleans	92	78	30.02		Cloudy
New York	92	78	29.76	.02	Cloudy
Oklahoma	96	70	29.84		Clear
Philadelphia	94	78	29.82	.26	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	80	74	29.90	.22	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	82	60	29.74	.44	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	72	56	30.00		Clear
Salt Lake City	88	72	29.76		Clear
San Antonio	96	74	29.88		Clear
San Diego	74	62	29.90		Clear
San Francisco	68	52	30.02		Clear
Seattle	76	54	30.04		Clear
St. Louis	88	70	29.92		Cloudy
Tampa	94				Cloudy
Washington	96	78	29.80	.16	Cloudy

Northern New England—Fair Friday; Saturday unsettled, possibly local rains; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England, New Jersey and Delaware—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness becoming unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Fair Friday; warmer in north portion; Saturday increasing cloudiness; probably local showers Saturday afternoon.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness, probably showers Saturday afternoon or night; not much change in temperature.

District of Columbia and Maryland—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness, probably showers by Saturday night; not much change in temperature.

Western and Central New York—Fair and slightly warmer Friday; Saturday local showers and probably thunderstorms.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperatures.

8 AM	80	12 M	90	6 PM	87
9 AM	79	1 PM	91	7 PM	85
10 AM	82	2 PM	92	8 PM	82
11 AM	80	3 PM	92	9 PM	79
10 AM	82	4 PM	92	10 PM	77
11 AM	89	5 PM	93		

Average temperature yesterday, 85.
Average temperature last year, 76.
Average same date for 46 years, 74.
High yesterday, 93, at 5 P. M.; low, 77, at 7 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 29.78; 8 P. M., 29.78.
Humidity—8 A. M., 86; 8 P. M., 77.
Wind—8 A. M., southwest, velocity 12 miles; 8 P. M., west, velocity 14 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., cloudy.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—North Carolina—Partly cloudy, probably thunder showers in south Friday; Saturday fair; not much change in temperature.

South Carolina and Georgia—Partly cloudy, with thunder showers Friday; Saturday fair.

Florida—Fair, except thunder showers Friday and Saturday.

Alabama—Thunder showers Friday; Saturday probably fair.

Mississippi—Fair, except thunder showers on Friday; Saturday partly cloudy, probably thunder showers in north.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, probably thunder showers; slightly warmer Friday.

Kentucky—Partly cloudy Friday, followed by thunder showers Friday night or Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Ohio—Partly cloudy and slightly warmer Friday, followed by showers and probably thunder storms Friday night and Saturday; cooler Saturday night.

Illinois and Indiana—Unsettled, fair Friday and Saturday; warmer Friday.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled, fair Friday and Saturday, not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Probably showers Friday; Saturday partly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

Wisconsin—Unsettled, fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota, North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Nebraska and Kansas—Unsettled, but fair Friday and Saturday; warmer east Friday.

Montana—Showers Friday, cooler; Saturday partly cloudy.

Wyoming—Fair Friday and Saturday, possibly showers in north Friday night; not much change in temperature.

East Texas—Friday and Saturday partly cloudy, warm.

West Texas—Friday and Saturday fair; cooler in north Saturday.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:50—0-11	Dashrosses St.; Consolidated Art Metal Works	Not given
1:25—Front of 17 Pearl St.; auto;	not given	Not given
8:00—30 St. and 5 Av.; taxicab; not	given	Not given
9:15—195 Riverside Dr.; not	given	Not given
9:00—Front of 200 W. 145 St.; auto,	Frank Gorglowich	Not given
10:20—631 Madison St.; Enter Shapiro	P. M.	None
1:00—38 Ridge St.; Max Weiss		Trifling
1:15—Pier 46, foot of Jefferson St.		Not given
1:45—Greenwich and West 10 St.;	not given	None
5:55—187 E. 27 St.; G. Schoenile,		Not given
6:30—363 W. 58th St.; F. Schmidt,		Not given
8:30—Vicinity of Bayard St.; Y. Yon,		Not given
8:55—1,340 8 Av.; M. Dannigan		Not given
7:10—122 W. 41 St.; United Cinema	Publishing Co.	Not given
7:10—250 E. 58 St.; Auto. Shoe Exchange Co.		Not given
9:35—166 St. and St. Nicholas Av., auto,	G. Englant	Not given
10:35—900 Broome St.; T. Reeves		Not given
10:50—1,800 Av. A; Mrs. Richmond		Slight

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Transfers and Assignments.

PATROLMEN—Francis X. Goodwin, from 23d Precinct to 3d Division, assigned to clerical duty; Harry T. O'Brien, from 46-A Precinct to 11th Division, designated as Acting Detective Sergeant, 2d Grade; Thomas F. J. Valley, from 66th Precinct to 39th Precinct; Cornelius S. Kane, from Traffic Precinct A to 13th Precinct; Joseph G. Gerhard, from 12th Division to 19th Precinct, assignment 24 duty as plain clothes discontinued.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN—Jacob Gacker, 23 Precinct to 18th Division, to duty in raided premises for 15 days, from Aug. 7; James J. Murphy, 9-A Precinct to 11th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Kings, to Aug. 10; Peter Flood, 18th Division, from Raided Premises Squad to Quartermaster's Division, to duty at Department Storehouse, from Aug. 7, during absence of patrolman on sick report; William L. Beck, 23d Precinct, excused from reserve duty, to Sept. 4; Joseph F. Martin, 30th Precinct to 11th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Kings, for 8 days, from Aug. 7; Henry T. Tiedeman, 58th Precinct to 11th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Queens, to assist Hon. Frank A. Cosgrove and John J. Gerhard, 68th Precinct to 11th Division, to duty in office of District Attorney, Richmond, to Aug. 15.

Leaves With Pay.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR—John L. Falconer, 10th Division, 24 District, Traffic, for 17 days, from Aug. 11, to be deducted from vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Adolph Thompson, 10-A Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Aug. 7; George R. Schadt, 11th Precinct, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 12; Frank Masterson, 13-A Precinct, for 3 days, from 12:01 A. M., Aug. 7; Alfred W. Tucker, 13th Division, Bureau of Telegraph, Manhattan, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Aug. 12.

Pay on Sick Report Report Approved.

SERGEANTS—John Devaney, 13th Precinct, from June 23, to July 6; Herman H. Geldman, 19th Precinct, from June 23, to June 25.

PATROLMEN—Clinton S. Sheridan, 1st Precinct, from July 7, during disability; William J. Tobin, 24 Precinct, from June 25 to July 5; John F. Engel, 41st Precinct, from June 27, during disability; Robert V. Levins, 7th Precinct, from June 14, to July 11; Felix Ruggieri, 7th Precinct, from May 31, to June 30; Henry Vogel, 7th Precinct, from June 21, to June 24; Patrick Dwyer, 9-A Precinct, from June 27, to July 1; John J. McDonough, 9-A Precinct, from April 29, to May 11, and from May 15, to May 31; Edward B. Turner, 11th Precinct, from June 26, during disability; James A. Glynn, 12th Precinct, from June 30, during disability; Arthur J. Fitzpatrick, 12th Precinct, from June 14, to June 17; Martin J. Fisher, 13th Precinct, from June 26, to July 2; Frank S. Spotkes, 13-A Precinct, from July 31, to June 24; Henry Kehr, 16th Precinct, from May 27, to June 30; James McCabe, 19th Precinct, from June 25, to June 29; Michael Kronenbitter, 22d Precinct, from July 5, during disability; Edward M. Berran, 23d Precinct, from May 27, to June 23.

Restored to Duty.

PATROLMEN—Louis Geis, 5th Precinct; Frank Chladnicek, 7th Precinct; John McGuire, 8th Precinct; Patrick E. Madigan, 27th Precinct; Joseph La Rosa, 12th Division; Lawrence Symmers, 12th Division; Edward Briglio, 12th Division.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Louis Geis, 5th Precinct; Frank Chladnicek, 7th Precinct; John McGuire, 8th Precinct; Patrick E. Madigan, 27th Precinct; Joseph La Rosa, 12th Division; Lawrence Symmers, 12th Division; Edward Briglio, 12th Division.

Dropped From the Rolls.

PATROLMAN—Frank A. McGovern, Shield No. 820, 7th Precinct, having resigned from the Police Department while charges were pending against him, alleging fault and delinquency on his part.

Fire Department.

To Report for Test.

Assistant Chief Joseph B. Martin made these announcements yesterday:

The following-named will report at the School of Instruction, Nos. 157-159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Manhattan, Monday, Aug. 11, at time specified, for a period of thirty days, for test as prescribed by the rules:

9 A. M. Engine.		1 P. M. Engine.	
James Gorman	1	E. F. Ryan	1
C. E. Cummings	10	Maurice McKenna	11
H. W. Hillenbrand	20	F. H. Bottler Jr.	13
F. G. Frederickson	21	A. J. Picard	14
J. Kelly	26	J. J. Virgilio	16
E. K. Shumway	36	P. J. McGowan	22
J. J. McNamara	40	W. P. Ferguson	40
J. Dwyer	71	G. G. Lenihan	70
W. T. Hallanan	76	David Rankin	108
W. A. Healy	201	B. J. Cooper	205
J. J. Quigley	204	L. C. Husson	210
J. J. Kilroy	205	Lawrence Quinn	211
Thomas Meeks	206	Kirschenheiter	212
W. A. Hanley	208	W. A. Winkelstern	223
A. R. Scott Jr.	214	L. S. Gillham	237
W. D. Mooney	219	P. F. Logan	279
J. D. Ober	222	H. & L.	
Jacob Jacobsen	227	E. J. Noonan 24	1
H. & L.		T. H. Purcell	8
Peter Adler	1	C. P. Byrne	25
F. J. Hines	11	J. Hines	102
J. D. Moriarty	102	J. M. Graham	118
C. A. Heilemann	105	M. E. Faust	146

Special Leaves of Absence.

Deputy Chief Patrick Maher, 11th Division, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Aug. 11; Captain Robert E. McGannon, H. & L. Co. 16, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Aug. 11; Fireman 1st grade Joseph A. Morrissey, H. & L. Co. 160, for 30 hours, from 4 P. M., Aug. 15; Fireman 1st grade Arthur J. Jones, H. & L. Co. 157, for 24 hours, from 9 A. M., Aug. 10; Fireman 1st grade Frank Booth, Eng. Co. 266, for 16 hours, from 6 P. M., Aug. 9; Fireman 1st grade Joseph A. Marotin, Bnk. Co. 91, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Aug. 10.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

GELSHENEN, WILLIAM H. (July 22). Estate, more than $10,000, to widow, Emma C. of 24 East Eighth Street, executrix.

ISRAEL, BERTHA (July 28). Estate, $12,000. To son, Berthold, $3,000; residue divided between sons, Nathan and Ira. Morris Markowitz of 124 West 130th Street, executor.

LOEWENTHAL, REBECCA C. (July 25). Estate, more than $10,000, to brother, Edwin C. of 866 St. Nicholas Avenue, executor.

MARCKFELD, EDMOND (July 23). Estate, more than $5,000, to son, Edwin J. of 25 Locust Avenue, Arlington, N. J., executor.

POLACEK, LUDWIG (July 22). Estate, more than $25,000, to widow, Mary of 358 East Seventy-seventh Street, executrix.

Kings.

KRAPS, ANNIE (Aug. 24, 1923). Estate, $8,500 in real property and personal, $5,850, to husband, four sons and three daughters.

CANNONICO, GIOVANNI (May 20). Estate, not more than $4,500 in real property and not more than $300 in personal property, to wife, Raffaela Cannonico.

CHURCH, RICHARD R. (July 30). Estate, $500 in real property and $8,000 in personal, to two sons and a daughter.

DOYLE, JOSEPH C. (July 18). Estate, not more than $10,000, to wife, Rhoda E. Doyle.

FELDMAN, BELLA (July 15). Estate, not more than $2,500, to two daughters and a son.

GILBERG, MARY E. (Dec. 15, 1904). Estate, $6,000, to daughter, Eugenia G. de Visser.

HAND, ANNA C. (June 11). Estate, not more than $10,000, to nephew, John K. Hand.

McTIGHE, DELIA (May 8). Estate, not more that $8,000, to two sisters and a niece.

MORROW, JANE (July 7). Estate, $6,400 in real property and $2,000 in personal, to her son, John Lester Morrow.

STUMPF, MAGDALENA (July 7). Estate, not more than $3,000, to three daughters and a son.

WAIKLEY, ARTHUR (July 29). Estate, not more than $2,000, to three sons.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The War Department published these orders today:

Field Artillery.

Daw, 1st Lt. W. J., is assigned to 1st F. A., Ft. Sill.

Crigler, 1st Lt. H. J., to 9th F. A., Ft. Des Moines.

Reed, 1st Lt. H. D., to 18th F. A., Ft. Sill.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Long, Lt. Col. F. S., to 63d C. A., Ft. Totten.

Edwards, Maj. A. R., to 51st C. A., Ft. Hancock.

Kaerfel, 1st Lt. F. H., to 14th C. A., Ft. Worden.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Heritage, Maj. A. M., to N. Y. and sail about Dec. 12 for Honolulu.

Smith, 1st Lt. F. B., is assigned to 1st Gas Reg., Edgewood Ars., Md.

Infantry.

Eskridge, Col. O. S., assignment as Comdt. of Tank Sch., Camp Meade, is announced.

Fortier, Capt. M. N., is transferred to Hdqrs. 8th Brig., to Ft. McPherson.

Miscellaneous.

Callan, Brig. Gen. R. E., from command of Panama Coast Art. Dist. to Ft. Monroe.

Conner, Brig. Gen. F., from Canal Zone and assigned to 1st Div., to Ft. Hamilton.

Trent, Lt. Col. G. T., 3d Adv., to Omaha and report for assignment.

Morse, Lt. Col. C. F., to Hdqrs. 1st C. A., Boston.

Powell, Maj. R. G., C. of E., to duty as Exec. Offr., 301st Regt., 76th Div., Org. Res.

Shearman, 1st Lt. W. L., Qm. C., to duty with 79th Div., Org. Res., Phila.

Davis, 1st Lt. L., Air Svce., to Kansas City.

Leaves.

Hoge, Maj. B. F., Cav., 14 days.

Dinsmore, Maj. J. P., Jd. Adv., 1 mo., 15 days.

Budd, Maj. A. D., Inf., 15 days' ext.

Dunckel, Capt. W. C., F. A., 1 mo. ext.

Cratch, Capt. S. C., Qm. C., 2 mos.

Chase, 1st Lt. G. P., Med. Admrv. Corps, 10 days.

Robinson, 1st Lt. C. McK., A. S., 3 mos.

Holmes, 1st Lt. C. G., F. A., 15 days' ext.

No Navy orders issued tonight.

Training Camp Orders.

2d Corps Area, U. S. A.

At Headquarters, Governors Island, Second Corps Area, Major Gen. Bullard made these announcements assigning officers of the Reserve Corps to the several citizens training camps, effective Aug. 17:

To Plattsburg Barracks, 304th Inf.

Lt. Col. Henry J. Cookingham Jr.; Maj. David Ayres, Capt. Edward R. Thorne, Helfer A. H. Andreasen.

Capts. Lewis H. Gibbes, Edward S. Dawson Jr., Raymond Lambert, Boyd Van Santhuysen, Joseph W. Semerad Jr., Robert M. Pike, Paul L. Chamberlain, Frank J. Howard, Francis M. Callan, Arthur A. Hopkins, Harry B. Anderson, Samuel I. Anderson, Joseph C. E. Daunisis.

1st Lts. Guy D. Potter, John R. Odell, Carl A. Peterson, Frank E. Howe Jr., Philip E. Mohr, Thomas E. Dunn, Henri D. Goodnow, Edward G. Griffin, Harry W. Handy, Leo M. Allen, Chester A. Blasvell.

2d Lts. Lewis H. Van Billiard, Clinton L. Swartout, Fred W. Lawrance, Denis O. Linehan, Roy H. McCormack, LeRoy K. McMullen, William S. Chrisman, Frank E. Grimes, John O. Bell, John J. Rooney, Charles H. Guyer.

Maj. Walter D. McKenna, Med., O. R. C.

1st Lt.—John H. Ready, Chap., O. R. C.

2d Lts. William K. Gwynne, 98th Inf.; George F. Ricker, Hq. 98th Div.; Gerald H. Zimmer, Hq. 98th Div.; Alan Taylor, Hq. 98th Div.; Harold H. Strassen, Hq. 98th Div.; John L. Ridder, Hq. 98th Div.; Boyd W. Bullock, Hq. C. A. and G. H. Q.

Maj. Weston Jenkins, 390th Inf.; Fred C. Laurent, 390th Inf.

Capts. George P. McGinn, Hq. 98th Div.; Harry V. Williams, 98th Inf.; Charles R. Brewer, 390th Inf.; Frank W. Brodrick, 390th Inf.; Donald S. McChesney, C. A. Sect. 98th Div.; Wentworth Williams, 390th Inf.

1st Lt. George T. Link, 390th Inf.

2d Lts. William E. Boone, 390th Inf.; Frederick S. White, 390th Inf.; Kenneth G. Martindale, 390th Inf.; Frank B. Williams, 390th Inf.

Sgt. Harold I. Stecher, Co. "L," 390th Inf. 98th Div.

Cpl. Charles E. Scheible, 390th Motor Transport Co.

Pvts. Earl F. Jones, 323d Motorcycle Co. 98th Div.; Walter E. Mauna, Service Co., No. 323 (Q.M.C.).

To Madison Barracks, 391st F. A.

Col. W. E. Shepherd Jr., O-106833.

Maj. John F. Higgins, O-142134; Edwin H. Hensley, O-142025; Albert C. Demarest, O-102927.

Capts. Joseph V. McCabe, O-104285; Joseph H. Bonneville, O-146302; Francis H. Evans, O-159059; O. Alexander Anderson, O-140106.

1st Lts. John F. Peterson, O-106357; Richard B. Hand, O-180233; Hugo J. Angelicola, O-136685; Edward G. Joseph, O-138440; Christian S. Phillips, O-137858; Humphrey C. Patton, O-189056; C. Daly King, O-108106.

2d Lts. Howard P. Moore, O-163439; Maurice I. Fass, O-191142; Adall R. Lewis, O-191835; Paul E. Wieland, O-191827.

Capt. Frank D. Blanchard, O-185067.

Lt. Col. H. P. Wanvig, 390th F.A., XII. Corps.

Maj. Joseph H. Saur, 400th F.A., G.H.Q.; Meredith B. Wood, 300th F.A., XII. Corps; Clive C. Day, 307th F.A., 78th Div.; Herman C. Page, 308th F.A., 78th Div.

Capts. Richard F. Shaw, 400th F.A., G.H.Q.; Alfred G. Ford, 400th F.A., G.H.Q.; Ralph Bishop, 400th F.A., G.H.Q.; Edward Burns, 400th F.A., G.H.Q.; Carroll E. Welch, 4424 F.A., VI. Corps; James H. Huddleson, 360th F.A.; H. B. Lewis, Hq. XII. Corps; Willis H. Ryder, 308th F.A., 78th Div.; Paul A. Glenn, 305th F.A., 77th Div.; Patrick J. McNicholl, 661st F.A., G.H.Q.

1st Lts. Barent Burhans, 308th F.A., XII. Corps; Howard C. Bellingham, 308th F.A., XII. Corps; John W. McGeary, 309th F.A., XII. Corps; Harry M. Birdseye, 302d A.M.T.R., 77th Div.; Paul A. Gilger, 441st F.A., IV. Corps; John D. Power, 441st F.A., II. Corps; John C. Baker, 4424 F.A., VI. Corps; Pasquale Attilio, 4424 F.A., VI. Corps; Leo Siegel, 4424 F.A., VI. Corps; C. S. Dowell, 302d F.A., G.H.Q.; Sidney J. Darlinger, 471st F.A., G.H.Q.; Alphens D. Gordon, 305th F.A., 77th Div.; Miguel R. Rodriguez, 470d F.A., G.H.Q.; Julius F. Pitts, 461st F.A., G.H.Q.; Henry E. Knierim, 581st F.A., G.H.Q.; Arthur McCartney, 561st F.A., XII. Corps; George Grimstead, 560th F.A., G.H.Q.; Jacques Roart, 560th F.A., G.H.Q.; F. W. Niedenfuhr, 442d Am. Tr.

2d Lts. Sam D. Kornfield, 309th F.A., XII. Corps; Joel Swanson, 309th F.A., XII. Corps; William J. Kinsler, 460th F.A., VII. Corps; Aaron L. Kerrel, 460th F.A., E. F.; Stotsell, 460th F.A., G.H.Q.; William S. Spencer Jr., 304th F.A., 77th Div.; Samuel E. Jones, 304th F.A., 77th Div.; John J. Mells-Murphy, 305th F.A., 77th Div.; Henry H. Glenn, 305th F.A., 77th Div.; Joseph P. Westall, 307th F.A., 78th Div.; John J. McGirr, 308th F.A., 78th Div.; Joseph F. Moriarty, 308th F.A., 78th Div.; Earl W. Kenlan, 441st F.A., IV. Corps; James F. Stevens, 441st F.A., IV. Corps; Joseph H. Wagar, 441st F.A., IV. Corps; Hermann F. Viemitz, 560th F.A., G.H.Q.; Dwyer P. Johnson, 561st F.A., G.H.Q.; Gustave Perry, 461st F.A., G.H.Q.; William A. Tech, 307th F.A., G.H.Q.; Ogden L. Marsh, 307th F.A., G.H.Q.; Edmund G. Richard, 307th F.A., 98th Div.; Harold McGowan, 442d F.A., VI. Corps; Bernard L. Kenny, 442d F.A., VI. Corps; Moshe Finkelstein, 442d F.A., XII. Corps; Richard H. Beach, 306th F.A., 77th Div., and Louis R. Bedell, 24 Bn., 7th F.A.

1st Lt. Ernest Hindman, Btry "B," 301st F.A.; William E. Bauer, Ser. Btry., 460th F.A.; Robert D. Barnard, Btry. "E," 6th F.A.; G.H.Q.; Timothy J. Healy, Btry. D, 301st F.A., G.H.Q.; and John C. Cowart, Btry. "E," 56th F.A.

To Fort Dupont, 346d Engineers.

Col. Roger D. Black.

Lt. Col. Percy E. Barbour.

Maj. John J. Devlin, Frank Willette, William F. S. Stoot, Gilmore D. Clarke, George T. Sinks.

Capts. William E. Weller, Fred S. Walls, Robert L. Sommerville, Horatio B. Williams, Chester E. Wheeler, Charles A. Thomas, William F. Steinmetz, Robert Rosenbluth, Charles H. Roe, Charles J. McGroman, Robert E. Lee Forge, Hans R. Jacobsen, Ira Kilbe, Leonard A. Wessman, Daniel S. Braine, Charles Weber.

1st Lts. Frank C. Johnson, Louis W. Tasker, William H. Peters, George F. Nieting Jr., Theodore J. Boecker, Roger E. Marion, John H. Hamann, Louis A. Buehnell, Leslie K. Bennett.

2d Lts. Walter F. Smith Jr., H. Theodore O'Neil, Edward A. Hammer, Saul C. Gordon, James M. Fitzgibbon, William W. Bainbridge Jr., Abraham G. Silverman.

1st Lt. Charles Crane.

Capt. Harry W. Morris.

Maj. Jacob Blumberg.

To Camp Alfred Vail, 303d F. A. B.

Maj. Forrest E. Brooks.

Capts. Joseph G. Seabourne, and Philip Lehman.

2d Lts. Philip Captain and John P. Phelan.

1st Lt. Charles N. Knall.

2d Lts. Henry R. Mimmo, Sig. O. R. C., 12th Corps; Henry C. Granger, Sig. O. R., 12th Corps; Terrence C. Brady, Sig. O. R. C., 4th Corps.

1st Lt. Sylvester V. S. Howell, Sig. O. R. C., 12th Corps.

Capts. Henry Daniels, Sig. O. R. C., 12th Corps; Leo C. Prenss, Sig. O. R. C., 12th Corps; Harry E. Olsen, Sig. O. R. C., 12th Corps.

2d Lt. Rolla N. Carter, 302d Sig. Bn., 12th Corps.

1st Lt. Frank H. Mulcahy, Sig. O. R. C., 4th Army.

2d Lt. Norman H. Stamper, Sig. O. R. C., 7th Sig. Co.

1st Lts. James M. Roche, Sig. O. R. C., 7th Sig. Co.; Harold R. Conway, Sig. O. R. C., 7th Sig. Co.

2d Lts. Jay L. Frankum, Sig. O. R. C., special troops, 98th Div.; Lawrence E. Eberhard, Sig. O. R. C.

Capt. Marion Sultzer, Sig. O. R. C., 81st Sig. Bn.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Marine Corps Headquarters published these orders today as of the dates indicated:

JULY 31.

Capts. Walker, W. W.; Wright, R. R.; Curtis, T. J.; Barton, O. S.; Spicer, 1st Lt. D., to Quantico.

Elder, Capt. E. E., to Navy Yd., N. Y.

Pierce, Capt. H. C., relieved from detail as an Asst. Qm.

Howard, 1st Lt. F. M.; Hall, 1st Lt. G. B., to Philadelphia.

Brabant, Maj. E. H., to Hdqrs. Maj. Corps, instead of to Quantico.

AUG. 1.

Whaley, Capt. L. W., to Quantico.

Michrist, Capt. C. P., to 1st Brig., Haiti.

Elger, Capt. W. J. J., to Quantico and relieved from active duty on Sept. 20.

AUG. 2.

Vulte, Lt. Col. N. P.; Moore, Capt. J. T., to Cauldwell, Capt. O. R.; Holderby, 1st Lt. A. R., to 1st Brig., Haiti.

AUG. 4.

Upshur, Maj. W. P., to the Command and Gen. Staf. Sch. Ft. Leavenworth.

AUG. 5.

Geiger, Maj. R. S., to the Command and Gen. Staf. Sch., Ft. Leavenworth.

Marshall, Capt. W. McN., to 3rd Batt., 6th Reg., Guantanamo Bay.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 7.—These National Guard orders bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

COMMISSIONS.

Hennessy, 1st Lt. Arthur D., 106th Field Art., for assignment to Med. Dept.

Warington, 2d Lt. Albert L., 106th Field Art., for assignment to Bn. Hdqrs.

Yarnah, 2d Lt. Anthony J., 147th Inf., for assignment to Co. M.

Dowling, 2d Lt. William R., 14th Inf., for assignment to Co. E.

RESIGNATIONS.

Van Nostrand, 1st Lt. Harold L., 105th Field Art.; Chappell, Capt. Charles C., Field Art., N. G. Reserve, hon. discharged.

Coast Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Coast Guard Headquarters published these orders today: Harvey, Comdr. U., assigned Hdqrs., effective Aug. 15.

Doyle, Lt. Comdr. M. A., assigned to the Trippe, Oct. 1.

Sloom, Lt. W. G., assigned to the McCall.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Transcontinental Air Mail

The newly established transcontinental air mail service is operated in both directions daily, leaving Hazlehurst Field (New York) at 11 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, and San Francisco at 6 A. M., Pacific Time. The planes carry mail for intermediate points as well, including Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Salt Lake City, &c. Mail for points not on the air route is forwarded by mail trains from the nearest air mail station.

The New York closing time on weekdays for this mail is 8:30 A. M., Daylight Saving Time, from the General Post Office and 8 A. M. or a little later at the air mail letter boxes painted red, white and blue, which are located in various parts of the city. The closing time at the box in Times Square is 8:35 A. M. The closing time on Sundays and holidays is 9 A. M. at the General Post Office and 7:45 A. M. at the Times Square box.

The transcontinental air mail which left San Francisco Tuesday arrived at Hazlehurst Field at 7:35 A. M. The mail due yesterday did not arrive owing to unfavorable weather conditions. It is expected about 9 o'clock this morning.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—Wednesday's transcontinental air mail from New York was reported running two hours and thirty-five minutes late out of Salt Lake City, Utah, and is due to arrive at 8:20 P. M.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Station, New York, at 6 P. M. daily, as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	MANOA Aug. 8
Tahiti (Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia); also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	MAUNGANUI Aug. 8
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle	ARABIA MARU Aug. 9
Philippine Islands (letter mail only); also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Victoria	EMP. OF CANADA Aug. 8
New Zealand, also parcel-post mails for New Zealand, via San Francisco	WEST CAHOKIA Aug. 8
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco	SIBERIA MARU Aug. 10
Hawaii (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Pedro, Cal.	CY LOS ANGELES Aug. 11
Hawaii, China and specially addressed correspondence for other destinations; also parcel-post mails for China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via San Francisco	PRES. HARRISON Aug. 11
Australia (specially addressed correspondence only), via Panama Canal and Sydney. Mail closes at 1:30 P. M., from New York	STOCKWELL Aug. 12
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina; Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Seattle	PR. CLEVELAND Aug. 14
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia, via San Francisco	TOYAMA MARU Aug. 14
Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand and Australia, via Victoria	PRES. McKINLEY Aug. 19
	VENTURA Aug. 21
	MAKURA Aug. 22

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Batavia, July 2; Saigon, July 10; Singapore, July 12; Hai Phong, July 18; Manila, July 14; Canton, July 31; Hongkong, July 19; Shanghai, July 22; Kobe, July 26; Yokohama, July 28, which arrived per steamer Empress of Canada, were dispatched next day from Seattle on Aug. 4 and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Aug. 9.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Times indicated in Daylight Saving Time.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.
High water	1:00	1:29	1:32	1:57	12:46	1:23
Low water	7:14	8:02	7:46	8:27	10:12	11:04

THE SUN.

	A.M.	P.M.
Rises	5:02	5:37
Sets		

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.	Steamer.	From.	Date.
SELENDIS	Reserve	July 31	H. H. ROGERS	San Pedro	Aug. 4
*PORT VICTORIA	Bermuda	Aug. 1	MONUMY CARROLL	Baltimore	Aug. 4
BEATRICE	Marseilles	July 22	W. HESSELTINE	Boston	Aug. 4
ROSALIND	St. Johns	Aug. 2	MITANIA	Baltimore	Aug. 4
*METAPAN	Kingston	Aug. 2	CAROLYN	Cristobal	
COMANCHE	Jacksonville	Aug. 4	KARNOV	Boston	Aug. 4

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Date.	Wharf Dock.
*GHAN

Business Opportunities

Bank and business references required.
$100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money fraudulently through announcements in The New York Times.
Telephone Lackawanna 1000.

CAPITAL WANTED.

MANUFACTURER IN BIRMINGHAM DISTRICT has unusual opportunity, ripe for development and seeks the cooperation of capital; controlling interest can be acquired if desired; possibilities for development are almost unlimited; entire output now being sold to larger chain stores of the country; will require $25,000 to $50,000; high-class enterprise meriting strict investigation; E 2865 Times Annex.

WELL-ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING concern has developed three new products of merit—a time-switch to control lights, daylight lamps for stores, factories, &c., a revolving display platform equipped with changing colorlights for windows. WE REQUIRE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL for expansion, with prestige, will stand strict investigation; principals only. T 486 Times.

$100,000 ADDITIONAL CAPITAL REquired to extend business for warehousing steel products; owner has 25 years' experience, and excellent connections both buying and selling; wonderful proposition; investor may take active part in management of business if he desires. W 934 Times Downtown.

WANTED, $200,000 FOR FIVE YEARS; large yearly return on diamonds surplused at $300,000; references given and required. Box Y 2276 Times Annex.

ESTABLISHED LEATHER EMBOSSING business desires partner with $5,000. A 716 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

LIVE WIRE SALESMAN WITH LARGE car, contemplating trip to coast, is desirous of making connection with firm having meritorious merchandise on commission basis. Address M 24 Times.

POCKET ADDING MACHINES—EXCLUsive agency open for that wonderful novelty advertised in Saturday Evening Post. $1,000 cash purchase of machines required. Phone Columbus 4302.

ASSOCIATE TO TAKE COMPLETE charge of adult camp to be organized by interests controlling boys and girls' camps; established five years; Jewish clientele. Z 2034 Times Annex.

WANTED — SALES AGENCY SECONDhand egg cases. Write, stating commission per car load. J. G. Leake, Hokes, Pa.

HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER, 25, DESIRES position; eventually invest $2,000. C 71 Times.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

A MODERN CANDY PLANT, CAPACITY of 5,000 pounds day; chocolates, hard candy, popcorn; sell for $12,000; terms arranged. Wilkins, Hartford, Conn.

"B" BATTERY PLANT FOR SALE; FULLY EQUIPPED AND IN OPERATION; EASY TERMS; PRINCIPALS ONLY. BOX W 14 TIMES.

Stores and Shops.

FINE MILLINERY BUSINESS—STORE stocked and doing business 13 years; small amount of cash required; will give lease of store and apartments; price very low; fine location on main street, Port Washington; rapidly growing section with 12,000 present population. Hyde & Baxter, Port Washington, L. I.

BEAUTY PARLOR, SACRIFICE; ON Broadway; reasonable; owner leaving town. C 1089 Times Annex.

Garages.

GARAGE, NEAR 77TH ST., BROADWAY; capacity 300 cars; 21-year lease; direct from owner; security only. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway. Bryant 7844.

FOLLOW "MAIER" FOR GOOD GARAGES. 100 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0248.

Patents.

NEW IDEA! PATENT; NOTHING SIMIlar; should go over bigger than any other ice cream products; would sell State rights. Box 407, 27 Union Square.

Leases.

STORE SPACE FOR RENT
Place your goods on sale to the retail public, in the best business location in Yonkers, departments or counters rented by week or month.
STORE WINDOW FOR RENT
TO DEMONSTRATORS.
General Merchandise Market, 5 N. B'way, Yonkers.

Miscellaneous.

DOWNTOWN established employment agency. Phone Barclay 8147.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

PRINTING BY RELIABLE ESTABLISHED firm; business forms, all kinds; reasonable. Madison Square 0461. La Vine, 103 Lexington Av.

MY SALES LETTERS BRING RESULTS because they are scientifically written. Durant, 200 West 51st St. Penn. 0162.

"MULTIGRAPHING MEANS FLEXO"; sales campaigns, addressing. Flexo, 461 8th Av. Chickering 4143.

MULTIGRAPHING—$2 PER THOUSAND; $1.25 additional (20 lines) mimeographing. Ideal, Bryant 8184.

FINANCING—LOANS.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL LOANS.

Loans $50 to $5,000 one year or less, weekly or monthly payment plan; no chattels, no pawns, no salary assignments. Call or write for booklet, "How to Borrow."

THE MORRIS PLAN COMPANY.
Resources over $20,000,000.
Main office, 261 Broadway.

1 Union Square, 804 Manhattan Av., B'klyn. 369 Grand St., 26 Court St., Brooklyn. 561 East 149th St., 1906 Pitkin Av., B'klyn. Under supervision State Banking Dept.

NO LOAN TOO LARGE,
NO LOANS TOO SMALL.
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, FURS, SILVERWARE, CLOTHING, RUGS AND ALL KINDS PERSONAL PROPERTY. Money loaned on furs while in storage.
PRIVATE ENTRANCE FOR LADIES.
PAUL KASKEL & SONS,
9 COLUMBUS AV., EST. 1872.
Bet. 59th and 60th Sts. Col. 1442-3.

AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS, WHILE IN YOUR POSSESSION. LOWEST RATES; NO PUBLICITY. DEALS MADE SAME DAY. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 6,166 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 8748.

BETHLEHEM FINANCE CORPORATION, AUTO OWNERS—QUICK ACTION! CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION. CONFIDENTIAL. NO RED TAPE; LOWEST RATES. MORTGAGE LOANS, RENT ASSIGNMENTS. 1,650 Broadway, corner 51st St. Circle 0065.

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MODERN MERCANTILE CO., INC., 220 Broadway. Worth 1892.

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We advance money to reliable business men, whose propositions have merit, on notes and other good securities.
UNITED STATES GUARDIAN CORP., 19 WEST 44TH ST.

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS FINANCED ON liberal terms and at lowest rates; confidential; quick service assured. Mercantile Factors Corporation, 212 5th Av. Madison Square 8697.

MONEY FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION. Reorganization, commercial paper, real estate. Phenix Finance Corp., 1,265 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS OBTAIN LOANS on your own cars; quick answers; confidential. [illegible]

32 DRY PADLOCKS IN DAY SET RECORD

Federal Judge Garvin Closes Brooklyn and Staten Island Saloons for a Year.

EXPECT OTHER INJUNCTIONS

In All, It is Predicted, 750 Places Will Be Shut Before the Year Ends.

Federal Judge Edwin L. Garvin in Brooklyn closed thirty-two places yesterday which were said to have been selling liquor in violation of the Prohibition law. This was believed to be a record in the number of padlock injunctions granted on one day in the Eastern judicial district.

Judge Garvin's action follows a conference last week between Assistant United States Attorney Frederic W. Lehr and himself, for the purpose of expediting the issuance of padlock injunctions. One hundred more are expected to be issued by the end of August and a total of about 750, it is said, will be granted by the end of the year. Most of the places closed yesterday are for one year. The owners of the places are as follows:

Patrick McGrath, 617 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Anthony Della, 18 Water Street, Staten Island, one year; Charles Schnaar, 605 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Henry Tetter, 109 Newdorp Lane, Staten Island, one year; Andrew James, 784 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, one year; Otto Parsons, 3,902 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Joseph McDonough, 5,802 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Herman Schaefer, 2,715 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Albert Eccles, 2,341 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, one year; Dominic Trombetta, 63 Summit Street, Brooklyn, one year; Patsy Adamo, 51 Raymond Street, Brooklyn, six months.

Also Peter Pellegrino, 250 Edgewater Street, Staten Island, one year; Gaetano Musso, 538 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Thomas Sullam, 5,323 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, six months; Louis Reda, 4,024 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, three months; Theodore Plessman, 141 Summer Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Fred Vollweiler, 970 Bay Street, Staten Island, ten months; Henry Knobloch, 784 Columbia Street, Brooklyn, one year; Fred Bauer, 2,338 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, four months; David Gates, 6,636 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, one year; Patsy Ingenito, 30 Raymond Street, Brooklyn, nine months.

Also Julius Wollman, 443 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, six months; Henry Strube, 1,122 Surf Avenue, Coney Island, one year; David McKenzie, 163 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, six months; Thomas Scanlon, 199 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, six months; Nick Motrone, 141 Crescent Street, Long Island City, six months; Catherine Fitzgerald, 403 Nelson Avenue, Staten Island, one year; Mario Bessi, 25 Walter Street, Staten Island, one year; Anthony Markosch, 128 Ninth Street, Brooklyn, one year; James Nolan, 25 Giffords Lane, Staten Island, one year; George Donnelly, 882 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, six months; and Conrad Schneider, 142 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, one year.

A fast motor launch, Pacific, which was said to have contained 650 cases of whisky, champagne, wines, gin and other liquors, was seized by Federal Enforcement Agents Phelps and Zegel at Greenport, L. I., Wednesday, they reported yesterday. They arrested Stanton Ash of Bensonhurst and George Cook of 583 Amsterdam Avenue, New York, who, they said, were on the boat.

COMMUTING PLAN PUSHED IN JERSEY

Relief for 200,000 Suburban Dwellers Will Be Asked of Legislature.

Plans for solution of the commuting problems of 200,000 residents of Northern New Jersey are being pushed to completion at the Hoboken offices of the North Jersey Transit Commission and are to be presented to the Legislature next January.

"The chief problem," says a statement by the commission yesterday, "lies in devising a plan that will make for simpler and more efficient handling of the commuter crowds from the various railroads of the Hudson County and New York end of the trips from the suburbs. The commuter patronage has had such an enormous growth in recent years that in some of the railroad terminals conditions have become well-nigh intolerable. In another five years the development, if let grow further without intelligent solution, would become inefficient to a still more serious extent.

"Aside from the unpleasantness of the travel conditions for the commuters, the real problem of New Jersey lies in the fact that, in spite of vastly superior natural attractions and advantages which New Jersey is able to offer New York workers, Long Island, with inferior attractions, is able to sell itself above New Jersey because of its superior transit facilities.

"The commission, with its newly organized staff, made possible through an appropriation of $25,000 from the last Legislature, which became available on July 1, is now busily engaged in marshalling the many problems that are to be faced. The assembling of data, the preparation of maps, the study of each railroad problem and conferences with heads of the various railroads and with railroad engineers, are keeping the commissioners and the staff busy during the hot Summer days. No time is being lost in getting ready for the report which the next Legislature will expect.

A. W. Coffin of East Orange is Executive Secretary of the commission; Charles N. Green of Newark is Chief Engineer and Daniel L. Turner is Consulting Engineer. The Commissioners are Archibald M. Cox of Plainfield, Walter M. Dear of Jersey City, Spaulding Fraser of Newark, Daniel A. Garber of Ridgewood, Hally Hatcher, Hoboken; Bertram E. Saunders, Paterson, and Herbert S. Swan, East Orange. Saunders is Chairman.

FORMOSA AND LUZON ARE SWEPT BY FLOODS

Two Hundred Persons Are Reported Missing—Heavy Damages to Crops.

MANILA, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Heavy rains, continuing for several days, have flooded thousands of acres of farm lands throughout the Island of Luzon, on which this city is located, and have done immense damage.

Great injury has been done to the rice and sugar cane fields. Many miles of wagon roads and railroads have been washed out and a number of bridges have been carried away, stopping traffic in several provinces.

TOKIO, Aug. 7 (Associated Press).—Two hundred persons are missing and many are believed to be dead as a result of floods along the Tamsui River, in Northern Formosa, according to dispatches received by the Japanese newspapers here.

Railway traffic has been stopped and the City of Taihoku is virtually isolated, these dispatches say, and that thousands of houses in Taihoku have been inundated.

DEVICE TO PREVENT AUTOMOBILE CRASHES

French Experimenting With Novel Electric Danger Signals at Crossroads.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Near Bordeaux experiments are being made at crossroads with automatic danger signals for the benefit of automobile drivers. Up to the present they have given good results. The two crossings chosen for the experiment have been the scene of many accidents, but since the automatic signals were installed some months ago no accident has happened.

The apparatus is electric. A metal plate laid in the roadway with an electric contact operates a large danger signal whenever an automobile or other vehicle passes over it. The plate is on the road level, and the weight of the automobile releases a signal, which in one case is attached to a house at the corner of the road and in another is hung across the roadway. At night these signals are illuminated.

The advantage of this apparatus is that the signal catches the eye of the automobilist by its sudden appearance in front whenever a car passes over the contact plate. A red disk and the word "Danger" flash suddenly in front of him at a sufficient distance to give him time to slacken speed, and at the same instant a similar sign appears on the transverse road, warning any one approaching from that direction to stop. At night the sign remains illuminated for several seconds after the contact is made with the road plate.

The experiments at Bordeaux have been found not to be costly, and the system is likely to be used in other parts of France, especially at crossroads in villages and small towns.

Austrian Deficit 129,400,000,000.

VIENNA, Aug. 7.—The Austrian Government estimates foreshadows a deficit of 129,400,000 kronen for August, according to a statement issued by Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, Commissioner General of Austrian Finances under the League of Nations. The Commissioner states that the financial plan of the League anticipated no deficits in this, the fourth stage of Austria's reconstruction. On the other hand, he points out, half the deficit is caused by the electrification of the railroads, an expenditure which the Austrian Government contends ought to be met out of the unspent portion for the international loan to the country.

SAND DIGGERS WIN.

Court Holds Board of Estimate Prohibition Invalid.

Supreme Court Justice Benedict in Brooklyn yesterday denied the motion of Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles J. Druhan for an injunction to restrain Michael Holzman and Louis De Fronso, contractors, from taking sand from property located at East Ninety-first Street and Glenwood Road, Flatbush.

The Court held that such action was not a violation of the Building Zone law. Justice Benedict in his decision said:

"Assuming it was the intention of the Board of Estimate to prevent such use of vacant premises, I think such a resolution invalid. Sand is valuable property, and the owner of land upon which there is sand or other valuable deposits cannot be prevented by the Board of Estimate or even by the Legislature itself from digging and selling the sand. To do so would be to deprive the owner of his property without due process of law, in my opinion."

TWO FIRES ON A PIER.

Twelve Hundred-Foot Structure on Staten Island Damaged $?,000.

Two fires, within two hours, yesterday afternoon damaged the twelve-hundred-foot pier at Midland Beach, Staten Island, and probably will seriously interfere with the handling of passengers and freight. The origin of the fires has not been ascertained. The first blaze broke out near the west end of the pier.

The firemen had scarcely returned to their fire houses after fighting the blaze when there was another call to the pier. The second fire had gained considerable headway and gave the firemen a harder fight. The pier is used for the docking of the boats of the Midland Beach Amusement Association. The damage was estimated at $5,000.

FREIGHT AIRPLANE TESTED.

Flies Up 4,200 Feet at 85 Miles an Hour.

The Remington-Burnelli airplane, the first aerial freight carrier, began a series of test flights yesterday at Curtiss Field. Carrying Lieutenant George Pond, test pilot from the Anacostia Naval Air Station; Romer Weyant, the plane's regular pilot, and a passenger, the machine flew for forty minutes and reached a height of 4,200 feet. Two imported Atlantic engines drove the plane at the rate of eighty-five miles an hour. Lieutenant Pond, who has been assigned to test the craft's possible fitness for navy use, pronounced yesterday's flight satisfactory in every way.

Now Corns go without risky paring

DOCTORS say that it is dangerous to pare a corn yourself. Infection may result. Get Blue-jay, the scientific, new way. A noted scientist discovered it—different from any other method. Acts like magic. Stops pain quickly. Then the corn soon disappears. Simple, safe, scientific. Use it tonight. Walk in comfort tomorrow.

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Bathing Suit Sale

Men's All Wool Suits

Former Values $4

NOW REDUCED TO $1.93

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BROOKLYN: 101 Flatbush Avenue; ASTORIA: 436 Steinway Avenue; YONKERS: 38 Warburton Avenue; WHITE PLAINS: 76 Main Street; 80 Chambers Street; 7 John Street; 305 Fourth Avenue; 125 W. 33d Street; 259 E. 149th Street; NEW ROCHELLE: 452 Main Street; NEWARK: 24 Park Place; PATERSON: 241 Market Street; LYNBROOK: Pine Corners

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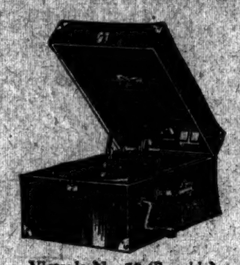
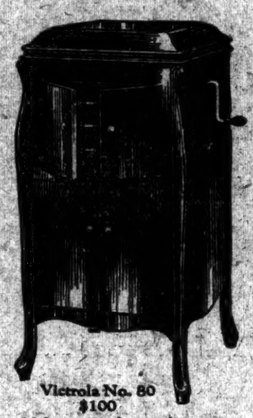
Just as the actual stage performances of the greatest artists stand out from those of less talented artists, so the Victor Records by these artists excel in the world of recorded music. There is a change of program offered on Victor Records every week, but the same high quality is always maintained and is evident in every number on the list. None but Victor Records provide such music and entertainment. No other instrument plays them in the same finished manner as the Victrola, and there are twenty-one models, from $25 up.



Victrola No. 50 (Portable) $50
Mahogany or oak



Victrola No. 80 $100
Mahogany, oak or walnut

Victrola No. 215 $150
Mahogany, oak or walnut

There is but one Victrola and that is made by the Victor Company—look for these Victor trade marks.

Out today
New Victor Records

Red Seal Records

		Double-Faced Number	List Price
Athalia—War March of the Priests (Mendelssohn) / Festival March of the Boyars (Einzugsmarsch der Bojaren) (Halvorsen)	Mengelberg and New York Philharmonic Orchestra	6464	$2.00

Famous marches, very unlike one another—one grave and stately, the other quaint yet sumptuous. A charming orchestral record worthy of the conductor and of the Victor.

Hungarian Rhapsody No. 12—Part 1 (Liszt) Piano Solo	Olga Samaroff	6450	2.00
Hungarian Rhapsody No. 12—Part 2 (Liszt) Piano Solo	Olga Samaroff		

A beautiful record of the brilliant and capricious Twelfth Rhapsody of Liszt. Almost every human mood finds expression, and the number is recorded in inimitable Victor fashion.

I Love You (from "Little Jessie James")	Reinald Werrenrath	1026	1.50
Suppose I Had Never Met You (from "Little Jessie James") (Thompson-Archer)	Reinald Werrenrath		

Two popular hits, sung by a great artist with splendid sympathetic power. Both are "heart-songs." Hear Werrenrath sing them and you will appreciate how perfectly they are recorded.

Light Vocal Selections

Any Old Time at All	Lewis James	19378	.75
Deep in My Heart	Franklyn Baur		

Songs of love-reminiscence in the popular vein. The first one tends to the waltz style, the second to the fox trot. Both are finely sung; splendid records of popular music.

Melodious Instrumental

Cuckoo Waltz	International Novelty Quartet	19349	.75
Lena—Schottische	International Novelty Quartet		

Delightful, "homey" numbers for a "quartet" of violin, accordion, xylophone, cornet, piano and one or two other sources of odd and interesting effects.

Duets—Two Sopranos

(1) Music Everywhere (2) The Bird of Passage (3) Cradle Song	Anna Howard-Laura Littlefield	19350	.75
(1) Bella Napoli (2) Jolly Miller (3) Tempest	Anna Howard-Laura Littlefield		

Records for two soprano voices, issued for educational purposes, but delightful to hear for their own sake; and children will specially enjoy them.

Dance Records

San—Oriental Fox Trot	Paul Whiteman and His Orchestra	19381	.75
I Can't Get the One I Want—Fox Trot			

Whiteman has made a daring record of the favorite "San," with some startling new details, and with extraordinary power and finish. Its companion is a gem, too, in playing and recording. A most remarkable dance record!

June Night—Fox Trot	Waring's Pennsylvanians	19380	.75
Only You—Fox Trot (from "I'll Say She Is") with vocal refrain	International Novelty Orchestra		

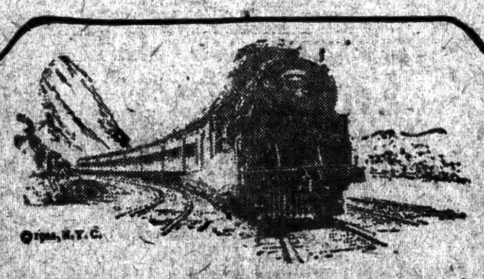
Melodious fox trots. "June Night" has some polka-like rhythms. "Only You" has a tender vocal refrain. For dancing or for listening, these are admirable records.

Just Hot—Fox Trot	Waring's Pennsylvanians	19377	.75
Red Nose Pete—Fox Trot	Ted Weems and His Orchestra		

Fox trots worthy of their names—the first with singular kazoo-and-megaphone ululations, the second with cornet pleasantries and brilliant piano-work. Both numbers attest the skilfulness of Victor recording.

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE" TRADE MARK

TRADE MARK
Victrola
Victor Talking Machine Company, Camden, N.J.
Victor Talking Machine Co. of Canada, Ltd., Montreal



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Ar. Toledo	7:25 a.m.*
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Ar. Springfield	7:37 a.m.*
Ar. Dayton	8:07 a.m.*
Ar. Cincinnati	9:30 a.m.*

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EVERY white shoe for women must be cleared out of our shelves at once. We are determined not to carry a single pair over into next season. We have therefore cut prices down to the very bottom.

Beautiful models, widely varied in style and leather. Heels high, medium and low. The styles pictured above and many others, finally reduced to $3.80. A sale such as rarely comes to New York.

Now $3.80

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Brooklyn: 537 Fulton Street

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ALSO EDUCATOR SHOES FOR ALL THE FAMILY

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